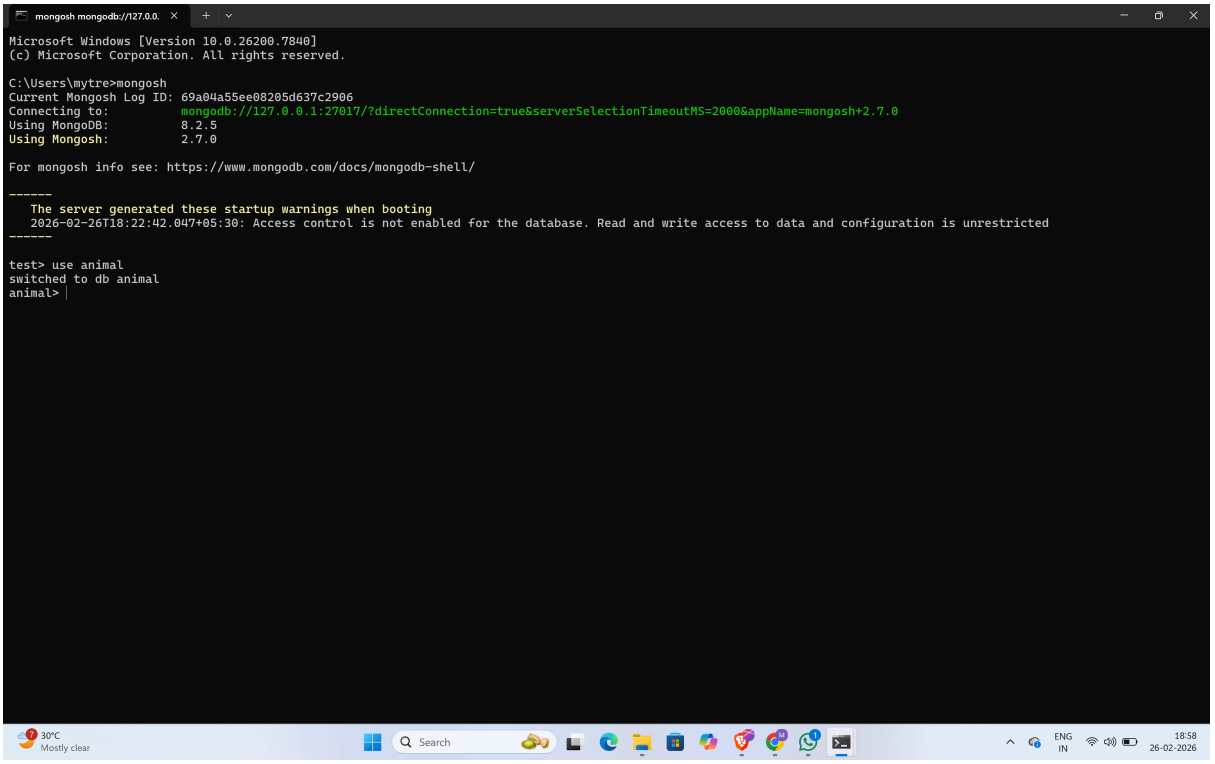
MONGODB - COMMANDS

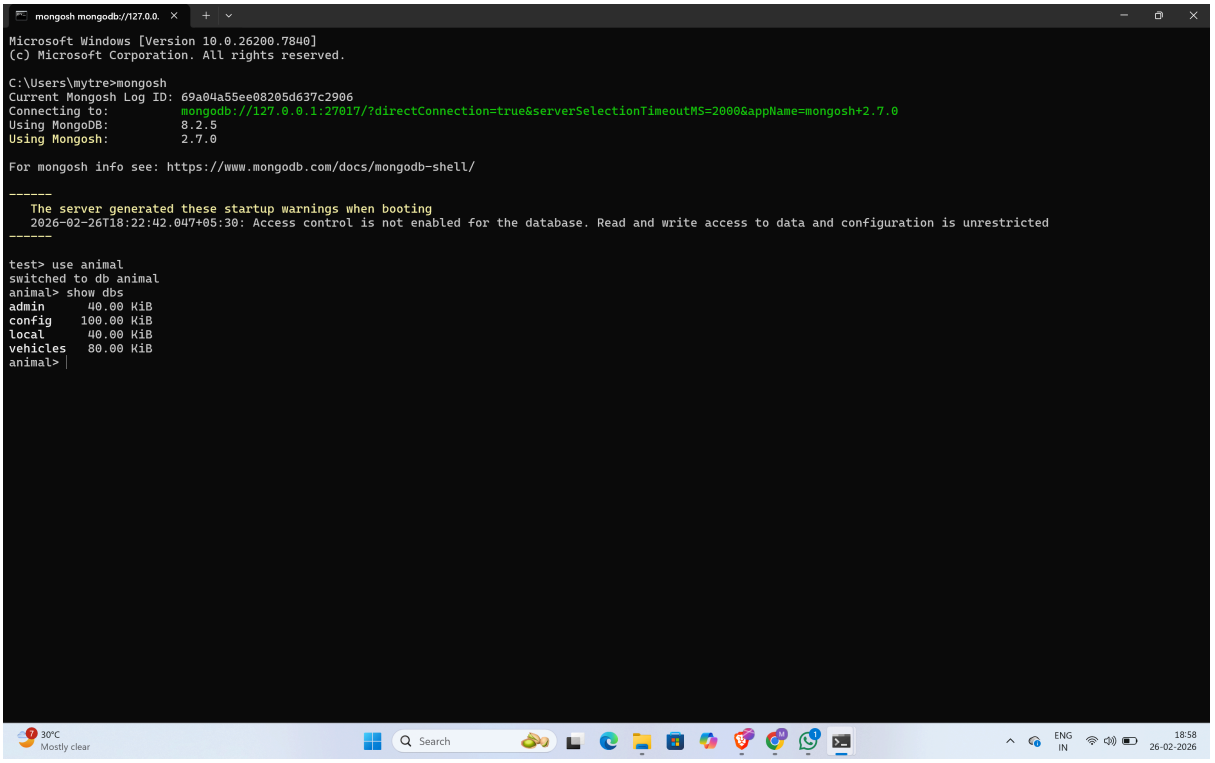
Animals

2. Use MongoDB to implement the following DB operations for a Zoo

