```
In [1]: # importing lib.
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('mymoviedb.csv', lineterminator='\n')
 df.head()

Out[2]:		Release_Date	Title	Overview	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Original_
	0	2021-12-15	Spider- Man: No Way Home	Peter Parker is unmasked and no longer able to	5083.954	8940	8.3	
	1	2022-03-01	The Batman	In his second year of fighting crime, Batman u	3827.658	1151	8.1	
	2	2022-02-25	No Exit	Stranded at a rest stop in the mountains durin	2618.087	122	6.3	
	3	2021-11-24	Encanto	The tale of an extraordinary family, the Madri	2402.201	5076	7.7	
	4	2021-12-22	The King's Man	As a collection of history's worst tyrants and	1895.511	1793	7.0	
	4							•
Tn [3]:	# 1	viewina datas	et info					

In [3]: # viewing dataset info
df.info()

```
RangeIndex: 9827 entries, 0 to 9826
Data columns (total 9 columns):
# Column
                        Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                        -----
0 Release_Date 9827 non-null object
1 Title 9827 non-null object
                       9827 non-null object
9827 non-null float64
9827 non-null int64
 2 Overview
3 Popularity4 Vote_Count
5 Vote_Average 9827 non-null float64
 6 Original_Language 9827 non-null object
     Genre 9827 non-null object Poster_Url 9827 non-null object
 7
 8
dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(6)
memory usage: 691.1+ KB
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

• looks like our dataset has no NaNs! • Overview, Original_Language and Poster-Url wouldn't be so useful during analysis • Release_Date column needs to be casted into date time and to extract only the year value

```
In [8]: # exploring genres column
         df['Genre'].head()
 Out[8]: 0
               Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
                         Crime, Mystery, Thriller
          1
          2
                                         Thriller
          3
             Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
                 Action, Adventure, Thriller, War
          Name: Genre, dtype: object
         • genres are saperated by commas followed by whitespaces.
In [11]: # check for duplicated rows
         df.duplicated().sum()
Out[11]: 0
         • our dataset has no duplicated rows either.
In [15]: # exploring summary statistics
         df.describe()
```

Out[15]:		Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average
	count	9827.000000	9827.000000	9827.000000
	mean	40.326088	1392.805536	6.439534
	std	108.873998	2611.206907	1.129759
	min	13.354000	0.000000	0.000000
	25%	16.128500	146.000000	5.900000
	50%	21.199000	444.000000	6.500000
	75%	35.191500	1376.000000	7.100000
	max	5083.954000	31077.000000	10.000000

- In []: Exploration Summary
 - we have a dataframe consisting of 9827 rows and 9 columns.
 - our dataset looks a bit tidy with no NaNs nor duplicated values.
 - Release_Date column needs to be casted into date time and to extract only the
 - Overview, Original_Languege and Poster-Url wouldn't be so useful during analys
 - there is noticable outliers in Popularity column
 - Vote_Average bettter be categorised for proper analysis.
 - Genre column has comma saperated values and white spaces that needs to be hand

In [18]: # Data Cleaning

Casting Release_Date column and extracing year values

In [21]: df.head()

Out[21]:	ı	Release_Date	Title	Overview	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Original_					
	0	2021-12-15	Spider- Man: No Way Home	Peter Parker is unmasked and no longer able to	5083.954	8940	8.3						
	1	2022-03-01	The Batman	In his second year of fighting crime, Batman u	3827.658	1151	8.1						
	2	2022-02-25	No Exit	Stranded at a rest stop in the mountains durin	2618.087	122	6.3						
	3	2021-11-24	Encanto	The tale of an extraordinary family, the Madri	2402.201	5076	7.7						
	4	2021-12-22	The King's Man	As a collection of history's worst tyrants and	1895.511	1793	7.0						
	4							•					
In [23]:	<pre># casting column a df['Release_Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Release_Date'])</pre>												
		<pre># confirming changes print(df['Release_Date'].dtypes)</pre>											
C	datet	ime64[ns]											
In [25]:	<pre>df['Release_Date'] = df['Release_Date'].dt.year df['Release_Date'].dtypes</pre>												
Out[25]:	dty	pe('int32')											
In [27]:	<pre>df.info()</pre>												

dtypes: float64(2), int32(1), int64(1), object(5)

memory usage: 652.7+ KB

In [29]:	<pre>df.head()</pre>						
Out[29].	Polosco Dato	Title	Ovorviou	Donularity	Voto Count	Voto Average	Original

