Women and Children First!

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타이타닉호의 침몰 과정에서 여성과 어린이를 먼저 구한다는 원칙은 지켜졌는가?

Data

datasets 패키지에 들어있으므로 불러들이기만 하면 됨. 자료의 구조 파악.

```
library(magrittr)
library(knitr)
library(pander)
library(ggplot2)
library(extrafont)
```

```
## Registering fonts with R
```

```
data(Titanic)
Titanic %>% str
```

```
## 'table' num [1:4, 1:2, 1:2, 1:2] 0 0 35 0 0 0 17 0 118 154 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 4
## ..$ Class : chr [1:4] "1st" "2nd" "3rd" "Crew"
## ..$ Sex : chr [1:2] "Male" "Female"
## ..$ Age : chr [1:2] "Child" "Adult"
## ..$ Survived: chr [1:2] "No" "Yes"
```

Array

4-차원 array table이므로 보기 쉽게 ftable (flat table) 적용. **객실 등급(class)**은 1등실부터 선원까지이고 선원 중에 어린이는 없었으며.

```
Titanic %>% ftable %>% as.matrix %>% kable(align = "c")
```

	No	Yes
1st_Male_Child	0	5
1st_Male_Adult	118	57
1st_Female_Child	0	1
1st_Female_Adult	4	140
2nd_Male_Child	0	11
2nd_Male_Adult	154	14
2nd_Female_Child	0	13

	No	Yes
2nd_Female_Adult	13	80
3rd_Male_Child	35	13
3rd_Male_Adult	387	75
3rd_Female_Child	17	14
3rd_Female_Adult	89	76
Crew_Male_Child	0	0
Crew_Male_Adult	670	192
Crew_Female_Child	0	0
Crew_Female_Adult	3	20

4-dimensional array 인 점을 감안하여 각 변수의 주변합을 구해보면

Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = 1, FUN = sum) %>% as.matrix %>% t %>% kable(align = "c")

1st	2nd	3rd	Crew
325	285	706	885

Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = sum) %>% as.matrix %>% t %>% kable(align = "c")

Male	Female
1731	470

Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = 3, FUN = sum) %>% as.matrix %>% t %>% kable(align = "c")

Child	Adult
109	2092

Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = 4, FUN = sum) %>% as.matrix %>% t %>% kable(align = "c")

No	Yes
1490	711

분할표를 구하되 상황 파악이 편하게 열과 행을 조정.

Titanic %>%
 apply(MARGIN = 1:2, FUN = sum)

```
##
        Sex
## Class Male Female
##
         180
    1st
                 145
##
    2nd
          179
                 106
##
    3rd 510
                 196
##
    Crew 862
                  23
```

```
Titanic %>%

apply(MARGIN = 2:1, FUN = sum)
```

```
## Class
## Sex 1st 2nd 3rd Crew
## Male 180 179 510 862
## Female 145 106 196 23
```

```
Titanic %>%

apply(MARGIN = c(3, 1), FUN = sum)
```

```
## Class
## Age 1st 2nd 3rd Crew
## Child 6 24 79 0
## Adult 319 261 627 885
```

```
Surv_Class <- Titanic %>%

apply(MARGIN = c(4, 1), FUN = sum)
```

Proportions

객실 등급별 생존률을 비교하려면. (우선, 자릿수를 정해 놓고)

```
options(digits = 3)
#> Titanic %>%
#> apply(MARG/N = c(4, 1), FUN = sum) %>%
Surv_Class %>%
   prop.table(margin = 2) %>%
   `*`(100) %>%
   rbind(., "Sum" = colSums(.))
```

```
## 1st 2nd 3rd Crew

## No 37.5 58.6 74.8 76

## Yes 62.5 41.4 25.2 24

## Sum 100.0 100.0 100.0 100
```

Plots

이를 barplot 으로 나타내는 데 있어서 각 argument 가 왜 필요한지 시행착오를 거쳐 파악해 볼 것.

