

EXPERIMENT-06

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HR-Analytics: Employee count based on dynamic gender passing (Medium Level)

1. Aim:

TechSphere Solutions, a growing IT services company with offices across India, wants to track and monitor gender diversity within its workforce. The HR department frequently needs to know the total number of employees by gender (Male or Female).

To solve this problem, the company needs an automated database-driven solution that can instantly return the count of employees by gender through a stored procedure that:

- i. Create a PostgreSQL stored procedure that:
- ii. Takes a gender (e.g., 'Male' or 'Female') as input.
- iii. Calculates the total count of employees for that gender.
- iv. Returns the result as an output parameter.
- v. Displays the result clearly for HR reporting purposes.

2. Objective:

- To understand how to create and use stored procedures in PostgreSQL for real-world business requirements.
- To learn how to use input and output parameters in a stored procedure for dynamic data retrieval.
- To implement a database-driven solution that automatically calculates and returns employee count by gender for HR reporting and decision-making.

3. DBMS script and output:

-- Create employee table

CREATE TABLE employee_info (

```
id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
  gender VARCHAR (10) NOT NULL,
  salary NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,
  city VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);
-- Insert sample data
INSERT INTO employee info (name, gender, salary, city)
VALUES
('Alok', 'Male', 50000.00, 'Delhi'),
('Priya', 'Male', 60000.00, 'Mumbai'),
('Rajesh', 'Female', 45000.00, 'Bangalore'),
('Sneha', 'Male', 55000.00, 'Chennai'),
('Anil', 'Male', 52000.00, 'Hyderabad'),
('Sunita', 'Female', 48000.00, 'Kolkata'),
('Vijay', 'Male', 47000.00, 'Pune'),
('Ritu', 'Male', 62000.00, 'Ahmedabad'),
('Amit', 'Female', 51000.00, 'Jaipur');
-- Create procedure to count employees by gender
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sp. get employees by gender(
  IN p gender VARCHAR(50),
  OUT p_employee_count INT
)
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS $$
BEGIN
  -- Count employees of given gender
  SELECT COUNT(id)
  INTO p_employee_count
  FROM employee_info
  WHERE gender = p gender;
```

-- Display result

RAISE NOTICE 'Total employees with gender %: %', p gender, p employee count;

END;

\$\$;

-- Call procedure

CALL sp_get_employees_by_gender('Male', NULL);

4. Output:



SmartStore Automated Purchase System (Hard Level)

1. Aim:

SmartShop is a modern retail company that sells electronic gadgets like smartphones, tablets, and laptops.

The company wants to automate its ordering and inventory management process.

Whenever a customer places an order, the system must:

- i. Verify stock availability for the requested product and quantity.
- ii. If sufficient stock is available:
 - Log the order in the sales table with the ordered quantity and total price.
- **Update the inventory** in the products table by reducing quantity_remaining and increasing quantity_sold.

- Display a **real-time confirmation message**: "Product sold successfully!" iii. If there is **insufficient stock**, the system must:
 - Reject the transaction and display: Insufficient Quantity Available!"

2. Objective:

- To design and implement a **stored procedure** that automates order processing and inventory management.
- To ensure **real-time validation of stock availability** before completing a sales transaction.
- To provide **automated feedback messages** confirming successful sales or notifying insufficient stock for better customer experience.

3. DBMS script and output:

```
-- Create products table
CREATE TABLE products (
  product code VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  product_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  price NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,
  quantity remaining INT NOT NULL,
  quantity_sold INT DEFAULT 0
);
-- Create sales table
CREATE TABLE sales (
  order id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  order date DATE NOT NULL,
  product code VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
  quantity ordered INT NOT NULL,
  sale price NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY (product_code) REFERENCES products(product_code)
);
-- Insert sample products
INSERT INTO products (product code, product name, price, quantity remaining, quantity sold)
VALUES
('P001', 'iPHONE 13 PRO MAX', 109999.00, 10, 0),
('P002', 'Samsung Galaxy S23 Ultra', 99999.00, 8, 0),
```

```
('P003', 'iPAD AIR', 55999.00, 5, 0),
('P004', 'MacBook Pro 14"', 189999.00, 3, 0),
('P005', 'Sony WH-1000XM5 Headphones', 29999.00, 15, 0);
-- Insert sample sales
INSERT INTO sales (order date, product code, quantity ordered, sale price)
VALUES
('2025-09-15', 'P001', 1, 109999.00),
('2025-09-16', 'P002', 2, 199998.00),
('2025-09-17', 'P003', 1, 55999.00),
('2025-09-18', 'P005', 2, 59998.00),
('2025-09-19', 'P001', 1, 109999.00);
-- View tables
SELECT * FROM products;
SELECT * FROM sales;
-- Create procedure to buy products
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE pr buy products(
  IN p_product_name VARCHAR,
  IN p quantity INT
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS $$
DECLARE
  v product code VARCHAR(20);
  v price FLOAT;
  v_count INT;
BEGIN
  -- Check if product exists and has enough stock
  SELECT COUNT(*)
  INTO v count
  FROM products
  WHERE product name = p product name
  AND quantity remaining >= p quantity;
  IF v count > 0 THEN
    -- Fetch product code and price
    SELECT product code, price
    INTO v_product_code, v_price
    FROM products
    WHERE product_name = p_product_name;
    -- Insert new sale
    INSERT INTO sales (order date, product code, quantity ordered, sale price)
```

```
VALUES (CURRENT_DATE, v_product_code, p_quantity, (v_price * p_quantity));
    -- Update product stock
    UPDATE products
    SET quantity_remaining = quantity_remaining - p_quantity,
       quantity sold = quantity sold + p quantity
    WHERE product_code = v_product_code;
    -- Confirmation message
    RAISE NOTICE 'PRODUCT SOLD..! Order placed successfully for % unit(s) of %.', p_quantity,
p_product_name;
  ELSE
    -- Not enough stock
    RAISE NOTICE 'INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY..! Order cannot be processed for % unit(s) of %.', p quantity,
p_product_name;
  END IF;
END;
$$;
-- Call procedure to buy product
CALL pr_buy_products('MacBook Pro 14"', 1);
```

5. Output:

```
NOTICE: PRODUCT SOLD..! Order placed successfully for 1 unit(s) of MacBook Pro 14".

CALL

Query returned successfully in 241 msec.
```