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# REST

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- Uses  $\mathbf{HTTP}$  protocol
- Stateless communication (no memory about prior requests)
- Scalable
- Resource is identified by URL e.g. http://example.com/customers/1234
- Data Exchange can use text, XML, JSON, HTML

# Resource Linkage

Example: Order 1234: 23 products with id 44533 ordered by customer with id  $4711\,$ 

```
{
    "orderId": 1234,
    "amount": 23,
    "productRef": "http://example.com/products/44533",
    "customerRef": "http://example.com/customers/4711"
}
```

### **Standard Method Call Semantics**

method	path	body	semantics
GET	order		return all orders
GET	order/1		return order with ID 1
POST	order	{"product": "milk", "amount":	create new order based on body
PUT	order/1	2} { "product": "milk", "amount":	data update order with ID 1 based
DELETE	order/1	13 }	on body data delete order with ID 1

method	path	body	semantics
PATCH	order/1	{ "amount": 13 }	partially update order with ID 1 based on body data

### HTTP methods

• **GET**: retrieve information

• POST: submit data (often create resource)

PUT: update resourceDELETE: delete resource

• PATCH: partially update resource (only send changed parts)

### Most Important Status Codes

• 100 range: information

 $\bullet$  200 range: indicates success

• 300 range: redirects

400 range: indicates client error
500 range: indicates server error

Error Code	Meaning
200	OK
201	Created
204	No Content
400	Bad Request
401	Unauthorized
403	Forbidden
404	Not Found
**409	Conflict
500	Internal Server Error
501	Not Implemented
503	Service Unavailable

### Server Interface As Table

operation	HTTP method	path	request body	reply body	status codes
getOrder(int id): Order	GET	order/:id		Order	200, 404

operation	HTTP method	path	request body	reply body	status codes
createOrder Order): Order	(oPOST	order	Order	Order	201