```
localParameters.outputNegMax=-4000; //-4000 is -100%
localParameters.outputPosMax=4000; // 4000 is +100%
localParameters.polyPar[0]=0; //adjust those 4 values to your spring
localParameters.polyPar[1]=1; //should map displacement into a force in [N]
localParameters.polyPar[2]=0; // here a linear mapping with a gain of 1
localParameters.polyPar[3]=0;
localParameters.radPerEncoderCount=2*M_PI/(2000.0*53.0); //gear box ratio of 53 and
                    //2000 counts per rotation with encoder (4 x 500 pulse, edge count)
localParameters.spNegMax=-10; //limit position reference value
localParameters.spPosMax=10;
localParameters.tag=0; //don't care, leave to 0
localParameters.timePeriod=1010; //us
localParameters.torqueConstant=1; // motor constant, set to useful value when torque control required
localParameters.params.pidParameters.IntegralNegMax=-4000; //limit the integrator
localParameters.params.pidParameters.IntegralPosMax=4000;
localParameters.params.pidParameters.deadBand=0;
                                                                   //choose dead-band
localParameters.params.pidParameters.forwardGain=0;
                                                                   //set controller gains
localParameters.params.pidParameters.pgain=0.12;
localParameters.params.pidParameters.igain=0;
localParameters.params.pidParameters.dgain=0;
localParameters.params.pidParameters.integral=0; //initialise the integrator
localParameters.params.pidParameters.lastError=0; //initialise last error
//configure a few position controllers
//other modes: Raw=0, Torque=1, Velocity=2, Position=3, Force=4,
p_robot->getGanglion(0)->getMuscles()[0]->setControllerParams(Position,localParameters);
p robot->getGanglion(0)->getMuscles()[1]->setControllerParams(Position,localParameters
p_robot->getGanglion(3)->getMuscles()[2]->setControllerParams(Position,localParameters);
p_robot->getGanglion(4)->getMuscles()[3]->setControllerParams(Position,localParameters);
```

void GeneralControlLoop::init()

}