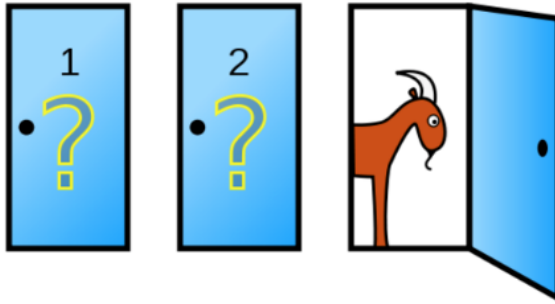


Monty Hall Simulation

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4. 세 개의 문 중에 하나를 선택하여 문 뒤에 있는 선물을 가질 수 있는 게임쇼에 참가했다. 한 문 뒤에는 자동차가 있고, 나머지 두 문 뒤에는 염소가 있다. 이때 어떤 참가자가 1번 문을 선택했을 때, 게임쇼 진행자는 3번 문을 열어 문 뒤에 염소가 있음을 보여주면서 1번 대신 2번을 선택하겠냐고 물었다. 이 때 어떤 선택을 해야 하는가?



- 가. 선택을 바꾼다.
나. 선택을 고수한다.

Single Trial

```
set.seed(1)
monty_hall <- function() {
  key <- 1:3 %>%
    sample(size = 1)
  goat <- 1:3 %>%
    setdiff(key)
  contestant <- 1:3 %>%
    sample(size = 1)
  monty <- contestant %>%
    `==` (key) %>%
    ifelse(goat %>% sample(size = 1),
           goat %>% setdiff(contestant))
  switch <- 1:3 %>%
    setdiff(c(contestant, monty))
  result <- switch %>%
    `==`(key) %>%
    ifelse("Switching wins", "Staying wins")
  c("Key" = key,
    "Contestant" = contestant,
    "Monty" = monty,
    "Switch" = switch,
    "Result" = result)
}
```

monty_hall()

##	Key	Contestant	Monty	Switch	Result
##	"1"	"3"	"2"	"1"	"Switching wins"

N trials

```
N <- 30
monty_result <-
  replicate(N, monty_hall()) %>%
    t
monty_result
```

```
##      Key Contestant Monty Switch Result
## [1,] "1" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [2,] "1" "3"      "2"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [3,] "3" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [4,] "2" "3"      "1"  "2"  "Switching wins"
## [5,] "3" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [6,] "1" "1"      "3"  "2"  "Staying wins"
## [7,] "2" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Staying wins"
## [8,] "3" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [9,] "3" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [10,] "1" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Staying wins"
## [11,] "2" "1"      "3"  "2"  "Switching wins"
## [12,] "1" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [13,] "2" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Staying wins"
## [14,] "3" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [15,] "3" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [16,] "2" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Staying wins"
## [17,] "3" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [18,] "1" "3"      "2"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [19,] "2" "1"      "3"  "2"  "Switching wins"
## [20,] "1" "3"      "2"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [21,] "2" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Staying wins"
## [22,] "3" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [23,] "2" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Staying wins"
## [24,] "1" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [25,] "2" "2"      "3"  "1"  "Staying wins"
## [26,] "1" "3"      "2"  "1"  "Switching wins"
## [27,] "3" "2"      "1"  "3"  "Switching wins"
## [28,] "3" "3"      "2"  "1"  "Staying wins"
## [29,] "2" "3"      "1"  "2"  "Switching wins"
## [30,] "3" "1"      "2"  "3"  "Switching wins"
```

```
table(monty_result[, 5])
```

```
##
##   Staying wins Switching wins
##           9           21
```

```
sum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins") / N
```

```
## [1] 0.7
```

```
cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins")
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 17 18 19 19 20
21
```

```
cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Staying wins")
```

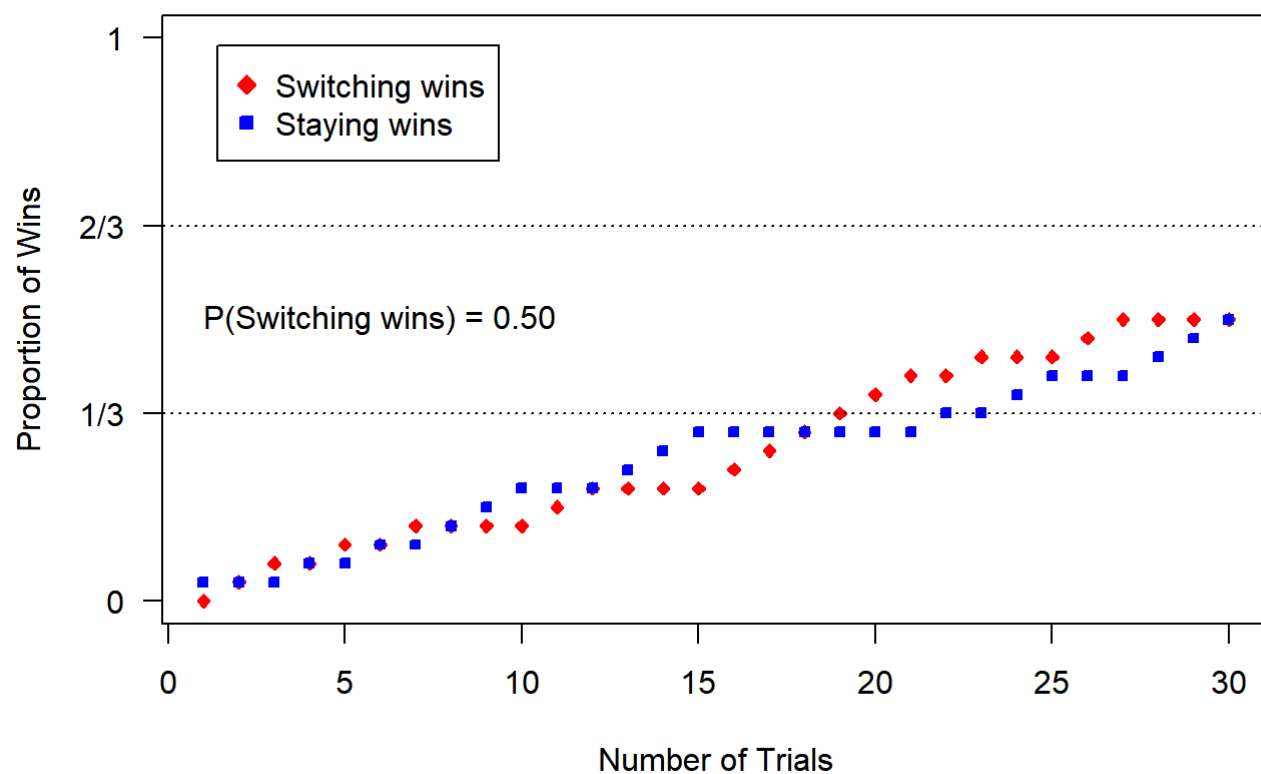
```
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
```

```
y_switch <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins")
# y_stay <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Staying wins")
y_stay <- 1:N - y_switch
```

plot

```
monty_plot <- function(N) {
  monty_result <-
    replicate(N, monty_hall()) %>%
    t
  y_switch <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins")
  y_stay <- 1:N - y_switch
  # y_stay <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Staying wins")
  p_wins <- sum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins") / N
  plot(x = 1:N,
       y = y_switch / N,
       pch = 23,
       col = "red",
       bg = "red",
       ylim = c(0, 1),
       xlab = "Number of Trials",
       ylab = "Proportion of Wins",
       yaxt = "n",
       cex = 0.7)
  axis(side = 2,
       at = c(0, 1/3, 2/3, 1),
       labels = c("0", "1/3", "2/3", "1"), las = 2)
  points(x = 1:N,
        y = y_stay / N,
        pch = 22,
        col = "blue",
        bg = "blue",
        cex = 0.7)
  abline(h = c(1/3, 2/3), lty = 3)
  title(main = "Monty Hall Simulation")
  legend("topleft",
        inset = 0.05,
        legend = c("Switching wins", "Staying wins"),
        pch = c(23, 22),
        col = c("red", "blue"),
        pt.bg = c("red", "blue"))
  text(x = N / 5, y = 1 / 2,
       labels = paste0("P(Switching wins) = ", format(p_wins, digits = 2, nsmall = 2)))
  p_wins
}
monty_plot(30)
```

