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Prof. VB

CS457L

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FINAL

1.

Create table Salesman:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> create table Salesman(salesman_id int, name varchar(30), city varchar(30),
commission decimal(10,2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [19610dm]> insert into Salesman values (5001, 'James Hoog', 'New York', 0.15), (5002,
'Nail Knite', 'Paris', 0.13), (5005, 'Pit Alex', 'London', 0.11), (5006, 'Mc Lyon', 'Paris',
0.14), (5003, 'Lauson Hen', 'Paris', 0.12), (5007, 'Paul Adam', 'Rome', 0.13);
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.003 sec)
Records: 6  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Salesman;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| salesman_id | name      | city    | commission |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 5001 | James Hoog | New York | 0.15 |
| 5002 | Nail Knite | Paris    | 0.13 |
| 5005 | Pit Alex   | London   | 0.11 |
| 5006 | Mc Lyon    | Paris    | 0.14 |
| 5003 | Lauson Hen | Paris    | 0.12 |
| 5007 | Paul Adam  | Rome     | 0.13 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

Create table Customer:

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> create table Customer(customer_id int, cust_name varchar(30), city varchar
(30), grade int, salesman_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.014 sec)

MariaDB [19610dm]> insert into Customer values
-> (3002, 'Nick Rimando', 'New York', 100, 5001),
-> (3005, 'Graham Zusi', 'California', 200, 5002),
-> (3001, 'Brad Guzan', 'London', 200, 5005),
-> (3004, 'Fabian Johns', 'Paris', 300, 5006),
-> (3007, 'Brad Davis', 'New York', 200, 5001),
-> (3009, 'Geoff Camero', 'Berlin', 100, 5003),
-> (3008, 'Julian Green', 'London', 300, 5002),
-> (3003, 'Jozy Altidor', 'Moscow', 200, 5007);
Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.003 sec)
Records: 8  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Customer;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| customer_id | cust_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3002 | Nick Rimando | New York | 100 | 5001 |
| 3005 | Graham Zusi | California | 200 | 5002 |
| 3001 | Brad Guzan | London | 200 | 5005 |
| 3004 | Fabian Johns | Paris | 300 | 5006 |
| 3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 | 5001 |
| 3009 | Geoff Camero | Berlin | 100 | 5003 |
| 3008 | Julian Green | London | 300 | 5002 |
| 3003 | Jozy Altidor | Moscow | 200 | 5007 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
8 rows in set (0.000 sec)

```

Write a SQL statement to prepare a list with the salesman's name, customer name, and their cities for the salesmen and customer who belongs to the same city.

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> select s.name as 'Salesman', c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city as 'City'
-> from Salesman s, Customer c where s.city = c.city;
+-----+-----+-----+
| Salesman | Customer | City |
+-----+-----+-----+
| James Hoog | Nick Rimando | New York |
| Pit Alex | Brad Guzan | London |
| Nail Knite | Fabian Johns | Paris |
| Mc Lyon | Fabian Johns | Paris |
| Lauson Hen | Fabian Johns | Paris |
| James Hoog | Brad Davis | New York |
| Pit Alex | Julian Green | London |
+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.000 sec)

```

2.

