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JS

Data Types

```
var x = 1; // works inside function scope
           // doesn't matter where declared it will exist inside the script
let y = 2; // works only inside defined block (e.g. function)
const z = 3; // works only inside defined block & not changeable
document.writeln(x); // write to document body
```

Operators

- arithmetic: +, -, *, /, %, ++, --, ...
- assign: =, +=, -=, *=, /=, ...
- compare: ==, <, <=, >=, >, !=, ...
- compare with datatype check: ===
- bitwise: &, |, ^, <<, >>, ...

Control Flow

```
if {}  
else {}  
  
for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {  
  continue; // <-- skips the rest of the current iteration  
}  
  
for (let key in obj) {}  
  
for (let n of numbers) {}  
  
numbers.forEach((number) => { console.log(number); }) // read only  
numbers.forEach((number, index) => { console.log(number, index); }) // read only  
  
while (condition) {}  
  
do {} while (condition);  
  
switch (expression) {  
  case val1:  
    // Code  
    break;  
  case val2:  
    // Code  
    break;  
  default:  
    // Code  
}
```

Arrays

- are dynamic

```
let numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4]; // index starts with 0, type: object  
let persons = ["Petra", "Maier", 23, true]; // datatypes don't matter  
let length = numbers.length;  
person.push("another person"); // add el  
person.sort(); // sort elements  
let [first, second, third, fourth] = persons; // deconstruct  
  
let arr2 = [1,2,3,4,5];  
arr2.splice(1, 3); // splice on index 1 and remove 3 elements  
// [1, 5]  
  
const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4];
```

```

const [first, second, third] = numbers;
const [first2, , third2] = numbers;
const [first3, ...rest] = numbers;

```

Instance Methods

- `.at(index)`: return **item** at index
- `.concat(array2)`: **concat** with other array
- `.every(predicate)`: return **true** if **all** entries satisfy the predicate
- `.fill(value, fromIndex, toIndex)`: **fill** array with a **static value**
- `.filter(predicate)`: **filtered shallow copy**
- `.find(predicate)`: return **first element** that satisfies the predicate
- `.findIndex(predicate)`: return **index of first element** that satisfies the predicate
- `.findLast(predicate)`: return **last element** that satisfies the predicate
- `.findLastIndex(predicate)`: return **index of last element** that satisfies the predicate
- `.forEach()`: execute function once for each element (**void**)
- `.includes(value)`: return **true** if array contains provided value
- `.indexOf(value)`: return index of values first occurrence
- `.join('char')`: create and return **string** separated by char
- `.lastIndexOf(value)`: return index of values last occurrence
- `.map(function)`: mapping
- `.pop()`: remove **last** element
- `.push(value)`: add value to the **end** of the array
- `.reduce((acc, elem) => { ... }, acc_start)`: use like foldl (left to right)
- `.reduceRight((acc, elem) => { ... }, acc_start)`: use like foldr (right to left)
- `.reverse()`: reverse in place
- `.shift()`: remove and return **first value**
- `.slice(start, end)`: copy from start index to end index (not included)
- `.some(predicate)`: return **true** if at least one element is true
- `.sort()`: sort (ascending string)
- `.splice(start, deleteCount, item1, item2, ...itemN)`: from start delete and insert
- `.toLocaleString()`: `toString()` that supports locales
- `.toString`
- `.unshift(val1, val2...)`: append values to the start of the array and return new length
- `.with(index, value)`: replace value at index (return copy)

Strings

```

let str = "Hello World";
str = "Hello " + "World"; // concat

```

```

length = str.length;
let sub = str.substring(0, 2); // without index 2
let new_str = str.replace("Hello", "Hi"); // returns new str
str.replaceAll("l", "M");
let char = str.charAt(2);
char = str[2]; // strings start with 0
let arr = str.split(" "); // [Hello, World]`
// Multi Line
let i = 1;
`Var: ${i}`

