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HW 4B

#### Exercise 8.15

Show the result of each of the sample queries in Section 8.5 as it would apply to the database state in Figure 5.6.

# Query 1:

Retrieve the name and address of all employees who work for the

'Research' department.

### Query 2

For every project located in 'Stafford', list the project number, the controlling department number, and the department manager's last name, address,

and birth date.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select Pnumber, Dnum, Lname, Address, Bdate
    -> from PROJECT, DEPARTMENT, EMPLOYEE
    -> where Dnum = Dnumber and Mgr_ssn = Ssn and Plocation = 'Stafford';
Empty set (0.000 sec)
```

### Query 3

Find the names of employees who work on all the projects controlled by department number 5.

```
MariaDB [19610dm] > select E.Fname, E.Lname
   -> from EMPLOYEE as E join WORKS ON as W on W.Essn = E.Ssn
   -> join PROJECT as P on W.Pno = \overline{P}.Pnumber
   -> where P.Dnum = 5;
+----+
         Lname
+----+
John
       | Smith
| Joyce | English |
        | Smith
l John
| Franklin | Wong
| Joyce | English |
| Franklin | Wong
| Ramesh | Narayan |
| Franklin | Wong
+----+
8 rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

### Ouery 4

Make a list of project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Smith', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> (select distinct Pnumber from PROJECT, DEPARTMENT, EMPLOYEE
    -> where Dnum = Dnumber and Mgr_ssn = Ssn and Lname = 'Smith')
    -> union
    -> (select Pnumber from PROJECT, WORKS_ON, EMPLOYEE
    -> where Pnumber = Pno and Essn = Ssn and Lname = 'Smith');
+-----+
| Pnumber |
+-----+
| 1 |
| 2 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

#### Query 5

List the names of all employees with two or more dependents.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select Lname, Fname from EMPLOYEE where (select count(*) from DEPENDENT where Ssn = Essn) >= 2;
+-----+
| Lname | Fname |
+-----+
| Smith | John |
| Wong | Franklin |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

### Ouery 6

Retrieve the names of employees who have no dependents.

## Query 7

List the names of managers who have at least one dependent.

#### Exercise 8.16

a.

Retrieve the names of all employees in department 5 who work more than 10 hours per week on the ProductX project

b.

List the names of all employees who have a dependent with the same first name as themselves.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select e.Fname, e.Minit, e.Lname from EMPLOYEE e, DEPENDENT d
  where e.Ssn = d.Essn and e.Fname = d.Dependent_name;
  Empty set (0.000 sec)
```

c.

Find the names of all employees who are directly supervised by 'Franklin Wong'.

3 rows in set (0.000 sec)

d.

For each project, list the project name and the total hours per week (by all employees) spent on that project.

Retrieve the names of all employees who work on every project.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select e.Fname, e.Minit, e.Lname
   -> from EMPLOYEE e where not exists(
   -> select p.Pnumber from PROJECT p where not exists(
   -> select w.Essn from WORKS_ON w
   -> where w.Pno = p.Pnumber and w.Essn = e.Ssn));
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

f.

Retrieve the names of all employees who do not work on any project.

g.

For each department, retrieve the department name and the average salary of all employees working in that department.

h.

Retrieve the average salary of all female employees.

Houston but whose department has no location in Houston.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select avg(Salary) as Average_salary
    -> from EMPLOYEE where Sex = 'F';
+-----+
| Average_salary |
+-----+
| 38500.000000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

i.

Find the names and addresses of all employees who work on at least one project located in

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select e.Fname, e.Minit, e.Lname, e.Address
    -> from EMPLOYEE e, PROJECT p, WORKS_ON w
    -> where e.Ssn = w.Essn and p.Pnumber = w.Pno and p.Plocation = 'Houston'
    -> and not exists(
    -> select d.Dnumber from DEPT_LOCATIONS d where e.Dno = d.Dnumber and d.Dloc ation = 'Houston');
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

j.

List the last names of all department managers who have no dependents.

```
MariaDB [19610dm]> select e.Lname from EMPLOYEE e, DEPARTMENT d
    -> where e.Ssn = d.Mgr_ssn and not exists(
    -> select Essn from DEPENDENT where d.Mgr_ssn = Essn);
+----+
| Lname |
+----+
| Borg |
+----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```

#### Exercise 8.18

a.

How many copies of the book titled The Lost Tribe are owned by the library branch whose name is 'Sharpstown'?