Create table Orders:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> create table Orders(ord_no int, purch_amt decimal(10,2), ord_date date, customer_id int, salesman_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.028 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> insert into Orders values
-> (70001, 150.1, '2012-10-05', 3005, 5002),
-> (70009, 270.65, '2012-09-10', 3001, 5005),
-> (70002, 65.26, '2012-10-05', 3002, 5001),
-> (70004, 110.5, '2012-08-17', 3009, 5003),
-> (70007, 948.5, '2012-09-10', 3005, 5002),
-> (70005, 2400.6, '2012-07-27', 3007, 5001),
-> (70008, 5760, '2012-09-10', 3002, 5001),
-> (70010, 1983.43, '2012-10-10', 3004, 5006),
-> (70003, 2480.4, '2012-10-10', 3009, 5003),
-> (70012, 250.45, '2012-06-27', 3008, 5002),
-> (70011, 75.29, '2012-08-17', 3003, 5007),
-> (70013, 3045.6, '2012-04-25', 3002, 5001);
Query OK, 12 rows affected (0.004 sec)
Records: 12 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Orders;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ord_no | purch_amt | ord_date | customer_id | salesman_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 70001 | 150.10 | 2012-10-05 | 3005 | 5002 |
| 70009 | 270.65 | 2012-09-10 | 3001 | 5005 |
| 70002 | 65.26 | 2012-10-05 | 3002 | 5001 |
| 70004 | 110.50 | 2012-08-17 | 3009 | 5003 |
| 70007 | 948.50 | 2012-09-10 | 3005 | 5002 |
| 70005 | 2400.60 | 2012-07-27 | 3007 | 5001 |
| 70008 | 5760.00 | 2012-09-10 | 3002 | 5001 |
| 70010 | 1983.43 | 2012-10-10 | 3004 | 5006 |
| 70003 | 2480.40 | 2012-10-10 | 3009 | 5003 |
| 70012 | 250.45 | 2012-06-27 | 3008 | 5002 |
| 70011 | 75.29 | 2012-08-17 | 3003 | 5007 |
| 70013 | 3045.60 | 2012-04-25 | 3002 | 5001 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
12 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

Write a SQL statement to make a list with the order number, purchase amount, customer name, and cities for orders that order between 500 and 2000.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select o.ord_no, o.purch_amt, c.cust_name, c.city
-> from Orders o, Customer c where o.customer_id = c.customer_id
-> and o.purch_amt between 500 and 2000;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ord_no | purch_amt | cust_name | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 70007 | 948.50 | Graham Zusi | California |
| 70010 | 1983.43 | Fabian Johns | Paris |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

3.

Write a SQL statement to know which salesman is working for which customer.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select s.name as 'Salesman', c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city
-> from Salesman s inner join Customer c on s.salesman_id = c.salesman_id;
```

Salesman	Customer	city
James Hoog	Nick Rimando	New York
Nail Knite	Graham Zusi	California
Pit Alex	Brad Guzan	London
Mc Lyon	Fabian Johns	Paris
James Hoog	Brad Davis	New York
Lauson Hen	Geoff Camero	Berlin
Nail Knite	Julian Green	London
Paul Adam	Jozy Altidor	Moscow

```
8 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

4.

Write a SQL statement to find the list of customers who appointed a salesman for their jobs who does not live in the same city where their customer lives, and gets a commission is above 13%.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city as 'Customer City', s.name as 'Sa
lesman', s.city as 'Salesman City', s.commission
-> from Customer c inner join Salesman s on c.salesman_id = s.salesman_id
-> where s.commission > 0.13 and c.city <> s.city;
```

Empty set (0.000 sec)

If the commission is set to be above 12%, we will have the below result:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> SELECT a.cust_name AS "Customer Name", a.city, b.name AS "Salesman", b.ci
ty,b.commission FROM Customer a INNER JOIN Salesman b ON a.salesman_id=b.salesman_id W
HERE b.commission>.12 AND a.city<>b.city;
```

Customer Name	city	Salesman	city	commission
Graham Zusi	California	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
Julian Green	London	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
Jozy Altidor	Moscow	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13

```
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

5.

Write a SQL statement to make a join on the tables salesman, customer and orders in such a form that the same column of each table will appear once and only the relational rows will come.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Orders natural join Customer natural join Salesman;
```

salesman_id	city	customer_id	ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	cust_name	grade	name	commission
5005	London	3001	70009	270.65	2012-09-10	Brad Guzan	200	Pit Alex	0.11
5001	New York	3002	70002	65.26	2012-10-05	Nick Rimando	100	James Hoog	0.15
5001	New York	3007	70005	2400.60	2012-07-27	Brad Davis	200	James Hoog	0.15
5001	New York	3002	70008	5760.00	2012-09-10	Nick Rimando	100	James Hoog	0.15
5006	Paris	3004	70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	Fabian Johns	300	Mc Lyon	0.14
5001	New York	3002	70013	3045.60	2012-04-25	Nick Rimando	100	James Hoog	0.15

```
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

6.

Write a SQL statement to make a list in ascending order for the customer who holds a grade less than 300 and works either through a salesman or on their own.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.grade as 'Grade', s.name as 'Salesman', s.city
```

```
-> from Customer c left outer join Salesman s
```

```
-> on c.salesman_id = s.salesman_id
```

```
-> where c.grade < 300 order by c.customer_id;
```