Monty Hall Simulation

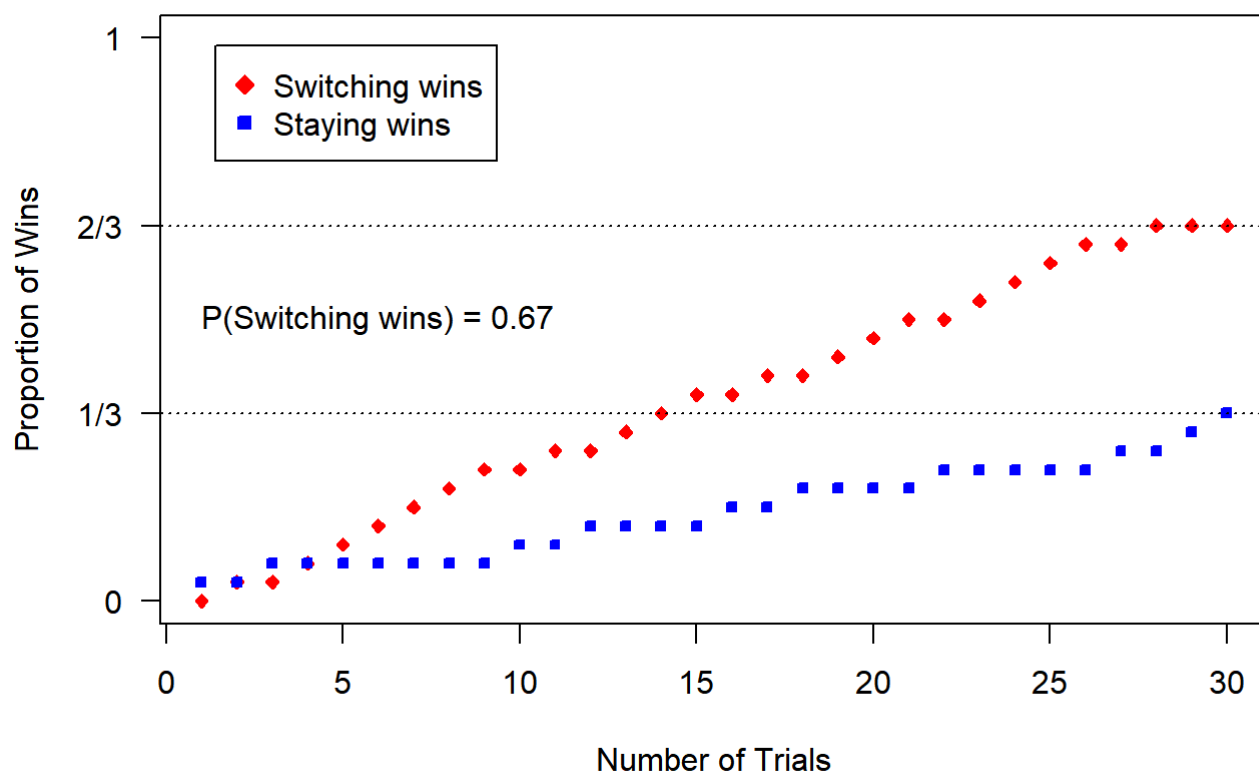


```
## [1] 0.5
```

Repetitions

```
Prop_Switching_wins <- monty_plot(30)
```

Monty Hall Simulation

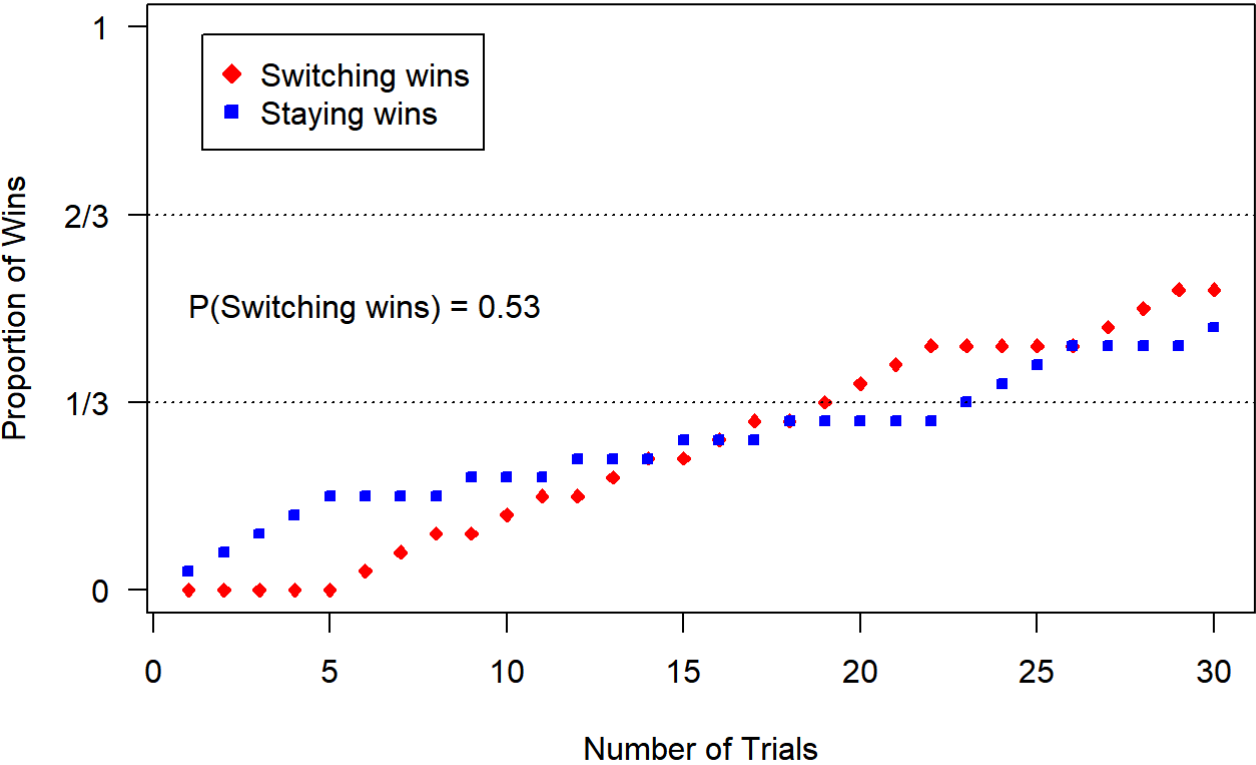


```
Prop_Switching_wins
```

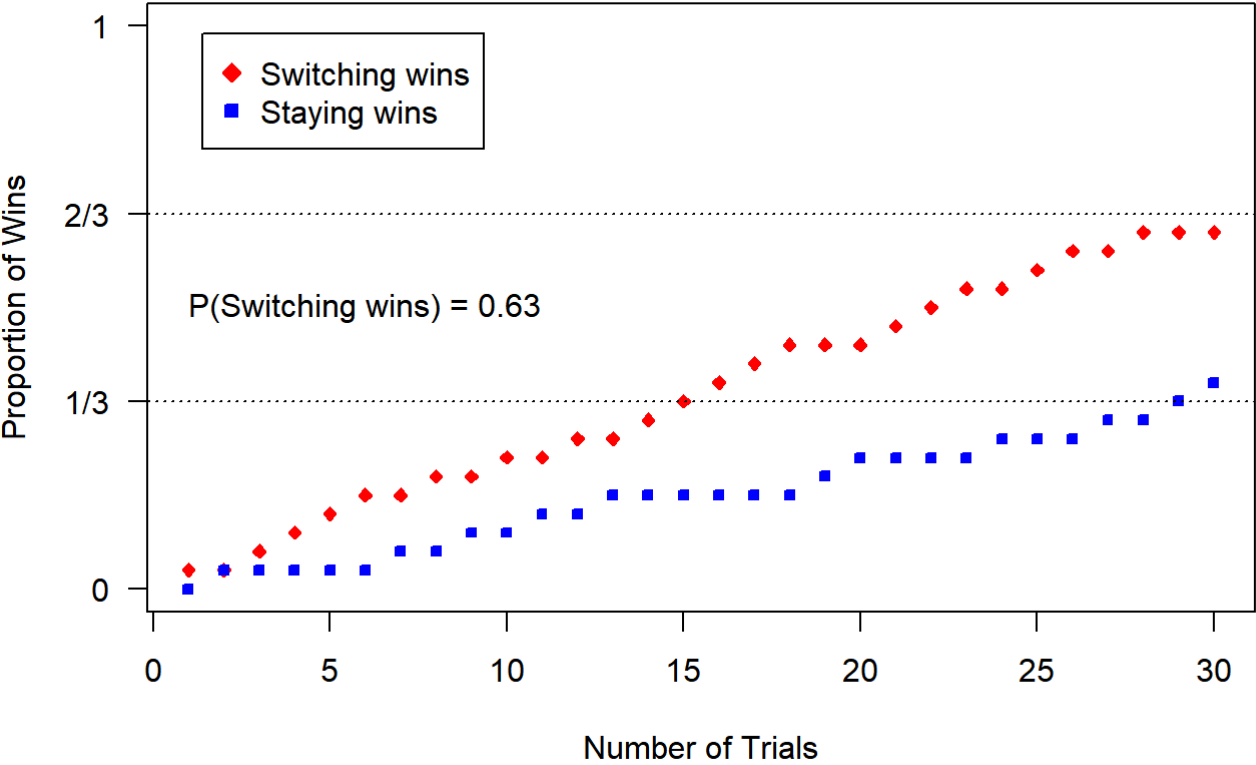
```
## [1] 0.6666667
```

```
Prop_Switching_wins_10 <- replicate(10, monty_plot(30))
```