```

Objects

```

let person = {}; // empty obj

person = {
  firstName: "James",
  age: function(age) {
    this.age = age;
  },
  animal(animal) { // new property
    this.animal = animal;
  },
  toString: function() { // override toString()
    return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
  }
}

```

Operations

```

person.lastName = "Bug" // create new property
person.move = function(location) { // create new function + property
  this.location = location; // location is a new property!
};
person.move("Germany");
person.age(21);
person.animal("cat");

```

Get Keys

```

const obj = { 0: "a", 1: "b", 2: "c" };
let objkeys = Object.keys(obj); // ['0', '1', '2'] type Array<Object>
let objvalues = Object.values(obj); // ['0', '1', '2'] type Array<Object>
let letter = obj["0"]; // use string to access property

```

Functions

- Functions are objects

```
function f1(var1, var2 = 2) { } // no return types for functions or parameters
// with default value
let f2 = function(var1, var2) { } // anonymous function
let f3 = (var1, f4) => { // arrow function
    f4(var1);
}
f3(4, function(variable) { console.log(variable) });
```

Filtering

```
let filter_array = [];
numbers.forEach((number) => {
    if(number > 0) { filter_array.push(number); }
})

filter_array = numbers.filter((number) => number > 5);
filter_array = numbers.filter((number) => {
    if(number > 5) { return number }
})
```

Custom Sort Criteria

```
let persons2 = [
    { name: "Petra",
      age: 21 },
    { name: "Maier",
      age: 20 }
]
persons2.sort((p1, p2) => {
    return p1.name.localeCompare(p2.name); // sort by name, locale based sorting
    // return p1.age - p2.age; // sort by age
})
```

Map

```
const map1 = new Map();
map1.set('a', 1);
map1.set('b', 2);
map1.get("b"); // 2
let keys = map1.keys(); // {a, b}
let values = map1.values(); // {1, 2}
```

Classes

```
class Person {
    nonPrivateField = 1;
    #privateField;

    constructor(name, age) {
        this.nonPrivateField = 2;
        this.newField = 3; // new field (doesn't exist outside ctor)
        this.#privateField = 1;

        // _ is an old convention for private fields
        // control private fields with getter & setter
        this._name = name; // new + private field
    }

    // getter & setter are mandatory when working with private attributes
    get privateField() { return this.#privateField }
    set privateField(value) { this.#privateField = value }

    set name(name) { this._name = name } // access with Person.name = "Name"
    get name() { return this._name } // access with Person.name

    toString() { return "Person class" }
}

let p1 = new Person("Tom", 21);
p1.privateField; // 1, getter
p1.privateField = 2; // setter

p1.nonPrivateField; // 2
p1.nonPrivateField = 3; // 3

class Worker extends Person {
    constructor(name, age, nr) {
        super(name, age);
        this._nr = nr;
    }
    toString() { return super.toString() + "Worker class" }
}
```

Error Handling

```
if(smt == 0) { throw "new error" }

try {
```

```

    const z = 0;
    z = 1; // throws error
  } catch (e) {
    console.log(e);
  }

```

I/O

```

console.log(x, y, z);
console.error(x, y, z);
console.log(`print var ${x}`);
console.log("print var" + x + "with concat");
console.log("print var" + (x == 0 ? y : z) + "with condition");

```

JSON

- Object description, used for web communication
- allowed attribute types: string, number, bool, null, object, array
- functions not allowed

```

let person = {
  "name": "Tom Hengst", // attributes in quotes
  "age": 25, // Access person.age
}

```

```

// convert JSON object to string -> "{ \"name\" = \"Tom Hengst\", .....}"
let personAsString = JSON.stringify(person);
// convert string to JSON object -> equals person again
let personAsJSON = JSON.parse(personAsString);

```

Spread Operator

```

const source = [1, 2, 3]; console.log([...source]); // merge objects
const obj1 = { value: 12.45, unit: 'km/h' };
const obj2 = { date: new Date(), unit: 'm/s' };
console.log({ ...obj1, ...obj2 }); // obj2.unit overwrites obj1.unit!

// pass array to function
function addNumbers(a: number, b: number, c: number): number {
  return a + b + c;
}
const numbers = [1, 2, 3];
console.log(addNumbers(...numbers)); // Output: 6

// convert string to array
const greeting = "Hello";
const characters = [...greeting];
console.log(characters); // Output: ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o']