Customer	Grade	Salesman	city
Brad Guzan	200	Pit Alex	London
Nick Rimando	100	James Hoog	New York
Jozy Altidor	200	Paul Adam	Rome
Graham Zusi	200	Nail Knite	Paris
Brad Davis	200	James Hoog	New York
Geoff Camero	100	Lauson Hen	Paris

```
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

7.

a. Ascending order

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city as 'Customer City', c.grade as 'Grade', s.name as 'Salesman', s.city as 'Salesman City'
-> from Customer c left join Salesman s
-> on c.salesman_id = s.salesman_id order by c.customer_id;
```

Customer	Customer City	Grade	Salesman	Salesman City
Brad Guzan	London	200	Pit Alex	London
Nick Rimando	New York	100	James Hoog	New York
Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	Paul Adam	Rome
Fabian Johns	Paris	300	Mc Lyon	Paris
Graham Zusi	California	200	Nail Knite	Paris
Brad Davis	New York	200	James Hoog	New York
Julian Green	London	300	Nail Knite	Paris
Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	Lauson Hen	Paris

8 rows in set (0.000 sec)

## b. Descending order

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city as 'Customer City', c.grade as 'Grade', s.name as 'Salesman', s.city as 'Salesman City' from Customer c left join Salesman s on c.salesman_id = s.salesman_id order by c.customer_id desc;
```

Customer	Customer City	Grade	Salesman	Salesman City
Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	Lauson Hen	Paris
Julian Green	London	300	Nail Knite	Paris
Brad Davis	New York	200	James Hoog	New York
Graham Zusi	California	200	Nail Knite	Paris
Fabian Johns	Paris	300	Mc Lyon	Paris
Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	Paul Adam	Rome
Nick Rimando	New York	100	James Hoog	New York
Brad Guzan	London	200	Pit Alex	London

8 rows in set (0.001 sec)

8.

Write a SQL statement to make a report with customer name, city, order number, order date, and order amount in ascending order according to the order date to find that either any of the existing customers have placed no order or placed one or more orders

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name as 'Customer', c.city as 'City', o.ord_no as 'Order Num
ber', o.ord_date as 'Order Date', o.purch_amt as 'Purchase Amount'
-> from Customer c left outer join Orders o
-> on c.customer_id = o.customer_id order by o.ord_date;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Customer      | City      | Order Number | Order Date | Purchase Amount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 70013         | 2012-04-25 | 3045.60         |
| Julian Green   | London    | 70012         | 2012-06-27 | 250.45          |
| Brad Davis     | New York  | 70005         | 2012-07-27 | 2400.60         |
| Geoff Camero   | Berlin    | 70004         | 2012-08-17 | 110.50          |
| Jozy Altidor   | Moscow    | 70011         | 2012-08-17 | 75.29           |
| Brad Guzan     | London    | 70009         | 2012-09-10 | 270.65          |
| Graham Zusi    | California | 70007         | 2012-09-10 | 948.50          |
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 70008         | 2012-09-10 | 5760.00         |
| Graham Zusi    | California | 70001         | 2012-10-05 | 150.10          |
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 70002         | 2012-10-05 | 65.26           |
| Fabian Johns   | Paris     | 70010         | 2012-10-10 | 1983.43         |
| Geoff Camero   | Berlin    | 70003         | 2012-10-10 | 2480.40         |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
12 rows in set (0.000 sec)

```

9.

Write a SQL statement to make a list for the salesmen who works either for one or more customer or not yet join under any of the customers who placed either one or more orders or no order to their supplier.