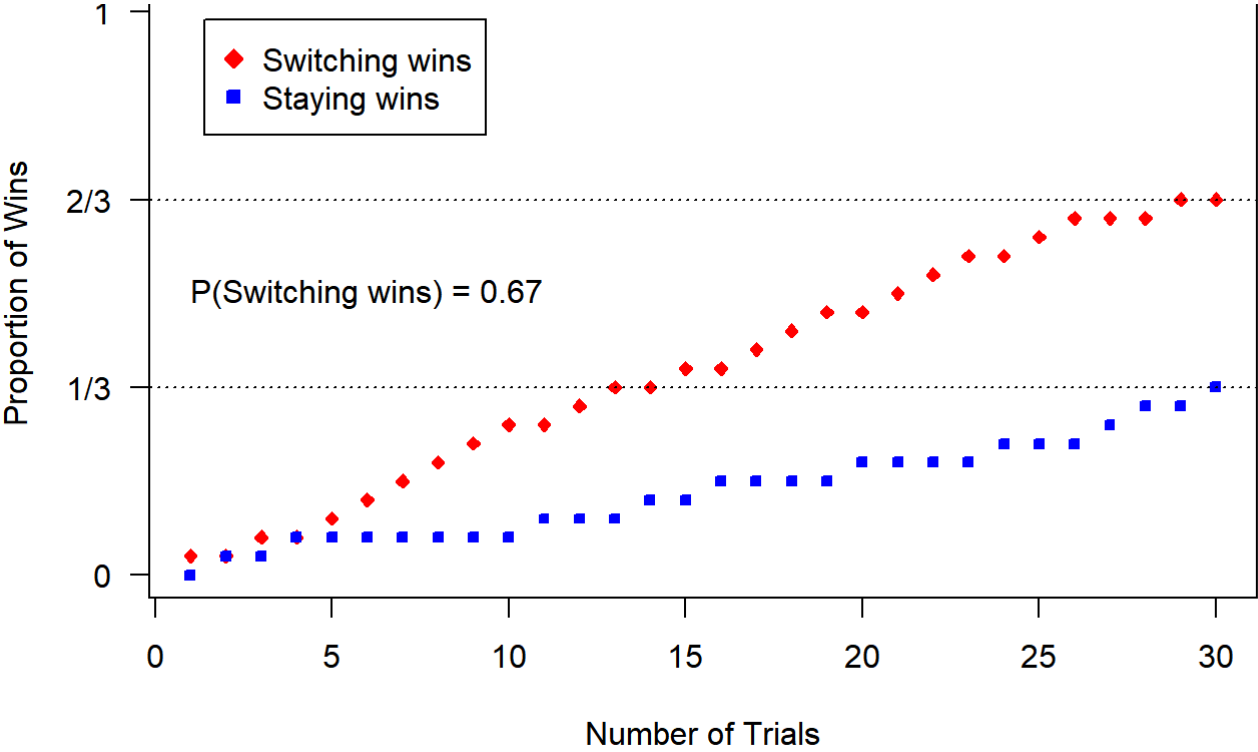
Monty Hall Simulation



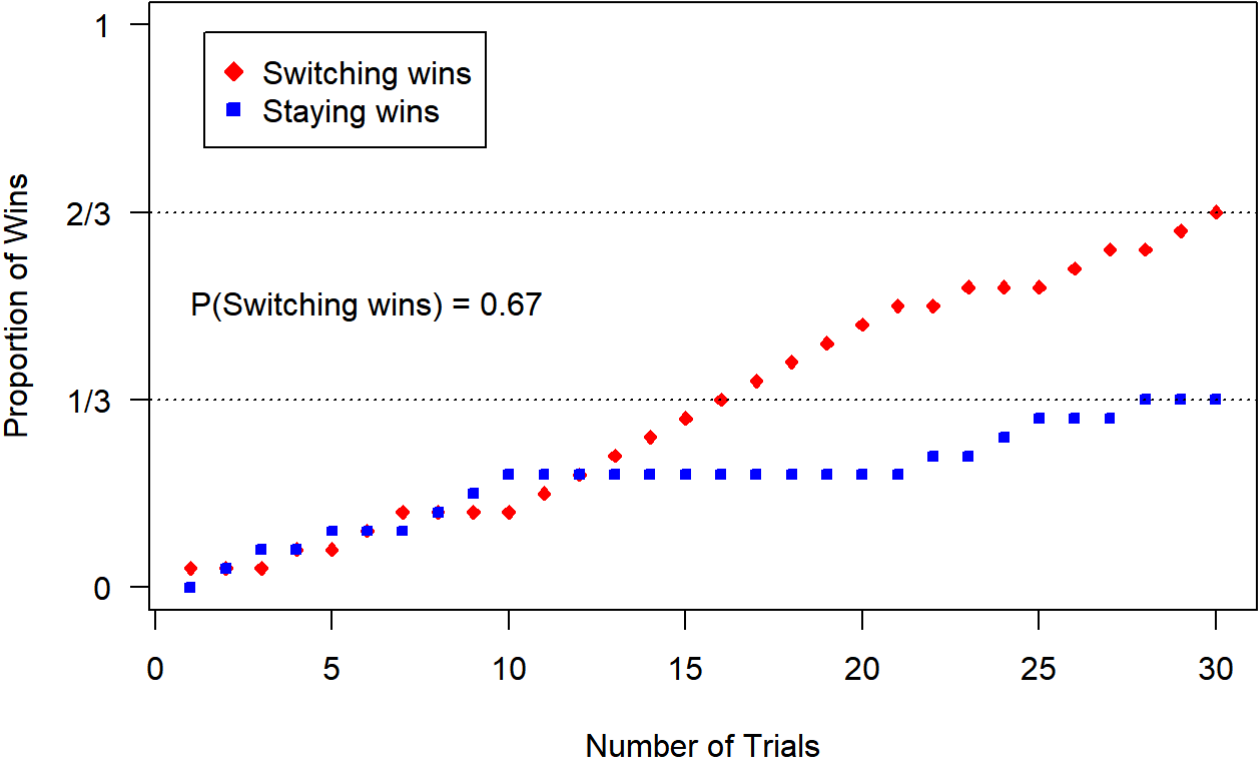
Monty Hall Simulation



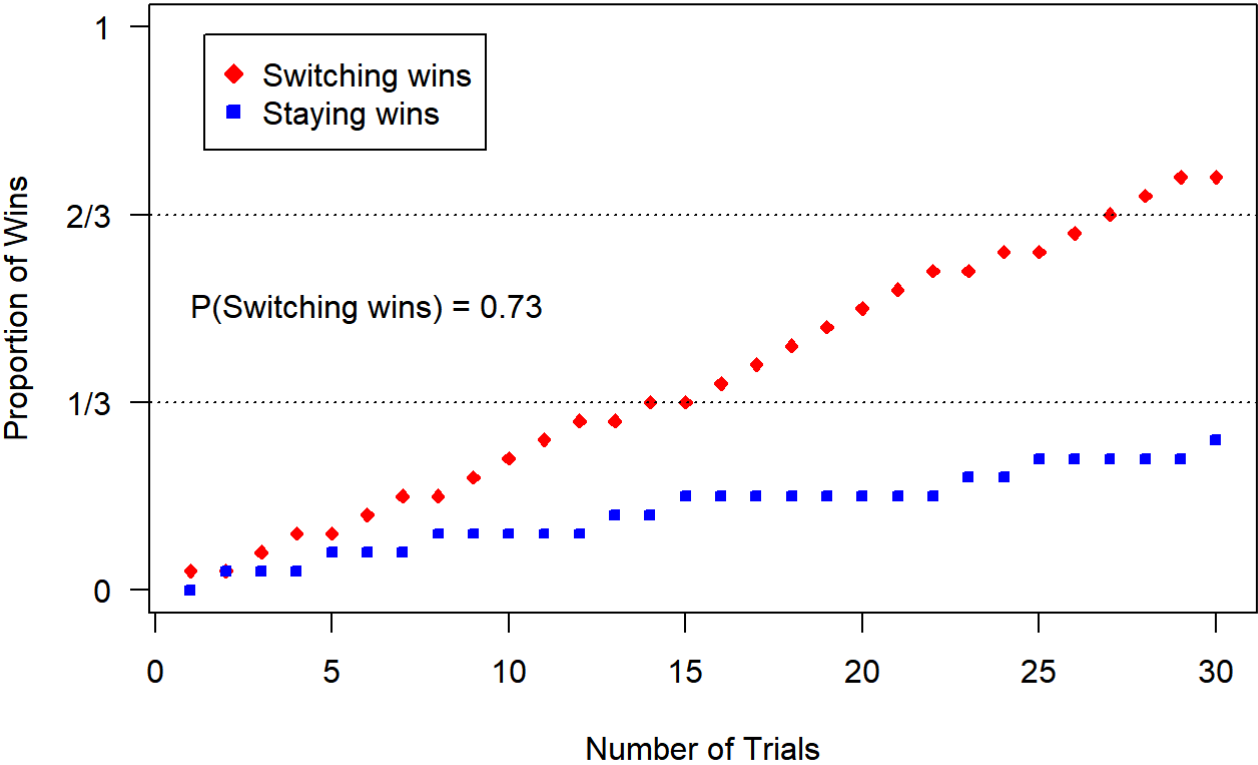
Monty Hall Simulation



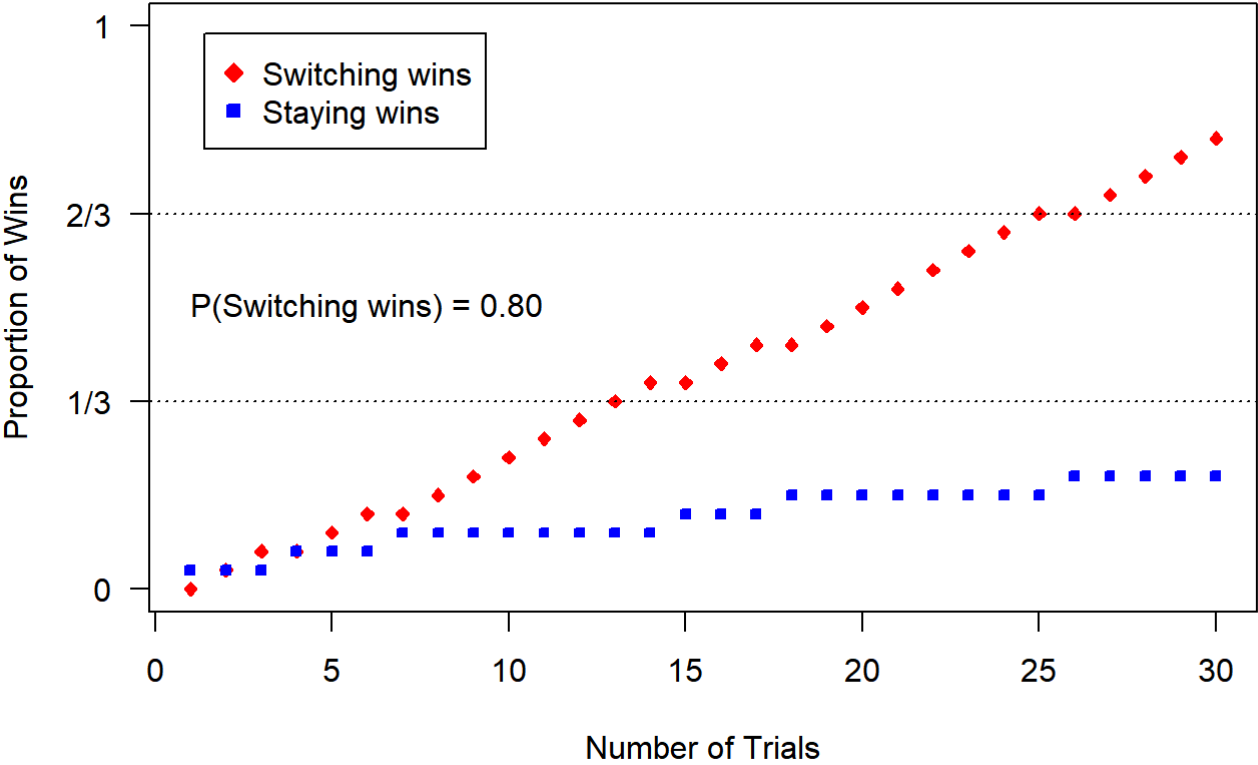
Monty Hall Simulation



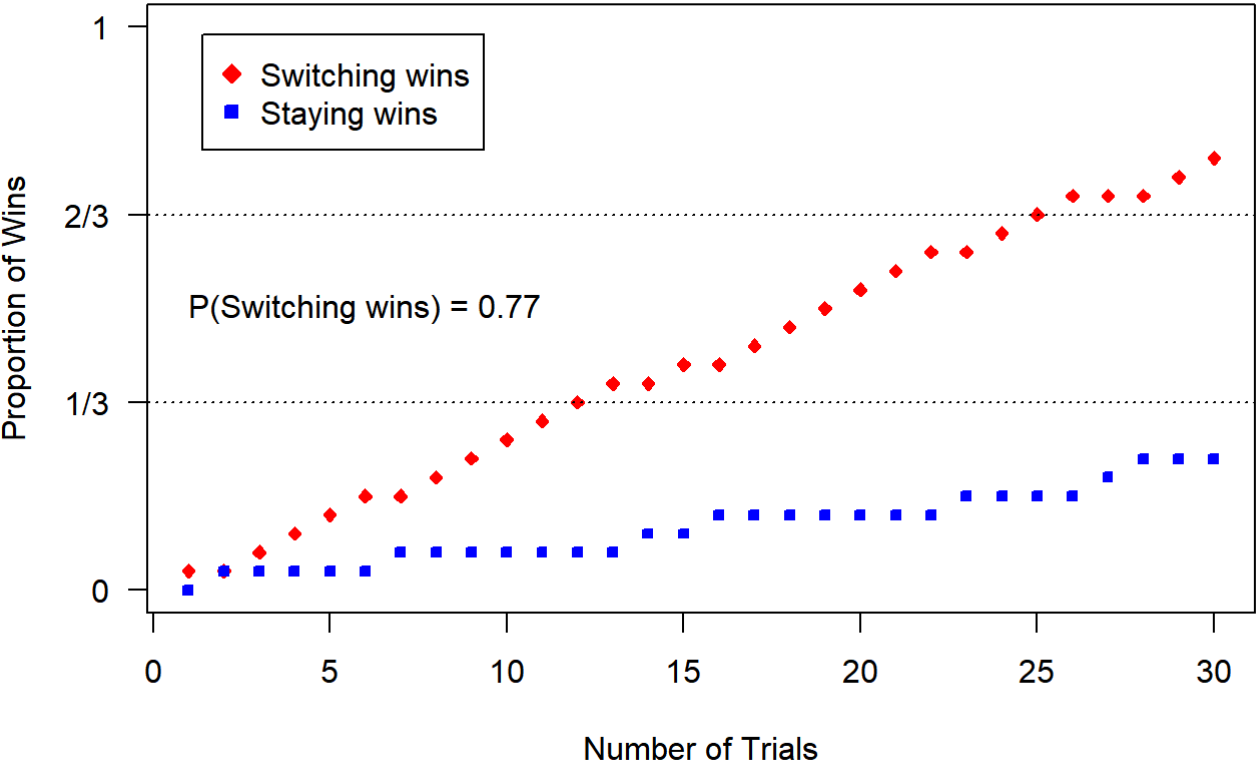
Monty Hall Simulation



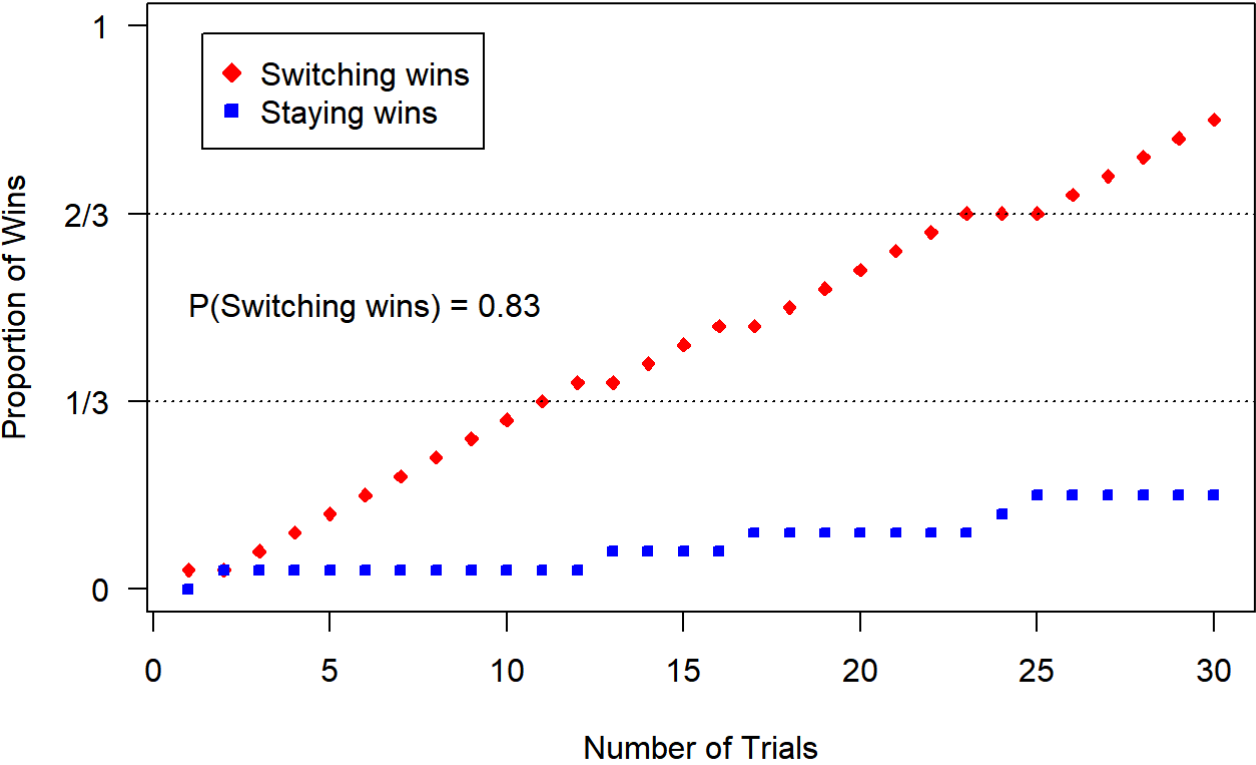
Monty Hall Simulation



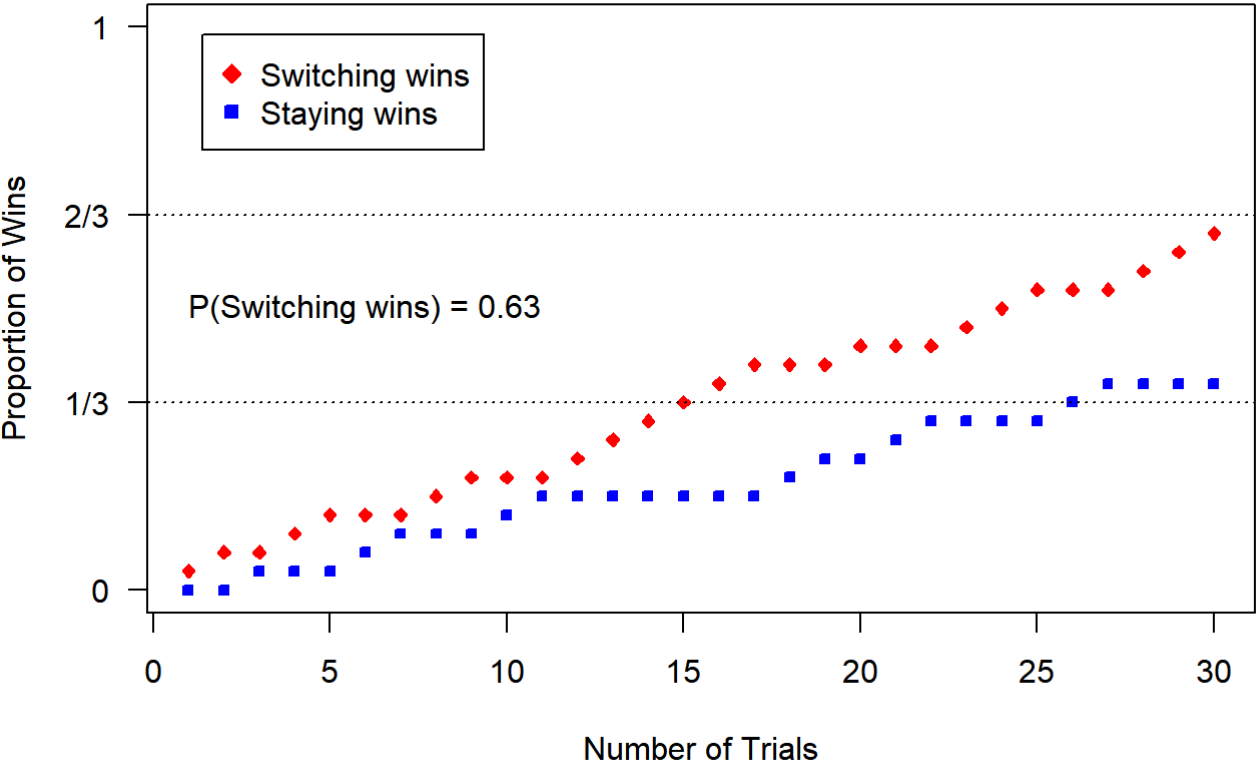
Monty Hall Simulation



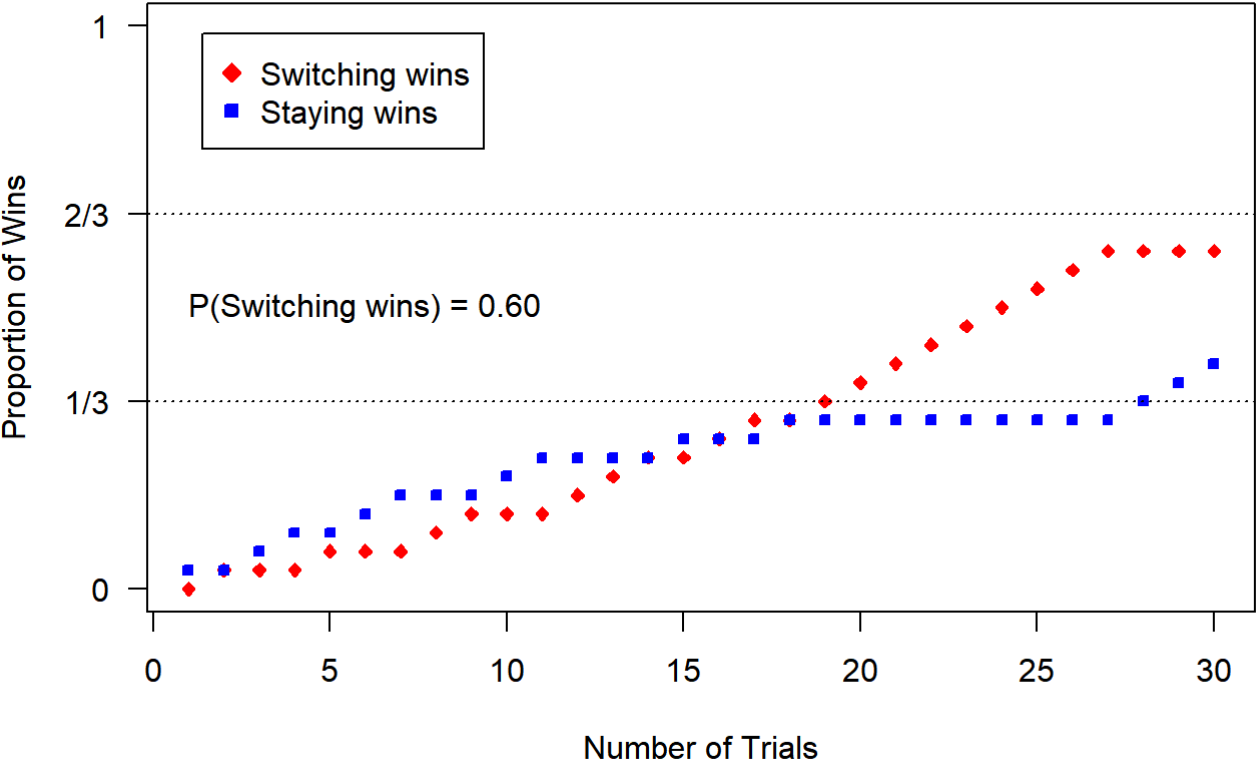
Monty Hall Simulation



Monty Hall Simulation



Monty Hall Simulation



Stem and Leaf

```
stem(Prop_Switching_wins_10)
```

```
##  
## The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the left of the |  
##  
## 5 | 3  
## 6 | 03377  
## 7 | 37  
## 8 | 03
```

