

# Assignment ( Reverse Engineering )

```
C hello.c
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main()
4  {
5      printf("Hello, World!\n");
6      return 0;
7  }
```

## Introduction

Reverse Engineering is a process of analysing a software or a program by decompiling or disassembling the software using software like Ghidra, cutter, IDA pro, etc.

**1. Purpose of this exercise :** Reverse Engineer a C program executable that prints “Hello World” using Ghidra.

RBP : It is Base Pointer, that is pushed in the memory

Next is, RSP : It is Stack Pointer which is assigned to the Base pointer (RBP) with MOV operation.

Then, SUB (subtract) operation of 0x20 that is 32byte. After that \_\_main is being triggered. Next there is RAX, which is an accumulator register, used for arithmetic and logical operations or any special instruction. It is used here to point to the string literal which is store at some address that contains data “Hello, World! \n”.

The string literal is moved to \_Argc from RAX register.

```
1
2 int __cdecl main(int _Argc, char
3
4 {
5     __main();
6     printf("Hello, World!\n");
7     return 0;
8 }
9
```

140001581	55	PUSH	RBP
140001582	48 89 e5	MOV	RBP, RSP
140001585	48 83 ec 20	SUB	RSP, 0x20
140001589	e8 d2 00	CALL	__main
	00 00		
14000158e	48 8d 05	LEA	RAX, [s_Hello, _World!_140009000]
	6b 7a 00 00		
140001595	48 89 c1	MOV	_Argc=>s_Hello, _World!_140009000, RAX
140001598	e8 93 ff	CALL	printf
	ff ff		
14000159d	b8 00 00	MOV	EAX, 0x0
	00 00		
1400015a2	48 83 c4 20	ADD	RSP, 0x20
1400015a6	5d	POP	RBP
1400015a7	c3	RET	

Then printf function is triggered using CALL method, where it prints the string. After that EAX assigned to Null, 0x0. Then, the Memory is been released using ADD to RSP, 0x20 that is 32byte which is been reserved before. Then POP operation on RBP, pops the value from the stack into the RBP register and updates the stack pointer. And RET to return the function, with 0.

**2. Purpose of this exercise :** Reverse Engineer a C program executable that prints “Hello, %i\n” for 5 times using Ghidra.

Similarly, like above first 0x30 that is 48bytes of space been made using SUB operation in the stack.

Then, calling the \_\_main function. After that there is EAX, loop

counter set to 0, it keeps coping itself to EDX. Using LEA operation, “Hello, %i\n” string address in RAX.

RCX and EDX are used as pointer and integer in printf passed through arguments, and then call printf.

The counter is for less than equal to 4, and print the string. And return 0 in the end, also POP RBP.

```

140001581 - main
int __cdecl main(int _Argc, char **_Argv, char **_Env)
{
    int EAX:4 <RETURN>
    int ECX:4 _Argc
    char ** RDX:8 _Argv
    char ** R8:8 _Env
    undefined4 Stack[-0xc]:4 local_c

    main
...1581 PUSH RBP
...1582 MOV RBP,RSP
...1585 SUB RSP,0x30
...1589 CALL __main
...158e MOV dword ptr [RBP + local_c],...
...1595 JMP LAB_1400015af

```

```

1400015af - LAB_1400015af
LAB_1400015af
...15af CMP dword ptr [RBP + local_c],...
...15b3 JLE LAB_140001597

```

While Loop

```

140001597 - LAB_140001597
LAB_140001597
...1597 MOV EAX,dword ptr [RBP + local...
...159a MOV _Argv,EAX
...159c LEA RAX,[s_Hello,%i_140009000]
...15a3 MOV _Argc=>s_Hello,%i_1400090...
...15a6 CALL printf
...15ab ADD dword ptr [RBP + local_c],...

```

While Loop

```

1400015...
...15b5 MOV EAX,0x0
...15ba ADD RSP,0x30
...15be POP RBP
...15bf RET

```

**3. Purpose of this exercise :** Reverse Engineer a C program executable that prints addition of two numbers using Ghidra.

```

140001581 55          PUSH      RBP
140001582 48 89 e5     MOV       RBP,RSP
140001585 48 83 ec 30  SUB       RSP,0x30
140001589 e8 02 01     CALL      __main
14000158e c7 45 fc     MOV       dword ptr [RBP + local_c],0x5
05 00 00 00
140001595 c7 45 f8     MOV       dword ptr [RBP + local_10],0xb
0b 00 00 00
14000159c c7 45 f4     MOV       dword ptr [RBP + local_14],0x0
00 00 00 00
1400015a3 8b 55 fc     MOV       _Argv,dword ptr [RBP + local_c]
1400015a6 8b 45 f8     MOV       EAX,dword ptr [RBP + local_10]
1400015a9 01 d0       ADD       EAX,_Argv
1400015ab 89 45 f4     MOV       dword ptr [RBP + local_14],EAX
1400015ae 8b 4d f4     MOV       _Argc,dword ptr [RBP + local_14]
1400015b1 8b 55 f8     MOV       _Argv,dword ptr [RBP + local_10]
1400015b4 8b 45 fc     MOV       EAX,dword ptr [RBP + local_c]
1400015b7 41 89 c9     MOV       R9D,_Argc
1400015ba 41 89 d0     MOV       _Env,_Argv
1400015bd 89 c2       MOV       _Argv,EAX
1400015bf 48 8d 05     LEA       RAX,[s_Addition_of_%d_and_%d_is_%d_140009000]
3a 7a 00 00
1400015c6 48 89 c1     MOV       _Argc=>s_Addition_of_%d_and_%d_is_%d_140009000..
1400015c9 e8 62 ff     CALL      printf
ff ff
1400015ce b8 00 00     MOV       EAX,0x0
00 00
1400015d3 48 83 c4 30  ADD       RSP,0x30
1400015d7 5d         POP       RBP
1400015d8 c3         RET

```

Similar to above RBP is been pushed, and RSP been assigned to RBP. Then, main function is triggered. After that three local variables were initialised on the stack that are local\_c at offset -4 from RBP, set to 5, local\_10 at offset -8, set to 11, local\_14 at offset -12, initialized to 0.

local\_14 = local\_c + local\_10 is the addition. Loading a temporary register in local\_c and EAX with local\_10. The result is stored in local\_14.

Using LEA again to load address in RAX of the format string "Addition of %d and %d is %d". Then moves that pointer into RCX, Counter. And calls printf in the end to print the statement.

Finally, after the loop it return 0, releasing Stack pointer reserved of 48bytes.

These were are examples of x86\_64 architecture based, 64bits executable for windows which is been analysed using Ghidra software for its functionality engineer and understanding how reverse engineering works using registers and operations like MOV, SUB, ADD, CALL, LEA etc as shown above.