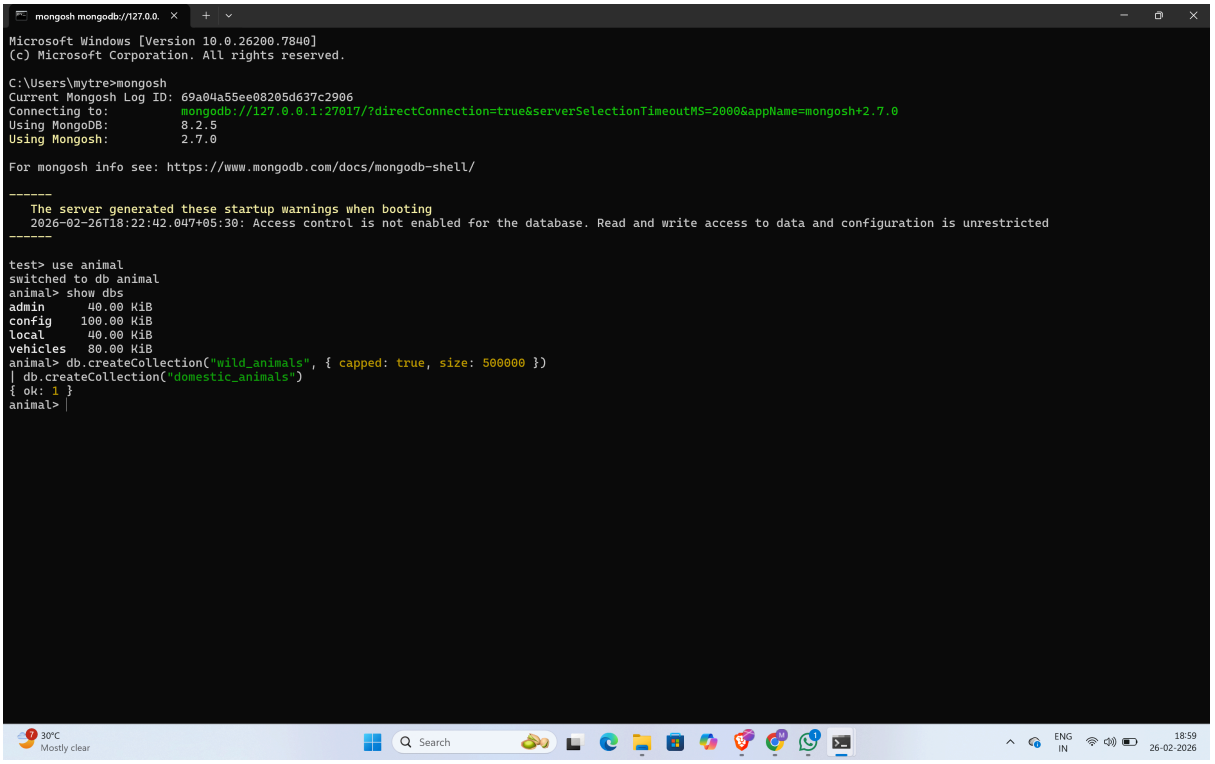
- Create a database called ‘animal’ and write a MongoDB query to select database as ‘animal’.