ggplot

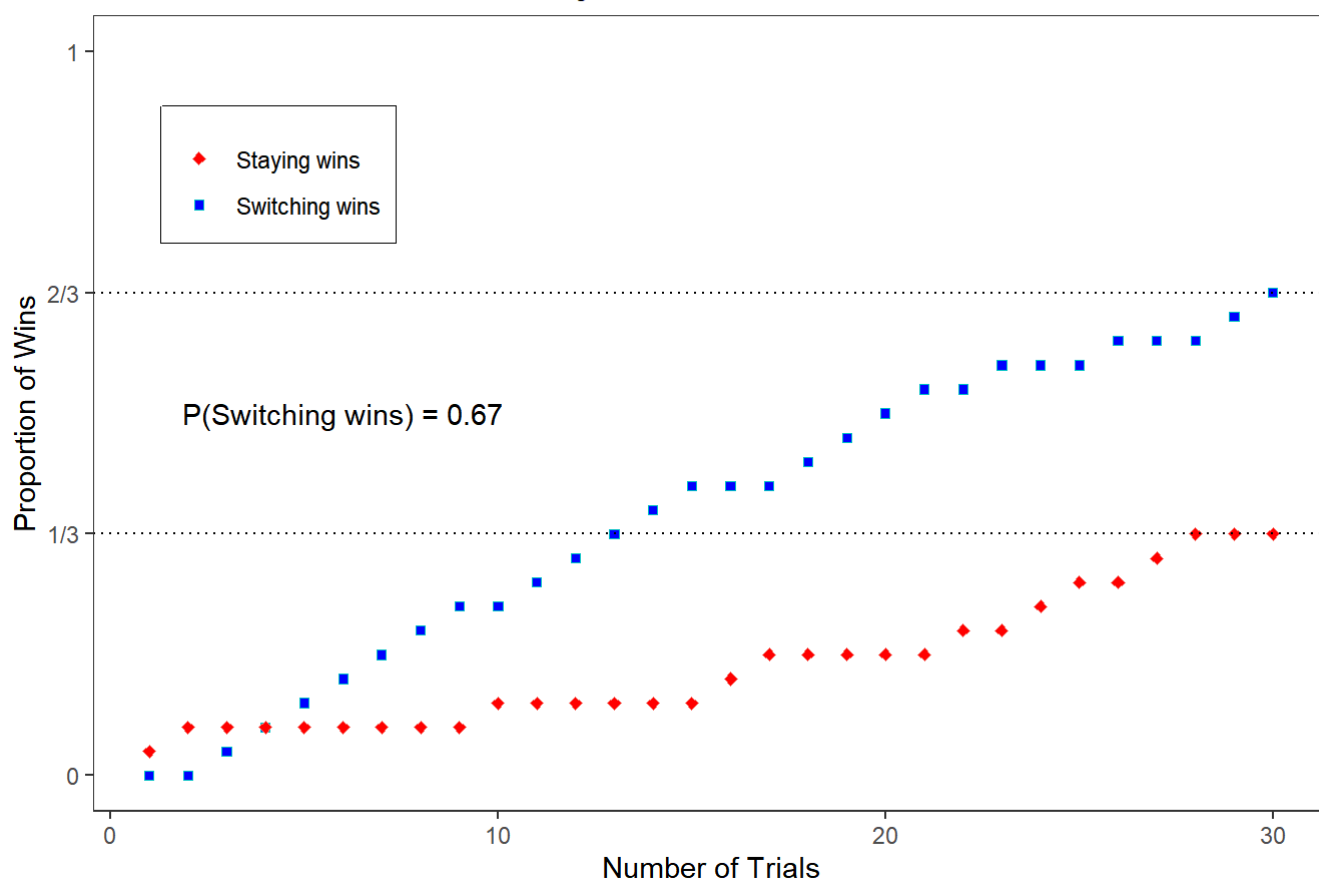
```

library(ggplot2)
monty_ggplot <- function(N) {
  monty_result <-
    replicate(N, monty_hall()) %>%
    t %>%
    data.frame
  y_switch <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins")
  # y_stay <- cumsum(monty_result[, 5] == "Staying wins")
  y_stay <- 1:N - y_switch
  y_df <- data.frame(x = rep(1:N, times = 2),
                    Result = c(y_switch, y_stay),
                    Decision = rep(c("Switching wins", "Staying wins"), each = N))
  p_wins <- sum(monty_result[, 5] == "Switching wins") / N
  monty <-
    ggplot(data = y_df,
           mapping = aes(x = x,
                         y = Result / N,
                         colour = Decision,
                         shape = Decision,
                         fill = Decision)) +

    geom_point() +
    scale_shape_manual(values = c(23, 22)) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue")) +
    scale_y_continuous(name = "Proportion of Wins",
                      limits = c(0, 1),
                      breaks = c(0, 1/3, 2/3, 1),
                      labels = c("0", "1/3", "2/3", "1")) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = c(1/3, 2/3),
              linetype = "dotted") +
    theme_bw() +
    labs(title = "Monty Hall Simulation",
         x = "Number of Trials") +
    annotate("text",
           x = N / 5,
           y = 1 / 2,
           label = paste0("P(Switching wins) = ", format(p_wins, digits = 2, nsmall = 2))) +
    theme(legend.position = c(0.15, 0.8),
          legend.title = element_blank(),
          legend.box.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent"),
          panel.grid = element_blank(),
          plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = 20))
  list(monty = monty, p_wins = p_wins)
}
monty_ggplot(30)$monty

```

Monty Hall Simulation



```
monty_ggplot(30)$p_wins
```

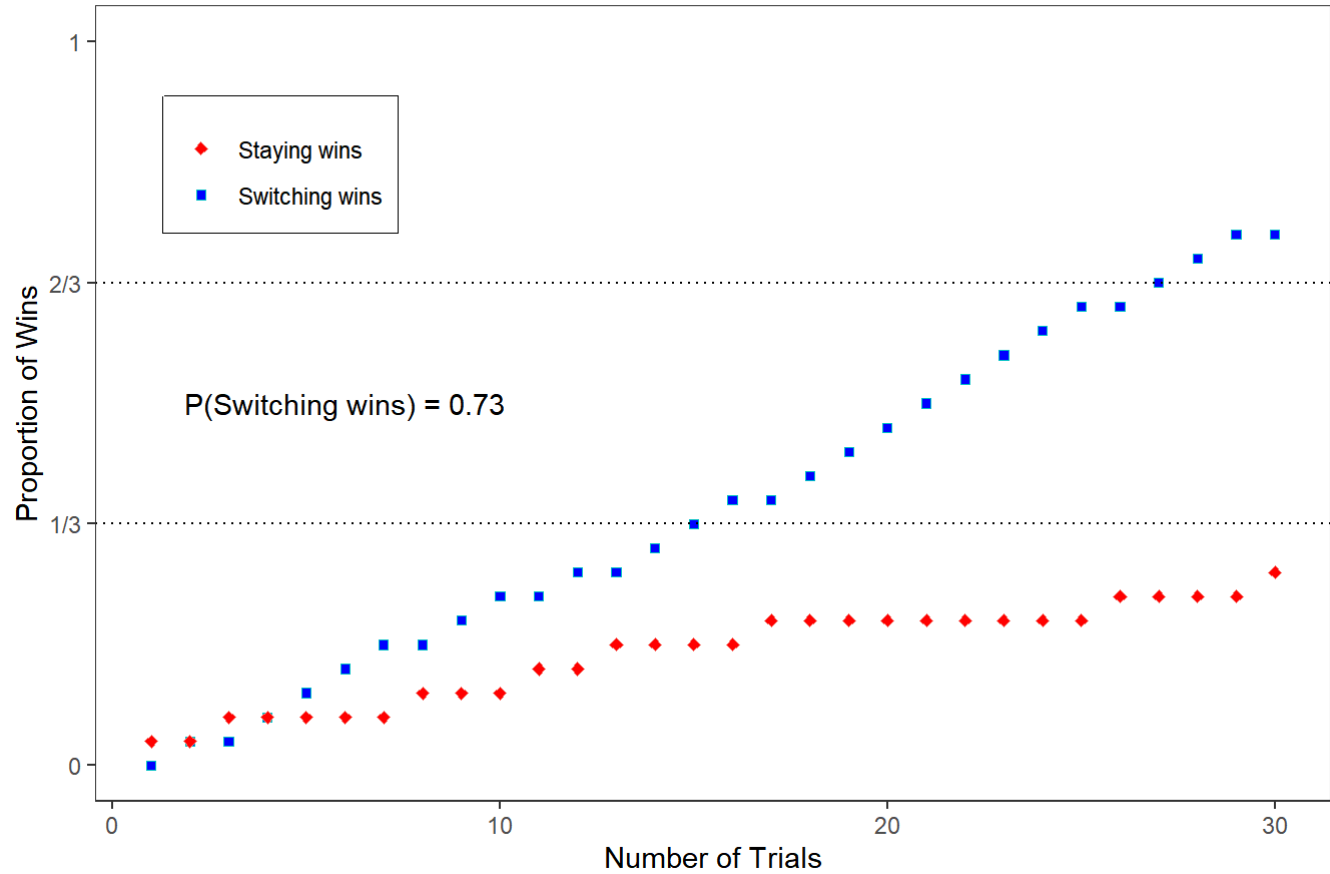
```
## [1] 0.6
```

Repetitions

```
x <- 10
m <- list()
while (x > 0) {
  m <- list(m, monty_ggplot(30)$monty)
  x <- x - 1
}
m
```