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> select a.cust_name, a.city, a.grade, b.name as 'Salesman',
-> c.ord_no, c.ord_date, c.purch_amt
-> from Customer a right outer join Salesman b on b.salesman_id = a.salesman_id
-> right outer join Orders c on c.customer_id = a.customer_id;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| cust_name      | city      | grade | Salesman | ord_no | ord_date | purch_amt |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 100    | James Hoog | 70002 | 2012-10-05 | 65.26     |
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 100    | James Hoog | 70008 | 2012-09-10 | 5760.00   |
| Nick Rimando   | New York  | 100    | James Hoog | 70013 | 2012-04-25 | 3045.60   |
| Graham Zusi    | California | 200    | Nail Knite | 70001 | 2012-10-05 | 150.10    |
| Graham Zusi    | California | 200    | Nail Knite | 70007 | 2012-09-10 | 948.50    |
| Brad Guzan     | London    | 200    | Pit Alex   | 70009 | 2012-09-10 | 270.65    |
| Fabian Johns   | Paris     | 300    | Mc Lyon    | 70010 | 2012-10-10 | 1983.43   |
| Brad Davis     | New York  | 200    | James Hoog | 70005 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.60   |
| Geoff Camero   | Berlin    | 100    | Lauson Hen | 70004 | 2012-08-17 | 110.50    |
| Geoff Camero   | Berlin    | 100    | Lauson Hen | 70003 | 2012-10-10 | 2480.40   |
| Julian Green   | London    | 300    | Nail Knite | 70012 | 2012-06-27 | 250.45    |
| Jozy Altidor   | Moscow    | 200    | Paul Adam  | 70011 | 2012-08-17 | 75.29     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
12 rows in set (0.001 sec)

```

10.

Write a SQL statement to make a list of the salesmen who either work for one or more customers or have yet to join any of the customers. The customer may have placed, either one or more orders on or above order amount 2000 and must have a grade, or he may not have placed any order to the associated supplier.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name, c.city, c.grade,  
-> s.name as 'Salesman', o.ord_no, o.ord_date, o.purch_amt  
-> from Customer c right outer join Salesman s on s.salesman_id = c.salesman_id  
-> left outer join Orders o on o.customer_id = c.customer_id  
-> where o.purch_amt >= 2000;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| cust_name | city | grade | Salesman | ord_no | ord_date | purch_amt |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Brad Davis | New York | 200 | James Hoog | 70005 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.60 |  
| Nick Rimando | New York | 100 | James Hoog | 70008 | 2012-09-10 | 5760.00 |  
| Geoff Camero | Berlin | 100 | Lauson Hen | 70003 | 2012-10-10 | 2480.40 |  
| Nick Rimando | New York | 100 | James Hoog | 70013 | 2012-04-25 | 3045.60 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
4 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

11.

Write a SQL statement to make a report with customer name, city, order no. order date, purchase amount for only those customers on the list who must have a grade and placed one or more orders or which order(s) have been placed by the customer who is neither in the list not have a grade



```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.cust_name, c.city, o.ord_no, o.ord_date, o.purch_amt as 'Purchase Amount' from Customer c join Orders o on c.customer_id = o.customer_id;
```

cust_name	city	ord_no	ord_date	Purchase Amount
Graham Zusi	California	70001	2012-10-05	150.10
Brad Guzan	London	70009	2012-09-10	270.65
Nick Rimando	New York	70002	2012-10-05	65.26
Geoff Camero	Berlin	70004	2012-08-17	110.50
Graham Zusi	California	70007	2012-09-10	948.50
Brad Davis	New York	70005	2012-07-27	2400.60
Nick Rimando	New York	70008	2012-09-10	5760.00
Fabian Johns	Paris	70010	2012-10-10	1983.43
Geoff Camero	Berlin	70003	2012-10-10	2480.40
Julian Green	London	70012	2012-06-27	250.45
Jozy Altidor	Moscow	70011	2012-08-17	75.29
Nick Rimando	New York	70013	2012-04-25	3045.60

```
12 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

12.

