1 What is gpgmailencrypt

gpgmailencrypt can encrypt e-mails.

It supports

- * PGP/Inline
- * PGP/Mime
- * SMime

It can be used normally as a script doing everything on command line or in daemon mode, where gpgmailencrypt acts as an encrypting smtp server.

It takes emails and if a encryption key exists for this user it will return the e-mail encrypted to another e-mail server.

The encryption method can be selected per user.

1.1 Prerequisites

The following software needs to installed

- python 2.x
- gnupg (I recommend version 2)
- openssl

2 Installation

2.1 General

1. Copy the file "gpgmailencrypt.py" into the directory /usr/local/bin and make the file executable via

sudo chmod 755 /usr/local/bin/gpgmailencrypt.py

2. Create a default configuration file via

```
gpgmailencrypt.py -x > ~/gpgmailencrypt.conf
```

3. Copy the configuration file into the directory /etc

```
sudo cp ~/gpgmailencrypt.conf /etc
```

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2.2 Daemon

1. Copy the file gpgmailencrypt.init into the directory /etc/init.d via

```
sudo cp gpgmailencrypt.init /etc/init.d/gpgmailencrypt
```

2. Create a user (gpg-mailencrypt) under which the daemon should run

```
sudo adduser gpg-mailencrypt
```

3. You can set the user in the file /etc/default/gpgmailencrypt. It should contain

```
USER="gpg-mailencrypt"
DIR="/usr/local/bin"
```

3 Configuration /etc/gpgmailencrypt.conf

3.1 General

```
[default]
prefered encryption = gpginline
                                          ; valid values are
'qpqinline', 'qpqmime' or 'smime'
add\ header = no
                                          ; adds a X-GPGMailencrypt header to
the mail
domains =
                                          ; comma separated list of domain
names, that should be encrypted, empty is all
spamsubject =***SPAM
                                    ; Spam recognition string, spam will not be
encrypted
output=mail
                                          ; valid values are 'mail'or 'stdout'
locale=en
                                    ; DE | EN | ES | FR'
[logging]
                                    ; valid values are 'none', 'syslog', 'file'
log=none
or 'stderr'
file = /tmp/gpgmailencrypt.log
debug = no
[mailserver]
host = 127.0.0.1
                                    ;smtp host
port = 25
                                    ;smtp port
                                     ;user must authenticate
authenticate = False
smtpcredential =/etc/gpgmailencrypt.cfg ;file format 'user=password'
;user nokey@domain.com = user key@otherdomain.com
[encryptionmap]
user@domain.com = PGPMIME
                                    ; PGPMIME | PGPINLINE | SMIME | NONE
```

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3.2 PGP specific configuration

3.3 SMIME specific configuration

3.4 Daemon specific configuration

The gpgmailencrypt.pw has the following format:

```
user1=password1
user2=password2
```

Don't forget to make the file readable only for the gpgmailencrypt user!

The x509 certificate files can be created see:

```
https://www.e-rave.nl/create-a-self-signed-ssl-key-for-postfi
```

4 Key Management

The following commands have to be used as the user, that is running gpgmailencrypt. Remember that in daemon mode this user is 'gpg-mailencrypt'. So for daemon mode you first have to change

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the user

```
sudo su - gpg-mailencrypt
```

4.1 PGP

Add a PGP key to the public key ring

```
gpg --import publickey.gpg
```

4.2 SMIME

Smime keys are stored in the directory ~/.smime per default. You have to create it if it does not exist. Each key is stored in a single file in pem-format.

Usually you get the smime.key file in a different format. To convert it use

```
openssl pkcs7 -print_certs -inform DER -in smime.p7s -out smime.pem
```

Let's say you get the smime.p7s from agenti@mib.

Instead of 'smime.pem" you should use a unique name for the file and copy it in ~/.smime/

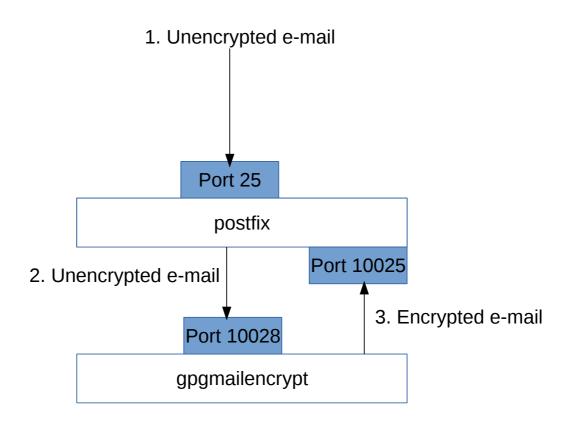
```
cp smime.pem ~/.smime/agentj@mib.pem
```

For this user you need also an entry in /etc/gpgmailencrypt.conf

```
[smimeuser]
agentj@mib = agentj@mib.pem
```

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5 Integrating gpgmailencrypt in postfix



Install and configure gpgmailencrypt as daemon.

/etc/gpgmailencrypt.conf

```
[mailserver]
host = 127.0.0.1
port = 10025
[daemon]
host = 127.0.0.1
port = 10028
```

/etc/postfix/main.cf

```
content_filter=gpgmailencrypt:[127.0.0.1]:10028
```

/etc/postfix/master.cf

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```
localhost:10025 inet n - n - - smtpd
-o content_filter=
-o mynetworks=127.0.0.0/8
-o receive_override_options=no_unknown_recipient_checks
-o smtpd_recipient_restrictions=permit_mynetworks, reject_unauth_destination
-o smtpd_authorized_xforward_hosts=127.0.0.0/8

gpgmailencrypt unix - - n - 2 smtp
-o smtp_data_done_timeout=1800
```

5.1 Using authentication

For using the authentication add the following to gpgmailencrypt section in master.cf

```
-o smtp_sasl_auth_enable=yes
-o smtp_sasl_password_maps=hash:/etc/postfix/gpgmailencrypt_passwd
```

With /etc/postfix/gpgmailencrypt_passwd having the following structure

```
localhost user:password
```

Then use the following commands

```
sudo chmod 640 /etc/postfix/gpgmailencrypt_passwd
sudo postmap /etc/postfix/gpgmailencrypt_passwd
```

5.2 Using smtps

To use the gpgmailencrypt smtps feature with postfix 2.x you need to install stunnel (in Ubuntu the package is called stunnel4)

Create the file /etc/stunnel/gpgmailencrypt.conf

```
[gpgmailencrypt-smtps]
  accept = 10000
  client = yes
  connect = localhost:10028
```

And change /etc/default/stunnel4

```
ENABLED=1
```

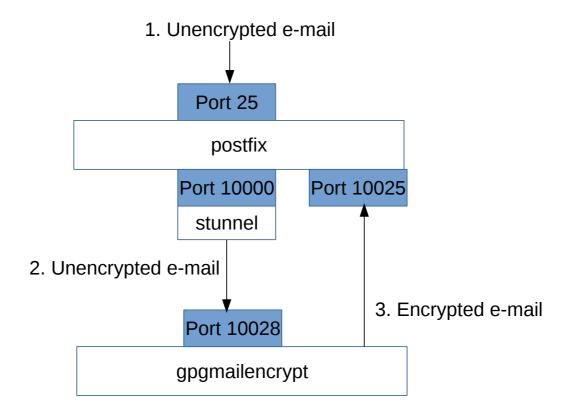
Then start stunnel with

```
/etc/init.d/stunnel4 start
```

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/etc/postfix/main.cf should be changed to

content filter=gpgmailencrypt:[127.0.0.1]:10000



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