- Write a MongoDB query to display all the databases.

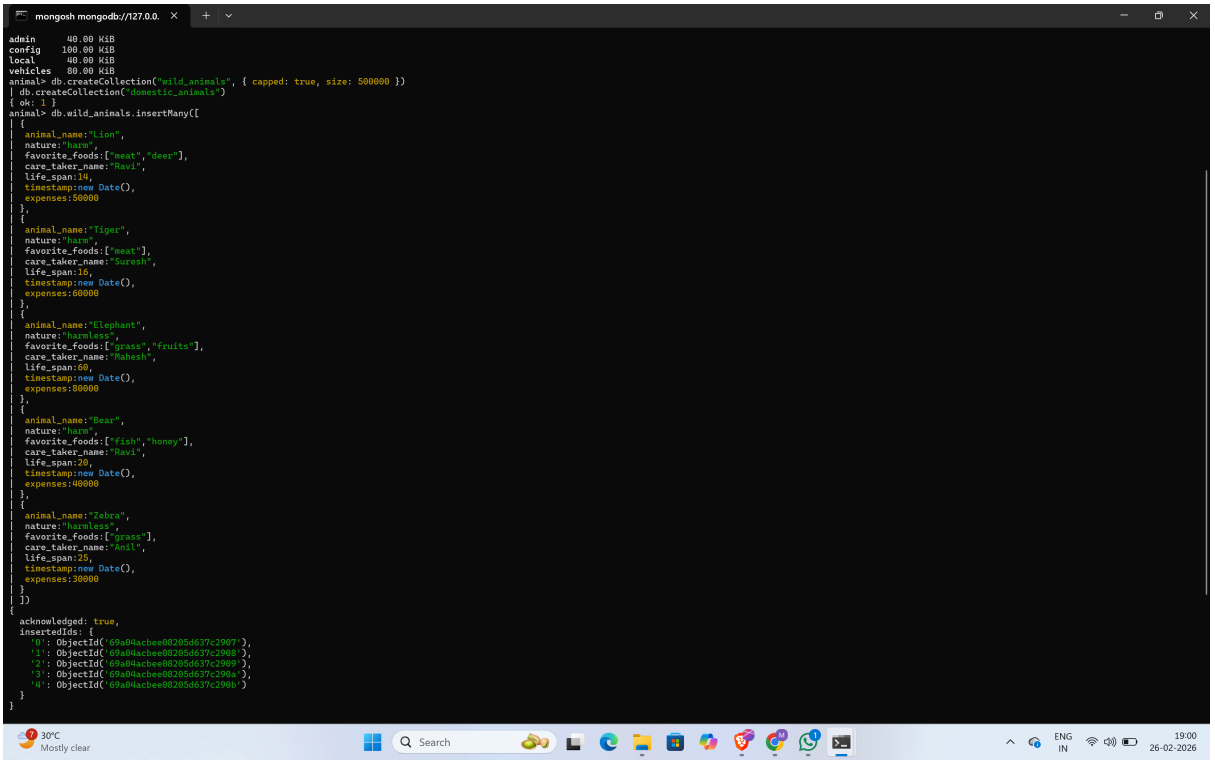


- Create a collection called ‘wild_animals’.(use capping) and Create a collection called ‘domestic_animals’.