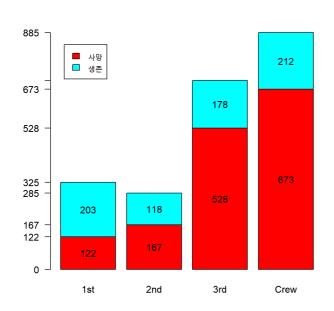
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
#> Titanic %>%
#> apply(MARGIN = c(4, 1), FUN = sum)
pos <- function(x){
   cumsum(x) - x / 2
}
pos <- . %>% {`-`(cumsum(.), . / 2)}
b1 <- Surv_Class %>%
   barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
```

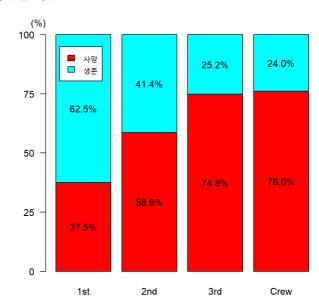
```
## Warning in axis(if (horiz) 2 else 1, at = at.l, labels = names.arg, lty = ## axis.lty, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
axis(side = 2,
     at = Surv_Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%% c(0, .),
     labels = Surv_Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%\% c(0, .),
     las = 2)
y1_text <- apply(Surv_Class,
                 MARGIN = 2,
                 FUN = pos)
# y1_text <- c(Surv_Class[1, ] / 2, Surv_Class[1, ] + Surv_Class[2, ] / 2)
\# text(x = rep(b1, times = 2),
      y = y1_t ext
       labels = c(Surv_Class[1, ], Surv_Class[2, ]))
text(x = rep(b1, each = 2),
     y = y1_{text}
     labels = Surv_Class)
legend("topleft", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
#> Titanic %>%
\# apply(c(4,1), sum)
p1 <- Surv_Class %>%
 prop.table(margin = 2)
b1_p <- p1 %>%
 barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
axis(side = 2,
     at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.25),
     labels = seq(0, 100, by = 25),
     las = 2)
mtext("(%)", side = 2, at = 1.05, line = 0, las = 2)
p1_{text} \leftarrow apply(p1,
                 MARGIN = 2.
                 FUN = pos)
# p1_text <- c(p1[1, ] / 2, p1[1, ] + p1[2, ] / 2)
text(x = b1_p \%>\%
      rep(each = 2).
    y = p1_{text}
     labels = p1 %>%
       `*`(100) %>%
       format(digits = 2, nsmall = 1) %>%
       paste0("%"))
legend("topleft", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
title(main = "객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = 1.5,
      family = "KoPubWorldDotum Bold")
```

Warning in title(main = "객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, : font ## family not found in Windows font database

객실 등급별 생존/사망





dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot01.png", width = 840, height = 420)

Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot01.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database

Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot01.png", width = 840, height =
420): font family not found in Windows font database

png ## 3

dev.off()

png ## 2

```
## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, x|ab = x|ab, y|ab = y|ab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, x|ab = x|ab, y|ab = y|ab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, x|ab = x|ab, y|ab = y|ab): font family not
## found in Windows font database
```

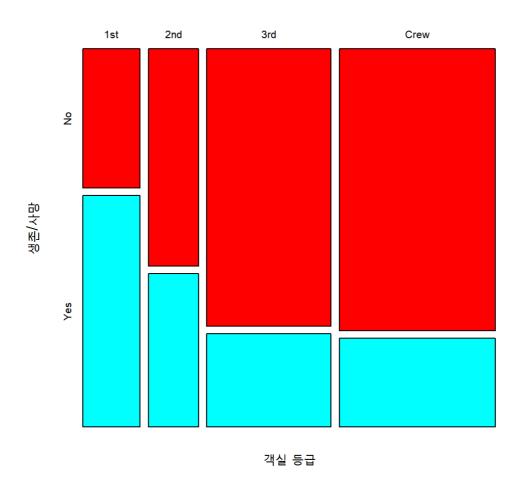
```
## Warning in text.default(x = x.l + (x.r - x.l)/2, y = 1000 - 35 \times \text{cex.axis}/0.66 ## + : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database
```

객실 등급별 생존/사망



dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, height = 320)

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font ## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot01.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

성별 생존/사망

Cross-table 을 계속 작성해 가자면

