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Assignment7

CS20Btech11035 -NYALAPOGULA MANASWINI

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https://github.com/N-Manaswini23/assignment7/blob/main/assignment7.tex

CSIR UGC NET EXAM(Dec 2016) Q-49

There are two boxes. Box-1 contains 2 red balls and 4 green balls. Box-2 contains 4 red balls and 2 green balls. A box is selected at random and a ball is chosen randomly from the selected box. If the ball turns out to be red, what is the probability that Box-1 had been selected?

SOLUTION

Box-1 has 2 red balls and 4 green balls. Box-2 has 4 red balls and 2 green balls. Let $B \in \{1,2\}$ represent a random variable where 1 represents selecting box-1 and 2 represents selecting box-2.

Event	definition	value
Pr(B=1)	Probability of selecting	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Box-1	-
Pr(B=2)	Probability of selecting	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Box-2	-
$\Pr\left(R=1 B=1\right)$	Probability of drawing	$\frac{1}{3}$
	red ball from Box-1	3
$\Pr\left(G=1 B=1\right)$	Probability of drawing	$\frac{2}{3}$
	green ball from Box-1	3
Pr(R=1 B=2)	Probability of drawing	$\frac{2}{3}$
	red ball from Box-2	3
Pr(G=1 B=2)	Probability of drawing	$\frac{1}{3}$
	green ball from Box-2	3

TABLE 0: Table 1

From Baye's theorem

$$Pr(R = 1) = Pr(R = 1|B = 1) \times Pr(B = 1)$$

+ $Pr(R = 1|B = 2) \times Pr(B = 2)$ (0.0.1)

Substiting values from table (0) in (0.0.1)

$$\Pr(R=1) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.2}$$

$$Pr((R = 1)(B = 1)) = Pr(R = 1|B = 1)$$

$$\times \Pr\left(B = 1\right) \tag{0.0.3}$$

$$=\frac{1}{6} \tag{0.0.4}$$

We need to find Pr(B = 1|R = 1)

$$\Pr(B = 1|R = 1) = \frac{\Pr((R = 1)(B = 1))}{\Pr(R = 1)} \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$=\frac{1}{3}$$
 (0.0.6)

 \therefore The desired probability that box-1 is selected $=\frac{1}{3}$



