

# Linux Hardening Audit Report

**Author:** Mohammed Nihal

**Platform:** Kali Linux (VirtualBox – Oracle VM)

**Kernel Version:** 6.18.9-kali

**Audit Date:** 21 Feb 2026

## 1. Objective

The objective of this project was to design and implement a Linux Hardening Audit Tool to evaluate system security configuration against CIS-style best practices. The tool audits firewall status, SSH hardening, file permissions, rootkit presence, running services, and system updates, generating a compliance score and risk classification.

## 2. Firewall Configuration

UFW firewall was enabled and confirmed active. Port 22 (SSH) was allowed, Port 80 denied, and additional deny rules configured.

## 3. SSH Security Assessment

Current SSH configuration detected 'PermitRootLogin yes' and 'PasswordAuthentication yes', which pose security risks such as brute-force attacks and unauthorized root access.

## 4. Rootkit & Malware Scan

chkrootkit and rkhunter were executed. No rootkits or malicious indicators were detected.

## 5. Lynis Audit

Lynis 3.1.6 was used to perform a full system audit. Standard hardening recommendations were identified, mainly focused on SSH security and authentication mechanisms.

## 6. Custom Audit Tool Results

Check	Status
Firewall	PASS
Root Login	FAIL
Password Authentication	WARN
/etc/shadow Permissions	PASS
Insecure Services	PASS
Rootkit Detection	PASS
System Updates	WARN

**Security Score:** 57.14%

**Risk Level:** MEDIUM

## 7. Recommendations

- Disable SSH root login - Disable password authentication (use SSH keys) - Apply pending system updates - Configure Fail2Ban for brute-force protection - Restrict SSH access to trusted IP addresses

<https://github.com/N-h4L/linux-audit-tool.git>