

# Assignment2

CS20Btech11035 -NYALAPOGULA MANASWINI

Download python code from

[https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/Assignment-2/blob/main/assignment2%20\(2\).py](https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/Assignment-2/blob/main/assignment2%20(2).py)

We need to find  $P(2 \leq X < 4)$ , we know that

$$P(a \leq X < b) = P(0 \leq X < b) - P(0 \leq X < a) \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^b P(X = k) - \sum_{k=0}^a P(X = k) \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$= F(b) - F(a) \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$\therefore P(2 \leq X < 4) = F(4) - F(2) \quad (0.0.6)$$

According to piecewise function given in the question:  
 $4 > 3$ .

$$\therefore F(4) = 1 \quad (0.0.7)$$

$$F(2) = \frac{3}{5} \quad (0.0.8)$$

This is because if we take  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8}$  then  $X = 2$  will not be included (we get value  $P(2 < X < 4)$ ).

Substituting (0.0.8) and (0.0.7) in (0.0.6)

$$P(2 \leq X < 4) = F(4) - F(2) \quad (0.0.9)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{3}{5} \quad (0.0.10)$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \quad (0.0.11)$$

$$\therefore P(2 \leq X < 4) = \frac{2}{5} \quad (0.0.12)$$

$$(0.0.13)$$

## GATE QUESTION 63

Let the random variable  $X$  have the distribution function:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \frac{x}{2} & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{3}{5} & 1 \leq x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8} & 2 \leq x < 3 \\ 1 & x \geq 3 \end{cases} \quad (0.0.1)$$

Then  $P(2 \leq X \leq 4)$  is equal to

## SOLUTION

The given function is cumulative distribution function (cdf) but not probability density function, because integration over given intervals exceeds 1.

Let  $X$  be a binomial random variable.

Cumulative distribution function  $F(x)$  is given in (0.0.1)

We know that

$$F_X(r) = \Pr(X \leq r) \quad (0.0.2)$$

S.No	x(range)	F(x)
1	$x < 0$	0
2	$0 \leq x < 1$	$\frac{x}{2}$
3	$1 \leq x < 2$	$\frac{3}{5}$
4	$2 \leq x < 3$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{8}$
5	$3 \leq x$	1

TABLE 0: This is table 1