```

DOM (document object model)

Find Elements

```
let elements = document.getElementsByClassName("class"); // returns array by css class name
let element = document.getElementsByClassName("class")[0]; // return first found element by
let elements2 = document.getElementsByName("name"); // returns array by name attribute
let elements3 = document.getElementsByTagName("div"); // returns array by tag
let element1 = document.getElementById("id"); // id attribute
let element3 = document.querySelector("div > #id");

const element4 = document.querySelector("div.user-panel.main input[name='login']");
const elements4 = document.querySelectorAll("div input[name='login']");

const form = document.forms.formName; // name of form attribute
```

Get Related Nodes

```
let parent = node.parentNode;
let children = node.children; // array & skip text nodes
let children2 = node.childNodes; // array
let next = node.nextElementSibling; // skip text nodes (document.createTextNode(text);)
let next2 = node.nextSibling;
let prev = node.previousSibling;
// & node.firstChild, node.lastChild
// document.firstChild returns <html>
```

Manipulation

```
let el = document.createElement("div");
el.classList.add("class"); // add a class to class attribute automatic concatenation
el.classList.remove("class");
el.classList.contains("class");
el.classList; // return classnames as array
el.className = "class"; // completely override class attribute value
el.className // return classname
el.setAttribute("name", "value"); // add name="value"
el.getAttribute("name");

el.style.backgroundColor = "red"; // change css attributes
el.style.backgroundColor; // return the color value
el.style = "background-color: red"

el.innerHTML = "<div> some text </div>";
el.appendChild(node); // add child at the end inside parent
el.removeChild(node);
el.insertBefore(node, reference); // insert child before a specific node
```



```

let form = document.getElementById("form");
form.reset();
form.nameAttributeOfValue;

```

Event Listeners

```

element.addEventListener("click", () => {
  // other event listeners: "submit", "mouseover/out/up/down"
  // "keyup", "keyrelease", "keydown" keypress, "input" for chars & numbers only
  // "onfocus", "resize", "mousemove", "onload"

  // html based version works with <div onclick="mouseclick(this)"></div>
  // function mouseclick(element) { ... }
});

```

Fetch API

```

async function getFriends() {
  let uri = chatServer + chatCollectionId + "/friend";
  let response = await fetch(uri, {
    method: "GET",
    body: JSON.stringify(data),
    headers: {
      'Authorization': "Bearer " + chatToken
    }
  });

  if(response.ok) {
    let result = await response.json();
    console.log(result);
    return result;
  }
  else {
    console.error('error ' + response.status);
    return null;
  }
}

// Alternative (Promise based):
function getFriends() {
  fetch(uri, {
    method: "GET",
    body: JSON.stringify(data),
    headers: {
      'Authorization': "Bearer " + chatToken
    }
  })

```

```

    }
  })
  .then(response => { // server responds
    if(response.ok) {
      return response.json();
    }
    else {
      console.error('error ' + response.status);
      return null;
    }
  })
  .then(data => {
    console.log(data);
  })
  .catch(error => { // server error
    console.error('error ' + error);
  });
}

```

AJAX

```

function getFriends() {
  let uri = chatServer + chatCollectionId + "/friend";
  let xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
  xmlhttp.onreadystatechange = function () {
    if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {
      let data = JSON.parse(xmlhttp.responseText);
      document.getElementById("txtHint").innerHTML = data;
    }
  };
  xmlhttp.open("GET", uri, true); // true = asynchronous
  xmlhttp.setRequestHeader('Authorization', 'Bearer ' + chatToken);
  // xmlhttp.setRequestHeader('Content-type', 'application/json'); for post, put etc.
  xmlhttp.send();
  // xmlhttp.send(JSON.stringify(data)); for post, put etc.
}

```