# ATSHA204 Library 2.0.0

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.2

Tue Jan 22 2013 22:39:16

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### Chapter 1

## **ATSHA204 Library Source Code**

#### 1.1 Introduction

This library enables a user to more quickly implement an application that uses an Atmel Crypto-Authentication ATS-HA204 device. Although the library targets the ATSHA204 type of Crypto-Authentication device it will also work with devices of the ATSA10xS family.

The library is distributed as source code. It is licensed according to terms of the included license agreement.

The code comes in three layers, Command Marshaling, Communication and Physical layer.

The Command Marshaling layer assembles command packets from marshaling function parameters, sends them to the device, and returns the response from the device.

The Communication layer handles communication sequences (wake up, send command, receive response, sleep). It retries such sequences in case of certain communication failures.

The Physical layer puts the command packets on the chosen interface bus, and reads responses from it.

An application has to supply all buffers via pointer arguments. The library does not provide any buffers.

The library contains one behavioral switch: The number of retries if communication fails.

You will understand the library code better if you have the ATSHA204 datasheet handy.

#### 1.2 Getting Started

The user should be able to use most of the library as is, simply adding the library modules into her C project. Functions in the Physical layers will have to be modified or re-written if the processor is not an eight-bit AVR. Starting values for timeout loop counters and timer routines have to be adjusted.

To start development add the library files to your project, implement the functions in the Physical layer modules or modify the modules provided in the example projects, and supply values for the timeout loop counters that match the execution time of your CPU (and the  $I^2$  C clock if you are using  $I^2$  C).

#### 1.3 SHA204 Communication Interfaces

The ATSHA204 device can be obtained either communicating in SWI or I<sup>2</sup> C mode. If the device is configured for single wire communication you can use either a UART or a GPIO peripheral:

- The chip will communicate with a UART (or USART) at 230.4 kBaud. No driver chip is required (as in RS-232 or RS-285), the chip will talk directly to the UART pins.
- The chip will communicate with a soft UART, or a "big-banged" pin, at the same speed.

  Be aware that the actual baud-rate of the ATSHA204 is the baud-rate divided by 9 (1 start bit, 7 data bits, 1 stop bit). One UART byte is one bit of information read from or written to the device. Therefore, the actual data through-put is 230,400 baud / 9 = 25,600 baud.
- If the device is configured for I<sup>2</sup> C communication the device will communicate using the standard I<sup>2</sup> C protocol (also known as two-wire interface or TWI) at speeds of up to 1 MHz.

With the distribution of this library, example projects are provided for all communication methods.

## **Chapter 2**

## **Module Index**

### 2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

Module 01:	Command Marshaling
	Communication
Module 03:	Header File for Interface Abstraction Modules
Module 04:	SWI Abstraction Module
Module 05:	I2C Abstraction Module
Module 06:	Helper Functions
Module 07:	Configuration Definitions
Module 08:	Library Return Codes
Module 09:	Timers

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## **Data Structure Index**

### 3.1 Data Structures

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## **Chapter 4**

## File Index

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sha204_comm.h
Definitions and Prototypes for Communication Layer of ATSHA204 Library
sha204_comm_marshaling.c
Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library
sha204_comm_marshaling.h
Definitions and Prototypes for Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library
sha204_config.h
Definitions for Configurable Values of the ATSHA204 Library
sha204_helper.c
ATSHA204 Helper Functions
sha204_helper.h
Definitions and Prototypes for ATSHA204 Helper Functions
sha204_i2c.c
Functions for I <sup>2</sup> C Physical Hardware Independent Layer of ATSHA204 Library
sha204_lib_return_codes.h
Definitions for ATSHA204 Library Return Codes
sha204_physical.h
Definitions and Prototypes for Physical Layer Interface of ATSHA204 Library
sha204_swi.c
Functions for Single Wire, Hardware Independent Physical Layer of ATSHA204 Library 94
timer_utilities.c
Timer Utility Functions
timer_utilities.h
Timer Utility Declarations

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### **Chapter 5**

### **Module Documentation**

#### 5.1 Module 01: Command Marshaling

A function is provided for every ATSHA204 command. These functions check the parameters, assemble a command packet, send it, receive its response, and return the status of the operation and the response.

#### **Functions**

uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_parameters (uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \*data2, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t tx\_size, uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function checks the parameters for sha204m\_execute().

uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_mac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*client-challenge, uint8\_t \*client\_response, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a CheckMAC command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_derive\_key (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t random, uint8\_t target\_key, uint8\_t \*mac)

This function sends a DeriveKey command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_dev\_rev (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function sends a DevRev command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_gen\_dig (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a GenDig command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_hmac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16\_t key\_id)

This function sends an HMAC command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_lock (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t summary)

This function sends a Lock command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_mac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*challenge)

This function sends a MAC command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_nonce (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t \*numin)

This function sends a Nonce command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_pause (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t selector)

This function sends a Pause command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m random (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t mode)

This function sends a Random command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_read (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address)

This function sends a Read command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_update\_extra (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t new\_value)

This function sends an UpdateExtra command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_write (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address, uint8\_t \*value, uint8\_t \*mac)

This function sends a Write command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_execute (uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \*data2, uint8\_t \*datalen3, uint8\_t \*data3, uint8\_t tx\_size, uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function creates a command packet, sends it, and receives its response.

#### Codes for ATSHA204 Commands

#define SHA204 CHECKMAC ((uint8 t) 0x28)

CheckMac command op-code.

#define SHA204 DERIVE KEY ((uint8 t) 0x1C)

DeriveKey command op-code.

#define SHA204 DEVREV ((uint8 t) 0x30)

DevRev command op-code.

#define SHA204\_GENDIG ((uint8\_t) 0x15)

GenDig command op-code.

#define SHA204\_HMAC ((uint8\_t) 0x11)

HMAC command op-code.

#define SHA204\_LOCK ((uint8\_t) 0x17)

Lock command op-code.

#define SHA204\_MAC ((uint8\_t) 0x08)

MAC command op-code.

• #define SHA204\_NONCE ((uint8\_t) 0x16)

Nonce command op-code.

#define SHA204 PAUSE ((uint8 t) 0x01)

Pause command op-code.

• #define SHA204 RANDOM ((uint8 t) 0x1B)

Random command op-code.

#define SHA204\_READ ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

Read command op-code.

#define SHA204\_UPDATE\_EXTRA ((uint8\_t) 0x20)

UpdateExtra command op-code.

#define SHA204 WRITE ((uint8 t) 0x12)

Write command op-code.

#### **Definitions of Data and Packet Sizes**

```
#define SHA204_RSP_SIZE_VAL ((uint8_t) 7)
```

size of response packet containing four bytes of data

• #define SHA204 KEY SIZE (32)

size of key

• #define SHA204 KEY COUNT (16)

number of keys

• #define SHA204 CONFIG SIZE (88)

size of configuration zone

• #define SHA204 OTP SIZE (64)

size of OTP zone

#define SHA204\_DATA\_SIZE (SHA204\_KEY\_COUNT \* SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE)

size of data zone

#### **Definitions for Command Parameter Ranges**

```
    #define SHA204_KEY_ID_MAX (SHA204_KEY_COUNT - 1)
```

maximum value for key id

#define SHA204\_OTP\_BLOCK\_MAX (1)

maximum value for OTP block

#### **Definitions for Indexes Common to All Commands**

```
• #define SHA204_COUNT_IDX ( 0)
```

command packet index for count

• #define SHA204 OPCODE IDX (1)

command packet index for op-code

#define SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX (2)

command packet index for first parameter

• #define SHA204 PARAM2 IDX (3)

command packet index for second parameter

#define SHA204\_DATA\_IDX (5)

command packet index for data load

#### **Definitions for Zone and Address Parameters**

```
    #define SHA204_ZONE_CONFIG ((uint8_t) 0x00)
```

Configuration zone.

• #define SHA204\_ZONE\_OTP ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

OTP (One Time Programming) zone.

#define SHA204\_ZONE\_DATA ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

Data zone.

#define SHA204\_ZONE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 0x03)

Zone mask.

• #define SHA204\_ZONE\_COUNT\_FLAG ((uint8\_t) 0x80)

Zone bit 7 set: Access 32 bytes, otherwise 4 bytes.

#define SHA204\_ZONE\_ACCESS\_4 ((uint8\_t) 4)

Read or write 4 bytes.

#define SHA204\_ZONE\_ACCESS\_32 ((uint8\_t) 32)

Read or write 32 bytes.

#define SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK\_CONFIG (0x001F)

Address bits 5 to 7 are 0 for Configuration zone.

#define SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK\_OTP (0x000F)

Address bits 4 to 7 are 0 for OTP zone.

#define SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK (0x007F)

Address bit 7 to 15 are always 0.

#### **Definitions for the CheckMac Command**

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

CheckMAC command index for mode.

#define CHECKMAC\_KEYID\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

CheckMAC command index for key identifier.

#define CHECKMAC CLIENT CHALLENGE IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

CheckMAC command index for client challenge.

#define CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_RESPONSE\_IDX (37)

CheckMAC command index for client response.

• #define CHECKMAC\_DATA\_IDX (69)

CheckMAC command index for other data.

• #define CHECKMAC\_COUNT (84)

CheckMAC command packet size.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_CHALLENGE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

CheckMAC mode 0: first SHA block from key id.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

CheckMAC mode bit 0: second SHA block from TempKey.

• #define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_BLOCK1\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

CheckMAC mode bit 1: first SHA block from TempKey.

#define CHECKMAC MODE SOURCE FLAG MATCH ((uint8 t) 0x04)

CheckMAC mode bit 2: match TempKey.SourceFlag.

• #define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_64 ((uint8\_t) 0x20)

CheckMAC mode bit 5: include first 64 OTP bits.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 0x27)

CheckMAC mode bits 3, 4, 6, and 7 are 0.

#define CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE (32)

CheckMAC size of client challenge.

• #define CHECKMAC CLIENT RESPONSE SIZE (32)

CheckMAC size of client response.

#define CHECKMAC\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE (13)

CheckMAC size of "other data".

#define CHECKMAC CLIENT COMMAND SIZE (4)

CheckMAC size of client command header size inside "other data".

#### **Definitions for the DeriveKey Command**

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_RANDOM\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

DeriveKey command index for random bit.

#define DERIVE KEY TARGETKEY IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

DeriveKey command index for target slot.

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC\_IDX SHA204\_DATA\_IDX

DeriveKey command index for optional MAC.

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_COUNT\_SMALL SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

DeriveKey command packet size without MAC.

• #define DERIVE KEY COUNT LARGE (39)

DeriveKey command packet size with MAC.

#define DERIVE KEY RANDOM FLAG ((uint8 t) 4)

DeriveKey 1. parameter; has to match TempKey.SourceFlag.

• #define DERIVE KEY MAC SIZE (32)

DeriveKey MAC size.

#### **Definitions for the DevRev Command**

#define DEVREV\_PARAM1\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

DevRev command index for 1. parameter (ignored)

• #define DEVREV\_PARAM2\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

DevRev command index for 2. parameter (ignored)

• #define DEVREV\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

DevRev command packet size.

#### **Definitions for the GenDig Command**

• #define GENDIG ZONE IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

GenDig command index for zone.

#define GENDIG\_KEYID\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

GenDig command index for key id.

#define GENDIG\_DATA\_IDX SHA204\_DATA\_IDX

GenDig command index for optional data.

• #define GENDIG COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

GenDig command packet size without "other data".

#define GENDIG\_COUNT\_DATA (11)

GenDig command packet size with "other data".

#define GENDIG\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE (4)

GenDig size of "other data".

• #define GENDIG ZONE CONFIG ((uint8 t) 0)

GenDig zone id config.

• #define GENDIG ZONE OTP ((uint8 t) 1)

GenDig zone id OTP.

• #define GENDIG\_ZONE\_DATA ((uint8\_t) 2)

GenDig zone id data.

#### **Definitions for the HMAC Command**

• #define HMAC\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

HMAC command index for mode.

#define HMAC KEYID IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

HMAC command index for key id.

#define HMAC COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

HMAC command packet size.

• #define HMAC MODE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x74)

HMAC mode bits 0, 1, 3, and 7 are 0.

#### **Definitions for the Lock Command**

• #define LOCK ZONE IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

Lock command index for zone.

#define LOCK SUMMARY IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Lock command index for summary.

• #define LOCK\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

Lock command packet size.

#define LOCK ZONE NO CONFIG ((uint8 t) 0x01)

Lock zone is OTP or Data.

• #define LOCK\_ZONE\_NO\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0x80)

Lock command: Ignore summary.

#define LOCK\_ZONE\_MASK (0x81)

Lock parameter 1 bits 2 to 6 are 0.

#### **Definitions for the MAC Command**

• #define MAC\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

MAC command index for mode.

#define MAC\_KEYID\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

MAC command index for key id.

#define MAC CHALLENGE IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

MAC command index for optional challenge.

#define MAC COUNT SHORT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

MAC command packet size without challenge.

• #define MAC COUNT LONG (39)

MAC command packet size with challenge.

#define MAC MODE CHALLENGE ((uint8 t) 0x00)

MAC mode 0: first SHA block from data slot.

#define MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

MAC mode bit 0: second SHA block from TempKey.

#define MAC MODE BLOCK1 TEMPKEY ((uint8 t) 0x02)

MAC mode bit 1: first SHA block from TempKey.

#define MAC MODE SOURCE FLAG MATCH ((uint8 t) 0x04)

MAC mode bit 2: match TempKey.SourceFlag.

#define MAC MODE PASSTHROUGH ((uint8 t) 0x07)

MAC mode bit 0-2: pass-through mode.

#define MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_88 ((uint8\_t) 0x10)

MAC mode bit 4: include first 88 OTP bits.

#define MAC MODE INCLUDE OTP 64 ((uint8 t) 0x20)

MAC mode bit 5: include first 64 OTP bits.

#define MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_SN ((uint8\_t) 0x40)

MAC mode bit 6: include serial number.

#define MAC CHALLENGE SIZE (32)

MAC size of challenge.

#define MAC MODE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x77)

MAC mode bits 3 and 7 are 0.

#### **Definitions for the Nonce Command**

• #define NONCE\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Nonce command index for mode.

• #define NONCE\_PARAM2\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

Nonce command index for 2. parameter.

#define NONCE INPUT IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

Nonce command index for input data.

• #define NONCE COUNT SHORT (27)

Nonce command packet size for 20 bytes of data.

#define NONCE COUNT LONG (39)

Nonce command packet size for 32 bytes of data.

• #define NONCE\_MODE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 3)

Nonce mode bits 2 to 7 are 0.

• #define NONCE\_MODE\_SEED\_UPDATE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

Nonce mode: update seed.

#define NONCE MODE NO SEED UPDATE ((uint8 t) 0x01)

Nonce mode: do not update seed.

#define NONCE MODE INVALID ((uint8 t) 0x02)

Nonce mode 2 is invalid.

#define NONCE MODE PASSTHROUGH ((uint8 t) 0x03)

Nonce mode: pass-through.

#define NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE (20)

Nonce data length.

#define NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE\_PASSTHROUGH (32)

Nonce data length in pass-through mode (mode = 3)

#### **Definitions for the Pause Command**

#define PAUSE SELECT IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

Pause command index for Selector.

#define PAUSE\_PARAM2\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

Pause command index for 2. parameter.

• #define PAUSE COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

Pause command packet size.

#### **Definitions for the Random Command**

#define RANDOM\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Random command index for mode.

#define RANDOM\_PARAM2\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

Random command index for 2. parameter.

#define RANDOM\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

Random command packet size.

• #define RANDOM SEED UPDATE ((uint8 t) 0x00)

Random mode for automatic seed update.

#define RANDOM NO SEED UPDATE ((uint8 t) 0x01)

Random mode for no seed update.

#### **Definitions for the Read Command**

#define READ\_ZONE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Read command index for zone.

• #define READ ADDR IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Read command index for address.

• #define READ COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

Read command packet size.

#define READ ZONE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x83)

Read zone bits 2 to 6 are 0.