```
Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = 2:3, FUN = sum)
```

```
## Age
## Sex Child Adult
## Male 64 1667
## Female 45 425
```

```
Titanic %>% apply(MARGIN = c(2,4), FUN = sum)
```

```
## Survived
## Sex No Yes
## Male 1364 367
## Female 126 344
```

```
Surv_Sex <- Titanic %>%
apply(MARGIN = c(4,2), FUN = sum)
```

남녀 생존률을 비교하려면,

```
## Male Female
## No 78.8 26.8
## Yes 21.2 73.2
## Sum 100.0 100.0
```

Plots

이를 barplot 으로 나타내는 데 있어서 각 argument 가 왜 필요한지 시행착오를 겪어 볼 것.

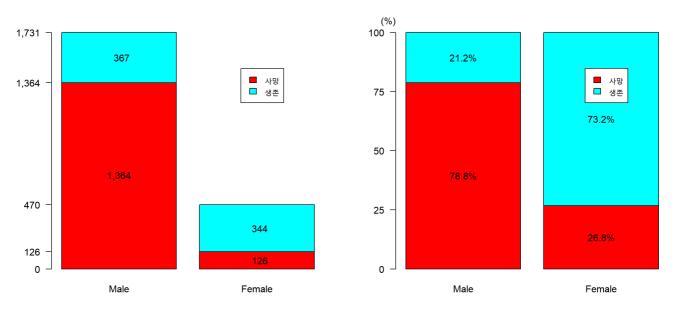
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
b2 <- Surv_Sex %>%
barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in axis(if (horiz) 2 else 1, at = at.1, labels = names.arg, lty = ## axis.lty, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
axis(side = 2,
    at = Surv_Sex %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%\% c(0, .),
     labels = Surv_Sex %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%\% c(0, .) \%\%
       format(big.mark = ","),
     las = 2)
# y2_text <- c(Surv_Sex[1, ] / 2, Surv_Sex[1, ] + Surv_Sex[2, ] / 2)
y2_text <- apply(Surv_Sex,</pre>
                 MARGIN = 2,
                 FUN = pos)
text(x = rep(b2, each = 2),
     y = y2_{text}
     labels = Surv_Sex %>%
       format(big.mark = ","))
legend("topright", inset = 0.15, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
p2 <- Surv_Sex %>%
 prop.table(margin = 2)
b2_p <- p2 %>%
 barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
axis(side = 2,
     at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.25),
     labels = seq(0, 100, by = 25),
mtext("(%)". side = 2. at = 1.05. line = 0. las = 2)
# p2_text <- c(p2[1, ] / 2, p2[1, ] + p2[2, ] / 2)
p2_{text} \leftarrow apply(p2,
                 MARGIN = 2,
                 FUN = pos)
text(x = b2_p \%)
       rep(each = 2),
    y = p2_{text}
     labels = p2 %>%
       `*`(100) %>%
       format(digits = 2, nsmall = 1) %>%
       paste0("%"))
legend("topright", inset = 0.15, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
title(main = "성별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = 1.5,
      family = "KoPubWorldDotum Bold")
```

```
## Warning in title(main = "성별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = ## 1.5, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

성별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot02.png", width = 840, height = 420)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot02.png", width = 840, height =
## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot02.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
mosaicplot(t(Surv_Sex), main = "성별 생존/사망",
xlab = "남/여", ylab = "생존/사망",
col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database
```