•		Release_Date	Title	Overview	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Original_
	0	2021	Spider- Man: No Way Home	Peter Parker is unmasked and no longer able to	5083.954	8940	8.3	
	1	2022	The Batman	In his second year of fighting crime, Batman u	3827.658	1151	8.1	
	2	2022	No Exit	Stranded at a rest stop in the mountains durin	2618.087	122	6.3	
	3	2021	Encanto	The tale of an extraordinary family, the Madri	2402.201	5076	7.7	
	4	2021	The King's Man	As a collection of history's worst tyrants and	1895.511	1793	7.0	
	4							•

Dropping Overview, Original_Languege and Poster-Url

```
In [32]: # making list of column to be dropped
cols = ['Overview', 'Original_Language', 'Poster_Url']
```

```
# dropping columns and confirming changes
df.drop(cols, axis = 1, inplace = True)
df.columns
```

In [34]: df.head()

Out[34]:		Release_Date Title		Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	0	2021	Spider- Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	8.3	Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
	1	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	8.1	Crime, Mystery, Thriller
	2	2022	No Exit	2618.087	122	6.3	Thriller
	3	2021	Encanto	2402.201	5076	7.7	Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
	4	2021	The King's Man	1895.511	1793	7.0	Action, Adventure, Thriller, War

categorizing Vote_Average column

We would cut the Vote_Average values and make 4 categories: popular average below_avg not_popular to describe it more using catigorize_col() function provided above.

```
In [37]:
         def catigorize_col (df, col, labels):
             catigorizes a certain column based on its quartiles
             Args:
                          df - dataframe we are proccesing
                 (df)
                       str - to be catigorized column's name
                 (labels) list - list of labels from min to max
             Returns:
                          df - dataframe with the categorized col
                 (df)
             # setting the edges to cut the column accordingly
             edges = [df[col].describe()['min'],
                      df[col].describe()['25%'],
                      df[col].describe()['50%'],
                      df[col].describe()['75%'],
                      df[col].describe()['max']]
```

```
return df
In [39]: # define labels for edges
          labels = ['not_popular', 'below_avg', 'average', 'popular']
          # categorize column based on labels and edges
          catigorize_col(df, 'Vote_Average', labels)
          # confirming changes
          df['Vote_Average'].unique()
Out[39]: ['popular', 'below_avg', 'average', 'not_popular', NaN]
          Categories (4, object): ['not_popular' < 'below_avg' < 'average' < 'popular']</pre>
In [41]:
          df.head()
Out[41]:
             Release Date
                                 Title
                                       Popularity Vote_Count Vote_Average
                                                                                      Genre
                               Spider-
                                                                                     Action,
          0
                     2021
                              Man: No
                                         5083.954
                                                         8940
                                                                     popular
                                                                                  Adventure,
                                                                              Science Fiction
                            Way Home
                                                                              Crime, Mystery,
          1
                     2022 The Batman
                                         3827.658
                                                         1151
                                                                     popular
                                                                                     Thriller
          2
                     2022
                                                                                     Thriller
                               No Exit
                                         2618.087
                                                          122
                                                                   below avg
                                                                                  Animation,
          3
                     2021
                              Encanto
                                         2402.201
                                                         5076
                                                                                    Comedy,
                                                                     popular
                                                                              Family, Fantasy
                                                                                     Action,
                            The King's
          4
                     2021
                                                         1793
                                         1895.511
                                                                     average
                                                                                  Adventure,
                                 Man
                                                                                 Thriller, War
In [43]: # exploring column
          df['Vote_Average'].value_counts()
Out[43]: Vote_Average
          not popular
                          2467
          popular
                          2450
                          2412
          average
          below_avg
                          2398
          Name: count, dtype: int64
In [45]: # dropping NaNs
          df.dropna(inplace = True)
          # confirming
          df.isna().sum()
Out[45]:
          Release Date
                           0
          Title
                           0
                           0
          Popularity
          Vote_Count
                           0
          Vote_Average
                           0
          Genre
          dtype: int64
```

df[col] = pd.cut(df[col], edges, labels = labels, duplicates='drop')