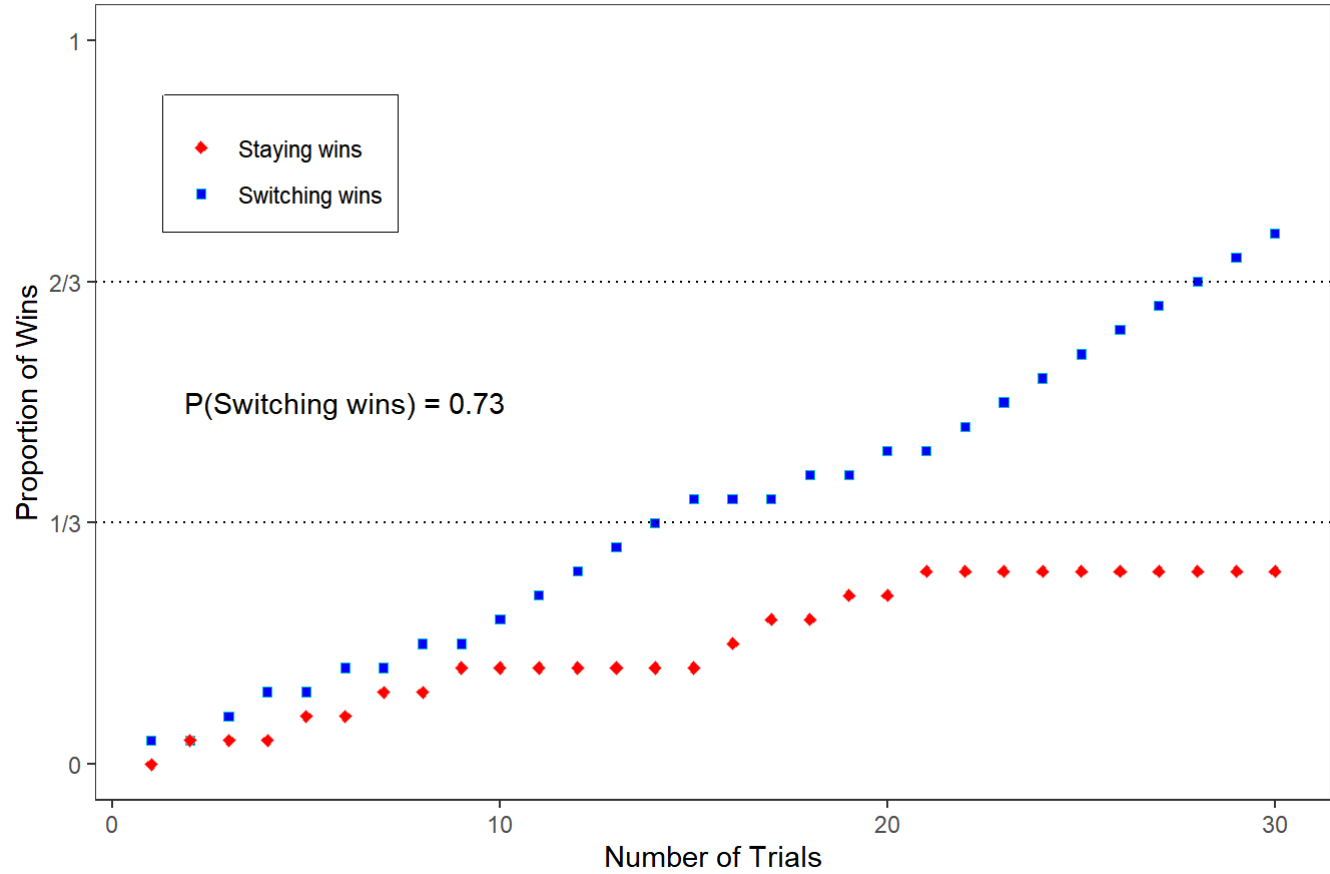
```
## [[1]]
## [[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]]
## list()
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



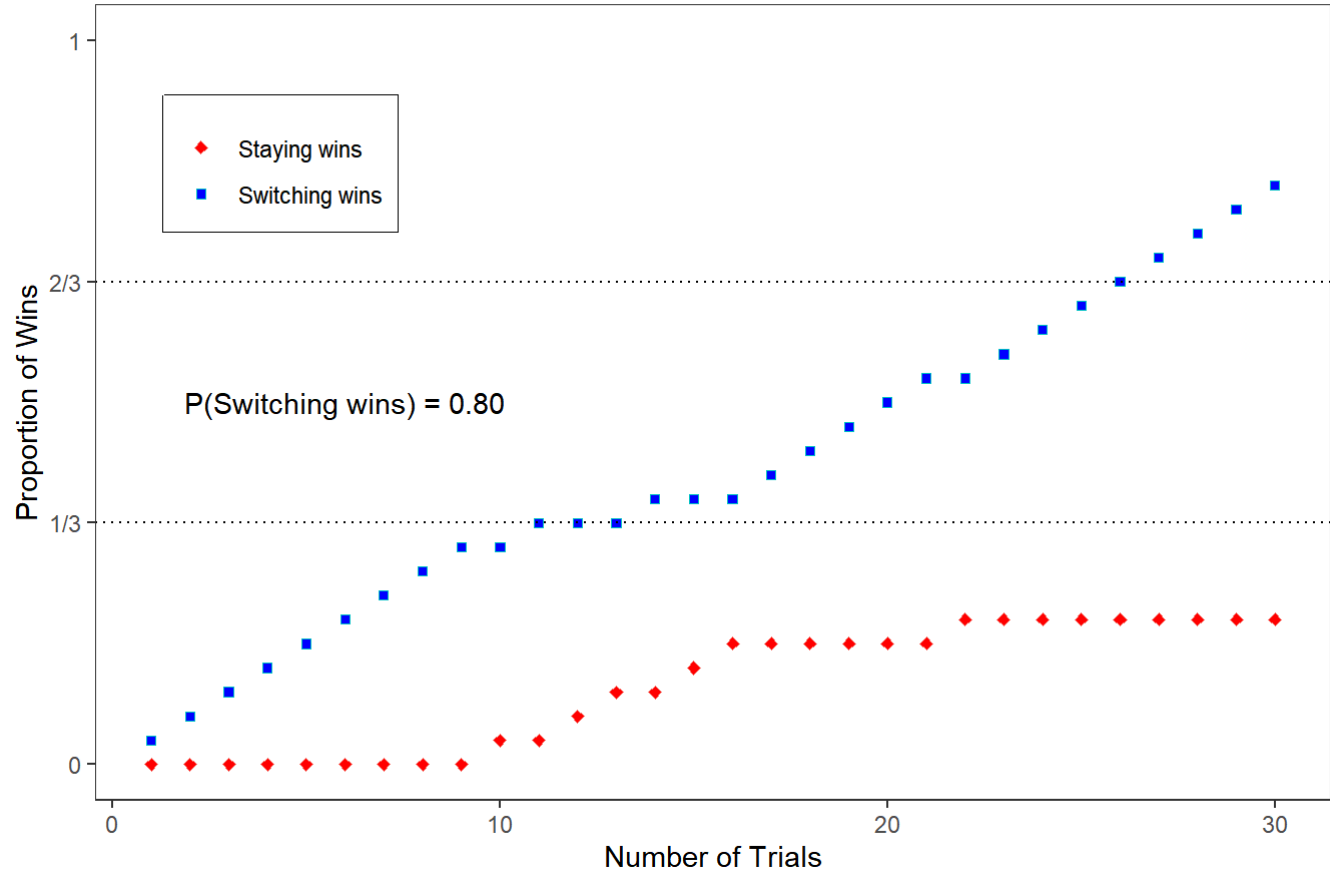
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



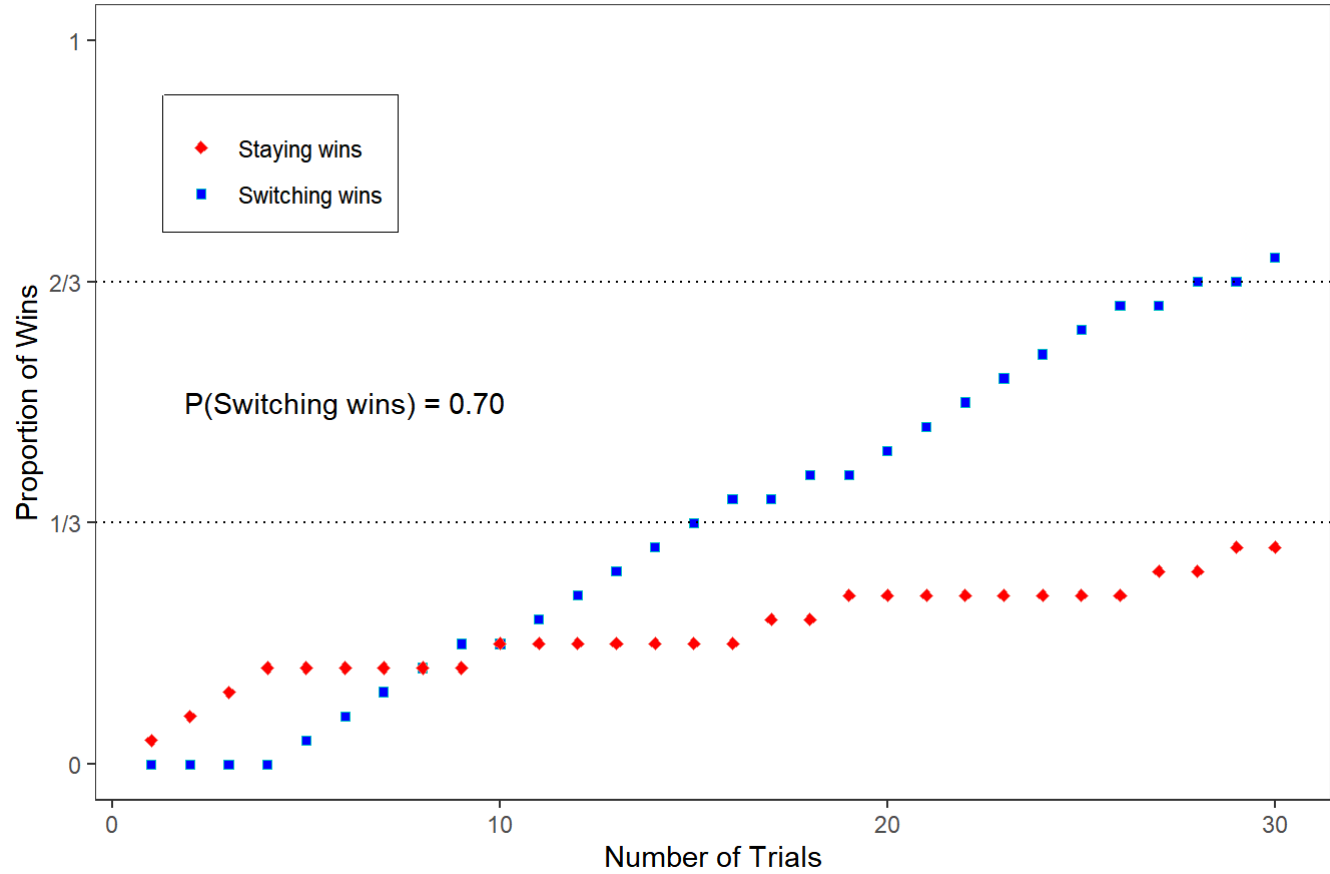
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```


Monty Hall Simulation