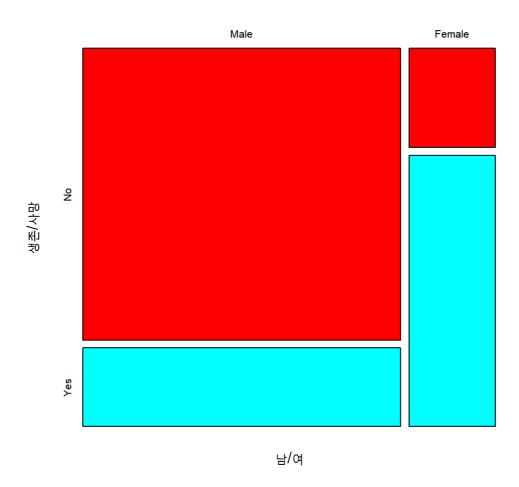
```
## Warning in text.default(x = x.l + (x.r - x.l)/2, y = 1000 - 35 * cex.axis/0.66 ## + : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database
```

성별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, height = 320)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font ## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot02.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

연령별 생존/사망

남은 cross-table 은

```
Surv_Age <- Titanic %>%
apply(MARGIN = 4:3, FUN = sum)
```

성인과 어린이의 생존률을 비교하려면

남녀 생존률을 비교하려면,

```
## Child Adult
## No 47.7 68.7
## Yes 52.3 31.3
## Sum 100.0 100.0
```

Plots

이를 barplot 으로 나타내는 데 있어서 각 argument 가 왜 필요한지 시행착오를 겪어 볼 것.

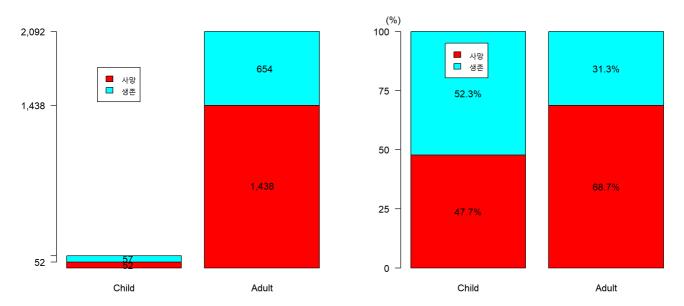
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
b3 <- Surv_Age %>%
barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in axis(if (horiz) 2 else 1, at = at.l, labels = names.arg, lty = ## axis.lty, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
axis(side = 2,
    at = Surv_Age %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) %>% c,
     labels = Surv_Age %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) %>% c %>%
       format(big.mark = ","),
     las = 2)
# y3_text <- c(Surv_Age[1, ] / 2, Surv_Age[1, ] + Surv_Age[2, ] / 2)
y3_text <- apply(Surv_Age,
                 MARGIN = 2,
                 FUN = pos)
text(x = rep(b3, each = 2),
    y = y3_{text}
     labels = Surv_Age %>%
       format(big.mark = ","))
legend("topleft", inset = 0.15, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
p3 <- Surv_Age %>%
  prop.table(margin = 2)
b3_p <- p3 %>%
 barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
axis(side = 2,
     at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.25),
     labels = seq(0, 100, by = 25),
     las = 2)
mtext("(%)", side = 2, at = 1.05, line = 0, las = 2)
# p3_text <- c(p3[1, ] / 2, p3[1, ] + p3[2, ] / 2)
p3_{text} \leftarrow apply(p3,
                 MARGIN = 2.
                 FUN = pos)
text(x = b3_p \%)
       rep(each = 2),
     y = p3_{text}
     labels = p3 %>%
       `*`(100) %>%
       format(digits = 2, nsmall = 1) %>%
       paste0("%"))
legend(x = 0.5, y = 0.95, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
title(main = "연령별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = 1.5,
      family = "KoPubWorldDotum Bold")
```

```
## Warning in title(main = "연령별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = ## 1.5, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