Cartesian products:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Salesman s cross join Customer c where s.city <> c.city;
```

salesman_id	name	city	commission	customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3001	Brad Guzan	London	200	5005
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3001	Brad Guzan	London	200	5005
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3001	Brad Guzan	London	200	5005
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3001	Brad Guzan	London	200	5005
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3001	Brad Guzan	London	200	5005
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3004	Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3004	Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3004	Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3009	Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	5003
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
5001	James Hoog	New York	0.15	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
5003	Lauson Hen	Paris	0.12	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007

```
41 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

13.

Create table Company:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> create table Company(com_id int, com_name varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.014 sec)

MariaDB [19610dm]> insert into Company values
-> (11, 'Samsung'), (12, 'iBall'), (13, 'Epsion'), (14, 'Zebronics'), (15, 'Asus'), (16,
'Frontech');
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.003 sec)
Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Company;
+-----+-----+
| com_id | com_name |
+-----+-----+
|      11 | Samsung  |
|      12 | iBall    |
|      13 | Epsion   |
|      14 | Zebronics|
|      15 | Asus     |
|      16 | Frontech |
+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

Create table Item:

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> create table Item(pro_id int, pro_name varchar(30), pro_price int, com_id
int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.011 sec)

MariaDB [19610dm]> insert into Item values
-> (101, 'Mother Board', 3200, 15),
-> (102, 'Key Board', 450, 16),
-> (103, 'ZIP drive', 250, 14),
-> (104, 'Speaker', 550, 16),
-> (105, 'Monitor', 5000, 11),
-> (106, 'DVD drive', 900, 12),
-> (107, 'CD drive', 800, 12),
-> (108, 'Printer', 2600, 13),
-> (109, 'Refill cartridge', 350, 13),
-> (110, 'Mouse', 250, 12);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.003 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [19610dm]> select * from Item;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| pro_id | pro_name      | pro_price | com_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      101 | Mother Board  |      3200 |      15 |
|      102 | Key Board     |       450 |      16 |
|      103 | ZIP drive     |       250 |      14 |
|      104 | Speaker       |       550 |      16 |
|      105 | Monitor       |      5000 |      11 |
|      106 | DVD drive     |       900 |      12 |
|      107 | CD drive      |       800 |      12 |
|      108 | Printer       |      2600 |      13 |
|      109 | Refill cartridge|      350 |      13 |
|      110 | Mouse         |       250 |      12 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> select i.pro_name as 'Product Name',
-> i.pro_price as 'Price', c.com_name as 'Company'
-> from Item i, Company c where i.com_id = c.com_id
-> and i.pro_price = (select max(i.pro_price) from Item i where i.com_id = c.com_id);
+-----+-----+-----+
| Product Name | Price | Company |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mother Board | 3200 | Asus    |
| ZIP drive    | 250  | Zebronic|
| Speaker      | 550  | Frontech|
| Monitor      | 5000 | Samsung |
| DVD drive    | 900  | iBall   |
| Printer      | 2600 | Epsion  |
+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.001 sec)

```

14.

Write a SQL query to display the names of the company whose products have an average price larger than or equal to 350

```

MariaDB [19610dm]> select avg(pro_price) as 'Average Price', c.com_name
-> from Item inner join Company c on Item.com_id = c.com_id
-> group by c.com_name having avg(pro_price) >= 350;
+-----+-----+
| Average Price | com_name |
+-----+-----+
| 3200.0000    | Asus    |
| 1475.0000    | Epsion  |
| 500.0000     | Frontech|
| 650.0000     | iBall   |
| 5000.0000    | Samsung |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.001 sec)

```

15.

Write a SQL query to display the average price of items of each company, showing the name of the company

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select c.com_name as 'Company', avg(pro_price) as 'Average Price'
-> from Item inner join Company c on Item.com_id = c.com_id group by c.com_name;
```

Company	Average Price
Asus	3200.0000
Epsion	1475.0000
Frontech	500.0000
iBall	650.0000
Samsung	5000.0000
Zebronics	250.0000

```
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```