#define READ ZONE MODE 32 BYTES ((uint8 t) 0x80)

Read mode: 32 bytes.

#### **Definitions for the UpdateExtra Command**

#define UPDATE\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

UpdateExtra command index for mode.

#define UPDATE\_VALUE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

UpdateExtra command index for new value.

#define UPDATE\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

UpdateExtra command packet size.

#define UPDATE\_CONFIG\_BYTE\_86 ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

UpdateExtra mode: update Config byte 86.

#### **Definitions for the Write Command**

#define WRITE\_ZONE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Write command index for zone.

#define WRITE\_ADDR\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

Write command index for address.

#define WRITE\_VALUE\_IDX SHA204\_DATA\_IDX

Write command index for data.

• #define WRITE\_MAC\_VS\_IDX (9)

Write command index for MAC following short data.

• #define WRITE\_MAC\_VL\_IDX (37)

Write command index for MAC following long data.

#define WRITE\_COUNT\_SHORT (11)

Write command packet size with short data and no MAC.

#define WRITE\_COUNT\_LONG (39)

Write command packet size with long data and no MAC.

• #define WRITE COUNT SHORT MAC (43)

Write command packet size with short data and MAC.

• #define WRITE COUNT LONG MAC (71)

Write command packet size with long data and MAC.

#define WRITE\_MAC\_SIZE (32)

Write MAC size.

• #define WRITE\_ZONE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 0xC3)

Write zone bits 2 to 5 are 0.

#define WRITE\_ZONE\_WITH\_MAC ((uint8\_t) 0x40)

Write zone bit 6: write encrypted with MAC.

#### **Response Size Definitions**

#define CHECKMAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of DeriveKey command

#define DERIVE KEY RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN

response size of DeriveKey command

#define DEVREV RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE VAL

response size of DevRev command returns 4 bytes

• #define GENDIG\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of GenDig command

#define HMAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of HMAC command

#define LOCK\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Lock command

#define MAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of MAC command

#define NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_SHORT SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Nonce command with mode[0:1] = 3

#define NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_LONG SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of Nonce command

• #define PAUSE\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Pause command

#define RANDOM\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of Random command

• #define READ 4 RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE VAL

response size of Read command when reading 4 bytes

#define READ\_32\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of Read command when reading 32 bytes

#define UPDATE\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of UpdateExtra command

#define WRITE RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN

response size of Write command

#### **Definitions of Typical Command Execution Times**

The library starts polling the device for a response after these delays.

```
    #define CHECKMAC_DELAY ((uint8_t) (12.0 * CPU_CLOCK_DEVIATION_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
    CheckMac command typical execution time.
```

• #define DERIVE\_KEY\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (14.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

DeriveKey command typical execution time.

• #define DEVREV\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 1))

DevRev command typical execution time.

• #define GENDIG\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (11.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

GenDig command typical execution time.

#define HMAC\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (27.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
 HMAC command typical execution time.

#define LOCK\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 5.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
 Lock command typical execution time.

#define MAC\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (12.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
 MAC command typical execution time.

• #define NONCE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (22.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

Nonce command typical execution time.

• #define PAUSE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 1))

Pause command typical execution time.

- #define RANDOM\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (11.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

  Random command typical execution time.
- #define READ\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (1))

Read command typical execution time.

- #define UPDATE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 8.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
  - UpdateExtra command typical execution time.
- #define WRITE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 4.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

  Write command typical execution time.

#### **Definitions of Maximum Command Execution Times**

- #define CHECKMAC\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (38.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   CheckMAC maximum execution time.
- #define DERIVE\_KEY\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (62.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  DeriveKey maximum execution time.
- #define DEVREV\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 2.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   DevRev maximum execution time.
- #define GENDIG\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (43.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  GenDig maximum execution time.
- #define HMAC\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (69.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  HMAC maximum execution time.
- #define LOCK\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (24.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   Lock maximum execution time.
- #define MAC\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (35.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  MAC maximum execution time.

- #define NONCE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (60.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   Nonce maximum execution time.
- #define PAUSE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 2.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  Pause maximum execution time.
- #define RANDOM\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (50.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  Random maximum execution time.
- #define READ\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 4.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  Read maximum execution time.
- #define UPDATE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (12.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  UpdateExtra maximum execution time.
- #define WRITE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (42.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

  Write maximum execution time.

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

A function is provided for every ATSHA204 command. These functions check the parameters, assemble a command packet, send it, receive its response, and return the status of the operation and the response. If available code space in your system is tight, you can use instead the sha204m\_execute function for any command. It is more complex to use, though. Modern compilers can garbage-collect unused functions. If your compiler does not support this feature and you want to use only the sha204m\_execute function, you can just delete the command wrapper functions. If you do use the command wrapper functions, you can respectively delete the sha204m\_execute function.

#### 5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_parameters ( uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \* datal, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \* data2, uint8\_t \* data1, uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer )

This function checks the parameters for sha204m execute().

#### **Parameters**

in	op_code	command op-code
in	param1	first parameter
in	param2	second parameter
in	datalen1	number of bytes in first data block
in	data1	pointer to first data block
in	datalen2	number of bytes in second data block
in	data2	pointer to second data block
in	datalen3	number of bytes in third data block
in	data3	pointer to third data block
in	tx_size	size of tx buffer
in	tx_buffer	pointer to tx buffer
in	rx_size	size of rx buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to rx buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References CHECKMAC\_MODE\_MASK, GENDIG\_ZONE\_DATA, GENDIG\_ZONE\_OTP, HMAC\_MODE\_MASK, LOCK\_ZONE\_MASK, LOCK\_ZONE\_NO\_CRC, MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY, MAC\_MODE\_MASK, NONCE\_MODE\_INVALID, NONCE\_MODE\_PASSTHROUGH, RANDOM\_NO\_SEED\_UPDATE, READ\_ZONE\_MASK, READ\_ZONE\_MODE\_32\_BYTES, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CHECKMAC, SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_DERIVE\_KEY, SHA204\_DEVREV, SHA204\_GENDIG, SHA204\_HMAC, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_LOCK, SHA204\_MAC, SHA204\_NONCE, SHA204\_PAUSE, SHA204\_RANDOM, SHA204\_READ, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_UPDATE\_EXTRA, SHA204\_WRITE, SHA204\_ZONE\_OTP, UPDATE\_CONFIG\_BYTE\_86, and WRITE ZONE MASK.

Referenced by sha204m execute().

5.1.2.2 uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_mac ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* mode, uint8\_t \* key\_id, uint8\_t \* client\_challenge, uint8\_t \* client\_response, uint8\_t \* other\_data )

This function sends a CheckMAC command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	selects the hash inputs
in	key_id	slot index of key
in	client_challenge	pointer to client challenge (ignored if mode bit 0 is set)
in	client_response	pointer to client response
in	other_data	pointer to 13 bytes of data used in the client command

#### Returns

status of the operation

References CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_CHALLENGE\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE, CHECKMAC\_C-LIENT\_RESPONSE\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_RESPONSE\_SIZE, CHECKMAC\_COUNT, CHECKMAC\_DATA\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_DELAY, CHECKMAC\_EXEC\_MAX, CHECKMAC\_KEYID\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_MODE\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_MODE\_IDX, CHECKMAC\_MODE\_MASK, CHECKMAC\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE, CHECKMAC\_RSP\_SIZE, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CHECKMAC, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.3 uint8\_t sha204m\_derive\_key ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t random, uint8\_t target\_key, uint8\_t \* mac )

This function sends a DeriveKey command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	random	type of source key (has to match TempKey.SourceFlag)
in	target_key	slot index of key (015); not used if random is 1
in	mac	pointer to optional MAC

#### Returns

status of the operation

References DERIVE\_KEY\_COUNT\_LARGE, DERIVE\_KEY\_COUNT\_SMALL, DERIVE\_KEY\_DELAY, DERIVE\_KEY\_EXEC\_MAX, DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC\_IDX, DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC\_SIZE, DERIVE\_KEY\_RANDOM\_FLAG, DERIVE\_KEY\_Y\_RANDOM\_IDX, DERIVE\_KEY\_RSP\_SIZE, DERIVE\_KEY\_TARGETKEY\_IDX, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_DERIVE\_KEY, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.4 uint8\_t sha204m\_dev\_rev ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer )

This function sends a DevRev command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References DEVREV\_COUNT, DEVREV\_DELAY, DEVREV\_EXEC\_MAX, DEVREV\_PARAM1\_IDX, DEVREV\_PARAM2\_IDX, DEVREV\_RSP\_SIZE, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_DEVREV, SHA204\_OPCO-DE\_IDX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.5 uint8\_t sha204m\_gen\_dig ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \* other\_data )

This function sends a GenDig command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	zone	0: config, zone 1: OTP zone, 2: data zone
in	key_id	zone 1: OTP block; zone 2: key id
in	other_data	pointer to 4 bytes of data when using CheckOnly key

#### Returns

status of the operation

References GENDIG\_COUNT, GENDIG\_COUNT\_DATA, GENDIG\_DATA\_IDX, GENDIG\_DELAY, GENDIG\_EXEC\_MAX, GENDIG\_KEYID\_IDX, GENDIG\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE, GENDIG\_RSP\_SIZE, GENDIG\_ZONE\_DATA, GENDIG\_ZONE\_IDX, GENDIG\_ZONE\_OTP, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_GENDIG, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_OTP\_BLOCK\_MAX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.6 uint8\_t sha204m\_hmac ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16\_t key\_id )

This function sends an HMAC command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	selects the hash inputs
in	key_id	slot index of key

#### Returns

status of the operation

References HMAC\_COUNT, HMAC\_DELAY, HMAC\_EXEC\_MAX, HMAC\_KEYID\_IDX, HMAC\_MODE\_IDX, HMAC\_-MODE\_MASK, HMAC\_RSP\_SIZE, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_HMAC, SHA204\_OPC-ODE\_IDX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.7 uint8\_t sha204m\_lock ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t summary )

This function sends a Lock command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	zone	zone id to lock
in	summary	zone digest

#### Returns

status of the operation

References LOCK\_COUNT, LOCK\_DELAY, LOCK\_EXEC\_MAX, LOCK\_RSP\_SIZE, LOCK\_SUMMARY\_IDX, LOCK\_ZONE\_IDX, LOCK\_ZONE\_NO\_CRC, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_LOCK, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.8 uint8\_t sha204m\_mac ( uint8\_t \*  $tx_buffer$ , uint8\_t \*  $rx_buffer$ , uint8\_t \*  $tx_buffer$ , uint8\_t \*  $tx_$ 

This function sends a MAC command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	selects message fields
in	key_id	slot index of key
in	challenge	pointer to challenge (not used if mode bit 0 is set)

#### Returns

status of the operation

References MAC\_CHALLENGE\_IDX, MAC\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE, MAC\_COUNT\_LONG, MAC\_COUNT\_SHORT, MAC\_CDELAY, MAC\_EXEC\_MAX, MAC\_KEYID\_IDX, MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY, MAC\_MODE\_IDX, MAC\_MODE\_MASK, MAC\_RSP\_SIZE, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_MAC, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, and sha204c send and receive().

5.1.2.9 uint8\_t sha204m\_nonce ( uint8\_t \*  $tx\_buffer$ , uint8\_t \*  $rx\_buffer$ , uint8\_t \* numin )

This function sends a Nonce command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	controls the mechanism of the internal random number generator and seed update
in	numin	pointer to system input
		(mode = 3: 32 bytes same as in TempKey;
		mode < 2: 20 bytes
		mode == 2: not allowed)

#### Returns

status of the operation

References NONCE\_COUNT\_LONG, NONCE\_COUNT\_SHORT, NONCE\_DELAY, NONCE\_EXEC\_MAX, NONCE\_INPUT\_IDX, NONCE\_MODE\_IDX, NONCE\_MODE\_INVALID, NONCE\_MODE\_PASSTHROUGH, NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE, NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE\_PASSTHROUGH, NONCE\_PARAM2\_IDX, NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_LONG, NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_SHORT, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_NONCE, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, and sha204c send and receive().

5.1.2.10 uint8\_t sha204m\_pause ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t selector )

This function sends a Pause command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	selector	Devices not matching this value will go into Idle mode.

#### Returns

status of the operation

References PAUSE\_COUNT, PAUSE\_DELAY, PAUSE\_EXEC\_MAX, PAUSE\_PARAM2\_IDX, PAUSE\_RSP\_SIZE, PAUSE\_SELECT\_IDX, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_PAUSE, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.11 uint8\_t sha204m\_random ( uint8\_t \*  $tx\_buffer$ , uint8\_t \*  $rx\_buffer$ , uint8\_t mode )

This function sends a Random command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	0: update seed; 1: no seed update

#### Returns

status of the operation

References RANDOM\_COUNT, RANDOM\_DELAY, RANDOM\_EXEC\_MAX, RANDOM\_MODE\_IDX, RANDOM\_NO\_-SEED\_UPDATE, RANDOM\_PARAM2\_IDX, RANDOM\_RSP\_SIZE, RANDOM\_SEED\_UPDATE, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_RANDOM, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.12 uint8\_t sha204m\_read ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address )

This function sends a Read command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	zone	0: Configuration; 1: OTP; 2: Data
in	address	address to read from

#### Returns

status of the operation

References READ\_32\_RSP\_SIZE, READ\_4\_RSP\_SIZE, READ\_ADDR\_IDX, READ\_COUNT, READ\_DELAY, READ\_EXEC\_MAX, READ\_ZONE\_IDX, READ\_ZONE\_MASK, READ\_ZONE\_MODE\_32\_BYTES, SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK, SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK\_OTP, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_READ, SHA204\_ZONE\_CONFIG, SHA204\_ZONE\_COUNT\_FLAG, SHA204\_ZONE\_DATA, SHA204\_ZONE\_MASK, SHA204\_ZONE\_OTP, and sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.1.2.13 uint8\_t sha204m\_update\_extra ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t new\_value )

This function sends an UpdateExtra command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	mode	0: update Configuration zone byte 85; 1: byte 86
in	new_value	byte to write

#### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_UPDATE\_EXTRA, sha204c\_send\_and\_receive(), UPDATE\_CONFIG\_BYTE\_86, UPDATE\_COUNT, UPDATE\_DELAY, UPDATE\_EXEC\_MAX, UPDATE\_MODE\_IDX, UPDATE\_RSP\_SIZE, and UPDATE\_VALUE\_IDX.

5.1.2.14 uint8\_t sha204m\_write ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address, uint8\_t \* new\_value, uint8\_t \* mac )

This function sends a Write command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to transmit buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to receive buffer
in	zone	0: Configuration; 1: OTP; 2: Data
in	address	address to write to
in	new_value	pointer to 32 (zone bit 7 set) or 4 bytes of data
in	mac	pointer to MAC (ignored if zone is unlocked)

#### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK, SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK\_CONFIG, SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK\_OTP, S-HA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_COUNT\_IDX, SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE, SHA204\_OPCODE\_IDX, SHA204\_WRITE, SHA204\_ZONE\_ACCESS\_32, SHA204\_ZONE\_ACCESS\_4, SHA204\_ZONE\_CONFIG, SHA204\_ZONE\_COUNT\_FLA-G, SHA204\_ZONE\_DATA, SHA204\_ZONE\_MASK, SHA204\_ZONE\_OTP, sha204c\_send\_and\_receive(), WRITE\_DELAY, WRITE\_EXEC\_MAX, WRITE\_MAC\_SIZE, WRITE\_RSP\_SIZE, and WRITE\_ZONE\_MASK.

5.1.2.15 uint8\_t sha204m\_execute ( uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \* data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \* data2, uint8\_t \* data2, uint8\_t \* data3, uint8\_t \* tx\_size, uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer )

This function creates a command packet, sends it, and receives its response.