연령별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot03.png", width = 840, height = 420)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot03.png", width = 840, height =
## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot03.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
mosaicplot(t(Surv_Age), main = "연령별 생존/사망",
xlab = "어린이/어른", ylab = "생존/사망",
col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database
```

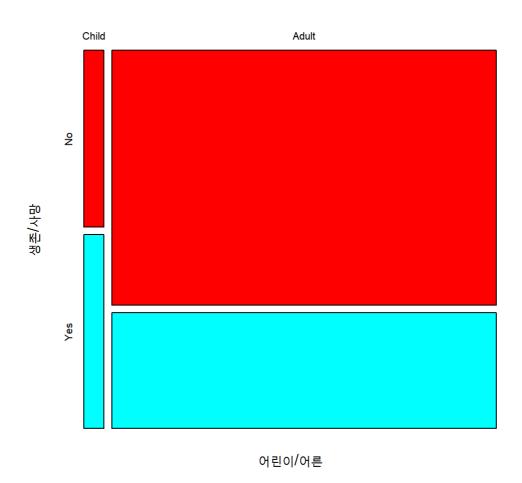
```
## Warning in text.default(x = x.l + (x.r - x.l)/2, y = 1000 - 35 * cex.axis/0.66 ## + : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database
```

연령별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, height = 320)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot03.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망

객실 등급별로 어린이들과 어른들의 생존/사망을 비교하려면

```
Child_df <- Titanic %>%
    as.data.frame %>%
    subset(Age == "Child")

Adult_df <- Titanic %>%
    as.data.frame %>%
    subset(Age == "Adult")

Child_Class <- Child_df %>%
    xtabs(Freq ~ Survived + Class, data = ., drop.unused.levels = TRUE)

Child_Class %>%
    prop.table(margin = 2) %>%
    '*`(100) %>%
    rbind(., "Sum" = colSums(.))
```

```
## 1st 2nd 3rd Crew
## No 0 0 65.8 NaN
## Yes 100 100 34.2 NaN
## Sum 100 100 100.0 NaN
```

Plots

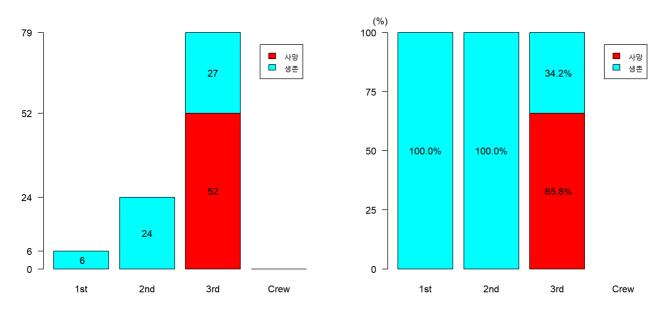
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
b4 <- Child_Class %>%
  barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in axis(if (horiz) 2 else 1, at = at.l, labels = names.arg, lty =
## axis.lty, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
axis(side = 2,
    at = Child_Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%\% c(0, .),
     labels = Child_Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) \%\% c(0, .) \%\%
       format(big.mark = ","),
     las = 2)
# y4_text <- c(Child_Class[1, ] / 2, Child_Class[1, ] + Child_Class[2, ] / 2)
y4_text <- apply(Child_Class,
                 MARGIN = 2,
                 FUN = pos)
y4_{text}[c(1, 3, 7, 8)] \leftarrow NA
text(x = rep(b4, each = 2),
    y = y4_{text}
     labels = Child_Class %>%
       format(big.mark = ","))
legend("topright", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
p4 <- Child_Class %>%
 prop.table(margin = 2)
b4_p <- p4 %>%
 barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
axis(side = 2,
     at = seg(0, 1, by = 0.25),
     labels = seq(0, 100, by = 25),
     las = 2)
mtext("(%)", side = 2, at = 1.05, line = 0, las = 2)
\# p4\_text \leftarrow c(p4[1, ] / 2, p4[1, ] + p4[2, ] / 2)
p4_text <- apply(p4,
                 MARGIN = 2.
                 FUN = pos)
p4_{text}[c(1, 3)] \leftarrow NA
text(x = b4_p \%)
       rep(each = 2),
    y = p4_text,
     labels = p4 \%
       `*`(100) %>%
       format(digits = 2, nsmall = 1) %>%
       paste0("%"))
legend("topright", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
title(main = "어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = 1.5,
      family = "KoPubWorldDotum Bold")
```

```
## Warning in title(main = "어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer =
## TRUE, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot04.png", width = 840, height = 420)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot04.png", width = 840, height =
## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot04.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
mosaicplot(t(Child_Class), main = "어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망",
xlab = "객실 등급", ylab = "생존/사망",
col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database
```