In [47]:	df.head()											
Out[47]:	Release_Date		Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre					
	0	2021	Spider- Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action, Adventure, Science Fiction					
	1	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	popular	Crime, Mystery, Thriller					
	2	2022	No Exit	2618.087	122	below_avg	Thriller					
	3	2021	Encanto	2402.201	5076	popular	Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy					
	4	2021	The King's Man	1895.511	1793	average	Action, Adventure, Thriller, War					

we'd split genres into a list and then explode our dataframe to have only one genre per row for ezch movie

```
In [52]: # split the strings into lists
          df['Genre'] = df['Genre'].str.split(', ')
          # explode the lists
          df = df.explode('Genre').reset_index(drop=True)
          df.head()
Out[52]:
             Release_Date
                                     Title
                                           Popularity Vote_Count Vote_Average
                                                                                       Genre
                           Spider-Man: No
          0
                     2021
                                             5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                         popular
                                                                                       Action
                                Way Home
                           Spider-Man: No
          1
                     2021
                                             5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                         popular
                                                                                   Adventure
                                Way Home
                           Spider-Man: No
                                                                                      Science
          2
                     2021
                                             5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                         popular
                                                                                       Fiction
                                Way Home
          3
                     2022
                               The Batman
                                             3827.658
                                                             1151
                                                                         popular
                                                                                       Crime
                     2022
                               The Batman
                                             3827.658
                                                             1151
                                                                         popular
                                                                                      Mystery
In [55]:
          # casting column into category
          df['Genre'] = df['Genre'].astype('category')
          # confirming changes
          df['Genre'].dtypes
```

```
Out[55]: CategoricalDtype(categories=['Action', 'Adventure', 'Animation', 'Comedy', 'Cri
         me',
                           'Documentary', 'Drama', 'Family', 'Fantasy', 'History',
                           'Horror', 'Music', 'Mystery', 'Romance', 'Science Fiction',
                           'TV Movie', 'Thriller', 'War', 'Western'],
         , ordered=False, categories_dtype=object)
In [57]: df.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 25552 entries, 0 to 25551
       Data columns (total 6 columns):
        # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
        --- -----
                         _____
        0 Release_Date 25552 non-null int32
        1 Title 25552 non-null object
        2 Popularity 25552 non-null float64
3 Vote_Count 25552 non-null int64
        4 Vote_Average 25552 non-null category
        5 Genre 25552 non-null category
        dtypes: category(2), float64(1), int32(1), int64(1), object(1)
       memory usage: 749.6+ KB
In [59]: df.nunique()
Out[59]: Release_Date
                        100
                        9415
         Title
         Popularity
                       8088
         Vote_Count
                        3265
                       4
         Vote_Average
         Genre
                          19
         dtype: int64
```

Now that our dataset is clean and tidy, we are left with a total of 6 columns and 25551 rows to dig into during our analysis

Data Visualization

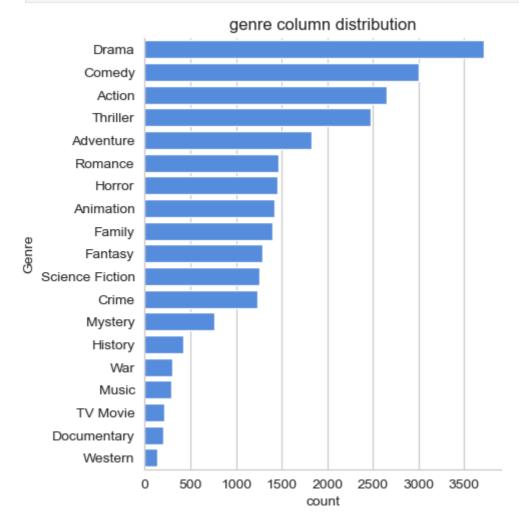
here, we'd use Matplotlib and seaborn for making some informative visuals to gain insights abut our data.

```
In [62]: # setting up seaborn configurations
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
```

Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?