#### **Parameters**

in	op_code	command op-code
in	param1	first parameter
in	param2	second parameter
in	datalen1	number of bytes in first data block
in	data1	pointer to first data block
in	datalen2	number of bytes in second data block
in	data2	pointer to second data block
in	datalen3	number of bytes in third data block
in	data3	pointer to third data block
in	tx_size	size of tx buffer
in	tx_buffer	pointer to tx buffer
in	rx_size	size of rx buffer
out	rx_buffer	pointer to rx buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References CHECKMAC\_DELAY, CHECKMAC\_EXEC\_MAX, CHECKMAC\_RSP\_SIZE, DERIVE\_KEY\_DELAY, DERIVE\_KEY\_EXEC\_MAX, DERIVE\_KEY\_RSP\_SIZE, DEVREV\_DELAY, DEVREV\_EXEC\_MAX, DEVREV\_RSP\_SIZE, GENDIG\_DELAY, GENDIG\_EXEC\_MAX, GENDIG\_RSP\_SIZE, HMAC\_DELAY, HMAC\_EXEC\_MAX, HMAC\_RSP\_SIZE, LOCK\_DELAY, LOCK\_EXEC\_MAX, LOCK\_RSP\_SIZE, MAC\_DELAY, MAC\_EXEC\_MAX, MAC\_RSP\_SIZE, NONCE\_DELAY, NONCE\_EXEC\_MAX, NONCE\_MODE\_PASSTHROUGH, NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_LONG, NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_SHORT, PAUSE\_DELAY, PAUSE\_EXEC\_MAX, PAUSE\_RSP\_SIZE, RANDOM\_DELAY, RANDOM\_EXEC\_MAX, RANDOM\_RSP\_SIZE, READ\_32\_RSP\_SIZE, READ\_4\_RSP\_SIZE, READ\_DELAY, READ\_EXEC\_MAX, SHA204\_CHECKMAC, SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_COMMAND\_EXEC\_MAX, SHA204\_DEVREV, SHA204\_GENDIG, SHA204\_HMAC, SHA204\_LOCK, SHA204\_MAC, SHA204\_NONCE,

SHA204\_PAUSE, SHA204\_RANDOM, SHA204\_READ, SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_UPDATE\_EXTRA, SHA204\_WRITE, SHA204\_ZONE\_COUNT\_FLAG, sha204c\_calculate\_crc(), sha204c\_send\_and\_receive(), sha204m\_check\_parameters(), UPDATE\_DELAY, UPDATE\_EXEC\_MAX, UPDATE\_RSP\_SIZE, WRITE\_DELAY, WRITE\_EXEC\_MAX, and WRITE\_RSP\_SIZE.

#### 5.2 Module 02: Communication

#### **Macros**

```
    #define SHA204_COMMAND_EXEC_MAX ((uint8_t) (69.0 * CPU_CLOCK_DEVIATION_POSITIVE + 0.5))
    maximum command delay
```

• #define SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN ((uint8\_t) 7)

minimum number of bytes in command (from count byte to second CRC byte)

#define SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MAX ((uint8\_t) 84)

maximum size of command packet (CheckMac)

• #define SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE ((uint8\_t) 2)

number of CRC bytes

#define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_STATUS (1)

buffer index of status byte in status response

• #define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_DATA (1)

buffer index of first data byte in data response

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_WAKEUP ((uint8\_t) 0x11)

status byte after wake-up

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_PARSE ((uint8\_t) 0x03)

command parse error

• #define SHA204 STATUS BYTE EXEC ((uint8 t) 0x0F)

command execution error

• #define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_COMM ((uint8\_t) 0xFF)

communication error

#### **Functions**

uint8\_t sha204c\_check\_crc (uint8\_t \*response)

This function checks the consistency of a response.

uint8\_t sha204c\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Be aware that succeeding only after waking up the device could mean that it had gone to sleep and lost its TempKey in the process.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of three steps:

• void sha204c\_calculate\_crc (uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \*data, uint8\_t \*crc)

This function calculates CRC.

• uint8\_t sha204c\_wakeup (uint8\_t \*response)

This function wakes up a SHA204 device and receives a response.

uint8\_t sha204c\_send\_and\_receive (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t execution\_delay, uint8\_t execution\_timeout)

This function runs a communication sequence.

#### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

This module implements communication with the device. It does not depend on the interface (SWI or  $I^2$  C).

Basic communication flow:

- · Calculate CRC of command packet and append.
- · Send command and repeat if it failed.
- · Delay for minimum command execution time.
- · Poll for response until maximum execution time. Repeat if communication failed.

Retries are implemented including sending the command again depending on the type of failure. A retry might include waking up the device which will be indicated by an appropriate return status. The number of retries is defined with a macro and can be set to 0 at compile time.

#### 5.2.2 Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 uint8\_t sha204c\_check\_crc ( uint8\_t \* response )

This function checks the consistency of a response.

#### **Parameters**

in response pointer to response	1 111 1	response	pointer to response
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#### Returns

status of the consistency check

References SHA204\_BAD\_CRC, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE, SHA204\_SUCCESS, and sha204c calculate crc().

Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.2.2.2 uint8\_t sha204c\_resync ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Be aware that succeeding only after waking up the device could mean that it had gone to sleep and lost its TempKey in the process.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of three steps:

- 1. Try to re-synchronize without sending a Wake token. This step is implemented in the Physical layer.
- 2. If the first step did not succeed send a Wake token.
- 3. Try to read the Wake response.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	size of response buffer
out	response	pointer to Wake-up response buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_RESYNC\_WITH\_WAKEUP, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204c\_wakeup(), sha204p\_resync(), and sha204p\_sleep().

Referenced by sha204c send and receive().

5.2.2.3 void sha204c\_calculate\_crc ( uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \* data, uint8\_t \* crc )

This function calculates CRC.

#### **Parameters**

in	length	number of bytes in buffer
in	data	pointer to data for which CRC should be calculated
out	crc	pointer to 16-bit CRC

Referenced by sha204c check crc(), sha204c send and receive(), and sha204m execute().

5.2.2.4 uint8\_t sha204c\_wakeup ( uint8\_t \* response )

This function wakes up a SHA204 device and receives a response.

#### **Parameters**

О	ut	response	pointer to four-byte response

### Returns

status of the operation

References delay\_ms(), SHA204\_BAD\_CRC, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_STATU-S, SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, SHA204\_COMMAND\_EXEC\_MAX, SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE, SHA204\_INVALID\_SIZE, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_WAKEUP, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204p\_receive\_response(), and sha204p\_wakeup().

Referenced by sha204c resync().

5.2.2.5 uint8\_t sha204c\_send\_and\_receive ( uint8\_t \* tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \* rx\_buffer, uint8\_t execution\_delay, uint8\_t execution\_timeout )

This function runs a communication sequence.

Append CRC to tx buffer, send command, delay, and verify response after receiving it.

The first byte in tx buffer must be the byte count of the packet. If CRC or count of the response is incorrect, or a command byte did not get acknowledged ( $I^2$ ), this function requests the device to resend the response. If the response contains an error status, this function resends the command.

# **Parameters**

in	tx_buffer	pointer to command
in	rx_size	size of response buffer

out	rx_buffer	pointer to response buffer
in	execution_delay	Start polling for a response after this many ms.
in	execution	polling timeout in ms
	timeout	

# Returns

status of the operation

References delay\_ms(), SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_STATUS, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE, SHA204\_FUNC\_FAIL, SHA204\_INVALID\_SIZE, SHA204\_PARSE\_ERROR, SHA204\_RESPONSE\_TIMEOUT, SHA204\_RESYNC\_WITH\_WAKEUP, SHA204\_RETRY\_COUNT, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE, SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_COMM, SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_EXEC, SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_PARSE, SHA204\_STATUS\_CRC, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204c\_calculate\_crc(), sha204c\_check\_crc(), sha204c\_resync(), sha204p\_receive\_response(), and sha204p\_send\_command().

Referenced by sha204m\_check\_mac(), sha204m\_derive\_key(), sha204m\_dev\_rev(), sha204m\_execute(), sha204m\_gen\_dig(), sha204m\_hmac(), sha204m\_lock(), sha204m\_mac(), sha204m\_nonce(), sha204m\_pause(), sha204m\_read(), sha204m\_update\_extra(), and sha204m\_write().

# 5.3 Module 03: Header File for Interface Abstraction Modules

This header file contains definitions and function prototypes for SWI and  $I^2$  C. The prototypes are the same for both interfaces but are of course implemented differently. Always include this file no matter whether you use SWI or  $I^2$  C.

#### **Macros**

• #define SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN ((uint8 t) 4)

minimum number of bytes in response

#define SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX ((uint8\_t) 35)

maximum size of response packet

• #define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT (0)

buffer index of count byte in command or response

#define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_DATA (1)

buffer index of data in response

#define SHA204\_WAKEUP\_PULSE\_WIDTH (uint8\_t) (6.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5)

width of Wakeup pulse in 10 us units

#define SHA204\_WAKEUP\_DELAY (uint8\_t) (3.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5)

delay between Wakeup pulse and communication in ms

### **Functions**

• uint8 t sha204p send command (uint8 t count, uint8 t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

void sha204p\_init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

• uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

uint8\_t sha204p\_idle (void)

This function puts the device into idle state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep (void)

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

uint8 t sha204p resync (uint8 t size, uint8 t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

# 5.3.1 Detailed Description

This header file contains definitions and function prototypes for SWI and  $I^2$  C. The prototypes are the same for both interfaces but are of course implemented differently. Always include this file no matter whether you use SWI or  $I^2$  C.

# 5.3.2 Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command ( uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \* command )

This function sends a command to the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	count	number of bytes to send
in	command	pointer to command buffer

### **Returns**

status of the operation

References SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_NORMAL, and SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_CMD. Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.3.2.2 uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function receives a response from the device.

### **Parameters**

in	size	number of bytes to receive
out	response	pointer to response buffer

### Returns

status of the operation

### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to rx buffer

### Returns

status of the operation

References I2C\_READ, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_DATA, SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, S-HA204\_INVALID\_SIZE, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_RX\_FAIL, SHA204\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE, SHA204\_SU-CCESS, and SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_TX.

Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive(), sha204c\_wakeup(), and sha204p\_resync().

5.3.2.3 void sha204p\_set\_device\_id ( uint8\_t id )

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

#### **Parameters**

in	id	index into array of pins

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

### **Parameters**

in	id I <sup>2</sup> C address	
----	-----------------------------	--

### 5.3.2.4 uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup ( void )

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

### Returns

success status of the operation

References delay\_10us(), delay\_ms(), SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_WAKEUP\_DELAY, and SHA204\_WAKEUP\_PULSE\_WIDTH.

Referenced by sha204c\_wakeup().

5.3.2.5 uint8\_t sha204p\_idle ( void )

This function puts the device into idle state.

### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_IDLE, and SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_IDLE.

5.3.2.6 uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep ( void )

This function puts the device into low-power state.

#### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_SLEEP, and SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_SLEEP.

Referenced by sha204c\_resync().

5.3.2.7 uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io ( void )

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

### Returns

success

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_RESET, and SHA204\_SUCCESS.

Referenced by sha204p\_resync().

5.3.2.8 uint8\_t sha204p\_resync ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of five steps listed below. This function implements the first three steps. Since steps 4 and 5 (sending a Wake-up token and reading the response) are the same for TWI and SWI, they are implemented in the communication layer (sha204c\_resync).

If the chip is not busy when the system sends a transmit flag, the chip should respond within t\_turnaround. If t\_exec has not already passed, the chip may be busy and the system should poll or wait until the maximum tEXEC time has elapsed. If the chip still does not respond to a second transmit flag within t\_turnaround, it may be out of synchronization. At this point the system may take the following steps to reestablish communication:

- 1. Wait t timeout.
- 2. Send the transmit flag.
- 3. If the chip responds within t\_turnaround, then the system may proceed with more commands.
- 4. Send a Wake token, wait t\_whi, and send the transmit flag.
- 5. The chip should respond with a 0x11 return status within t\_turnaround, after which the system may proceed with more commands.

### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to response buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Parameters are not used for I<sup>2</sup> C.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of three steps listed below. This function implements the first step. Since steps 2 and 3 (sending a Wake-up token and reading the response) are the same for I<sup>2</sup> C and SWI, they are implemented in the communication layer (sha204c\_resync).

- 1. To ensure an IO channel reset, the system should send the standard I2C software reset sequence, as follows:
  - · a Start condition

- · nine cycles of SCL, with SDA held high
- · another Start condition
- · a Stop condition

It should then be possible to send a read sequence and if synchronization has completed properly the ATSHA204 will acknowledge the device address. The chip may return data or may leave the bus floating (which the system will interpret as a data value of 0xFF) during the data periods.

If the chip does acknowledge the device address, the system should reset the internal address counter to force the ATSHA204 to ignore any partial input command that may have been sent. This can be accomplished by sending a write sequence to word address 0x00 (Reset), followed by a Stop condition.

- 2. If the chip does NOT respond to the device address with an ACK, then it may be asleep. In this case, the system should send a complete Wake token and wait t\_whi after the rising edge. The system may then send another read sequence and if synchronization has completed the chip will acknowledge the device address.
- If the chip still does not respond to the device address with an acknowledge, then it may be busy executing a command. The system should wait the longest TEXEC and then send the read sequence, which will be acknowledged by the chip.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to response buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References delay\_ms(), I2C\_READ, SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, SHA204\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT, sha204p\_receive\_response(), and sha204p\_reset\_io().

Referenced by sha204c\_resync().

# 5.4 Module 04: SWI Abstraction Module

### **Macros**

#define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_CMD ((uint8\_t) 0x77)

flag preceding a command

• #define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_TX ((uint8\_t) 0x88)

flag requesting a response

#define SHA204 SWI FLAG IDLE ((uint8 t) 0xBB)

flag requesting to go into Idle mode

#define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_SLEEP ((uint8\_t) 0xCC)

flag requesting to go into Sleep mode

# **Functions**

• void sha204p init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

• uint8 t sha204p\_send\_command (uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

uint8 t sha204p idle ()

This function puts the device into idle state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep ()

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

# 5.4.1 Detailed Description

These functions and definitions abstract the SWI hardware. They implement the functions declared in sha204\_physical.-h.

### 5.4.2 Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 void sha204p\_set\_device\_id ( uint8\_t id )

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

#### **Parameters**

in	id index into array of pins	
----	-----------------------------	--

5.4.2.2 uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command ( uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \* command )

This function sends a command to the device.

### **Parameters**

in	count	number of bytes to send
in	command	pointer to command buffer

### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204 COMM FAIL, and SHA204 SWI FLAG CMD.

5.4.2.3 uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function receives a response from the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	number of bytes to receive
out	response	pointer to response buffer

### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_INVALID\_SIZE, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_RX\_FA-IL, SHA204\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE, SHA204\_SUCCESS, and SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_TX.

5.4.2.4 uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup ( void )

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

# Returns

success

References delay\_10us(), delay\_ms(), SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_WAKEUP\_DELAY, and SHA204\_WAKEUP\_PU-LSE\_WIDTH.

5.4.2.5 uint8\_t sha204p\_idle ( void )

This function puts the device into idle state.

# Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_IDLE.

5.4.2.6 uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep ( void )

This function puts the device into low-power state.

#### Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204 SWI FLAG SLEEP.

5.4.2.7 uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io ( void )

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

#### Returns

success

References SHA204 SUCCESS.

5.4.2.8 uint8\_t sha204p\_resync ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of five steps listed below. This function implements the first three steps. Since steps 4 and 5 (sending a Wake-up token and reading the response) are the same for TWI and SWI, they are implemented in the communication layer (sha204c resync).

If the chip is not busy when the system sends a transmit flag, the chip should respond within t\_turnaround. If t\_exec has not already passed, the chip may be busy and the system should poll or wait until the maximum tEXEC time has elapsed. If the chip still does not respond to a second transmit flag within t\_turnaround, it may be out of synchronization. At this point the system may take the following steps to reestablish communication:

- 1. Wait t\_timeout.
- 2. Send the transmit flag.
- 3. If the chip responds within t\_turnaround, then the system may proceed with more commands.
- 4. Send a Wake token, wait t whi, and send the transmit flag.
- 5. The chip should respond with a 0x11 return status within t\_turnaround, after which the system may proceed with more commands.

### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to response buffer

# Returns

status of the operation

References delay\_ms(), SHA204\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT, and sha204p\_receive\_response().

# 5.5 Module 05: I2C Abstraction Module

# **Macros**

• #define SHA204 I2C DEFAULT ADDRESS ((uint8 t) 0xC8)

1<sup>2</sup> C address used at ATSHA204 library startup.

# **Enumerations**

 enum i2c\_word\_address { SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_RESET, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_-SLEEP, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_IDLE, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_NORMAL }

This enumeration lists all packet types sent to a SHA204 device.

enum i2c\_read\_write\_flag { I2C\_WRITE = (uint8\_t) 0x00, I2C\_READ = (uint8\_t) 0x01 }

This enumeration lists flags for  $I^2$  C read or write addressing.

### **Functions**

void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function sets the  $l^2$  C address. Communication functions will use this address.

void sha204p\_init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command (uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_idle (void)

This function puts the device into idle state.

• uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep (void)

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function resets the I/O buffer of the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function resynchronizes communication.

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

These functions and definitions abstract the I2C hardware. They implement the functions declared in sha204 physical.h.

# 5.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 5.5.2.1 enum i2c\_word\_address

This enumeration lists all packet types sent to a SHA204 device.

The following byte stream is sent to a ATSHA204 I<sup>2</sup> C device: {I<sup>2</sup> C start} {I<sup>2</sup> C address} {word address} [{data}] {I<sup>2</sup> C stop}. Data are only sent after a word address of value SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_NORMAL.

#### **Enumerator:**

SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_RESET Reset device.

SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_SLEEP Put device into Sleep mode.

SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_IDLE Put device into Idle mode.

SHA204 I2C PACKET FUNCTION NORMAL Write / evaluate data that follow this word address byte.

# 5.5.2.2 enum i2c\_read\_write\_flag

This enumeration lists flags for I<sup>2</sup> C read or write addressing.

### **Enumerator:**

I2C\_WRITE write command flag

I2C\_READ read command flag

# 5.5.3 Function Documentation

5.5.3.1 void sha204p\_set\_device\_id ( uint8\_t id )

This function sets the I<sup>2</sup> C address. Communication functions will use this address.

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

### **Parameters**

in	id   I <sup>2</sup> C address	
----	-------------------------------	--

### 5.5.3.2 uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup ( void )

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

# Returns

status of the operation

References delay\_10us(), delay\_ms(), SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_WAKEUP\_DELAY, and SHA204\_WAKEUP\_PULSE\_WIDTH.

Referenced by sha204c\_wakeup().

5.5.3.3 uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command ( uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \* command )

This function sends a command to the device.

### **Parameters**

in	count	number of bytes to send
in	command	pointer to command buffer

Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_NORMAL.

Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

5.5.3.4 uint8\_t sha204p\_idle ( void )

This function puts the device into idle state.

Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_IDLE.

5.5.3.5 uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep ( void )

This function puts the device into low-power state.

Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_SLEEP.

Referenced by sha204c\_resync().

5.5.3.6 uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io ( void )

This function resets the I/O buffer of the device.

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

Returns

status of the operation

References SHA204 I2C PACKET FUNCTION RESET.

Referenced by sha204p\_resync().

 $5.5.3.7 \quad uint8\_t \ sha204p\_receive\_response \left( \ uint8\_t \ \textit{size,} \ uint8\_t * \textit{response} \ \right)$ 

This function receives a response from the device.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to rx buffer

#### Returns

status of the operation

References I2C\_READ, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_COUNT, SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_DATA, SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL, S-HA204\_INVALID\_SIZE, SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN, SHA204\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE, and SHA204\_SUCCESS.

Referenced by sha204c send and receive(), sha204c wakeup(), and sha204p resync().

5.5.3.8 uint8\_t sha204p\_resync ( uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \* response )

This function resynchronizes communication.

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Parameters are not used for I<sup>2</sup> C.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of three steps listed below. This function implements the first step. Since steps 2 and 3 (sending a Wake-up token and reading the response) are the same for I<sup>2</sup> C and SWI, they are implemented in the communication layer (sha204c resync).

- 1. To ensure an IO channel reset, the system should send the standard I2C software reset sequence, as follows:
  - · a Start condition
  - · nine cycles of SCL, with SDA held high
  - · another Start condition
  - · a Stop condition

It should then be possible to send a read sequence and if synchronization has completed properly the ATSHA204 will acknowledge the device address. The chip may return data or may leave the bus floating (which the system will interpret as a data value of 0xFF) during the data periods.

If the chip does acknowledge the device address, the system should reset the internal address counter to force the ATSHA204 to ignore any partial input command that may have been sent. This can be accomplished by sending a write sequence to word address 0x00 (Reset), followed by a Stop condition.

- 2. If the chip does NOT respond to the device address with an ACK, then it may be asleep. In this case, the system should send a complete Wake token and wait t\_whi after the rising edge. The system may then send another read sequence and if synchronization has completed the chip will acknowledge the device address.
- 3. If the chip still does not respond to the device address with an acknowledge, then it may be busy executing a command. The system should wait the longest TEXEC and then send the read sequence, which will be acknowledged by the chip.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	size of rx buffer
out	response	pointer to response buffer

### Returns

status of the operation

References I2C READ, SHA204 COMM FAIL, and sha204p reset io().

Referenced by sha204c\_resync().

# 5.6 Module 06: Helper Functions

Use these functions if your system does not use an ATSHA204 as a host but implements the host in firmware. The functions provide host-side cryptographic functionality for an ATSHA204 client device. They are intended to accompany the ATSHA204 library functions. They can be called directly from an application, or integrated into an API.

### **Data Structures**

· struct sha204h temp key

Structure to hold TempKey fields.

· struct sha204h include data in out

Input / output parameters for function sha204h\_include\_data().

• struct sha204h\_calculate\_sha256\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h nonce().

struct sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_nonce().

struct sha204h\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_mac().

· struct sha204h hmac in out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_hmac().

struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_gen\_dig().

struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key().

struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac().

struct sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_encrypt().

struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_decrypt().

struct sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_check\_mac().

# **Functions**

• char \* sha204h get library version (void)

This function returns the library version. The version consists of three bytes. For a released version, the last byte is 0.

• uint8 t sha204h nonce (struct sha204h nonce in out \*param)

This function calculates a 32-byte nonce based on a 20-byte input value (param->num\_in) and 32-byte random number (param->rand\_out).

uint8\_t sha204h\_mac (struct sha204h\_mac\_in\_out \*param)

This function generates an SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a key, challenge, and other information.

uint8 t sha204h check mac (struct sha204h check mac in out \*param)

This function calculates a SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a password and other information, to be verified using the CheckMac device command.

uint8\_t sha204h\_hmac (struct sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out \*param)

This function generates an HMAC / SHA-256 hash of a key and other information.

 uint8\_t sha204h\_gen\_dig (struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out \*param) This function combines the current TempKey with a stored value. • uint8 t sha204h derive key (struct sha204h derive key in out \*param) This function combines a key with the TempKey. uint8 t sha204h derive key mac (struct sha204h derive key mac in out \*param) This function calculates the input MAC for a DeriveKey command. • uint8 t sha204h\_encrypt (struct sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out \*param) This function encrypts 32-byte plain text data to be written using Write opcode, and optionally calculates input MAC. uint8\_t sha204h\_decrypt (struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out \*param) This function decrypts 32-byte encrypted data received with the Read command. void sha204h calculate crc chain (uint8 t length, uint8 t \*data, uint8 t \*crc) This function calculates the packet CRC. void sha204h calculate sha256 (int32 t len, uint8 t \*message, uint8 t \*digest) This function creates a SHA256 digest on a little-endian system. uint8\_t \* sha204h\_include\_data (struct sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out \*param) This function copies otp and sn data into a command buffer. **Variables**  uint8 t value [SHA204 KEY SIZE] The value of TempKey. Nonce (from nonce command) or Digest (from GenDig command) · unsigned int key id: 4 If TempKey was generated by GenDig (see the GenData and CheckFlag bits), these bits indicate which key was used in its computation. unsigned int source flag: 1 The source of the randomness in TempKey: 0=Rand, 1=Input. · unsigned int gen data: 1 Indicates if TempKey has been generated by GenDig using Data zone. unsigned int check\_flag: 1 Not used in the library. · unsigned int valid: 1 Indicates if the information in TempKey is valid. uint8\_t \* p\_temp [out] pointer to output buffer uint8 t \* otp [in] pointer to one-time-programming data • uint8 t \* sn [out] pointer to serial number data uint32 t length [in] Length of input message to be digested. uint8\_t \* message [in] Pointer to input message. uint8 t \* digest

[out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA256 digest of input message.

[in] Mode parameter used in Nonce command (Param1).

uint8 t mode

uint8 t \* num in

```
[in] Pointer to 20-byte NumIn data used in Nonce command.
• uint8 t * rand out
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte RandOut data from Nonce command.
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

 uint8_t mode

      [in] Mode parameter used in MAC command (Param1).

    uint16 t key id

      [in] KeyID parameter used in MAC command (Param2).
uint8_t * challenge
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte Challenge data used in MAC command, depending on mode.

 uint8 t * key

      [in] Pointer to 32-byte key used to generate MAC digest.

    uint8_t * otp

      [in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP, optionally included in MAC digest, depending on mode.
• uint8 t * sn
      [in] Pointer to 9-byte SN, optionally included in MAC digest, depending on mode.
• uint8_t * response
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA-256 digest (MAC).
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
• uint8_t mode
      [in] Mode parameter used in HMAC command (Param1).
uint16_t key_id
      [in] KeyID parameter used in HMAC command (Param2).

    uint8_t * key

      [in] Pointer to 32-byte key used to generate HMAC digest.

    uint8 t * otp

      [in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP, optionally included in HMAC digest, depending on mode.

    uint8_t * sn

      [in] Pointer to 9-byte SN, optionally included in HMAC digest, depending on mode.
uint8_t * response
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA-256 HMAC digest.
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
· uint8 t zone
      [in] Zone parameter used in GenDig command (Param1).
uint16_t key_id
      [in] KeyID parameter used in GenDig command (Param2).

    uint8 t * stored value

      [in] Pointer to 32-byte stored value, can be a data slot, OTP page, configuration zone, or hardware transport key.

    struct sha204h temp key * temp key

      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
· uint8 t random
      [in] Random parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param1).

    uint16 t target key id

      [in] KeyID to be derived, TargetKey parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param2).
```

```
uint8_t * parent_key
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte ParentKey. Set equal to target_key if Roll Key operation is intended.
uint8_t * target_key
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte TargetKey.
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

    uint8 t random

      [in] Random parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param1).
uint16_t target_key_id
      [in] KeyID to be derived, TargetKey parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param2).
uint8_t * parent_key
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte ParentKey. ParentKey here is always SlotConfig[TargetKey]. WriteKey, regardless whether the oper-
      ation is Roll or Create.
• uint8 t * mac
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte Mac.
• uint8 t zone
      [in] Zone parameter used in Write (Param1).

    uint16 t address

      [in] Address parameter used in Write command (Param2).

    uint8 t * crypto data

      [in,out] Pointer to 32-byte data. Input cleartext data, output encrypted data to Write command (Value field).
• uint8 t * mac
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte Mac. Can be set to NULL if input MAC is not required by the Write command (write to OTP,
      unlocked user zone).

    struct sha204h temp key * temp key

      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
uint8_t * crypto_data
      [in,out] Pointer to 32-byte data. Input encrypted data from Read command (Contents field), output decrypted.
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
· uint8 t mode
      [in] Mode parameter used in CheckMac command (Param1).
uint8_t * password
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte password that will be verified against Key[KeyID] in the Device.

    uint8 t * other data

      [in] Pointer to 13-byte OtherData that will be used in CheckMac command.

    uint8_t * otp

      [in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP. OTP[0:7] is included in the calculation if Mode bit 5 is one.
uint8_t * target_key
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte TargetKey that will be copied to TempKey.
uint8_t * client_resp
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte ClientResp to be used in CheckMac command.
struct sha204h_temp_key * temp_key
      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
```

# Definitions for SHA204 Message Sizes to Calculate a SHA256 Hash

"||" is the concatenation operator. The number in braces is the length of the hash input value in bytes.

```
    #define SHA204 MSG SIZE NONCE (55)
```

RandOut{32} || NumIn{20} || OpCode{1} || Mode{1} || LSB of Param2{1}.

• #define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_MAC (88)

(Key or TempKey){32} || (Challenge or TempKey){32} || OpCode{1} || Mode{1} || Param2{2} || (OTP0\_7 or 0){8} || (OTP8\_10 or 0){3} || SN8{1} || (SN4\_7 or 0){4} || SN0\_1{2} || (SN2\_3 or 0){2}

• #define SHA204 MSG SIZE HMAC INNER (152)

 $HMAC = sha(HMAC \ outer \ || \ HMAC \ inner) \ HMAC \ inner = sha((zero-padded \ key \ ^ipad) \ || \ message) = sha256( \ (Key{32} \ || \ 0x36{32}) \ || \ 0{32} \ || \ Key{32} \ || \ OpCode{1} \ || \ Mode{1} \ || \ KeyId{2} \ || \ OTP0_7{8} \ || \ OTP8_10{3} \ || \ SN8{1} \ || \ SN4_7{4} \ || \ SN0_1{2} \ || \ SN2_3{2} \ )$ 

#define SHA204 MSG SIZE HMAC (96)

HMAC = sha(HMAC outer || HMAC inner) = sha256((Key{32} || 0x5C{32}) || HMAC inner{32})

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_GEN\_DIG (96)

Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2} || SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.

• #define SHA204 MSG SIZE DERIVE KEY (96)

Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2} || SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC (39)

Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2} || SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2}.

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_ENCRYPT\_MAC (96)

Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2}|| SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.

- #define SHA204\_COMMAND\_HEADER\_SIZE ( 4)
- #define SHA204\_GENDIG\_ZEROS\_SIZE (25)
- #define SHA204 DERIVE KEY ZEROS SIZE (25)
- #define SHA204\_OTP\_SIZE\_8 (8)
- #define SHA204\_OTP\_SIZE\_3 (3)
- #define SHA204\_SN\_SIZE\_4 (4)
- #define SHA204 SN SIZE 2 (2)
- #define SHA204\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE\_2 (2)
- #define SHA204\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE\_3 (3)
- #define SHA204\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE\_4 (4)
- #define **HMAC\_BLOCK\_SIZE** (64)
- #define SHA204\_PACKET\_OVERHEAD (3)

# Fixed Byte Values of Serial Number (SN[0:1] and SN[8])

- #define SHA204\_SN\_0 (0x01)
- #define SHA204 SN 1 (0x23)
- #define SHA204\_SN\_8 (0xEE)

# **Definition for TempKey Mode**

#define MAC\_MODE\_USE\_TEMPKEY\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 0x03)

mode mask for MAC command when using TempKey

# 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Use these functions if your system does not use an ATSHA204 as a host but implements the host in firmware. The functions provide host-side cryptographic functionality for an ATSHA204 client device. They are intended to accompany the ATSHA204 library functions. They can be called directly from an application, or integrated into an API. Modern compilers can garbage-collect unused functions. If your compiler does not support this feature, you can just discard this module from your project if you do use an ATSHA204 as a host. Or, if you don't, delete the functions you do not use.

#### 5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 char\* sha204h\_get\_library\_version ( void )

This function returns the library version. The version consists of three bytes. For a released version, the last byte is 0.

#### Returns

pointer to the version string

5.6.2.2 uint8\_t sha204h\_nonce ( struct sha204h nonce in out \* param )

This function calculates a 32-byte nonce based on a 20-byte input value (param->num\_in) and 32-byte random number (param->rand\_out).

This nonce will match with the nonce generated in the device when executing a Nonce command. To use this function, an application first sends a Nonce command with a chosen param->num\_in to the device. Nonce Mode parameter must be set to use random nonce (mode 0 or 1).