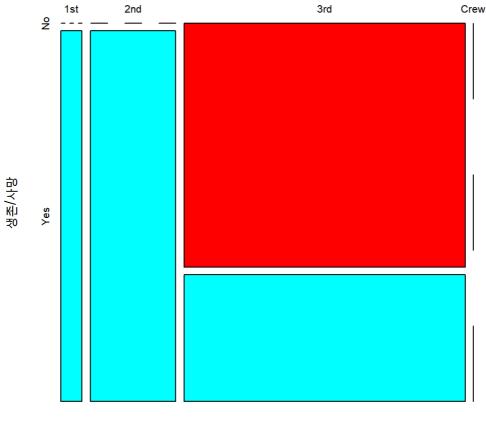
```
## Warning in text.default(x = x.l + (x.r - x.l)/2, y = 1000 - 35 * cex.axis/0.66 ## + : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database
```

어린이들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망



객실 등급

```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, height = 320)
```

Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
family not found in Windows font database

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot04.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

여성들의 등급별 생존/사망

객실 등급별로 여성들과 남성들의 생존률을 비교하려면

```
Female_df <- Titanic %>%
   as.data.frame %>%
   subset(Sex == "Female")
Male_df <- Titanic %>%
   as.data.frame %>%
   subset(Sex == "Male")
Female_Class <- Female_df %>%
   xtabs(Freq ~ Survived + Class, data = ., drop.unused.levels = TRUE)
Female_Class %>%
   prop.table(margin = 2) %>%
   `*`(100) %>%
   rbind(., "Sum" = colSums(.))
```

```
## 1st 2nd 3rd Crew

## No 2.76 12.3 54.1 13

## Yes 97.24 87.7 45.9 87

## Sum 100.00 100.0 100.0 100
```

Plots

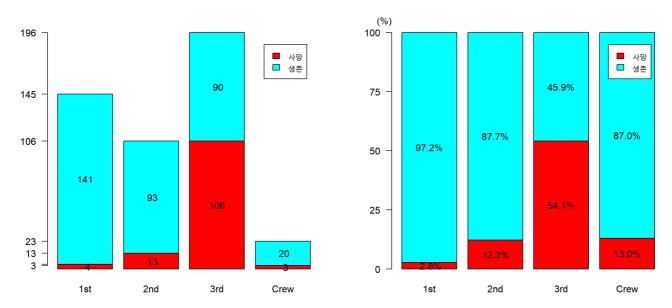
```
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), family = "KoPubWorldDotum Medium")
b5 <- Female_Class %>%
  barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
```

```
## Warning in axis(if (horiz) 2 else 1, at = at.l, labels = names.arg, lty =
## axis.lty, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
axis(side = 2,
    at = Female Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) %>% c,
     labels = Female_Class %>%
       apply(MARGIN = 2, FUN = cumsum) %>% c %>%
       format(big.mark = ","),
     las = 2)
# y5_text <- c(Female_Class[1, ] / 2, Female_Class[1, ] + Female_Class[2, ] / 2)
y5_text <- apply(Female_Class,
                 MARGIN = 2,
                FUN = pos)
#> y5_text[c(1:2, 4, 8)] <- NA
text(x = rep(b5, each = 2),
    y = y5_{text}
     labels = Female_Class %>%
       format(big.mark = ","))
legend("topright", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
p5 <- Female_Class %>%
 prop.table(margin = 2)
b5_p <- p5 %>%
 barplot(yaxt = "n", col = rainbow(2))
axis(side = 2,
     at = seg(0, 1, by = 0.25),
     labels = seq(0, 100, by = 25),
     las = 2)
mtext("(%)", side = 2, at = 1.05, line = 0, las = 2)
# p5_text <- c(p5[1, ] / 2, p5[1, ] + p5[2, ] / 2)
p5_text <- apply(p5,
                 MARGIN = 2.
                 FUN = pos)
#> p5_text[1:2] <- NA
text(x = b5_p \%)
       rep(each = 2),
    y = p5_text,
     labels = p5 %>%
       `*`(100) %>%
       format(digits = 2, nsmall = 1) %>%
       paste0("%"))
legend("topright", inset = 0.05, fill = rainbow(2), legend = c("사망", "생존"))
title(main = "여성들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer = TRUE, cex.main = 1.5,
      family = "KoPubWorldDotum Bold")
```

```
## Warning in title(main = "여성들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망", line = -1, outer =
## TRUE, : font family not found in Windows font database
```

여성들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망



```
dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot05.png", width = 840, height = 420)
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot05.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_barplot05.png", width = 840, height = ## 420): font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

```
## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database

## Warning in title(main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab): font family not
## found in Windows font database
```

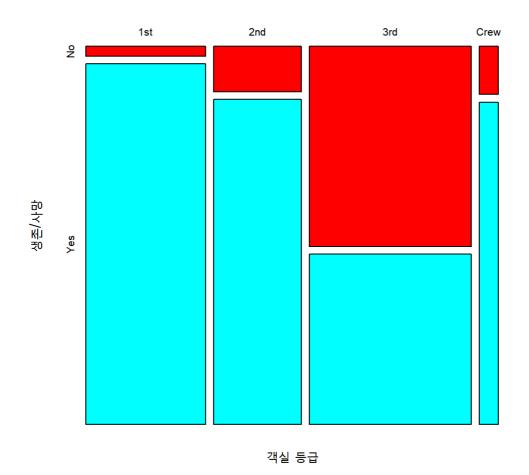
```
## Warning in text.default(x = x.l + (x.r - x.l)/2, y = 1000 - 35 * cex.axis/0.66 ## + : font family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in text.default(x = 35 * cex.axis/0.66 - 20 * cex.axis/0.66 * (lablevy
## - : font family not found in Windows font database
```

여성들의 객실 등급별 생존/사망



dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, height = 320)

Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font ## family not found in Windows font database

```
## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database

## Warning in dev.copy(png, "../pics/Titanic_mosaicplot05.png", width = 320, : font
## family not found in Windows font database
```

```
## png
## 3
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
## png
## 2
```

Save

Comments

이번시간에는 타이타닉자료를 가지고 데이터시각화를 해보았습니다. ftable을 사용하여 더 쉽게 데이터를 확인할 수 있었고 %>%를 계속 사용하면서 %>%에 대한 이해를 높일 수 있었습니다. plot을 이용하여 알아 보았는데, 1등석의 생존률이 다른 등급에 비해 높다는 것을 알 수 있었습니다. 또한 승무원들의 사망률이 높은것으로 보아 승무원들의 희생에 대한 짐작을 할 수 있었습니다. 남성은 78%가량 죽고 여성은 72% 사량 살았고, 어린이는 표본이 적지만 그래도 남성에 비해 많은 생존률을 가지고 있었습니다. 또한 등급별 생존률이 많이 차이나는것으로보아, 구조할때 자본이 생명에 영향을 끼쳤다는것을 조심스럽게 예상하게 되었습니다.