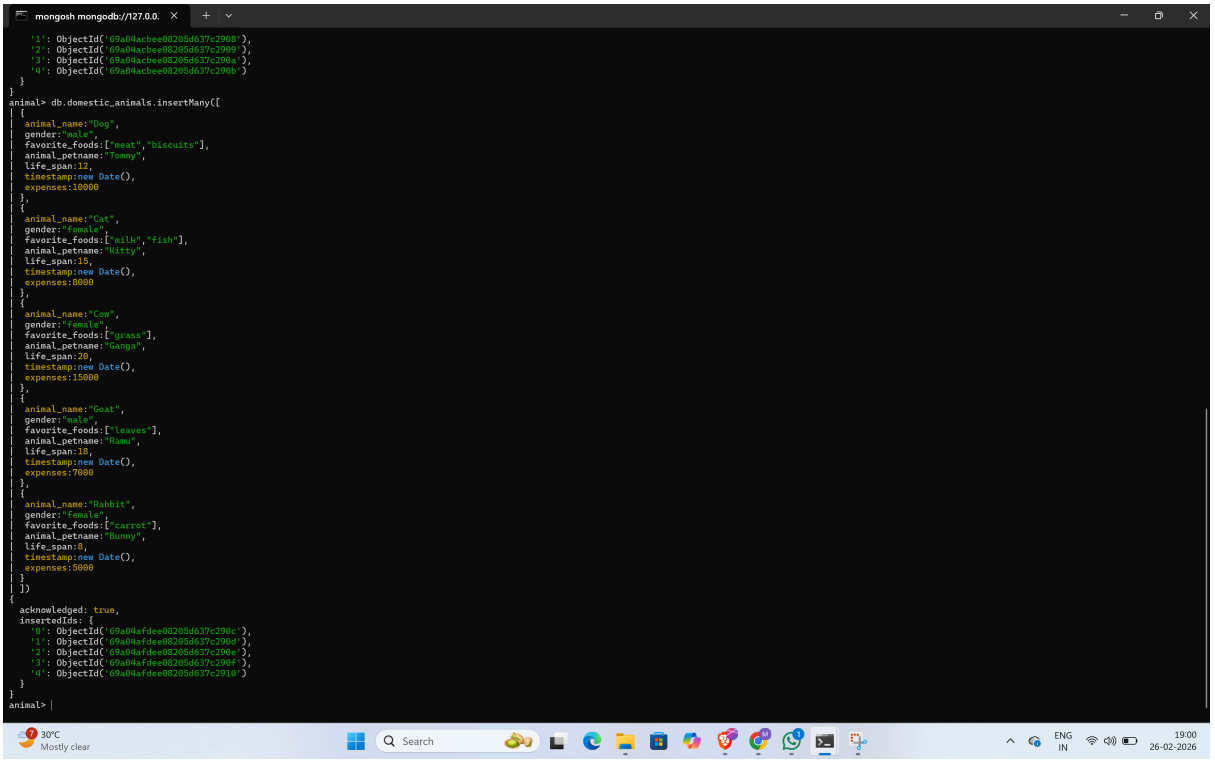


- Add 5 wild_animal details to the collection named ‘wild_animals’. Each document consists of following fields as animal_name, nature (harm or harmless),