The device generates a nonce, stores it in its TempKey, and outputs the random number param->rand\_out it used in the hash calculation to the host. The values of param->rand\_out and param->num\_in are passed to this nonce calculation function. The function calculates the nonce and returns it. This function can also be used to fill in the nonce directly to TempKey (pass-through mode). The flags will automatically be set according to the mode used.

#### **Parameters**

_			
	in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_temp\_key::gen\_data, sha204h\_temp\_key::key\_id, sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out::mode, NONCE\_MODE\_INVALID, NONCE\_MODE\_NO\_SEED\_UPDATE, NONCE\_MODE\_PASSTHR-OUGH, NONCE\_MODE\_SEED\_UPDATE, NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE, NONCE\_NUMIN\_SIZE\_PASSTHROUGH, NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_LONG, sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out::num\_in, sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out::rand\_out, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, S-HA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_NONCE, SHA204\_NONCE, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, and sha204h\_temp\_key::value.

5.6.2.3 uint8\_t sha204h\_mac ( struct sha204h\_mac\_in\_out \* param )

This function generates an SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a key, challenge, and other information.

The resulting digest will match with the one generated by the device when executing a MAC command. The TempKey (if used) should be valid (temp\_key.valid = 1) before executing this function.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::challenge, sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::key, sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::key\_id, MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK1\_TEMPKEY, MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_64, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_88, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_SN, MAC\_MODE\_MASK, MAC\_MODE\_SOURCE\_FLAG\_MATCH, MAC\_MODE\_USE\_TEMPKEY\_MASK, sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::mode, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::otp, sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::response, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MAC, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_MAC, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_include\_data(), sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::sn, sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_mac\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, and sha204h\_temp\_key::value.

5.6.2.4 uint8\_t sha204h\_check\_mac ( struct sha204h check mac in out \* param )

This function calculates a SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a password and other information, to be verified using the CheckMac device command.

This password checking operation is described in "Section 3.3.6 Password Checking" of "Atmel ATSHA204 [DATASH-EET]" (8740C-CRYPTO-7/11). Before performing password checking operation, TempKey should contain a randomly generated nonce. The TempKey in the device has to match the one in the application. A user enters the password to be verified by an application. The application passes this password to the CheckMac calculation function, along with 13 bytes of OtherData, a 32-byte target key, and optionally 11 bytes of OTP. The function calculates a 32-byte ClientResp, returns it to Application. The function also replaces the current TempKey value with the target key. The application passes the calculated ClientResp along with OtherData inside a CheckMac command to the device. The device validates ClientResp, and copies the target slot to its TempKey.

If the password is stored in an odd numbered slot, the target slot is the password slot itself, so the target\_key parameter should point to the password being checked. If the password is stored in an even numbered slot, the target slot is the next odd numbered slot (KeyID + 1), so the target\_key parameter should point to a key that is equal to the target slot in the device.

Note that the function does not check the result of the password checking operation. Regardless of whether the Check-Mac command returns success or not, the TempKey variable of the application will hold the value of the target key. Therefore the application has to make sure that password checking operation succeeds before using the TempKey for subsequent operations.

### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::client\_resp, sha204h\_temp\_key::gen\_data, MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_64, MAC\_MODE\_USE\_TEMPKEY\_MAS-K, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::mode, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::other\_data, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::otp, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::password, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_MAC, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::target\_key, sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h temp key::valid, and sha204h temp key::value.

5.6.2.5 uint8\_t sha204h\_hmac ( struct sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out \* param )

This function generates an HMAC / SHA-256 hash of a key and other information.

The resulting hash will match with the one generated in the device by an HMAC command. The TempKey has to be valid (temp\_key.valid = 1) before executing this function.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, HMAC\_MODE\_MASK, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::key, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::key\_id, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_64, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_88, MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_SN, M-AC\_MODE\_SOURCE\_FLAG\_MATCH, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::mode, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::otp, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::otp, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::ptemp, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::response, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_HMAC, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_HMAC, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_HMAC\_INNER, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_include\_data(), sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::sn, sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, and sha204h\_temp\_key::value.

5.6.2.6 uint8\_t sha204h\_gen\_dig ( struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out \* param )

This function combines the current TempKey with a stored value.

The stored value can be a data slot, OTP page, configuration zone, or hardware transport key. The TempKey generated by this function will match with the TempKey in the device generated when executing a GenDig command. The TempKey should be valid (temp\_key.valid = 1) before executing this function. To use this function, an application first sends a GenDig command with a chosen stored value to the device. This stored value must be known by the application and is passed to this GenDig calculation function. The function calculates a new TempKey and returns it.

### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_temp\_key::gen\_data, GENDIG\_ZONE\_CONFIG, GENDIG\_ZONE\_DATA, GENDIG\_ZONE\_OTP, sha204h\_temp\_key::key\_id, sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out::key\_id, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_GENDIG, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_GEN\_DIG, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out::stored\_value, sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, sha204h\_temp\_key::value, and sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out::zone.

5.6.2.7 uint8\_t sha204h\_derive\_key ( struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out \* param )

This function combines a key with the TempKey.

Used in conjunction with DeriveKey command, the key derived by this function will match the key in the device. Two kinds of operation are supported:

- Roll Key operation: target\_key and parent\_key parameters should be set to point to the same location (TargetKey).
- Create Key operation: target\_key should be set to point to TargetKey, parent\_key should be set to point to Parent-Key.

After executing this function, the initial value of target\_key will be overwritten with the derived key. The TempKey should be valid (temp\_key.valid = 1) before executing this function.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure
--------	-------	--------------------------------

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, DERIVE\_KEY\_RANDOM\_FLAG, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out::parent\_key, sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out::random, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_C-MD\_FAIL, SHA204\_DERIVE\_KEY, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_DERIVE\_KE-Y, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out::target\_key, sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out::target\_key\_id, sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, and sha204h\_temp\_key::value.

5.6.2.8 uint8\_t sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac ( struct sha204h derive key mac in out \* param )

This function calculates the input MAC for a DeriveKey command.

The DeriveKey command will need an input MAC if SlotConfig[TargetKey].Bit15 is set.

#### **Parameters**

in, out   param   pointer to parameter structure	in,out	param	
--	--------	-------	--

#### Returns

status of the operation

References DERIVE\_KEY\_RANDOM\_FLAG, sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out::mac, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out::parent\_key, sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out::random, SHA204\_BAD\_P-ARAM, SHA204\_DERIVE\_KEY, SHA204\_KEY\_ID\_MAX, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), and sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out::target\_key\_id.

5.6.2.9 uint8\_t sha204h\_encrypt ( struct sha204h\_encrypt in out \* param )

This function encrypts 32-byte plain text data to be written using Write opcode, and optionally calculates input MAC.

To use this function, first the nonce must be valid and synchronized between device and application. The application sends a GenDig command to the device, using a parent key. If the Data zone has been locked, this is specified by SlotConfig.WriteKey. The device updates its TempKey when executing the command. The application then updates its own TempKey using the GenDig calculation function, using the same key. The application passes the plain text data to the encryption function.

If input MAC is needed the application must pass a valid pointer to buffer in the "mac" command parameter. If input MAC is not needed the application can pass a NULL pointer in the "mac" command parameter. The function encrypts

the data and optionally calculates the input MAC, and returns it to the application. Using these encrypted data and the input MAC, the application sends a Write command to the Device. The device validates the MAC, then decrypts and writes the data.

The encryption function does not check whether the TempKey has been generated by the correct ParentKey for the corresponding zone. Therefore, to get a correct result after the Data and OTP zones have been locked, the application has to make sure that prior GenDig calculation was done using the correct ParentKey.

#### **Parameters**

|--|

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out::address, sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out::crypto\_data, sha204h\_temp\_key::gen\_data, sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out::mac, sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, SHA204\_ADDRESS\_MASK, SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_ENC-RYPT\_MAC, SHA204\_SUCCESS, SHA204\_WRITE, sha204h\_calculate\_sha256(), sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, sha204h\_temp\_key::value, WRITE\_ZONE\_MASK, and sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out::zone.

5.6.2.10 uint8\_t sha204h\_decrypt ( struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out \* param )

This function decrypts 32-byte encrypted data received with the Read command.

To use this function, first the nonce must be valid and synchronized between device and application. The application sends a GenDig command to the Device, using a key specified by SlotConfig.ReadKey. The device updates its Temp-Key. The application then updates its own TempKey using the GenDig calculation function, using the same key. The application sends a Read command to the device for a user zone configured with EncryptRead. The device encrypts 32-byte zone content, and outputs it to the host. The application passes these encrypted data to this decryption function. The function decrypts the data and returns them. TempKey must be updated by GenDig using a ParentKey as specified by SlotConfig.ReadKey before executing this function. The decryption function does not check whether the TempKey has been generated by a correct ParentKey for the corresponding zone. Therefore to get a correct result, the application has to make sure that prior GenDig calculation was done using correct ParentKey.

#### **Parameters**

_			
	in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure

#### Returns

status of the operation

References sha204h\_temp\_key::check\_flag, sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out::crypto\_data, sha204h\_temp\_key::gen\_data, S-HA204\_BAD\_PARAM, SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL, SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE, SHA204\_SUCCESS, sha204h\_temp\_key::source\_flag, sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out::temp\_key, sha204h\_temp\_key::valid, and sha204h\_temp\_key::value.

5.6.2.11 void sha204h\_calculate\_crc\_chain ( uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \* data, uint8\_t \* crc )

This function calculates the packet CRC.

crc\_register is initialized with \*crc, so it can be chained to calculate CRC from a large array of data. For the first calculation or calculation without chaining, crc[0] and crc[1] values must be initialized to 0 by the caller.

#### **Parameters**

	in	length	number of bytes in buffer
Ī	in	data	pointer to data for which CRC should be calculated
	out	crc	pointer to 16-bit CRC

5.6.2.12 void sha204h\_calculate\_sha256 ( int32\_t len, uint8\_t \* message, uint8\_t \* digest )

This function creates a SHA256 digest on a little-endian system.

Limitations: This function was implemented with the ATSHA204 CryptoAuth device in mind. It will therefore only work for length values of len % 64 < 62.

#### **Parameters**

	in	len	byte length of message
	in	message	pointer to message
ſ	out	digest	SHA256 of message

Referenced by  $sha204h\_check\_mac()$ ,  $sha204h\_derive\_key()$ ,  $sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac()$ ,  $sha204h\_encrypt()$ ,  $sha204h\_gen\_dig()$ ,  $sha204h\_hmac()$ ,  $sha204h\_mac()$ ,  $sha204h\_nonce()$ .

5.6.2.13 uint8\_t\* sha204h\_include\_data ( struct sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out \* param )

This function copies otp and sn data into a command buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	param	pointer to parameter structure
--------	-------	--------------------------------

# Returns

pointer to command buffer byte that was copied last

 $\label{localized-mac_mode_include_ote} References \quad MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_64, \quad MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_88, \quad MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_SN, \\ sha 204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::otp, sha 204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::p\_temp, and sha 204h\_include\_data\_in\_out::sn. \\ \end{cases}$ 

Referenced by sha204h\_hmac(), and sha204h\_mac().

# 5.7 Module 07: Configuration Definitions

# **Configuration Definitions Common to All Interfaces**

#define CPU CLOCK DEVIATION POSITIVE (1.01)

maximum CPU clock deviation to higher frequency (crystal etc.) This value is used to establish time related worst case numbers, for example to calculate execution delays and timeouts.

#define CPU CLOCK DEVIATION NEGATIVE (0.99)

maximum CPU clock deviation to lower frequency (crystal etc.) This value is used to establish time related worst case numbers, for example to calculate execution delays and timeouts.

#define SHA204\_RETRY\_COUNT (1)

number of command / response retries

### **Available Definitions for Interfaces**

Either un-comment one of the definitions or place it in your project settings. The definitions to choose from are:

- · SHA204 SWI BITBANG (SWI using GPIO peripheral)
- SHA204\_SWI\_UART (SWI using UART peripheral)
- SHA204 I2C (I<sup>2</sup> C using I<sup>2</sup> C peripheral)
- #define DOXYGEN DUMMY 0

Dummy macro that allow Doxygen to parse this group.

# Configuration Definitions for SWI (UART) Interface

• #define SWI\_RECEIVE\_TIME\_OUT ((uint16\_t) 153)

receive timeout in us instead of loop counts

#define SWI US PER BYTE ((uint16 t) 313)

It takes 312.5 us to send a byte (9 single-wire bits / 230400 Baud \* 8 flag bits).

#define SHA204\_RESPONSE\_TIMEOUT ((uint16\_t) SWI\_RECEIVE\_TIME\_OUT + SWI\_US\_PER\_BYTE)

SWI response timeout is the sum of receive timeout and the time it takes to send the TX flag.

# Configuration Definitions for SWI Interface, Common to GPIO and UART

#define SHA204\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT ((uint8\_t) 85)

delay before sending a transmit flag in the synchronization routine

# 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Tune the values of these timing definitions for your system. Always include this file no matter whether you use SWI or I<sup>2</sup> C. Please refer to the actual file because Doxygen cannot parse nested macros with the same name.

# 5.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 5.7.2.1 #define SHA204\_RETRY\_COUNT (1)

number of command / response retries

If communication is lost, re-synchronization includes waiting for the longest possible execution time of a command. This adds a SHA204\_COMMAND\_EXEC\_MAX delay to every retry. Every increment of the number of retries increases the time the library is spending in the retry loop by SHA204\_COMMAND\_EXEC\_MAX.

Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive().

# 5.8 Module 08: Library Return Codes

### **Macros**

• #define SHA204\_SUCCESS ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

Function succeeded.

• #define SHA204\_CHECKMAC\_FAILED ((uint8\_t) 0xD1)

response status byte indicates CheckMac failure

#define SHA204 PARSE ERROR ((uint8 t) 0xD2)

response status byte indicates parsing error

• #define SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xD3)

response status byte indicates command execution error

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0xD4)

response status byte indicates CRC error

#define SHA204 STATUS UNKNOWN ((uint8 t) 0xD5)

response status byte is unknown

• #define SHA204 FUNC FAIL ((uint8 t) 0xE0)

Function could not execute due to incorrect condition / state.

#define SHA204 GEN FAIL ((uint8 t) 0xE1)

unspecified error

• #define SHA204 BAD PARAM ((uint8 t) 0xE2)

bad argument (out of range, null pointer, etc.)

#define SHA204 INVALID ID ((uint8 t) 0xE3)

invalid device id, id not set

#define SHA204\_INVALID\_SIZE ((uint8\_t) 0xE4)

Count value is out of range or greater than buffer size.

#define SHA204\_BAD\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0xE5)

incorrect CRC received

#define SHA204\_RX\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xE6)

Timed out while waiting for response. Number of bytes received is > 0.

#define SHA204\_RX\_NO\_RESPONSE ((uint8\_t) 0xE7)

Not an error while the Command layer is polling for a command response.

#define SHA204\_RESYNC\_WITH\_WAKEUP ((uint8\_t) 0xE8)

Re-synchronization succeeded, but only after generating a Wake-up.

#define SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xF0)

Communication with device failed. Same as in hardware dependent modules.

#define SHA204\_TIMEOUT ((uint8\_t) 0xF1)

Timed out while waiting for response. Number of bytes received is 0.

# 5.8.1 Detailed Description

5.9 Module 09: Timers 57

# 5.9 Module 09: Timers

### **Macros**

• #define TIME\_UTILS\_US\_CALIBRATION

Fill the inner loop of delay\_10us() with these CPU instructions to achieve 10 us per iteration.

• #define TIME\_UTILS\_LOOP\_COUNT ((uint8\_t) 28)

Decrement the inner loop of delay 10us() this many times to achieve 10 us per iteration of the outer loop.

#define TIME UTILS MS CALIBRATION ((uint8 t) 104)

The delay\_ms function calls delay\_10us with this parameter.

### **Functions**

void delay 10us (uint8 t delay)

This function delays for a number of tens of microseconds.

void delay ms (uint8 t delay)

This function delays for a number of milliseconds.

