

Assignment3

CS20Btech11035 -NYALAPOGULA MANASWINI

Download python code from

<https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/assignment3/blob/main/assignment3.py>

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<https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/assignment3/blob/main/assignment3.tex>

GATE XE-C QUESTION 17

Box-S has 2 white and 4 black balls and box-T has 5 white and 3 black balls. A ball is drawn at random from box-S and put in box-T. Subsequently, the probability of drawing a white ball from box-T is? (rounding off to 2 decimal places)

SOLUTION

Box-S has 2 white and 4 black balls.

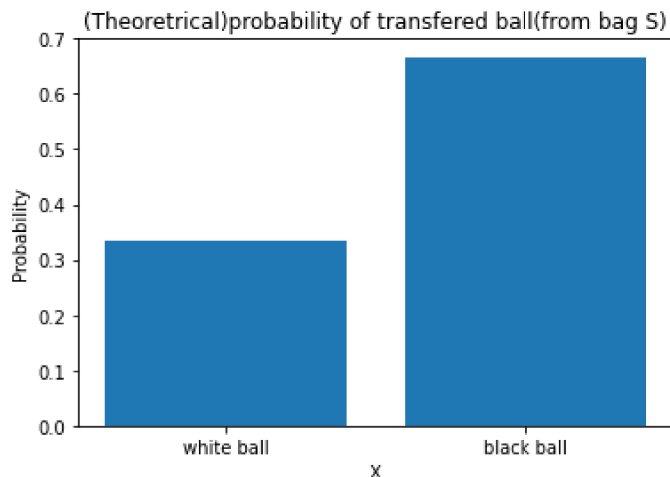
Box-T has 5 white and 3 black balls.

Let A : Event of transferring white ball from box-S to box-T

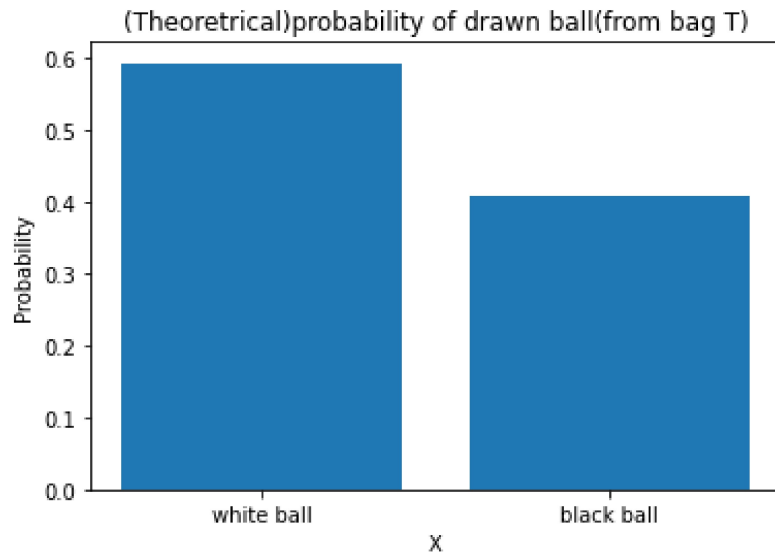
Let B : Event of transferring black ball from box-S to box-T

Let C: Event of drawing white ball from box-T

$\Pr\left(\frac{C}{A}\right)$ = Probability of drawing whiteball from



box-T after transferring white ball to box-T.



$\Pr\left(\frac{C}{B}\right)$ = Probability of drawing whiteball from box-T after transferring black ball to box-T.

$$\Pr(A) = \frac{1}{3} \quad (0.0.1)$$

$$\Pr(B) = \frac{2}{3} \quad (0.0.2)$$

$$\Pr\left(\frac{C}{A}\right) = \frac{6}{9} \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$\Pr\left(\frac{C}{B}\right) = \frac{5}{9} \quad (0.0.4)$$

From Baye's theorem

$$\Pr(\text{drawn ball is white}) = \Pr(C) \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$= \Pr\left(\frac{C}{A}\right) \times \Pr(A) + \Pr\left(\frac{C}{B}\right) \times \Pr(B) \quad (0.0.6)$$

Substiting (0.0.1),(0.0.2),(0.0.3),(0.0.4) in (0.0.6)

$$\Pr(C) = \frac{6}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{2}{3} \quad (0.0.7)$$

$$= \frac{16}{27} \quad (0.0.8)$$

\therefore Probability of drawing white ball from box-T =
 $\Pr(C) = \frac{16}{27} = 0.59$