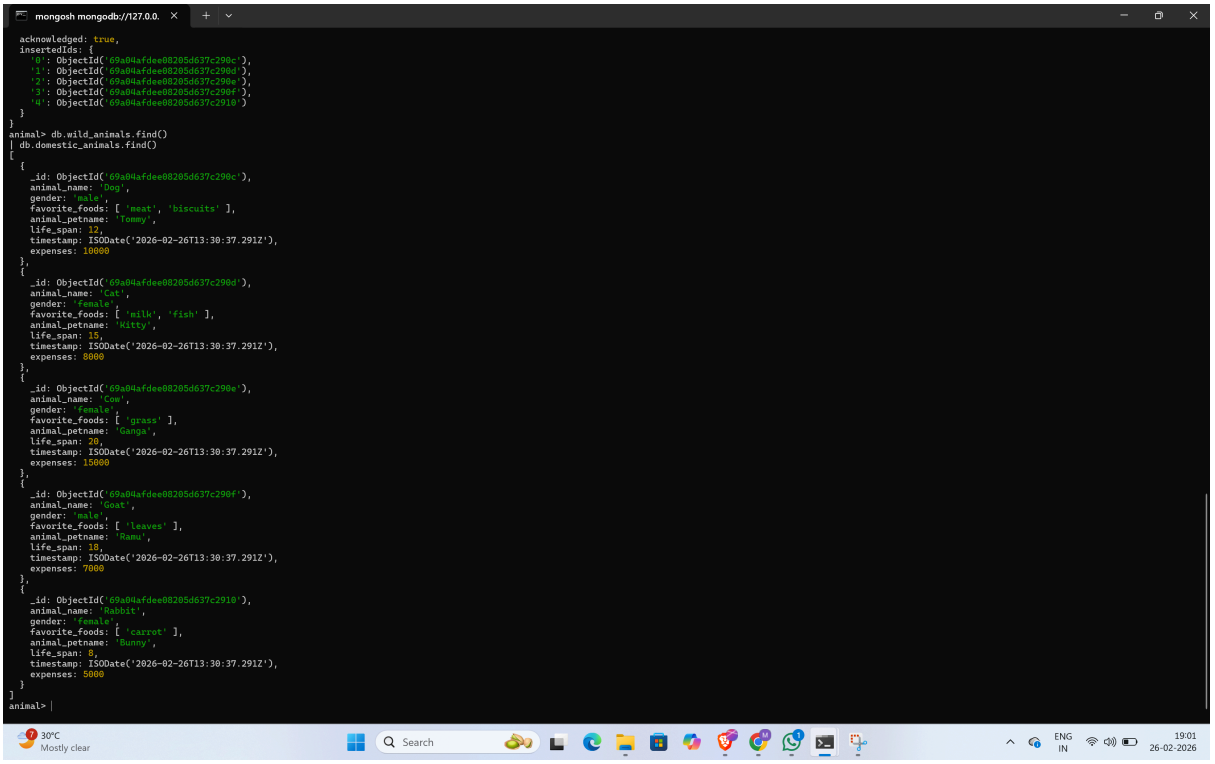
favorite_foods (meat, rabbits, deer etc) as array, care_taker_name, life span (in years), timestamp (when the animal registered at the Zoo) and expenses.