# 5.9.1 Detailed Description

This module implements timers used during communication. They are implemented using loop counters. But if you have hardware timers available, you can implement the functions using them.

# 5.9.2 Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 void delay\_10us ( uint8\_t delay )

This function delays for a number of tens of microseconds.

This function will not time correctly, if one loop iteration plus the time it takes to enter this function takes more than 10 us.

### **Parameters**

_			
	in	delay	number of 0.01 milliseconds to delay

References delay\_10us(), TIME\_UTILS\_LOOP\_COUNT, and TIME\_UTILS\_US\_CALIBRATION.

Referenced by delay\_10us(), delay\_ms(), and sha204p\_wakeup().

5.9.2.2 void delay\_ms ( uint8\_t delay )

This function delays for a number of milliseconds.

You can override this function if you like to do something else in your system while delaying.

### **Parameters**

in	delay number of milliseconds to delay	
----	---------------------------------------	--

References delay\_10us(), and TIME\_UTILS\_MS\_CALIBRATION.

Referenced by sha204c\_send\_and\_receive(), sha204c\_wakeup(), sha204p\_resync(), and sha204p\_wakeup().

Generated on Tue Jan 22 2013 22:39:12 for ATSHA204 Library by Doxygen

# **Chapter 6**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

# 6.1 sha204h\_calculate\_sha256\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input/output parameters for function sha204h_nonce().
```

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t length

[in] Length of input message to be digested.

uint8\_t \* message

[in] Pointer to input message.

uint8\_t \* digest

[out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA256 digest of input message.

# 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_nonce().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.2 sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input/output parameters for function sha204h check mac().
```

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t mode

[in] Mode parameter used in CheckMac command (Param1).

```
• uint8_t * password
```

[in] Pointer to 32-byte password that will be verified against Key[KeyID] in the Device.

uint8 t \* other data

[in] Pointer to 13-byte OtherData that will be used in CheckMac command.

• uint8 t \* otp

[in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP. OTP[0:7] is included in the calculation if Mode bit 5 is one.

uint8 t \* target key

[in] Pointer to 32-byte TargetKey that will be copied to TempKey.

uint8\_t \* client\_resp

[out] Pointer to 32-byte ClientResp to be used in CheckMac command.

struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.2.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_check\_mac().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.3 sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out Struct Reference

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_decrypt().

```
#include <sha204 helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \* crypto\_data

[in,out] Pointer to 32-byte data. Input encrypted data from Read command (Contents field), output decrypted.

struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_decrypt().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.4 sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out Struct Reference

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key().

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

### **Data Fields**

```
· uint8 t random
```

[in] Random parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param1).

· uint16\_t target\_key\_id

[in] KeyID to be derived, TargetKey parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param2).

uint8 t \* parent key

[in] Pointer to 32-byte ParentKey. Set equal to target\_key if Roll Key operation is intended.

uint8\_t \* target\_key

[out] Pointer to 32-byte TargetKey.

struct sha204h temp key \* temp key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· sha204 helper.h

# 6.5 sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out Struct Reference

Input/output parameters for function sha204h derive key mac().

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t random

[in] Random parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param1).

· uint16\_t target\_key\_id

[in] KeyID to be derived, TargetKey parameter used in DeriveKey command (Param2).

uint8\_t \* parent\_key

[in] Pointer to 32-byte ParentKey. ParentKey here is always SlotConfig[TargetKey]. WriteKey, regardless whether the operation is Roll or Create.

• uint8 t \* mac

[out] Pointer to 32-byte Mac.

### 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.6 sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out Struct Reference

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_encrypt().

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8 t zone

[in] Zone parameter used in Write (Param1).

• uint16\_t address

[in] Address parameter used in Write command (Param2).

uint8\_t \* crypto\_data

[in,out] Pointer to 32-byte data. Input cleartext data, output encrypted data to Write command (Value field).

• uint8 t \* mac

[out] Pointer to 32-byte Mac. Can be set to NULL if input MAC is not required by the Write command (write to OTP, unlocked user zone).

• struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_encrypt().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.7 sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input/output parameters for function sha204h gen dig().
```

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t zone

[in] Zone parameter used in GenDig command (Param1).

uint16\_t key\_id

[in] KeyID parameter used in GenDig command (Param2).

uint8 t \* stored value

[in] Pointer to 32-byte stored value, can be a data slot, OTP page, configuration zone, or hardware transport key.

struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.7.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_gen\_dig().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.8 sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input/output parameters for function sha204h_hmac().
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

```
• uint8 t mode
```

[in] Mode parameter used in HMAC command (Param1).

• uint16\_t key\_id

[in] KeyID parameter used in HMAC command (Param2).

uint8\_t \* key

[in] Pointer to 32-byte key used to generate HMAC digest.

• uint8 t \* otp

[in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP, optionally included in HMAC digest, depending on mode.

• uint8 t \* sn

[in] Pointer to 9-byte SN, optionally included in HMAC digest, depending on mode.

• uint8\_t \* response

[out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA-256 HMAC digest.

struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.8.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_hmac().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.9 sha204h\_include\_data\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input / output parameters for function sha204h_include_data().
```

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

```
    uint8_t * p_temp
        [out] pointer to output buffer
    uint8_t * otp
        [in] pointer to one-time-programming data
    uint8_t * sn
        [out] pointer to serial number data
```

# 6.9.1 Detailed Description

Input / output parameters for function sha204h\_include\_data().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.10 sha204h\_mac\_in\_out Struct Reference

```
Input/output parameters for function sha204h_mac().
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

### **Data Fields**

```
• uint8 t mode
      [in] Mode parameter used in MAC command (Param1).
uint16_t key_id
      [in] KeyID parameter used in MAC command (Param2).
uint8_t * challenge
      [in] Pointer to 32-byte Challenge data used in MAC command, depending on mode.

    uint8 t * key

      [in] Pointer to 32-byte key used to generate MAC digest.

    uint8 t * otp

      [in] Pointer to 11-byte OTP, optionally included in MAC digest, depending on mode.
• uint8 t * sn
      [in] Pointer to 9-byte SN, optionally included in MAC digest, depending on mode.
• uint8 t * response
      [out] Pointer to 32-byte SHA-256 digest (MAC).

    struct sha204h temp key * temp key

      [in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.
```

# 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_mac().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.11 sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out Struct Reference

Input/output parameters for function sha204h nonce().

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

· uint8 t mode

[in] Mode parameter used in Nonce command (Param1).

• uint8\_t \* num\_in

[in] Pointer to 20-byte NumIn data used in Nonce command.

uint8\_t \* rand\_out

[in] Pointer to 32-byte RandOut data from Nonce command.

struct sha204h\_temp\_key \* temp\_key

[in,out] Pointer to TempKey structure.

# 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_nonce().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# 6.12 sha204h\_temp\_key Struct Reference

Structure to hold TempKey fields.

```
#include <sha204_helper.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t value [SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE]

The value of TempKey. Nonce (from nonce command) or Digest (from GenDig command)

· unsigned int key\_id: 4

If TempKey was generated by GenDig (see the GenData and CheckFlag bits), these bits indicate which key was used in its computation.

• unsigned int source\_flag: 1

The source of the randomness in TempKey: 0=Rand, 1=Input.

• unsigned int gen\_data: 1

Indicates if TempKey has been generated by GenDig using Data zone.

• unsigned int check\_flag: 1

Not used in the library.

unsigned int valid: 1

Indicates if the information in TempKey is valid.

# 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Structure to hold TempKey fields.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• sha204\_helper.h

# **Chapter 7**

# **File Documentation**

# 7.1 sha204\_comm.c File Reference

Communication Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

# **Functions**

• void sha204c\_calculate\_crc (uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \*data, uint8\_t \*crc)

This function calculates CRC.

uint8\_t sha204c\_check\_crc (uint8\_t \*response)

This function checks the consistency of a response.

• uint8\_t sha204c\_wakeup (uint8\_t \*response)

This function wakes up a SHA204 device and receives a response.

• uint8\_t sha204c\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

Be aware that succeeding only after waking up the device could mean that it had gone to sleep and lost its TempKey in the process.

Re-synchronizing communication is done in a maximum of three steps:

uint8\_t sha204c\_send\_and\_receive (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t execution\_delay, uint8\_t execution\_timeout)

This function runs a communication sequence.

# 7.1.1 Detailed Description

Communication Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 15, 2013

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#### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.2 sha204\_comm.h File Reference

Definitions and Prototypes for Communication Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

### **Macros**

- #define SHA204\_COMMAND\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (69.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   maximum command delay
- #define SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN ((uint8\_t) 7)

minimum number of bytes in command (from count byte to second CRC byte)

- #define SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MAX ((uint8\_t) 84)
  - maximum size of command packet (CheckMac)
- #define SHA204\_CRC\_SIZE ((uint8\_t) 2)

number of CRC bytes

#define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_STATUS (1)

buffer index of status byte in status response

• #define SHA204\_BUFFER\_POS\_DATA (1)

buffer index of first data byte in data response

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_WAKEUP ((uint8\_t) 0x11)

status byte after wake-up

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_PARSE ((uint8\_t) 0x03)

command parse error

• #define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_EXEC ((uint8\_t) 0x0F)

command execution error

#define SHA204\_STATUS\_BYTE\_COMM ((uint8\_t) 0xFF)

communication error

### **Functions**

void sha204c\_calculate\_crc (uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \*data, uint8\_t \*crc)

This function calculates CRC.

uint8\_t sha204c\_wakeup (uint8\_t \*response)

This function wakes up a SHA204 device and receives a response.

uint8\_t sha204c\_send\_and\_receive (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t execution\_delay, uint8\_t execution\_timeout)

This function runs a communication sequence.

# 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Definitions and Prototypes for Communication Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

Author

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 15, 2013

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# **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.3 sha204\_comm\_marshaling.c File Reference

Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

### **Functions**

uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_parameters (uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \*data2, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t \*tx\_size, uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function checks the parameters for sha204m\_execute().

• uint8\_t sha204m\_execute (uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \*data2, uint8\_t \*datalen3, uint8\_t \*data3, uint8\_t tx\_size, uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function creates a command packet, sends it, and receives its response.

uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_mac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*client-challenge, uint8\_t \*client\_response, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a CheckMAC command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_derive\_key (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t random, uint8\_t target\_key, uint8\_t \*mac)

This function sends a DeriveKey command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_dev\_rev (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function sends a DevRev command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_gen\_dig (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a GenDig command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_hmac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16 t key id)

This function sends an HMAC command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m lock (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t zone, uint16 t summary)

This function sends a Lock command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m mac (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t mode, uint16 t key id, uint8 t \*challenge)

This function sends a MAC command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m nonce (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t mode, uint8 t \*numin)

This function sends a Nonce command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_pause (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t selector)

This function sends a Pause command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m random (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t mode)

This function sends a Random command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_read (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address)

This function sends a Read command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m update extra (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t mode, uint8 t new value)

This function sends an UpdateExtra command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_write (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address, uint8\_t \*new\_value, uint8\_t \*mac)

This function sends a Write command to the device.

# 7.3.1 Detailed Description

Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 9, 2013

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### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.4 sha204\_comm\_marshaling.h File Reference

Definitions and Prototypes for Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

### **Macros**

### **Codes for ATSHA204 Commands**

• #define SHA204 CHECKMAC ((uint8 t) 0x28)

CheckMac command op-code.

• #define SHA204\_DERIVE\_KEY ((uint8\_t) 0x1C)

DeriveKey command op-code.

#define SHA204 DEVREV ((uint8 t) 0x30)

DevRev command op-code.

#define SHA204\_GENDIG ((uint8\_t) 0x15)

GenDig command op-code.

• #define SHA204 HMAC ((uint8 t) 0x11)

HMAC command op-code.

#define SHA204\_LOCK ((uint8\_t) 0x17)

Lock command op-code.

#define SHA204\_MAC ((uint8\_t) 0x08)

MAC command op-code.

#define SHA204 NONCE ((uint8 t) 0x16)

Nonce command op-code.

• #define SHA204\_PAUSE ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

Pause command op-code.

• #define SHA204 RANDOM ((uint8 t) 0x1B)

Random command op-code.

• #define SHA204\_READ ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

Read command op-code.

#define SHA204\_UPDATE\_EXTRA ((uint8\_t) 0x20)

UpdateExtra command op-code.

#define SHA204 WRITE ((uint8 t) 0x12)

Write command op-code.

# **Definitions of Data and Packet Sizes**

#define SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_VAL ((uint8\_t) 7)

size of response packet containing four bytes of data

• #define SHA204\_KEY\_SIZE (32)

size of key

#define SHA204\_KEY\_COUNT (16)

```
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           number of keys

    #define SHA204 CONFIG SIZE (88)

           size of configuration zone

    #define SHA204_OTP_SIZE (64)

            size of OTP zone

    #define SHA204 DATA SIZE (SHA204 KEY COUNT * SHA204 KEY SIZE)

           size of data zone
   Definitions for Command Parameter Ranges

    #define SHA204_KEY_ID_MAX (SHA204_KEY_COUNT - 1)

            maximum value for key id

    #define SHA204_OTP_BLOCK_MAX (1)

            maximum value for OTP block
   Definitions for Indexes Common to All Commands

    #define SHA204 COUNT IDX (0)

            command packet index for count
      • #define SHA204 OPCODE IDX (1)
            command packet index for op-code

    #define SHA204 PARAM1 IDX (2)

            command packet index for first parameter
      #define SHA204_PARAM2_IDX (3)
           command packet index for second parameter

    #define SHA204_DATA_IDX (5)

           command packet index for data load
```

### **Definitions for Zone and Address Parameters**

```
    #define SHA204 ZONE CONFIG ((uint8 t) 0x00)

     Configuration zone.

    #define SHA204 ZONE OTP ((uint8 t) 0x01)

     OTP (One Time Programming) zone.
#define SHA204_ZONE_DATA ((uint8_t) 0x02)
• #define SHA204_ZONE_MASK ((uint8_t) 0x03)
     Zone mask.

    #define SHA204 ZONE COUNT FLAG ((uint8 t) 0x80)

     Zone bit 7 set: Access 32 bytes, otherwise 4 bytes.

    #define SHA204_ZONE_ACCESS_4 ((uint8_t) 4)

     Read or write 4 bytes.

    #define SHA204 ZONE ACCESS 32 ((uint8 t) 32)

     Read or write 32 bytes.

    #define SHA204_ADDRESS_MASK_CONFIG (0x001F)

     Address bits 5 to 7 are 0 for Configuration zone.

    #define SHA204_ADDRESS_MASK_OTP ( 0x000F)

     Address bits 4 to 7 are 0 for OTP zone.