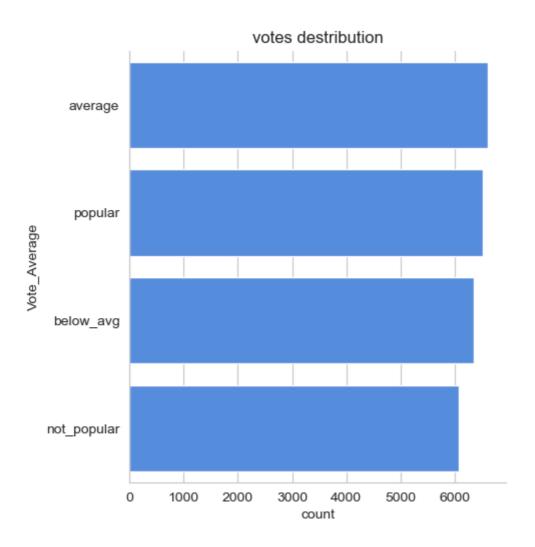
```
In [65]: # showing stats. on genre column
df['Genre'].describe()
```

```
Out[65]: count
                    25552
          unique
                       19
          top
                    Drama
                     3715
          freq
          Name: Genre, dtype: object
         # visualizing genre column
In [67]:
         sns.catplot(y = 'Genre', data = df, kind = 'count',
                      order = df['Genre'].value_counts().index,
                      color = '#4287f5')
          plt.title('genre column distribution')
         plt.show()
```



• we can notice from the above visual that Drama genre is the most frequent genre in our dataset and has appeared more than 14% of the times among 19 other genres.

Q2: What genres has highest votes?



Q3: What movie got the highest popularity? what's its genre?

In [74]:	<pre># checking max popularity in dataset df[df['Popularity'] == df['Popularity'].max()]</pre>											
Out[74]:		Release_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre					
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action					
	1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure					
	2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction					

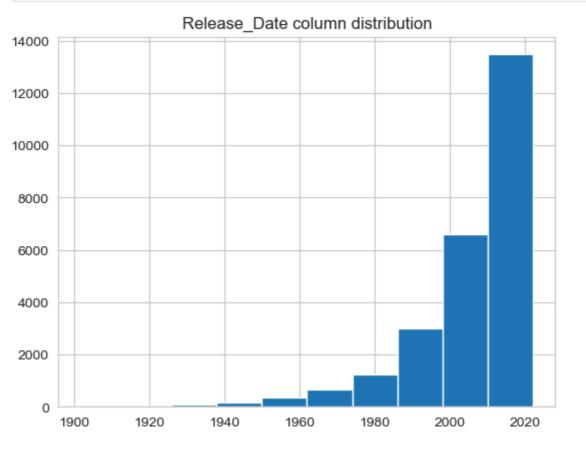
Q4: What movie got the lowest popularity? what's its genre?

```
In [86]: # checking max popularity in dataset
df[df['Popularity'] == df['Popularity'].min()]
```

Out[86]:		Release_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	25546	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Music
	25547	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Drama
	25548	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	History
	25549	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	War
	25550	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Drama
	25551	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Science Fiction

Q5: Which year has the most filmmed movies?





Conclusion

Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?

Drama genre is the most frequent genre in our dataset and has appeared more than 14% of the times among 19 other genres.

Q2: What genres has highest votes?

we have 25.5% of our dataset with popular vote (6520 rows). Drama again gets the highest popularity among fans by being having more than 18.5% of movies popularities.

Q3: What movie got the highest popularity? what's its genre?

Spider-Man: No Way Home has the highest popularity rate in our dataset and it has genres of Action, Adventure and Sience Fiction.

Q3: What movie got the lowest popularity? what's its genre?

The united states, thread' has the highest lowest rate in our dataset and it has genres of music, drama, 'war', 'sci-fi' and history`.

Q4: Which year has the most filmmed movies?

year 2020 has the highest filmming rate in our dataset.

In []: