

Assignment1

CS20Btech11035 -NYALAPOGULA MANASWINI

Download python code from

[https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/Assignment-2/blob/main/assignment2%20\(2\).py](https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/Assignment-2/blob/main/assignment2%20(2).py)

GATE QUESTION 63

Let the random variable X have the distribution function:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \frac{x}{2} & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{3}{5} & 1 \leq x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8} & 2 \leq x < 3 \\ 1 & x \geq 3 \end{cases} \quad (0.0.1)$$

Then $P(2 \leq X < 4)$ is equal to

SOLUTION

Let X be a binomial random variable. Cumulative distribution function F(x) is given in (0.0.1), it is represented in tabular form (0)

S.No	x(range)	F(x)
1	$x < 0$	0
2	$0 \leq x < 1$	$\frac{x}{2}$
3	$1 \leq x < 2$	$\frac{3}{5}$
4	$2 \leq x < 3$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8}$
5	$3 \leq x$	1

TABLE 0: This is table 1

We know that

$$F_X(r) = \Pr(X \leq r) \quad (0.0.2)$$

Substituting $x = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ in the piecewise cumulative distribution function.

$$x = 0 \implies F(0) = \frac{x}{2} = 0 \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$x = 1 \implies F(1) = \frac{3}{5} \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$x = 2 \implies F(2) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{4} \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$x = 3 \implies F(3) = 1 \quad (0.0.6)$$

we get $F(x)$ values at x as represented in table (0)

S.No	$F(x)$	value of $value of F(X)$
1	$F(0)$	0
2	$F(1)$	$\frac{3}{5}$
3	$F(2)$	$\frac{3}{4}$
4	$F(3)$	1

TABLE 0: This is table2

$P(2 \leq X < 4)$ can be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} P(2 \leq X < 4) &= P(0 \leq X < 4) - P(0 \leq X < 2) & (0.0.7) \\ &= P(3 < X < 4) + P(0 \leq X \leq 3) - P(0 \leq X < 2) & (0.0.8) \\ &= P(3 < X < 4) + F(3) - P(0 \leq X < 2) & (0.0.9) \\ &= P(3 < X < 4) + 1 - P(0 \leq X < 2) & (0.0.10) \end{aligned}$$

we know that

$$P(X > 3) = 1 - P(X \leq 3) \quad (0.0.11)$$

$$= 1 - F(3) = 0 \quad (0.0.12)$$

Let $P(0 \leq X < x)$ be represented as $F(x^-)$

$$F(1^-) = \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (0.0.13)$$

$$F(2^-) = \frac{3}{5} \quad (0.0.14)$$

$$F(3^-) = \frac{x}{8} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{8} \quad (0.0.15)$$

S.No	Pr(X)	value of Pr(X)
1	$\Pr(X < 0)$	0
2	$\Pr(0 \leq X < 1)$	$\frac{1}{2}$
3	$\Pr(0 \leq X < 2)$	$\frac{3}{5}$
4	$\Pr(0 \leq X < 3)$	$\frac{7}{8}$
5	$\Pr(0 \leq X \leq 3)$	1
6	$\Pr(X > 3)$	0

TABLE 0: This is table3

Substituting (0.0.12) and (0.0.14) in (0.0.10)

$$P(2 \leq X < 4) = P(3 < X < 4) + 1 - P(0 \leq X < 2) \quad (0.0.16)$$

$$= 0 + 1 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \quad (0.0.17)$$

$$\therefore P(2 \leq X < 4) = \frac{2}{5} \quad (0.0.18)$$