    #define SHA204 ADDRESS MASK (0x007F)

     Address bit 7 to 15 are always 0.
```

### Definitions for the CheckMac Command

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

CheckMAC command index for mode.

#define CHECKMAC KEYID IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

CheckMAC command index for key identifier.

#define CHECKMAC CLIENT CHALLENGE IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

CheckMAC command index for client challenge.

#define CHECKMAC CLIENT RESPONSE IDX (37)

CheckMAC command index for client response.

• #define CHECKMAC\_DATA\_IDX (69)

CheckMAC command index for other data.

#define CHECKMAC COUNT (84)

CheckMAC command packet size.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_CHALLENGE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

CheckMAC mode 0: first SHA block from key id.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_BLOCK2\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

CheckMAC mode bit 0: second SHA block from TempKey.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_BLOCK1\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

CheckMAC mode bit 1: first SHA block from TempKey.

#define CHECKMAC MODE SOURCE FLAG MATCH ((uint8 t) 0x04)

CheckMAC mode bit 2: match TempKey.SourceFlag.

#define CHECKMAC MODE INCLUDE OTP 64 ((uint8 t) 0x20)

CheckMAC mode bit 5: include first 64 OTP bits.

#define CHECKMAC\_MODE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 0x27)

CheckMAC mode bits 3, 4, 6, and 7 are 0.

• #define CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE (32)

CheckMAC size of client challenge.

#define CHECKMAC CLIENT RESPONSE SIZE (32)

CheckMAC size of client response.

• #define CHECKMAC OTHER DATA SIZE (13)

CheckMAC size of "other data".

• #define CHECKMAC\_CLIENT\_COMMAND\_SIZE (4)

CheckMAC size of client command header size inside "other data".

#### **Definitions for the DeriveKey Command**

• #define DERIVE KEY RANDOM IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

DeriveKey command index for random bit.

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_TARGETKEY\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

DeriveKey command index for target slot.

#define DERIVE KEY MAC IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

DeriveKey command index for optional MAC.

#define DERIVE KEY COUNT SMALL SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

DeriveKey command packet size without MAC.

• #define DERIVE\_KEY\_COUNT\_LARGE (39)

DeriveKey command packet size with MAC.

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_RANDOM\_FLAG ((uint8\_t) 4)

DeriveKey 1. parameter; has to match TempKey.SourceFlag.

#define DERIVE KEY MAC SIZE (32)

DeriveKey MAC size.

# **Definitions for the DevRev Command**

- #define DEVREV\_PARAM1\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX
  - DevRev command index for 1. parameter (ignored)
- #define DEVREV PARAM2 IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX
  - DevRev command index for 2. parameter (ignored)
- #define DEVREV COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

DevRev command packet size.

#### **Definitions for the GenDig Command**

- #define GENDIG\_ZONE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX
  - GenDig command index for zone.
- #define GENDIG\_KEYID\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX
  - GenDig command index for key id.
- #define GENDIG\_DATA\_IDX SHA204\_DATA\_IDX
  - GenDig command index for optional data.
- #define GENDIG COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN
  - GenDig command packet size without "other data".
- #define GENDIG\_COUNT\_DATA (11)
  - GenDig command packet size with "other data".
- #define GENDIG OTHER DATA SIZE (4)
  - GenDig size of "other data".
- #define GENDIG\_ZONE\_CONFIG ((uint8\_t) 0)
  - GenDig zone id config.
- #define GENDIG\_ZONE\_OTP ((uint8\_t) 1)
  - GenDig zone id OTP.
- #define GENDIG ZONE DATA ((uint8 t) 2)
  - GenDig zone id data.

# **Definitions for the HMAC Command**

- #define HMAC\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX
  - HMAC command index for mode.
- #define HMAC\_KEYID\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX
  - HMAC command index for key id.
- #define HMAC\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN
  - HMAC command packet size.
- #define HMAC MODE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x74)
  - HMAC mode bits 0, 1, 3, and 7 are 0.

### **Definitions for the Lock Command**

- #define LOCK ZONE IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX
  - Lock command index for zone.
- #define LOCK\_SUMMARY\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX
  - Lock command index for summary.
- #define LOCK\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN
  - Lock command packet size.
- #define LOCK\_ZONE\_NO\_CONFIG ((uint8\_t) 0x01)
  - Lock zone is OTP or Data.
- #define LOCK\_ZONE\_NO\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0x80)
  - Lock command: Ignore summary.
- #define LOCK ZONE MASK (0x81)

Lock parameter 1 bits 2 to 6 are 0.

#### **Definitions for the MAC Command**

#define MAC MODE IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

MAC command index for mode.

#define MAC KEYID IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

MAC command index for key id.

#define MAC CHALLENGE IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

MAC command index for optional challenge.

#define MAC COUNT SHORT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

MAC command packet size without challenge.

#define MAC\_COUNT\_LONG (39)

MAC command packet size with challenge.

#define MAC\_MODE\_CHALLENGE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

MAC mode 0: first SHA block from data slot.

#define MAC MODE BLOCK2 TEMPKEY ((uint8 t) 0x01)

MAC mode bit 0: second SHA block from TempKey.

#define MAC\_MODE\_BLOCK1\_TEMPKEY ((uint8\_t) 0x02)

MAC mode bit 1: first SHA block from TempKey.

#define MAC MODE SOURCE FLAG MATCH ((uint8 t) 0x04)

MAC mode bit 2: match TempKey.SourceFlag.

#define MAC MODE PASSTHROUGH ((uint8 t) 0x07)

MAC mode bit 0-2: pass-through mode.

• #define MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_OTP\_88 ((uint8\_t) 0x10)

MAC mode bit 4: include first 88 OTP bits.

• #define MAC MODE INCLUDE OTP 64 ((uint8 t) 0x20)

MAC mode bit 5: include first 64 OTP bits.

#define MAC\_MODE\_INCLUDE\_SN ((uint8\_t) 0x40)

MAC mode bit 6: include serial number.

#define MAC\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE (32)

MAC size of challenge.

#define MAC MODE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x77)

MAC mode bits 3 and 7 are 0.

### **Definitions for the Nonce Command**

#define NONCE\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Nonce command index for mode.

#define NONCE\_PARAM2\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

Nonce command index for 2. parameter.

#define NONCE INPUT IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

Nonce command index for input data.

• #define NONCE COUNT SHORT (27)

Nonce command packet size for 20 bytes of data.

• #define NONCE COUNT LONG (39)

Nonce command packet size for 32 bytes of data.

#define NONCE\_MODE\_MASK ((uint8\_t) 3)

Nonce mode bits 2 to 7 are 0.

#define NONCE\_MODE\_SEED\_UPDATE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

Nonce mode: update seed.

#define NONCE MODE NO SEED UPDATE ((uint8 t) 0x01)

Nonce mode: do not update seed.

#define NONCE MODE INVALID ((uint8 t) 0x02)

Nonce mode 2 is invalid.

#define NONCE\_MODE\_PASSTHROUGH ((uint8\_t) 0x03)

Nonce mode: pass-through.

#define NONCE NUMIN SIZE (20)

Nonce data length.

#define NONCE NUMIN SIZE PASSTHROUGH (32)

Nonce data length in pass-through mode (mode = 3)

### **Definitions for the Pause Command**

#define PAUSE SELECT IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

Pause command index for Selector.

#define PAUSE PARAM2 IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Pause command index for 2. parameter.

• #define PAUSE COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

Pause command packet size.

### **Definitions for the Random Command**

#define RANDOM\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Random command index for mode.

#define RANDOM PARAM2 IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Random command index for 2. parameter.

#define RANDOM\_COUNT SHA204\_CMD\_SIZE\_MIN

Random command packet size.

#define RANDOM\_SEED\_UPDATE ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

Random mode for automatic seed update.

#define RANDOM\_NO\_SEED\_UPDATE ((uint8\_t) 0x01)

Random mode for no seed update.

# **Definitions for the Read Command**

#define READ\_ZONE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

Read command index for zone.

#define READ ADDR IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Read command index for address.

• #define READ COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

Read command packet size.

• #define READ ZONE MASK ((uint8 t) 0x83)

Read zone bits 2 to 6 are 0.

• #define READ\_ZONE\_MODE\_32\_BYTES ((uint8\_t) 0x80)

Read mode: 32 bytes.

# **Definitions for the UpdateExtra Command**

#define UPDATE\_MODE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM1\_IDX

UpdateExtra command index for mode.

#define UPDATE\_VALUE\_IDX SHA204\_PARAM2\_IDX

UpdateExtra command index for new value.

#define UPDATE COUNT SHA204 CMD SIZE MIN

UpdateExtra command packet size.

• #define UPDATE CONFIG BYTE 86 ((uint8 t) 0x01)

UpdateExtra mode: update Config byte 86.

#### **Definitions for the Write Command**

• #define WRITE ZONE IDX SHA204 PARAM1 IDX

Write command index for zone.

#define WRITE ADDR IDX SHA204 PARAM2 IDX

Write command index for address.

#define WRITE VALUE IDX SHA204 DATA IDX

Write command index for data.

• #define WRITE\_MAC\_VS\_IDX (9)

Write command index for MAC following short data.

#define WRITE\_MAC\_VL\_IDX (37)

Write command index for MAC following long data.

#define WRITE COUNT SHORT (11)

Write command packet size with short data and no MAC.

• #define WRITE COUNT LONG (39)

Write command packet size with long data and no MAC.

#define WRITE COUNT SHORT MAC (43)

Write command packet size with short data and MAC.

#define WRITE COUNT LONG MAC (71)

Write command packet size with long data and MAC.

#define WRITE\_MAC\_SIZE (32)

Write MAC size.

• #define WRITE ZONE MASK ((uint8 t) 0xC3)

Write zone bits 2 to 5 are 0.

• #define WRITE\_ZONE\_WITH\_MAC ((uint8\_t) 0x40)

Write zone bit 6: write encrypted with MAC.

### **Response Size Definitions**

#define CHECKMAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of DeriveKey command

#define DERIVE\_KEY\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of DeriveKey command

#define DEVREV\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_VAL

response size of DevRev command returns 4 bytes

#define GENDIG\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of GenDig command

#define HMAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of HMAC command

• #define LOCK RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN

response size of Lock command

• #define MAC\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of MAC command

#define NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_SHORT SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Nonce command with mode[0:1] = 3

#define NONCE\_RSP\_SIZE\_LONG SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX

response size of Nonce command

#define PAUSE\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Pause command

• #define RANDOM RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MAX

response size of Random command

#define READ\_4\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_VAL

response size of Read command when reading 4 bytes

#define READ 32 RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MAX

response size of Read command when reading 32 bytes

#define UPDATE RSP SIZE SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN

response size of UpdateExtra command

#define WRITE\_RSP\_SIZE SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MIN

response size of Write command

# **Definitions of Typical Command Execution Times**

The library starts polling the device for a response after these delays.

- #define CHECKMAC\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (12.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
   CheckMac command typical execution time.
- #define DERIVE\_KEY\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (14.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

DeriveKey command typical execution time.

#define DEVREV\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 1))

DevRev command typical execution time.

- #define GENDIG\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (11.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
   GenDig command typical execution time.
- #define HMAC\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (27.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
   HMAC command typical execution time.
- #define LOCK\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 5.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

  Lock command typical execution time.
- #define MAC\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (12.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
- MAC command typical execution time.

   #define NONCE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (22.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

Nonce command typical execution time.

#define PAUSE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 1))
 Pause command typical execution time.

#define RANDOM\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) (11.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

Random command typical execution time.

• #define READ\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 1))

Read command typical execution time.

- #define UPDATE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 8.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))
   UpdateExtra command typical execution time.
- #define WRITE\_DELAY ((uint8\_t) ( 4.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE + 0.5))

  Write command typical execution time.

#### **Definitions of Maximum Command Execution Times**

- #define CHECKMAC\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (38.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   CheckMAC maximum execution time.
- #define DERIVE\_KEY\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (62.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   DeriveKey maximum execution time.
- #define DEVREV\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 2.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   DevRev maximum execution time.
- #define GENDIG\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (43.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
   GenDig maximum execution time.

```
• #define HMAC_EXEC_MAX ((uint8_t) (69.0 * CPU_CLOCK_DEVIATION_POSITIVE + 0.5))

HMAC maximum execution time.
```

• #define LOCK\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (24.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

Lock maximum execution time.

#define MAC\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (35.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
 MAC maximum execution time.

• #define NONCE EXEC MAX ((uint8 t) (60.0 \* CPU CLOCK DEVIATION POSITIVE + 0.5))

Nonce maximum execution time.

#define PAUSE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 2.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

Pause maximum execution time.

• #define RANDOM\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (50.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

Random maximum execution time.

#define READ\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) ( 4.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))
 Read maximum execution time.

• #define UPDATE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (12.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

UpdateExtra maximum execution time.

• #define WRITE\_EXEC\_MAX ((uint8\_t) (42.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5))

Write maximum execution time.

### **Functions**

uint8\_t sha204m\_check\_mac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*client-challenge, uint8\_t \*client\_response, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a CheckMAC command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_derive\_key (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t random, uint8\_t target\_key, uint8\_t \*mac)

This function sends a DeriveKey command to the device.

• uint8 t sha204m dev rev (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer)

This function sends a DevRev command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_gen\_dig (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint8\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*other\_data)

This function sends a GenDig command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_hmac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16\_t key\_id)

This function sends an HMAC command to the device.

uint8 t sha204m lock (uint8 t \*tx buffer, uint8 t \*rx buffer, uint8 t zone, uint16 t summary)

This function sends a Lock command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_mac (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint16\_t key\_id, uint8\_t \*challenge)

This function sends a MAC command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_nonce (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t \*numin)

This function sends a Nonce command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_pause (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t selector)

This function sends a Pause command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_random (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode)

This function sends a Random command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_read (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address)

This function sends a Read command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_update\_extra (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t new\_value)

This function sends an UpdateExtra command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204m\_write (uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer, uint8\_t zone, uint16\_t address, uint8\_t \*value, uint8-t \*mac)

This function sends a Write command to the device.

• uint8\_t sha204m\_execute (uint8\_t op\_code, uint8\_t param1, uint16\_t param2, uint8\_t datalen1, uint8\_t \*data1, uint8\_t datalen2, uint8\_t \*data2, uint8\_t \*datalen3, uint8\_t \*data3, uint8\_t tx\_size, uint8\_t \*tx\_buffer, uint8\_t rx\_size, uint8\_t \*rx\_buffer)

This function creates a command packet, sends it, and receives its response.

### 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Definitions and Prototypes for Command Marshaling Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 9, 2013

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### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

Byte #	Name	Meaning
0	Count	Number of bytes in the packet,
		includes the count byte, body and
		the checksum
1	Op-Code	Indicates type of command
2	Parameter 1	mode, zone, etc.
3 and 4	Parameter 2	key id, address, etc.
5 to n	data (not for every command)	challenge, pass-through, etc.
n+1 to n+2	Checksum	Checksum of the command packet

Table 7.1: Command Packet Structure

Byte #	Name	Meaning
0	Count	Number of bytes in the packet,
		includes the count byte, body and
		the checksum
1	Status / Data	Status or first data byte
2 to n	More data bytes	random, challenge response, read
		data, etc.
n+1 to n+2	Checksum	Checksum of the command packet

Table 7.2: Response Packet Structure

# 7.5 sha204\_config.h File Reference

Definitions for Configurable Values of the ATSHA204 Library.

### **Macros**

# **Configuration Definitions Common to All Interfaces**

- #define CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE (1.01)
  - maximum CPU clock deviation to higher frequency (crystal etc.) This value is used to establish time related worst case numbers, for example to calculate execution delays and timeouts.
- #define CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_NEGATIVE (0.99)
  - maximum CPU clock deviation to lower frequency (crystal etc.) This value is used to establish time related worst case numbers, for example to calculate execution delays and timeouts.
- #define SHA204\_RETRY\_COUNT (1)
  - number of command / response retries

### **Available Definitions for Interfaces**

Either un-comment one of the definitions or place it in your project settings. The definitions to choose from are:

- SHA204\_SWI\_BITBANG (SWI using GPIO peripheral)
- SHA204\_SWI\_UART (SWI using UART peripheral)
- SHA204\_I2C (I<sup>2</sup> C using I<sup>2</sup> C peripheral)
- #define DOXYGEN\_DUMMY 0

Dummy macro that allow Doxygen to parse this group.

### Configuration Definitions for SWI (UART) Interface

#define SWI RECEIVE TIME OUT ((uint16 t) 153)

receive timeout in us instead of loop counts

#define SWI\_US\_PER\_BYTE ((uint16\_t) 313)

It takes 312.5 us to send a byte (9 single-wire bits / 230400 Baud \* 8 flag bits).

• #define SHA204\_RESPONSE\_TIMEOUT ((uint16\_t) SWI\_RECEIVE\_TIME\_OUT + SWI\_US\_PER\_BYTE)

SWI response timeout is the sum of receive timeout and the time it takes to send the TX flag.

# Configuration Definitions for SWI Interface, Common to GPIO and UART

#define SHA204\_SYNC\_TIMEOUT ((uint8\_t) 85)
 delay before sending a transmit flag in the synchronization routine

# 7.5.1 Detailed Description

Definitions for Configurable Values of the ATSHA204 Library.

```
This file contains several library configuration sections for the three interfaces the library supports (SWI using GPIO or UART, and I2C) and one that is common to all interfaces.
```

#### **Author**

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Date

January 9, 2013

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# 7.6 sha204\_helper.c File Reference

ATSHA204 Helper Functions.

### **Functions**

char \* sha204h\_get\_library\_version (void)

This function returns the library version. The version consists of three bytes. For a released version, the last byte is 0.

uint8 t \* sha204h include data (struct sha204h include data in out \*param)

This function copies otp and sn data into a command buffer.

uint8 t sha204h nonce (struct sha204h nonce in out \*param)

This function calculates a 32-byte nonce based on a 20-byte input value (param->num\_in) and 32-byte random number (param->rand\_out).

uint8\_t sha204h\_mac (struct sha204h\_mac\_in\_out \*param)

This function generates an SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a key, challenge, and other information.

• uint8 t sha204h check mac (struct sha204h check mac in out \*param)

This function calculates a SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a password and other information, to be verified using the CheckMac device command.

uint8\_t sha204h\_hmac (struct sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out \*param)

This function generates an HMAC / SHA-256 hash of a key and other information.

uint8\_t sha204h\_gen\_dig (struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out \*param)

This function combines the current TempKey with a stored value.

uint8\_t sha204h\_derive\_key (struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out \*param)

This function combines a key with the TempKey.

uint8\_t sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac (struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out \*param)

This function calculates the input MAC for a DeriveKey command.

uint8\_t sha204h\_encrypt (struct sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out \*param)

This function encrypts 32-byte plain text data to be written using Write opcode, and optionally calculates input MAC.

uint8\_t sha204h\_decrypt (struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out \*param)

This function decrypts 32-byte encrypted data received with the Read command.

void sha204h\_calculate\_crc\_chain (uint8\_t length, uint8\_t \*data, uint8\_t \*crc)

This function calculates the packet CRC.

void sha204h\_calculate\_sha256 (int32\_t len, uint8\_t \*message, uint8\_t \*digest)

This function creates a SHA256 digest on a little-endian system.

# 7.6.1 Detailed Description

ATSHA204 Helper Functions.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 15, 2013

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### End of ATSHA204 Library License

# 7.7 sha204\_helper.h File Reference

Definitions and Prototypes for ATSHA204 Helper Functions.

### **Data Structures**

```
    struct sha204h temp key
```

Structure to hold TempKey fields.

struct sha204h include data in out

Input / output parameters for function sha204h\_include\_data().

• struct sha204h\_calculate\_sha256\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_nonce().

struct sha204h nonce in out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_nonce().

struct sha204h\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_mac().

struct sha204h hmac in out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_hmac().

struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_gen\_dig().

struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key().

struct sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_derive\_key\_mac().

· struct sha204h\_encrypt\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_encrypt().

struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_decrypt().

• struct sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out

Input/output parameters for function sha204h\_check\_mac().

### **Macros**

### Definitions for SHA204 Message Sizes to Calculate a SHA256 Hash

"||" is the concatenation operator. The number in braces is the length of the hash input value in bytes.

```
    #define SHA204_MSG_SIZE_NONCE (55)
```

RandOut{32} || NumIn{20} || OpCode{1} || Mode{1} || LSB of Param2{1}.

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_MAC (88)

(Key or TempKey){32} || (Challenge or TempKey){32} || OpCode{1} || Mode{1} || Param2{2} || (OTP0\_7 or 0){8} || (OTP8\_10 or 0){3} || SN8{1} || (SN4\_7 or 0){4} || SN0\_1{2} || (SN2\_3 or 0){2}

• #define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_HMAC\_INNER (152)

 $HMAC = sha(HMAC \ outer \ | \ HMAC \ inner) \ HMAC \ inner = sha((zero-padded \ key \land ipad) \ | \ message) = sha256( \ (Key{32} \ | \ 0x36{32})) \ | \ 0{32} \ | \ Key{32} \ | \ OpCode{1} \ | \ Mode{1} \ | \ KeyId{2} \ | \ OTP0\_7{8} \ | \ OTP8\_10{3} \ | \ SN8{1} \ | \ SN4\_7{4} \ | \ SN0\_1{2} \ | \ SN2\_3{2} \ ){32}.$ 

#define SHA204 MSG SIZE HMAC (96)

HMAC = sha(HMAC outer || HMAC inner) = sha256((Key{32} || 0x5C{32}) || HMAC inner{32})

• #define SHA204 MSG SIZE GEN DIG (96)

Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2} || SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_DERIVE\_KEY (96)

KeyId{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2} || SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.

#define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_DERIVE\_KEY\_MAC (39)

 $\textit{KeyId} \{32\} \mid\mid \textit{OpCode} \{1\} \mid\mid \textit{Param1} \{1\} \mid\mid \textit{Param2} \{2\} \mid\mid \textit{SN8} \{1\} \mid\mid \textit{SN0}\_1 \{2\}.$ 

- #define SHA204\_MSG\_SIZE\_ENCRYPT\_MAC (96)
  - Keyld{32} || OpCode{1} || Param1{1} || Param2{2}|| SN8{1} || SN0\_1{2} || 0{25} || TempKey{32}.
- #define SHA204 COMMAND HEADER SIZE (4)
- #define SHA204\_GENDIG\_ZEROS\_SIZE (25)
- #define SHA204 DERIVE KEY ZEROS SIZE (25)
- #define SHA204 OTP SIZE 8 (8)
- #define SHA204 OTP SIZE 3 (3)
- #define SHA204 SN SIZE 4 (4)
- #define SHA204\_SN\_SIZE\_2 (2)
- #define SHA204\_OTHER\_DATA\_SIZE\_2 (2)
- #define SHA204 OTHER DATA SIZE 3 (3)
- #define SHA204 OTHER DATA SIZE 4 (4)
- #define HMAC BLOCK SIZE (64)
- #define SHA204\_PACKET\_OVERHEAD (3)

# Fixed Byte Values of Serial Number (SN[0:1] and SN[8])

- #define SHA204 SN 0 (0x01)
- #define SHA204 SN 1 (0x23)
- #define SHA204\_SN\_8 (0xEE)

### **Definition for TempKey Mode**

#define MAC MODE USE TEMPKEY MASK ((uint8 t) 0x03)

mode mask for MAC command when using TempKey

#### **Functions**

char \* sha204h\_get\_library\_version (void)

This function returns the library version. The version consists of three bytes. For a released version, the last byte is 0.

uint8\_t sha204h\_nonce (struct sha204h\_nonce\_in\_out \*param)

This function calculates a 32-byte nonce based on a 20-byte input value (param->num\_in) and 32-byte random number (param->rand\_out).

• uint8 t sha204h mac (struct sha204h mac in out \*param)

This function generates an SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a key, challenge, and other information.

uint8\_t sha204h\_check\_mac (struct sha204h\_check\_mac\_in\_out \*param)

This function calculates a SHA-256 digest (MAC) of a password and other information, to be verified using the CheckMac device command.

uint8\_t sha204h\_hmac (struct sha204h\_hmac\_in\_out \*param)

This function generates an HMAC / SHA-256 hash of a key and other information.

uint8\_t sha204h\_gen\_dig (struct sha204h\_gen\_dig\_in\_out \*param)

This function combines the current TempKey with a stored value.

uint8 t sha204h derive key (struct sha204h derive key in out \*param)

This function combines a key with the TempKey.

uint8 t sha204h derive key mac (struct sha204h derive key mac in out \*param)

This function calculates the input MAC for a DeriveKey command.

uint8 t sha204h encrypt (struct sha204h encrypt in out \*param)

This function encrypts 32-byte plain text data to be written using Write opcode, and optionally calculates input MAC.

uint8\_t sha204h\_decrypt (struct sha204h\_decrypt\_in\_out \*param)

This function decrypts 32-byte encrypted data received with the Read command.

void sha204h calculate crc chain (uint8 t length, uint8 t \*data, uint8 t \*crc)

This function calculates the packet CRC.

• void sha204h\_calculate\_sha256 (int32\_t len, uint8\_t \*message, uint8\_t \*digest)

This function creates a SHA256 digest on a little-endian system.

uint8 t \* sha204h include data (struct sha204h include data in out \*param)

This function copies otp and sn data into a command buffer.

### 7.7.1 Detailed Description

Definitions and Prototypes for ATSHA204 Helper Functions.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 11, 2013

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### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.8 sha204\_i2c.c File Reference

Functions for I<sup>2</sup> C Physical Hardware Independent Laver of ATSHA204 Library.

### **Macros**

• #define SHA204\_I2C\_DEFAULT\_ADDRESS ((uint8\_t) 0xC8)

I<sup>2</sup> C address used at ATSHA204 library startup.

### **Enumerations**

 enum i2c\_word\_address { SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_RESET, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_-SLEEP, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_IDLE, SHA204\_I2C\_PACKET\_FUNCTION\_NORMAL }

This enumeration lists all packet types sent to a SHA204 device.

• enum i2c\_read\_write\_flag { I2C\_WRITE = (uint8\_t) 0x00, I2C\_READ = (uint8\_t) 0x01 }

This enumeration lists flags for  $I^2$  C read or write addressing.

# **Functions**

• void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function sets the  $I^2$  C address. Communication functions will use this address.

void sha204p init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

• uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command (uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_idle (void)

This function puts the device into idle state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep (void)

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function resets the I/O buffer of the device.

• uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function resynchronizes communication.

# 7.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions for I<sup>2</sup> C Physical Hardware Independent Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

# Author

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 11, 2013

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### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.9 sha204\_lib\_return\_codes.h File Reference

Definitions for ATSHA204 Library Return Codes.

### **Macros**

#define SHA204\_SUCCESS ((uint8\_t) 0x00)

Function succeeded.

#define SHA204\_CHECKMAC\_FAILED ((uint8\_t) 0xD1)

response status byte indicates CheckMac failure

#define SHA204\_PARSE\_ERROR ((uint8\_t) 0xD2)

response status byte indicates parsing error

#define SHA204\_CMD\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xD3)

response status byte indicates command execution error

• #define SHA204\_STATUS\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0xD4)

response status byte indicates CRC error

#define SHA204 STATUS UNKNOWN ((uint8 t) 0xD5)

response status byte is unknown

#define SHA204\_FUNC\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xE0)

Function could not execute due to incorrect condition / state.

#define SHA204\_GEN\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xE1)

unspecified error

#define SHA204\_BAD\_PARAM ((uint8\_t) 0xE2)

bad argument (out of range, null pointer, etc.)

#define SHA204\_INVALID\_ID ((uint8\_t) 0xE3)

invalid device id, id not set

#define SHA204\_INVALID\_SIZE ((uint8\_t) 0xE4)

Count value is out of range or greater than buffer size.

#define SHA204\_BAD\_CRC ((uint8\_t) 0xE5)

incorrect CRC received

#define SHA204\_RX\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xE6)

Timed out while waiting for response. Number of bytes received is > 0.

#define SHA204 RX NO RESPONSE ((uint8 t) 0xE7)

Not an error while the Command layer is polling for a command response.

#define SHA204\_RESYNC\_WITH\_WAKEUP ((uint8\_t) 0xE8)

Re-synchronization succeeded, but only after generating a Wake-up.

#define SHA204\_COMM\_FAIL ((uint8\_t) 0xF0)

Communication with device failed. Same as in hardware dependent modules.

#define SHA204\_TIMEOUT ((uint8\_t) 0xF1)

Timed out while waiting for response. Number of bytes received is 0.

# 7.9.1 Detailed Description

Definitions for ATSHA204 Library Return Codes.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 15, 2013

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# 7.10 sha204\_physical.h File Reference

Definitions and Prototypes for Physical Layer Interface of ATSHA204 Library.

# **Macros**

• #define SHA204 RSP SIZE MIN ((uint8 t) 4)

minimum number of bytes in response

#define SHA204\_RSP\_SIZE\_MAX ((uint8\_t) 35)

maximum size of response packet

• #define SHA204 BUFFER POS COUNT (0)

buffer index of count byte in command or response

#define SHA204 BUFFER POS DATA (1)

buffer index of data in response

#define SHA204\_WAKEUP\_PULSE\_WIDTH (uint8\_t) (6.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5)

width of Wakeup pulse in 10 us units

#define SHA204\_WAKEUP\_DELAY (uint8\_t) (3.0 \* CPU\_CLOCK\_DEVIATION\_POSITIVE + 0.5)

delay between Wakeup pulse and communication in ms

### **Functions**

uint8\_t sha204p\_send\_command (uint8\_t count, uint8\_t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

void sha204p init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

uint8 t sha204p wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

uint8\_t sha204p\_idle (void)

This function puts the device into idle state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep (void)

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_resync (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

# 7.10.1 Detailed Description

Definitions and Prototypes for Physical Layer Interface of ATSHA204 Library.

Author

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 11, 2013

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### **End of ATSHA204 Library License**

# 7.11 sha204 swi.c File Reference

Functions for Single Wire, Hardware Independent Physical Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

### **Macros**

#define SHA204 SWI FLAG CMD ((uint8 t) 0x77)

flag preceding a command

#define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_TX ((uint8\_t) 0x88)

flag requesting a response

#define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_IDLE ((uint8\_t) 0xBB)

flag requesting to go into Idle mode

#define SHA204\_SWI\_FLAG\_SLEEP ((uint8\_t) 0xCC)

flag requesting to go into Sleep mode

### **Functions**

void sha204p\_init (void)

This function initializes the hardware.

void sha204p\_set\_device\_id (uint8\_t id)

This function selects the GPIO pin used for communication. It has no effect when using a UART.

• uint8 t sha204p send command (uint8 t count, uint8 t \*command)

This function sends a command to the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_receive\_response (uint8\_t size, uint8\_t \*response)

This function receives a response from the device.

uint8\_t sha204p\_wakeup (void)

This function generates a Wake-up pulse and delays.

• uint8 t sha204p idle ()

This function puts the device into idle state.

• uint8\_t sha204p\_sleep ()

This function puts the device into low-power state.

uint8\_t sha204p\_reset\_io (void)

This function is only a dummy since the functionality does not exist for the SWI version of the SHA204 device.

uint8 t sha204p resync (uint8 t size, uint8 t \*response)

This function re-synchronizes communication.

# 7.11.1 Detailed Description

Functions for Single Wire, Hardware Independent Physical Layer of ATSHA204 Library.

```
Possible return codes from send functions in the hardware dependent module are SWI_FUNCTION_RETCODE_SUCCESS and SWI_FUNCTION_RETCODE_TIMEOUT. These are the same values in swi_phys.h and sha204_lib_return_codes.h. No return code translation is needed in these cases (e.g. #sha204p_idle, #sha204p_sleep).
```

#### Author

Atmel Crypto Products

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January 11, 2013

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# 7.12 timer utilities.c File Reference

Timer Utility Functions.

#### **Macros**

• #define TIME\_UTILS\_US\_CALIBRATION

Fill the inner loop of delay\_10us() with these CPU instructions to achieve 10 us per iteration.

• #define TIME\_UTILS\_LOOP\_COUNT ((uint8\_t) 28)

Decrement the inner loop of delay\_10us() this many times to achieve 10 us per iteration of the outer loop.

#define TIME UTILS MS CALIBRATION ((uint8 t) 104)

The delay\_ms function calls delay\_10us with this parameter.

# **Functions**

• void delay\_10us (uint8\_t delay)

This function delays for a number of tens of microseconds.

void delay\_ms (uint8\_t delay)

This function delays for a number of milliseconds.

# 7.12.1 Detailed Description

Timer Utility Functions.

**Author** 

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 11, 2013

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# 7.13 timer\_utilities.h File Reference

Timer Utility Declarations.

### **Functions**

• void delay\_10us (uint8\_t delay)

This function delays for a number of tens of microseconds.

void delay\_ms (uint8\_t delay)

This function delays for a number of milliseconds.

# 7.13.1 Detailed Description

Timer Utility Declarations.

Author

Atmel Crypto Products

Date

January 11, 2013

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