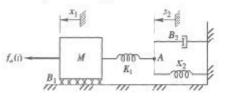
MENG 3020 - Quiz 1 Solution - Fall 2024

Question A translational mechanical system is shown below. The springs are undeflected when $x_1 = x_2 = 0$. The system input is the applied force $f_n(t)$ and the system output is the displacement x_2 of massless junction A.

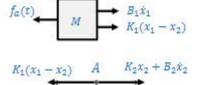


Solve for the following questions:

a) Draw the free-body diagrams for mass M and junction A. Show all forces applied and write a set of ordinary differential equations of motion. Show your work.

From the free-body diagrams and applying the Newton's second law:

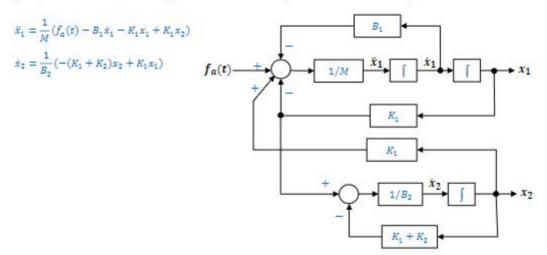
Mass M
$$\rightarrow$$
 $f_a(t) - K_1(x_1 - x_2) - B_1 \dot{x}_1 = M \ddot{x}_1$
Junction A \rightarrow $K_1(x_1 - x_2) = K_2 x_2 + B_2 \dot{x}_2$



The equation of motion is:

$$\begin{split} f_a(t) &= M\ddot{x}_1 + B_1\dot{x}_1 + K_1x_1 - K_1x_2 \\ B_2\dot{x}_2 &+ (K_1 + K_2)x_2 - K_1x_1 = 0 \end{split}$$

b) Complete the following block diagram model based on the equations of motion in Part (a).



c) [8 marks] Assume M = 1kg, B₁ = B₂ = 1 N.s/m, K₁ = K₂ = 1 N/m. Select the appropriate state variables and develop a set of state-variable equations and output equation. Write the state-space equations in matrix-vector form. Show your work.

Having the equation of motion from Part (a):

$$f_a(t) = M\ddot{x}_1 + B_1\dot{x}_1 + K_1x_1 - K_1x_2$$

$$B_2\dot{x}_2 + (K_1 + K_2)x_2 - K_1x_4 = 0$$

Setting the mass, spring and damping values, the equations of motion will be:

$$f_a(t) = \ddot{x}_1 + \dot{x}_1 + x_1 - x_2$$

 $\dot{x}_2 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 0$

The state variables q_1 , q_2 and q_3 are selected as the displacement of the springs K_1 , K_2 and velocity of the mass M.

The state-variable equations and output equation are obtained as:

$$\dot{q}_1 = q_3 - q_1 + q_2$$

 $\dot{q}_2 = q_1 - q_2$
 $\dot{q}_3 = f_a(t) - q_3 - q_1$
 $y = x_2 \rightarrow y = q_2$

The state equation and output equation in the standard matrix-vector form are:

State Equation: $\dot{q}(t) = A q(t) + B u(t)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} f_a(t)$$

Output Equation: y(t) = Cq(t) + Du(t)

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

The state variables q_1 , q_2 and q_3 can also be selected as the displacement of mass M, velocity of the mass M and the displacement of spring K_2 and. In this case the state-space model is obtained as below:

$$\begin{array}{llll} q_1 = x_1 & \to & \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x}_1 & \to & \dot{q}_1 = q_2 & Eqn. \end{array} \begin{tabular}{l} Eqn. \begin{tabular}{l} (1) \\ q_2 = \dot{x}_1 & \to & \dot{q}_2 = \ddot{x}_1 & \to & \dot{q}_2 = f_a(t) - \dot{x}_1 - x_1 + x_2 & \to & \dot{q}_2 = f_a(t) - q_2 - q_1 + q_3 & Eqn. \begin{tabular}{l} (3) \\ q_3 = x_2 & \to & \dot{q}_3 = \dot{x}_2 & \to & \dot{q}_3 = x_1 - 2x_2 & \to & \dot{q}_3 = q_1 - 2q_3 & Eqn. \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} Eqn. \begin{tabular}{l} (3) \\ \hline \end{tabular}$$

The state-variable equations and output equation are obtained as:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{q}_1 &= q_2 \\ \dot{q}_2 &= f_a(t) - q_2 - q_1 + q_3 \\ \dot{q}_3 &= q_1 - 2q_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = x_2 \rightarrow y = q_3$$

The state equation and output equation in the standard matrix-vector form are:

State Equation: $\dot{q}(t) = A q(t) + B u(t)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} f_a(t)$$

Output Equation: y(t) = Cq(t) + Du(t)

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$