# Relational expression:

```
\pi_{NoOfCopies}(\sigma_{Title = 'The \ Lost \ Tribe' \ AND \ BranchName = 'Sharpstown'}((BOOK \bowtie BOOK\_COPIES) \bowtie LIBRARY\_BRANCH))
```

### SQL query:

SELECT NoOfCopies

FROM ( (BOOK JOIN BOOK COPIES ) JOIN LIBRARY BRANCH )

WHERE Title='The Lost Tribe' AND BranchName='Sharpstown';

b.

How many copies of the book titled The Lost Tribe are owned by each library branch?

### Relational expression:

 $\pi_{\textit{BranchName, NoOf Copies}}(\sigma_{\textit{Title} = 'The \; \textit{Lost Tribe'}}((BOOK \bowtie BOOK\_COPIES) \bowtie$ 

LIBRARY BRANCH))

# SQL query:

SELECT BranchName, NoOfCopies

FROM ( (BOOK JOIN BOOK COPIES ) JOIN LIBRARY BRANCH )

WHERE Title='The Lost Tribe';

c.

Retrieve the names of all borrowers who do not have any books checked out.

# Relational expression:

$$\pi_{Name}(BORROWER - \sigma_{BORROWER.CardNo = BOOKLOAN.CardNo}(BOOKLOAN))$$

# SQL Query:

**SELECT Name** 

FROM BORROWER B

WHERE NOT EXIST ( SELECT \* FROM BOOK\_LOANS L

WHERE B.CardNo = L.CardNo );

d.

For each book that is loaned out from the Sharpstown branch and whose Due\_date is today, retrieve the book title, the borrower's name, and the borrower's address.

### Relational expression:

$$DATA \rightarrow (((BOOK\_LOANS \bowtie_{Book\_id} BOOK) \bowtie_{CardNo} BORROWER) \bowtie_{Branch\_id} LIBRARY\_BRANCH)$$

$$\pi_{Title, Name, Address} (\sigma_{Branch\_name = 'Sharpstown' AND Due\_date = 'today'} (DATA))$$

# SQL Query:

SELECT B.Title, R.Name, R.Address

FROM BOOK B, BORROWER R, BOOK LOANS BL, LIBRARY BRANCH LB

WHERE LB.BranchName='Sharpstown' AND LB.BranchId=BL.BranchId AND

BL.DueDate='today' AND BL.CardNo=R.CardNo AND BL.BookId=B.BookId;

e.

For each library branch, retrieve the branch name and the total number of books loaned out from that branch.

# Relational expression:

$$DATA \ -> (BOOK\_LOANS \bowtie_{Branch\_id} LIBRARY\_BRANCH)$$

 $\pi_{\mathit{Branch\_name, Count(*)}}((\mathit{DATA})\ \mathit{group\ by\ Branch\_name})$ 

# SQL Query:

SELECT L.BranchName, COUNT(\*)

FROM BOOK LOANS B, LIBRARY BRANCH L

WHERE B.BranchId = L.BranchId

GROUP BY L.BranchName;

f.

Retrieve the names, addresses, and the number of books checked out for all borrowers who have more than five books checked out.

### Relational expression:

$$DATA \ -> \ (BOOK\_LOANS \bowtie_{Card\_no} BORROWER)$$

```
\pi_{Name, Adress, Count(*)} (\sigma_{Count(*) > 5} (DATA group by Card\_no))
```

# SQL Query:

SELECT B.Name, B.Address, COUNT(\*)

FROM BORROWER B, BOOK LOANS L

WHERE B.CardNo = L.CardNo

GROUP BY B.CardNo

HAVING COUNT(\*) > 5;

g.

For each book authored (or coauthored) by Stephen King, retrieve the title and the number of copies owned by the library branch whose name is Central.

# Relational expression:

$$DATA \rightarrow (((BOOK\_AUTHORS \bowtie BOOK) \bowtie BOOK\_COPIES) \bowtie LIBRARY\_BRANCH)$$

$$\pi_{Title, No\_of\_copies} (\sigma_{Author\_name = 'Stephen \ King' \ AND \ Branch\_name = 'Central'} (DATA))$$

# SQL query:

SELECT TItle, NoOfCopies

FROM ( ( (BOOK\_AUTHORS JOIN BOOK)

JOIN BOOK\_COPIES)

JOIN LIBRARY\_BRANCH)

WHERE Author name = 'Stephen King' and Branch name = 'Central';