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REST

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- Uses \mathbf{HTTP} protocol
- Stateless communication (no memory about prior requests)
- Scalable
- Resource is identified by URL e.g. http://example.com/customers/1234
- Data Exchange can use text, XML, JSON, HTML

Resource Linkage

Example: Order 1234: 23 products with id 44533 ordered by customer with id $4711\,$

```
{
    "orderId": 1234,
    "amount": 23,
    "productRef": "http://example.com/products/44533",
    "customerRef": "http://example.com/customers/4711"
}
```

Standard Method Call Semantics

method	path	body	semantics
GET	order		return all orders
GET	order/1		return order with ID 1
POST	order	{"product": "milk", "amount":	create new order based on body
PUT	order/1	2} { "product": "milk", "amount":	data update order with ID 1 based
DELETE	order/1	13 }	on body data delete order with ID 1

method	path	body	semantics
PATCH	order/1	{ "amount": 13 }	partially update order with ID 1 based on body data

HTTP methods

• **GET**: retrieve information

• POST: submit data (often create resource)

PUT: update resourceDELETE: delete resource

• PATCH: partially update resource (only send changed parts)

Most Important Status Codes

• 100 range: information

 \bullet 200 range: indicates success

• 300 range: redirects

400 range: indicates client error
500 range: indicates server error

Meaning
OK
Created
No Content
Bad Request
Unauthorized
Forbidden
Not Found
Conflict
Internal Server Error
Not Implemented
Service Unavailable

Server Interface As Table

operation	HTTP method	path	request body	reply body	status codes
getOrder(int id): Order	GET	order/:id		Order	200, 404

operation	HTTP method	path	request body	reply body	status codes
createOrder Order): Order	(oPOST	order	Order	Order	201