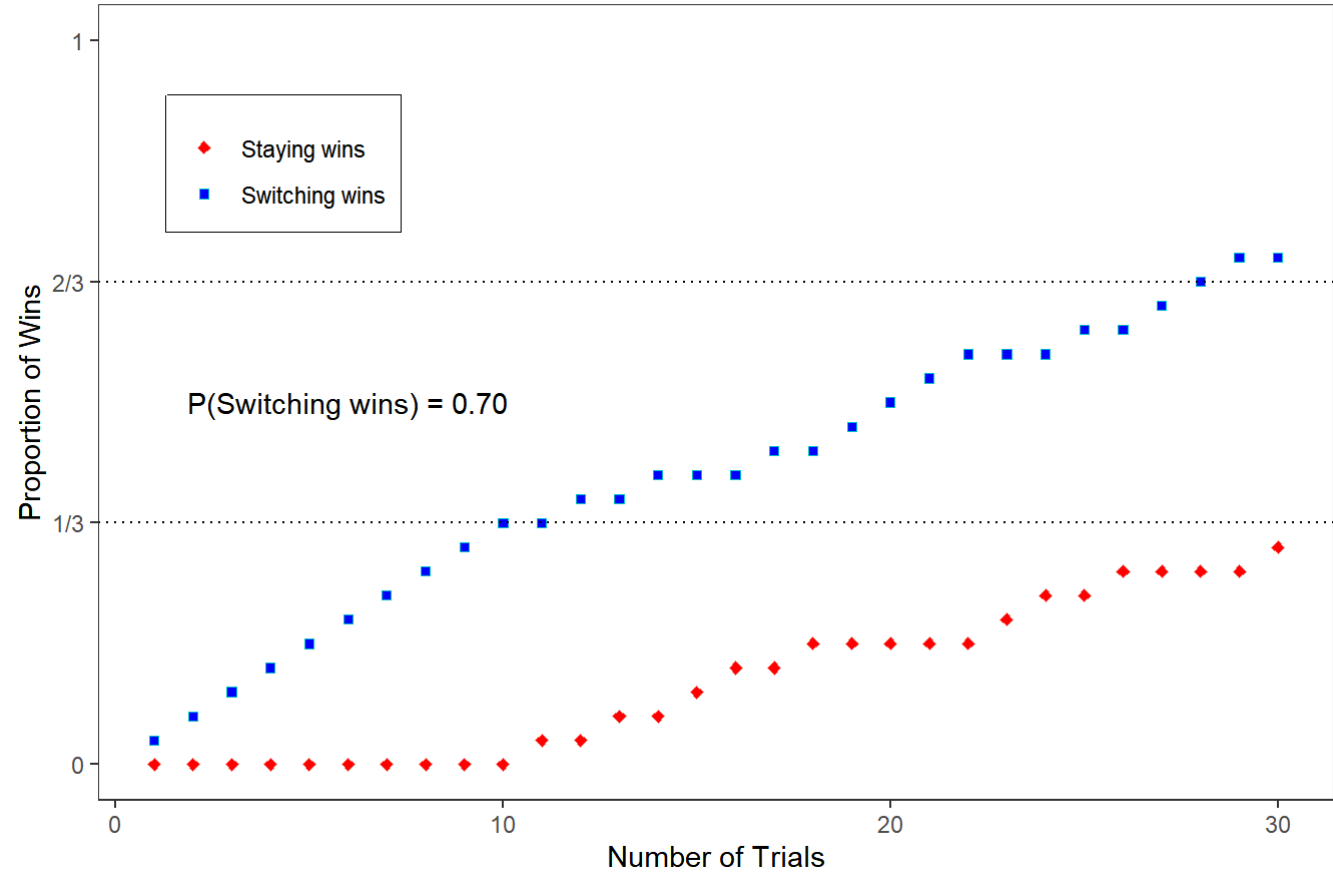
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



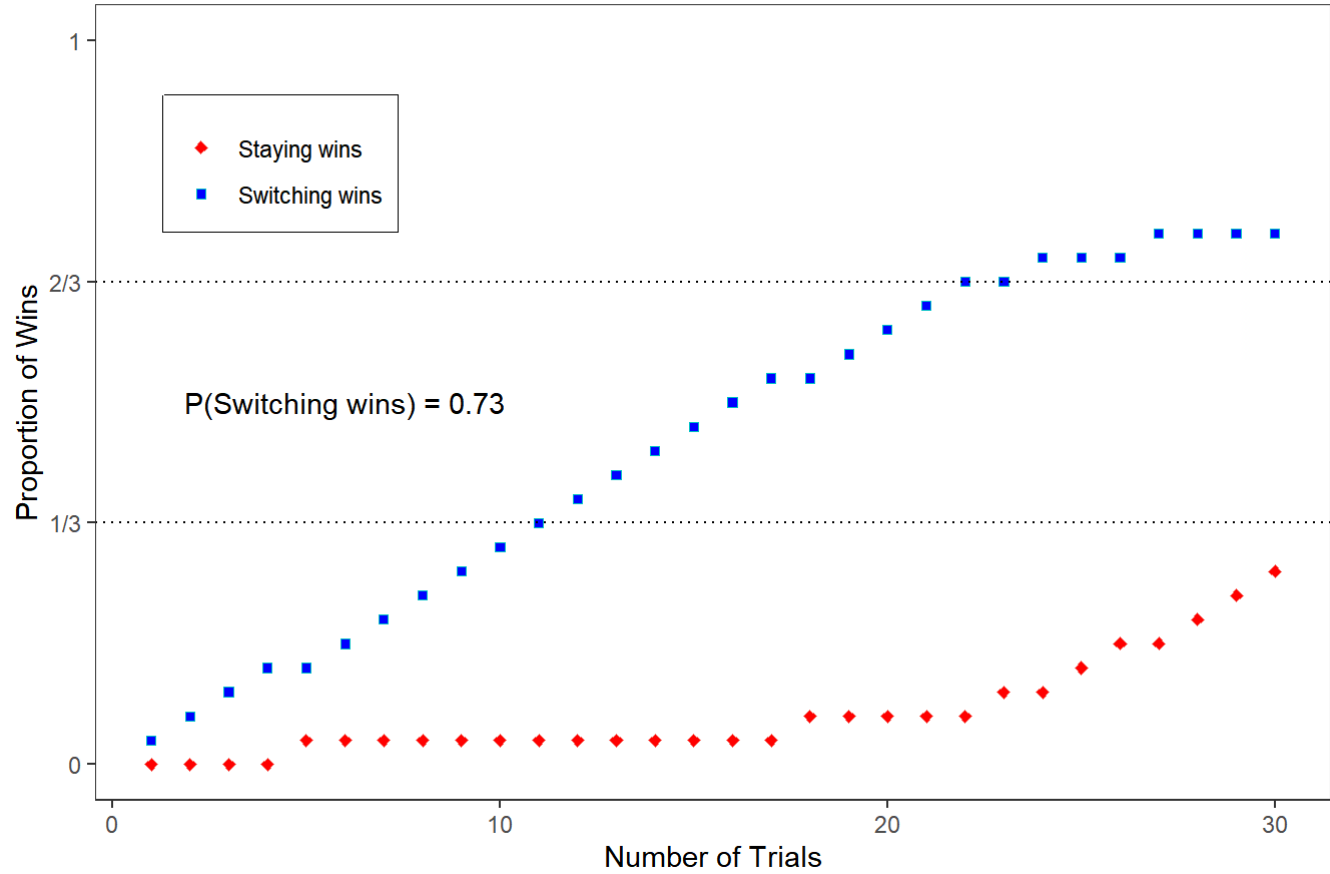
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



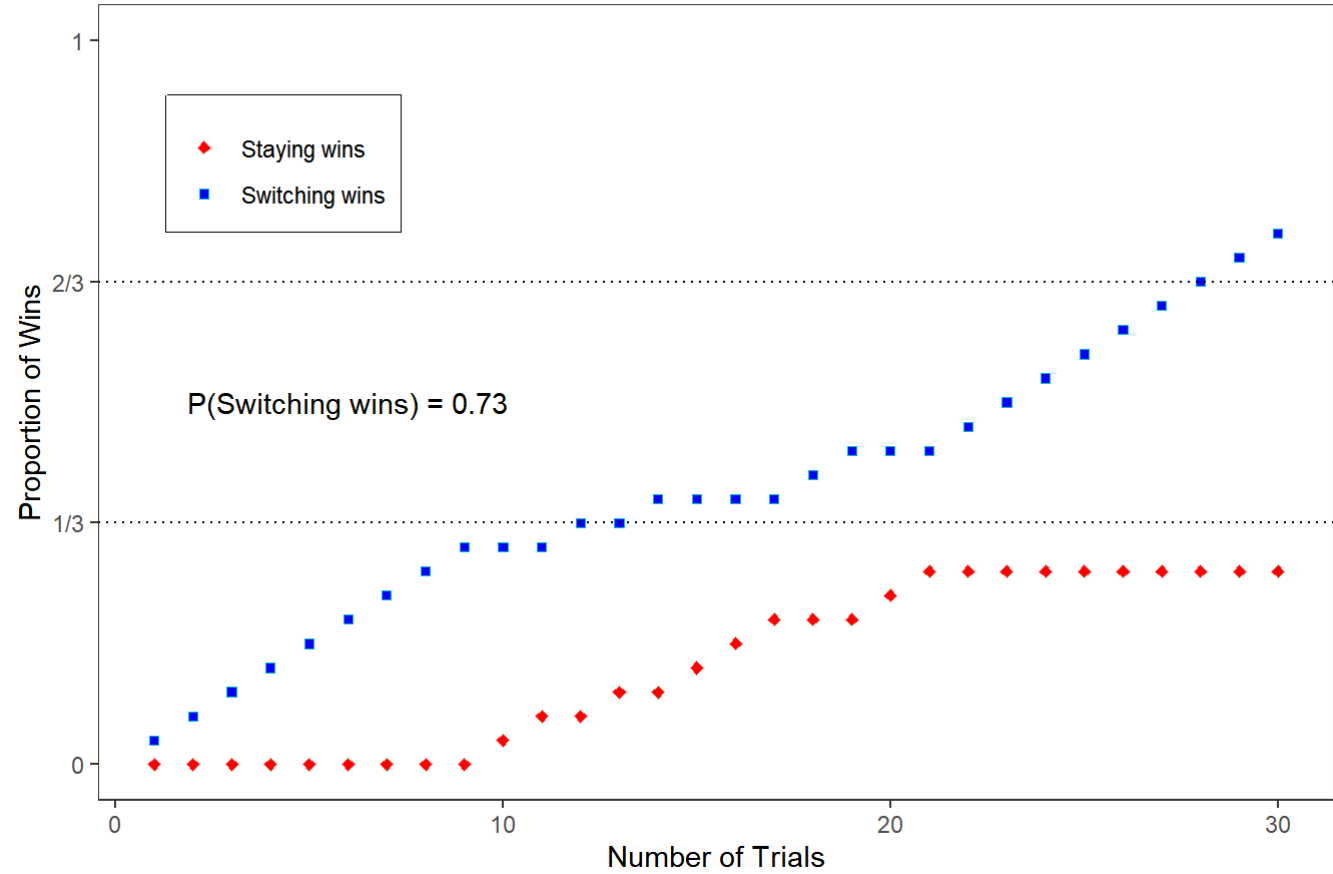
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



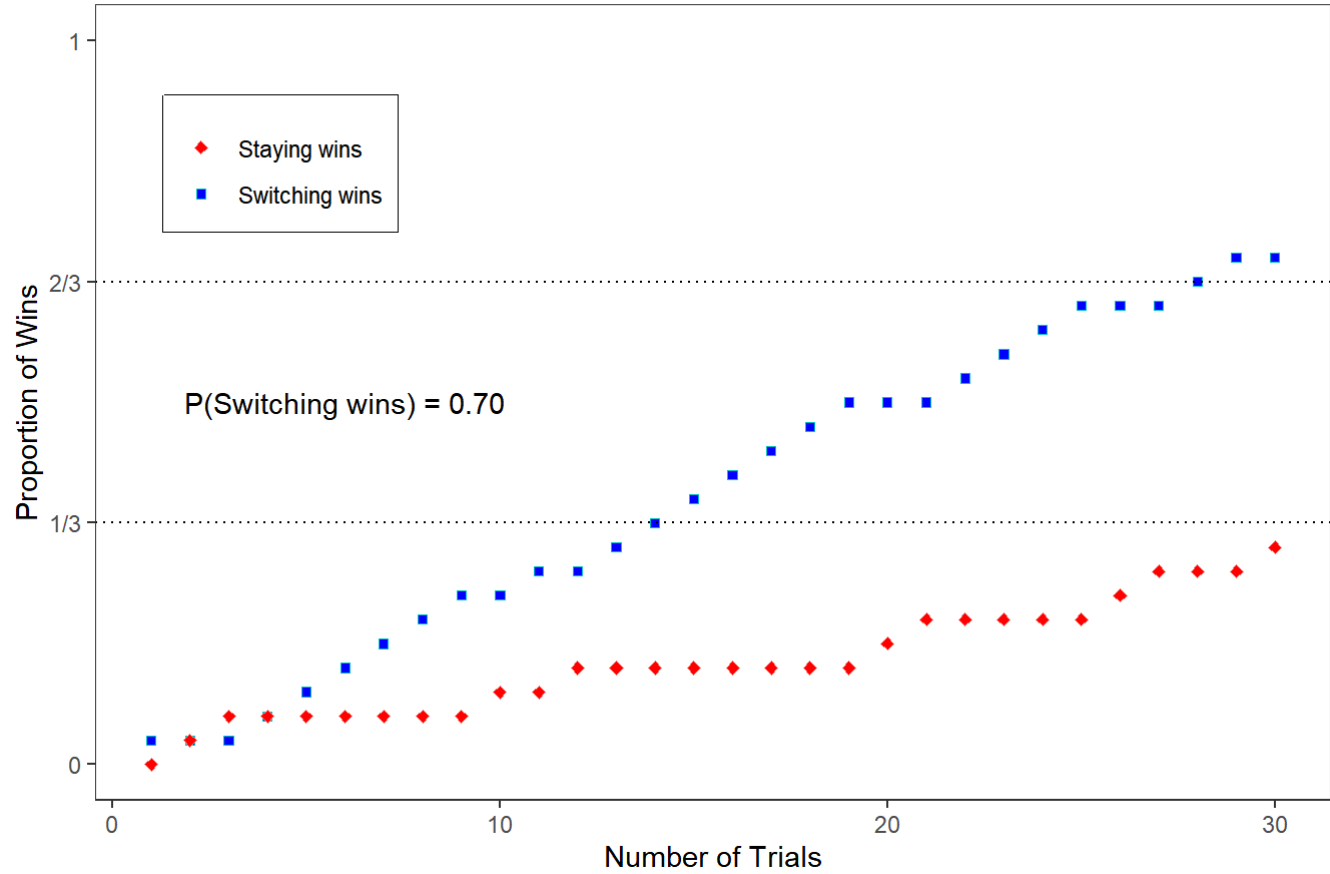
```
##
##
## [[1]][[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



