

1> RPC Concepts & Definitions

What is RPC? Privilege separation?

What is stub code? What is marshalling?

What is server stub code? What is unmarshalling?

2> Implementing RPC in C. Simple stub code example:

3> How do you marshal an int? float? struct? Linked list? Graph?

What design choices do you have in each case?

4> What is IDL (Interface Design Language)?

5> Complexity and latency of RPC vs local calls?

6> Working with structured data

Transferring large amounts of structured data:
JSON vs xml vs Google Protocol Buffers

Case study: anonymous mapping for Interprocess communication

```
int main() {
    // Use MAP_ANON instead of MAP_FILE
    size_t size = 4096;

    char *shared_mem = mmap(NULL, size,
        PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE,
        MAP_ANON | MAP_SHARED, 0, 0);

    if(shared_mem == (char*)-1) quit("mmap");

    pid_t pid = fork();

    if(pid == 0) {
        child(shared_mem);
    } else {
        parent(shared_mem);
    }
    exit(1);
}

void quit(char*mesg) {
    fprintf(stderr,"%s\n",mesg);
    exit(1);
}

void child(char* shared) {
    for(int i = 0; i < 100;i++) {
        // write into shared
        sprintf(shared,"! The value of i is %d\n",i);
        sleep(1);
    }
}

void parent(char*shared) {
    while(1) {
        if(*shared) {
            puts(shared);
            *shared = 0;
        }
        sleep(1);
    }
}
```

> cp gotcha

What do these two lines do?

```
cp ../*.c.
cp ../*.c
```

Challenge: What argument(s) to this program will cause it to print "Admin/Debug rights"?

```
#define N (20)
int admin, debug;
int histogram[N];

static int hash(char* str) {
    int c, h = 0; // sdbm hash
    while (c = *str++)
        h = c + (h << 6) + (h << 16) - h;
    return h;
}

int main(int argc, char**argv){

    while(argc>1) {
        char*word= argv[ --argc];
        int h = hash(word);
        histogram[ (h<0?-h:h) % N ] ++;
    }
    if(admin || debug) puts("Admin/Debug rights");
    return;
}
```