

L^AT_EX Template for CMMR 2013

AuthorA¹ and AuthorB² *

¹ InstituteA

² InstituteB

author@cmmr2013.cnrs-mrs.fr

Abstract. The abstract should summarize the contents of the paper and should contain at least 70 and at most 150 words. It should be written using the *abstract* environment.

Keywords: We would like to encourage you to list your keywords within the abstract section

1 Introduction

You are strongly encouraged to use L^AT_EX 2_ε for the preparation of your camera-ready manuscript together with the corresponding Springer class file `llncls.cls`. Only if you use L^AT_EX 2_ε can hyperlinks be generated in the online version of your manuscript.

The L^AT_EX source of this instruction file for L^AT_EX users may be used as a template. This is located in the “authors” subdirectory in `ftp://ftp.springer.de/pub/tex/latex/llncls/latex2e/instruct/` and entitled `typeinst.tex`. There is a separate package for Word users.

We would like to draw your attention to the fact that it is not possible to modify a paper in any way, once it has been published. This applies to both the printed book and the online version of the publication. Every detail, including the order of the names of the authors, should be checked before the paper is sent to the Volume Editors.

2 Paper Preparation

Springer provides you with a complete integrated L^AT_EX document class (`llncls.cls`) for multi-author books such as those in the LNCS series. Papers not complying with the LNCS style will be reformatted. This can lead to an increase in the overall number of pages. We would therefore urge you not to squash your paper.

Please always cancel any superfluous definitions that are not actually used in your text. If you do not, these may conflict with the definitions of the macro package, causing changes in the structure of the text and leading to numerous mistakes in the proofs.

* Please place acknowledgement here.

If you wonder what L^AT_EX is and where it can be obtained, see the “*LaTeX project site*” (<http://www.latex-project.org>) and especially the webpage “*How to get it*” (<http://www.latex-project.org/ftp.html>) respectively.

When you use L^AT_EX together with our document class file, `llncs.cls`, your text is typeset automatically in Computer Modern Roman (CM) fonts. Please do *not* change the preset fonts. If you have to use fonts other than the preset fonts, kindly submit these with your files.

Please use the commands `\label` and `\ref` for cross-references and the commands `\bibitem` and `\cite` for references to the bibliography, to enable us to create hyperlinks at these places.

For preparing your figures electronically and integrating them into your source file we recommend using the standard L^AT_EX `graphics` or `graphicx` package. These provide the `\includegraphics` command. In general, please refrain from using the `\special` command.

Remember to submit any further style files and fonts you have used together with your source files.

Headings. Headings should be capitalized (i.e., nouns, verbs, and all other words except articles, prepositions, and conjunctions should be set with an initial capital) and should, with the exception of the title, be aligned to the left. Words joined by a hyphen are subject to a special rule. If the first word can stand alone, the second word should be capitalized.

Here are some examples of headings: “Criteria to Disprove Context-Freeness of Collage Language”, “On Correcting the Intrusion of Tracing Non-deterministic Programs by Software”, “A User-Friendly and Extendable Data Distribution System”, “Multi-flip Networks: Parallelizing GenSAT”, “Self-determinations of Man”.

Lemmas, Propositions, and Theorems. The numbers accorded to lemmas, propositions, and theorems, etc. should appear in consecutive order, starting with Lemma 1, and not, for example, with Lemma 11.

2.1 Figures

For L^AT_EX users, we recommend using the *graphics* or *graphicx* package and the `\includegraphics` command.

Please check that the lines in line drawings are not interrupted and are of a constant width. Grids and details within the figures must be clearly legible and may not be written one on top of the other. Line drawings should have a resolution of at least 800 dpi (preferably 1200 dpi). The lettering in figures should have a height of 2 mm (10-point type). Figures should be numbered and should have a caption which should always be positioned *under* the figures, in contrast to the caption belonging to a table, which should always appear *above* the table; this is simply achieved as matter of sequence in your source.

Please center the figures or your tabular material by using the `\centering` declaration. Short captions are centered by default between the margins and typeset in 9-point type (Fig. 1 shows an example). The distance between text and figure is preset to be about 8 mm, the distance between figure and caption about 6 mm.

To ensure that the reproduction of your illustrations is of a reasonable quality, we advise against the use of shading. The contrast should be as pronounced as possible.

If screenshots are necessary, please make sure that you are happy with the print quality before you send the files.

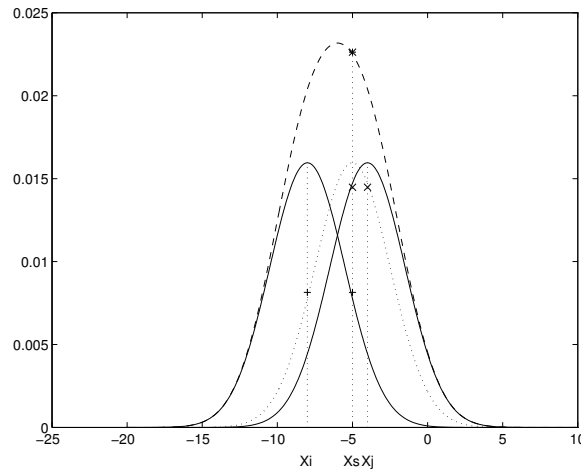


Fig. 1. One kernel at x_s (*dotted kernel*) or two kernels at x_i and x_j (*left and right*) lead to the same summed estimate at x_s . This shows a figure consisting of different types of lines. Elements of the figure described in the caption should be set in italics, in parentheses, as shown in this sample caption.