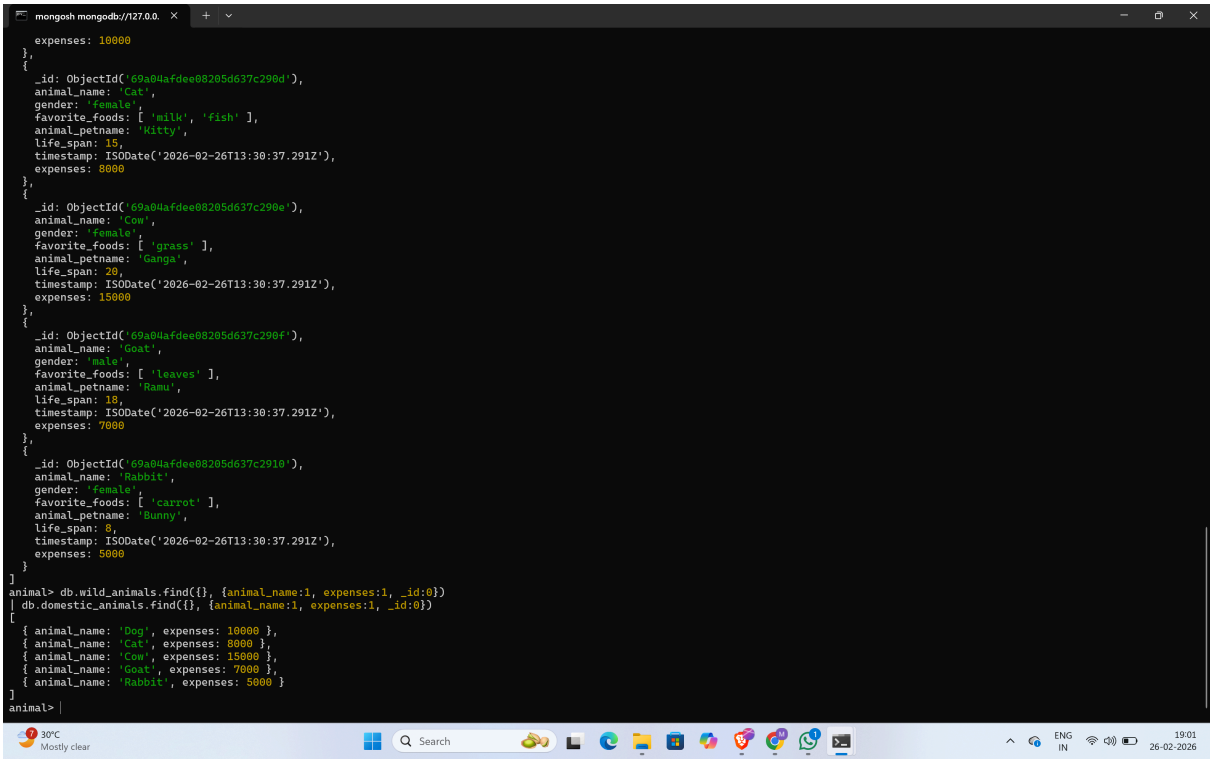
- Add 5 domestic-animal details to the collection named ‘domestic_animals’. Each document consists of following fields as animal_name, gender (male or female), favorite_foods (meat, rabbits, deer etc) as array, animal_petname, life span (in years), timestamp (when the animal registered at the Zoo) and expenses.



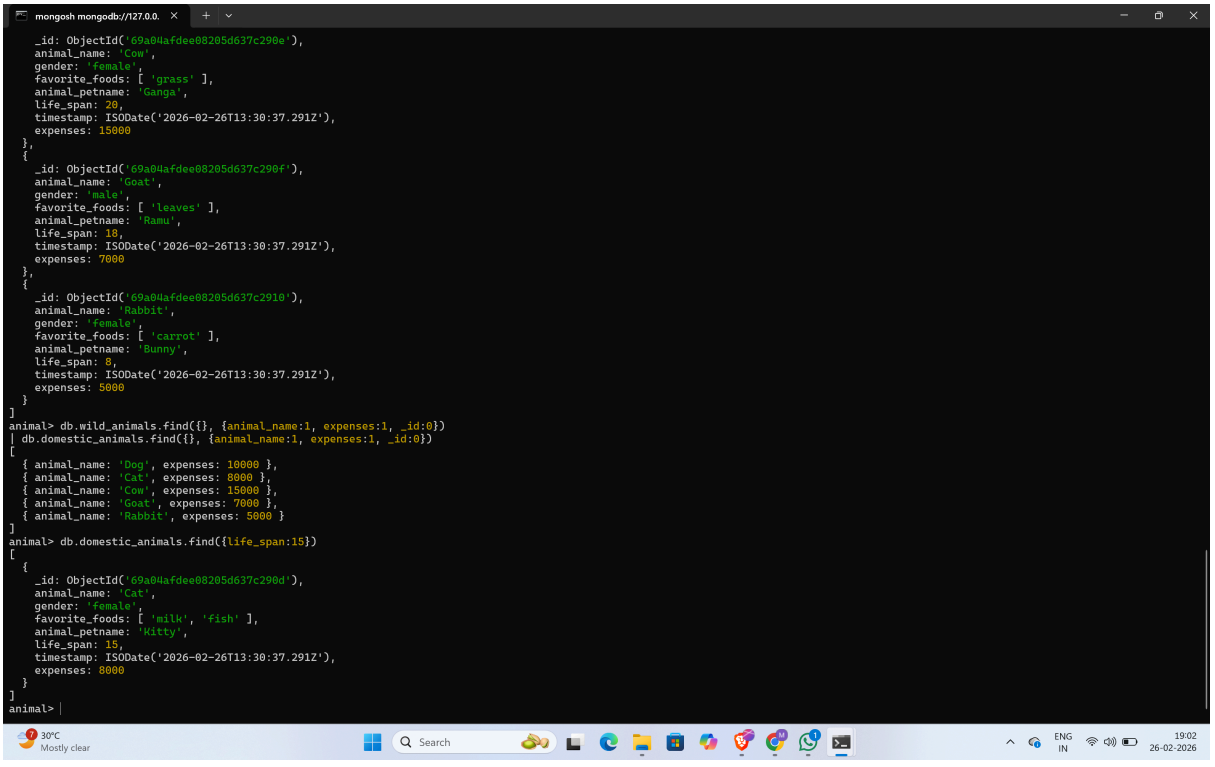
- Write a MongoDB query to display all documents available in wild_animals and domastic_animals.



