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# EE2802: Assignment3

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### 1 Problem

Find the point on x-axis that is equidistant from points  $\binom{7}{6}$  and  $\binom{3}{4}$ 

## 2 Solution

The given point (say P) is equidistant from

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}\|^2$$
 (2.0.3)  
$$\|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{P} + \|\mathbf{P}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{P} + \|\mathbf{P}\|^2$$
 (2.0.4)

$$(2\mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{T}} - 2\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{T}})\mathbf{P} = ||\mathbf{B}||^2 - ||\mathbf{A}||^2$$
 (2.0.5)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} = 15 \tag{2.0.6}$$

Also, P lies on x - axis

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} = 0 \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{15}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.9}$$

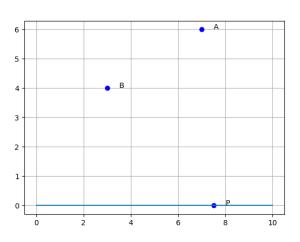


Fig. 0: Figure1