Please define figures (and tables) as floating objects. Please avoid using optional location parameters like “[h]” for “here”.

Remark 1. In the printed volumes, illustrations are generally black and white (halftones), and only in exceptional cases, and if the author is prepared to cover the extra cost for color reproduction, are colored pictures accepted. Colored pictures are welcome in the electronic version free of charge. If you send colored figures that are to be printed in black and white, please make sure that they really are legible in black and white. Some colors as well as the contrast of converted colors show up very poorly when printed in black and white.

2.2 Formulas

Displayed equations or formulas are centered and set on a separate line (with an extra line or halfline space above and below). Displayed expressions should be numbered for reference. The numbers should be consecutive within each section or within the contribution, with numbers enclosed in parentheses and set on the right margin – which is the default if you use the *equation* environment, e.g.,

$$\psi(u) = \int_o^T \left[\frac{1}{2} (\Lambda_o^{-1}u, u) + N^*(-u) \right] dt . \quad (1)$$

Equations should be punctuated in the same way as ordinary text but with a small space before the end punctuation mark.

2.3 Footnotes

The superscript numeral used to refer to a footnote appears in the text either directly after the word to be discussed or – in relation to a phrase or a sentence – following the punctuation sign (comma, semicolon, or period). Footnotes should appear at the bottom of the normal text area, with a line of about 2 cm set immediately above them.³

2.4 Program Code

Program listings or program commands in the text are normally set in typewriter font, e.g., CMTT10 or Courier.

Example of a Computer Program

```
program Inflation (Output)
{Assuming annual inflation rates of 7%, 8%, and 10%,...
 years};
const
  MaxYears = 10;
var
  Year: 0..MaxYears;
  Factor1, Factor2, Factor3: Real;
begin
  Year := 0;
  Factor1 := 1.0; Factor2 := 1.0; Factor3 := 1.0;
  WriteLn('Year  7% 8% 10%'); WriteLn;
  repeat
    Year := Year + 1;
    Factor1 := Factor1 * 1.07;
    Factor2 := Factor2 * 1.08;
```

³ The footnote numeral is set flush left and the text follows with the usual word spacing.

```

        Factor3 := Factor3 * 1.10;
        WriteLn(Year:5,Factor1:7:3,Factor2:7:3,Factor3:7:3)
    until Year = MaxYears
end.

```

(Example from Jensen K., Wirth N. (1991) Pascal user manual and report. Springer, New York)

2.5 Citations

For citations in the text please use square brackets and consecutive numbers: [1], [2], [4] – provided automatically by L^AT_EX's `\cite ... \bibitem` mechanism.

2.6 Page Numbering and Running Heads

There is no need to include page numbers. If your paper title is too long to serve as a running head, it will be shortened. Your suggestion as to how to shorten it would be most welcome.

3 BibTeX Entries

The correct BibTeX entries for the Lecture Notes in Computer Science volumes can be found at the following Website shortly after the publication of the book: <http://www.informatik.uni-trier.de/~ley/db/journals/lncs.html>

Acknowledgments. The heading should be treated as a subsubsection heading and should not be assigned a number.

4 The References Section

In order to permit cross referencing within LNCS-Online, and eventually between different publishers and their online databases, LNCS will, from now on, be standardizing the format of the references. This new feature will increase the visibility of publications and facilitate academic research considerably. Please base your references on the examples below. References that don't adhere to this style will be reformatted by Springer. You should therefore check your references thoroughly when you receive the final pdf of your paper. The reference section must be complete. You may not omit references. Instructions as to where to find a fuller version of the references are not permissible.

We only accept references written using the latin alphabet. If the title of the book you are referring to is in Russian or Chinese, then please write (in Russian) or (in Chinese) at the end of the transcript or translation of the title.

The following section shows a sample reference list with entries for journal articles [1], an LNCS chapter [2], a book [3], proceedings without editors [4] and [5], as well as a URL [6]. Please note that proceedings published in LNCS are not cited with their full titles, but with their acronyms!

References

1. Smith, T.F., Waterman, M.S.: Identification of Common Molecular Subsequences. *J. Mol. Biol.* 147, 195–197 (1981)
2. May, P., Ehrlich, H.C., Steinke, T.: ZIB Structure Prediction Pipeline: Composing a Complex Biological Workflow through Web Services. In: Nagel, W.E., Walter, W.V., Lehner, W. (eds.) *Euro-Par 2006. LNCS*, vol. 4128, pp. 1148–1158. Springer, Heidelberg (2006)
3. Foster, I., Kesselman, C.: *The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure*. Morgan Kaufmann, San Francisco (1999)
4. Czajkowski, K., Fitzgerald, S., Foster, I., Kesselman, C.: Grid Information Services for Distributed Resource Sharing. In: *10th IEEE International Symposium on High Performance Distributed Computing*, pp. 181–184. IEEE Press, New York (2001)
5. Foster, I., Kesselman, C., Nick, J., Tuecke, S.: *The Physiology of the Grid: an Open Grid Services Architecture for Distributed Systems Integration*. Technical report, Global Grid Forum (2002)
6. National Center for Biotechnology Information, <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>