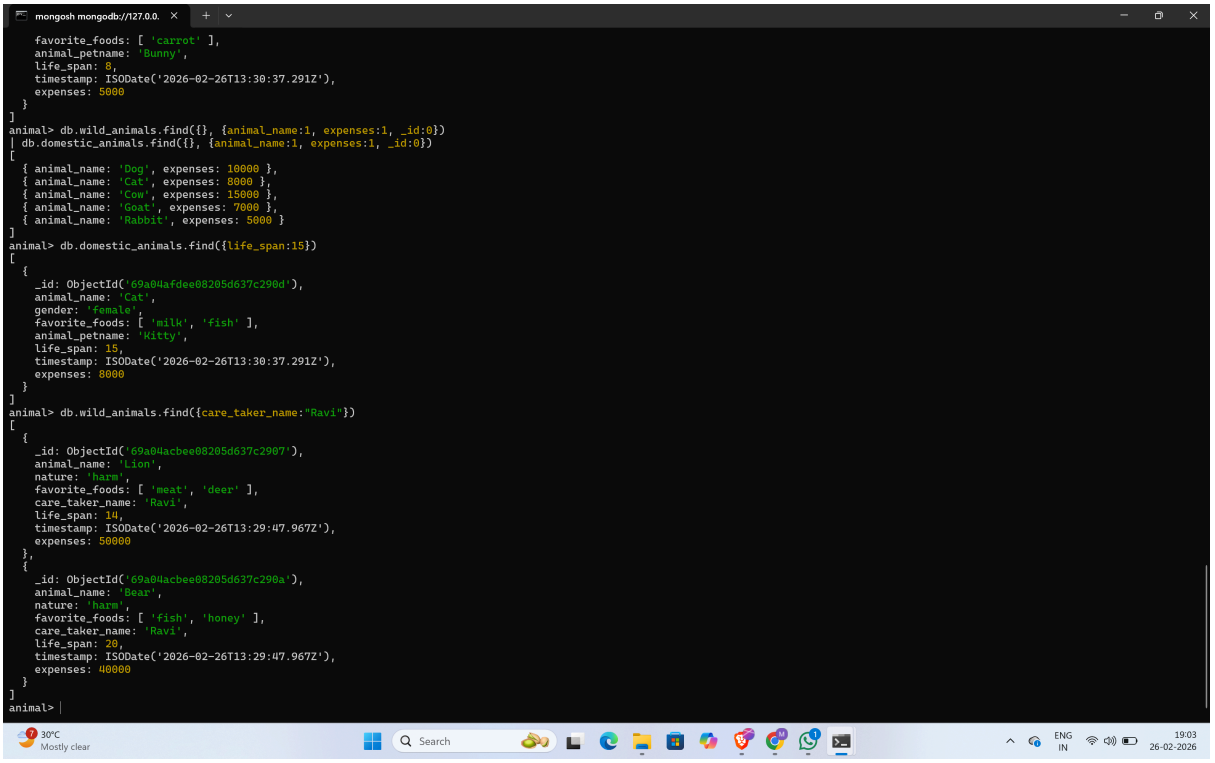
- Write a MongoDB query to display only animal name and expenses in all the collection of the database



- Write a MongoDB query to display domestic_animals whose life is a particular year



- Write a MongoDB query to display wild_animals available under a particular care_taker



- Write a MongoDB query to display animal name, favorite_foods and expenses details whose lifespan is more than 5 years.