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1 Problem

In triangle ABC with vertices $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, Find the equation and length of altitude from vertex \mathbf{A}

2 Solution

1) Direction vector of side BC

$$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

Direction vector of side BC is normal of altitude from ${\bf A}$

2) Equation of the altitude

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \left(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A} \right) = 0 \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$(3 -3)\mathbf{x} = -3$$
 (2.0.4)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -1 \tag{2.0.5}$$

3) Equation of line BC

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{B} + \mu \mathbf{m} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

i.e.
$$(1 \ 1)\mathbf{x} = 3$$
 (2.0.8)

4) Optimization problem

The length of altitide can be expressed as a optimization problem,

$$\min \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{x}\|^2 \tag{2.0.9}$$

such that

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} = c \tag{2.0.10}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$c = 3$$
 (2.0.12)

5) The line equation can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{B} + \mu \mathbf{m} \tag{2.0.13}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.15}$$

Substituting in the optimization problem,

$$\min \|\mathbf{A} - (\mathbf{B} + \mu \mathbf{m})\|^2$$
(2.0.16)

$$\min f(\mu) = \mu^2 \|\mathbf{m}\|^2 - 2\mu \mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}) + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^2$$
(2.0.17)

coefficient of μ^2 is positive, the function is convex.

$$f''(\mu) = 2 \|\mathbf{m}\|^2 > 0$$
 (2.0.18)

$$\therefore f'(\mu_{min}) = 0 \tag{2.0.19}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \mu} = -2\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}) + 2\mu ||\mathbf{m}||^2 = 0 \quad (2.0.20)$$

$$\mu_{min} = \frac{\mathbf{m}^{\top} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})}{\|\mathbf{m}\|^2}$$
 (2.0.21)

$$= \frac{\left(3 - 3\right)\binom{-2}{4}}{18} \tag{2.0.22}$$

$$=\frac{-18}{18}\tag{2.0.23}$$

$$=-1$$
 (2.0.24)

Substituting in the line equation,

$$\mathbf{x}_{min} = \mathbf{B} + \mu_{min}\mathbf{m} \tag{2.0.25}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.26}$$

6) Length of altitude,

$$l = ||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{x}_{min}|| \qquad (2.0.27)$$

$$=\sqrt{2}$$
 (2.0.28)

Parameter	Value	Desription
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	Vertex 'A' of the triangle
В	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	Vertex 'B' of triangle
С	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	Vertex 'C' of triangle

TABLE 6: Table

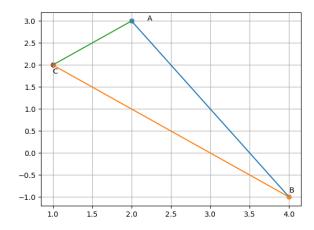


Fig. 6: Figure