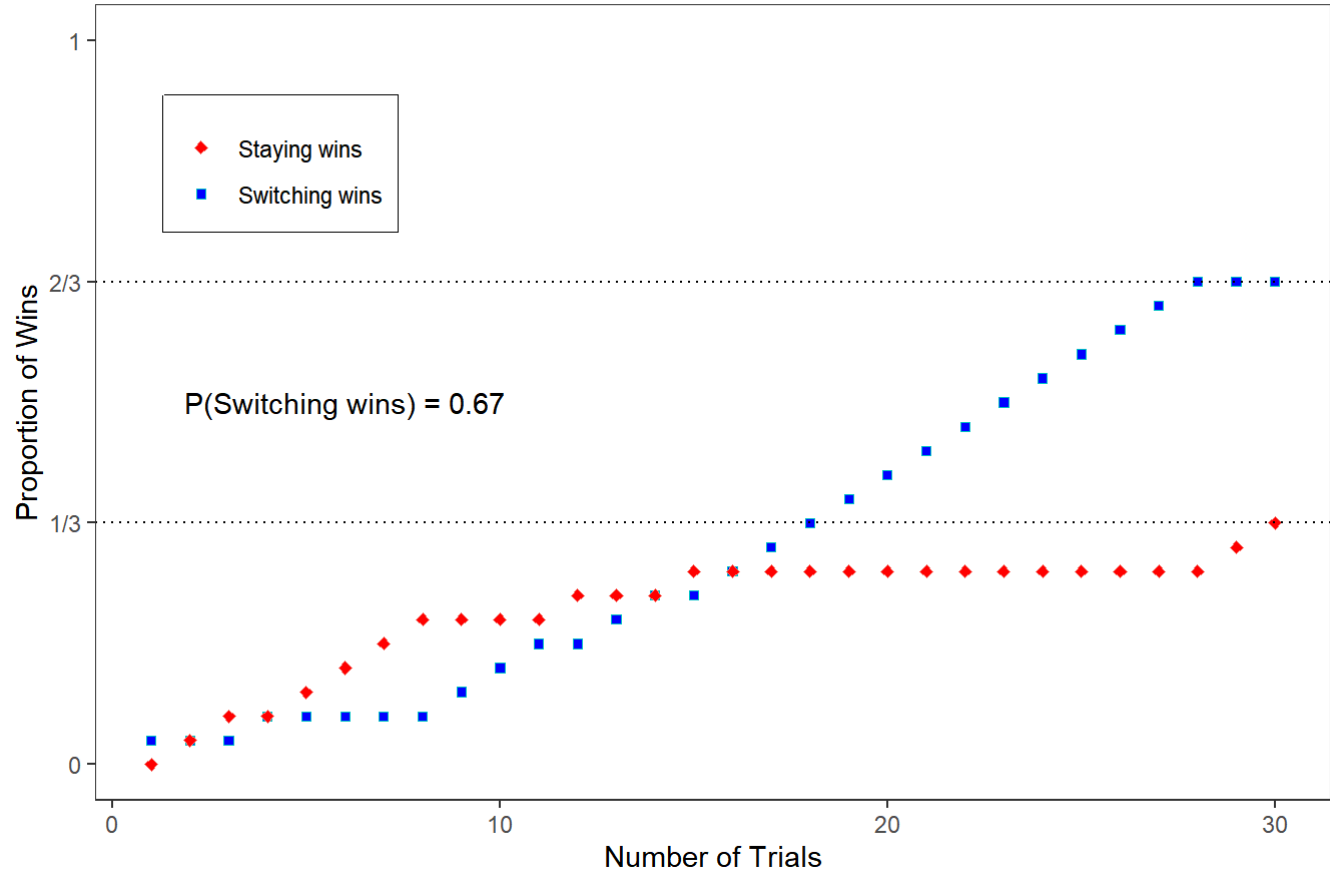
```
##  
##  
## [[1]][[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



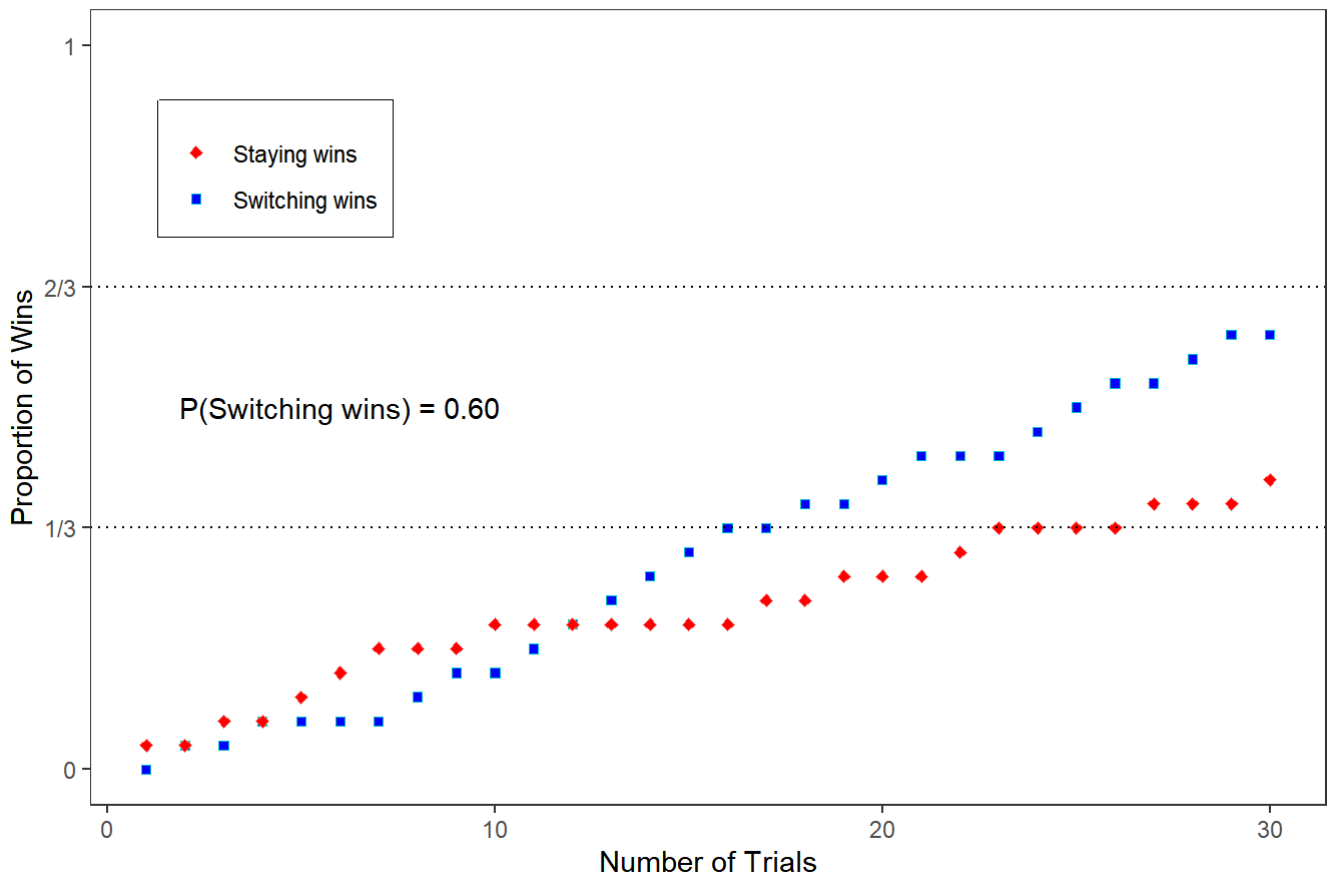
```
##
##
## [[1]][[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



```
##  
##  
## [[2]]
```

Monty Hall Simulation



```
Prop_Switching_wins_100 <- replicate(100, monty_ggplot(30)$p_wins)
```

Stem and Leaf

```
stem(Prop_Switching_wins_100)
```

```
##
## The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the left of the |
##
## 4 | 77
## 5 | 033333
## 5 | 77777777
## 6 | 000000000000333333333333333333333333
## 6 | 7777777777
## 7 | 000000000000000033333333333333
## 7 | 7777777
## 8 | 00033
```

Comments

이번시간에는 Monty_Hall쇼를 통해서 시뮬레이션을 해보는 작업을 할수있었습니다. 기존의 생각에서는 바꿨을 때 확률이 1/2인줄 알았지만 그렇지 않다는 것을 알게되었습니다. 이해가 잘 안되는 부분이 있었지만 모의 실험을 한 결과를 보았을때 바꾸었을때 2/3에 가깝다는 것을 데이터로 확인할수있었습니다. ggplot과 base plot을 이용하여 2가지로 만드는 방법을 알 수 있었습니다. 개요부분을 통해 Monty_Hall을 만드는 식을 알수있었습니다. Monty_Hall replicate를 이용하여 반복하여 30번의 실험 결과를 확인할수 있었습니다. pch를 통해 모양을 바

꽤 더 쉽게 알아볼수있었습니다. r로 실험을 한 결과 대부분의 바꾼다를 선택했을때 2/3 에 수렴한다는 것을 확인하였습니다. 이해가 안되는 것들을 데이터시각화를 통해 알아내 쉽게 이해할수 있다는 것을 깨닫는 수업이었습니다.