

National Quality Control Laboratory Hospital Road, KNH Complex, P.O. Box 29726, 00202 Nairobi, Kenya Telephone: 2726963, +254 - 020 - 3544525/30 • Fax: 2718073 Email: info@nqcl.go.ke Website: www.nqcl.go.ke

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SAMPLE INFORMATION FORM

Date Sample Submitted:	Labora	tory Reference N	Vo:	
Product Generic/Brand Name:				
Product Chemical Name:				
Product Description:				<u> </u>
- -				<u>—</u>
Product Presentation:				
Label claim: -				
Batch/Lot No:			e No:	
Date of manufacture:			xpiry:	
Name of Client and				
Client Reference No:				
Manufacturer:				
Manufacturer:	Sample Issued	es d:	Samples Returned	
Test(s) requested:	Limits:	Monograph (s	pecify year and exact page):	
a)		U.S.P		
b)		В.Р		
c)		יו דו		
d)		Ph. Intl.		
e) f)		Other's		
Analyst:	Signature:		Date:	
Checked by:	Signature:		Date:	
Approved by:	Signature:		Date:	

UNIFORMITY OF WEIGHT: TABLETS/CAPSULES/SACHETS/VIALS

No.	Tablets/Capsules/ Satchets/Vials (mg)	Empty Capsule/ Satchet/Vial (mg)	Capsule/Sachet/Vial Content (mg)	% Deviation From mean (for deviating tabs/caps)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
Total:				
Avg:				
Calcula Deviatio				

\sim \sim			
Comments:			
Commicno.			

MICROBIOLOGICAL ASSAY OF ERYTHROMYCIN TABLETS

Method of Analysis No.: Micro/MoA 002

Adapted from the USP 34 NF 29 2011 Vol. 1 Page 70 (Antibiotics - Microbial Assay)

MICROBIOLOGY LAB NO.	DATE RECEIVED	DATE TEST SET	DATE OF RESULTS		
CAMPLE AND STANDADD PREPARATION					

SAMPLE AND STANDARD PREPARATION

Preparation of Standard solution:

Taking into consideration its potency, weigh accurately a weight of the standard equivalent to approx. 16mg of Erythromycin into a 25mL volumetric flask. Add a little methanol and sonicate for 10 minutes to dissolve. Allow to cool and then make up to volume with methanol. Dilute 5mL of the resultant solution to 25mL using Buffer Solution pH 8.0. This gives solution \$\mathbf{S}_3\$ i.e., Standard Stock Solution (~0.128 mg/mL). The standard solution should be prepared in duplicate (Std A & B).

NB: The esteric form of Erythromycin in the Standard used should be the same as that in the sample, i.e. **Stearate**.

Preparation of the Sample Solution:

Weigh accurately a weight of the tablet powder equivalent to approx. 40mg Erythromycin to a 50mL volumetric flask. Add a little methanol and sonicate for 10 minutes to dissolve. Allow to cool and then make up to volume with methanol. Take 10mL of this solution into a 25mL volumetric flask and top up with methanol. Transfer 10mL of the resultant solution to a 25mL volumetric flask and make up to volume with Buffer Solution pH 8.0. This gives solution T_3 i.e., Sample Stock Solution ($\sim 0.128 \text{ mg/mL}$).

The sample solution should be prepared in <u>triplicate</u> (Test A, B, & C).

Preparation of the test solutions:

Dilute both Solutions S_3 and T_3 as follows:

Dilute 5mL to 10mL using Buffer Solution pH 8.0; this gives solutions S₂ and T₂ respectively.

From the S_2 and T_2 solution take 5mL and dilute to 10mL with Buffer Solution pH 8.0; this yields solutions S_1 and T_1 respectively.

Preparation of Innoculum:

From a recently grown slant of *Bacillus pumilus*, subculture onto a plate of Nutrient Agar and incubate at 35 °C for 5 days or until sufficient growth is attained. Harvest the growth using sterile water or normal saline into a test-tube or sterile bottle.

Preparation of the Media:

Weigh Antibiotic Assay Medium No. 1 and reconstitute with water as prescribed by the manufacturer to give a volume sufficient for analysis. Autoclave at 121° C for 15minutes. Allow cooling to about 50 ° C before adding the innoculum (approx. 4mL of the suspension of *Bacillus pumilus* harvested). Swirl the bottle to mix the innoculum while avoiding introduction of air bubbles.

Preparation of the plates:

Measure out 25mL of the inoculated media using a measuring cylinder into each of the plates to be used for the assay. Let the plate settle for about 1hour. When the media has hardened enough, make 6 cylindrical wells using the borer and the template guide in each plate. Label the wells with the solutions to be put into each well, in the following order: T_2 - T_3 - T_1 - S_3 - S_1 - S_2 .

Each assay uses a total of 18 plates, thus:

- □ 3 plates having Std A and Test A test solutions,
- □ 3 plates having Std A and Test B test solutions,
- □ 3 plates having Std A and Test C test solutions,
- □ 3 plates having Std B and Test A test solutions,
- □ 3 plates having Std B and Test B test solutions,
- □ 3 plates having Std B and Test C test solutions.

Performing the Test:

Using the 100- μ L micropipette transfer 100 μ L of each of the Solutions into the appropriately labeled wells. After completion, allow the petri dishes to stand for 2 hours before incubating them at 35 °C for about 18-24 hours.

Read the diameters of the zones of inhibition using a caliper and record them in the table.

Calculations:

Calculate the amount of Erythromycin in each of the samples using the formulae below:

 $E = \frac{1}{4}[(S_3+T_3)-(S_1+T_1)]$ $F = \frac{1}{3}[(T_3+T_2+T_1)-(S_3+S_2+S_1)]$ $b = E/\log Dose Ratio$ m = F/bAntilog m = Factor
% Label Claim = Factor X [Std] X 100
[Smp]

Where S_3 , S_2 , S_1 , T_3 , T_2 , T_1 is the average diameters per each sample

[S t d] is the Final Concentration of Erythromycin Standard, and [Smp] is the Expected Concentration of Erythromycin Sample

	Zone Diameters (mm)						
Std Weight A (Std Weight A (mg) Std Weight B (mg)		ght B (mg)	S	mp Vol/Mass A (mL/mg)	A	
	Std Pot	tency					
		Sam	ple A / Stan	dard A			
Petri Dish	S_1	S_2	S_3	T ₁	T ₂	T ₃	
1							
2							
3							
		Sam	ple A / Stan	dard B			
Petri Dish	S_1	S_2	S_3	T ₁	T_2	T ₃	
1							
2							
3							

Smp	Vol/Mass B	(mL/mg)				
		Samj	ple B / Standa	rd A		
Petri Dish	S ₁	S_2	S_3	T ₁	T_2	T ₃
1						
2						
3						
		Sam	ple B / Standa	rd B		
Petri Dish	S_1	S_2	S_3	T_1	T_2	T_3
1						
2						
3						
Smp	Vol/Mass C	(mL/mg)				
		Samj	ple C / Standa	rd A		
Petri Dish	S_1	S_2	S_3	T_1	T_2	T_3
1						
2						
3						
		Sam	ple C/Standa	rd B		
Petri Dish	S ₁	S ₂	S_3	T ₁	T ₂	T ₃
1						
2						
3						

Sample and Standard Preparation				
Analyst:		Head, Biological Analysis Unit:		
Date:		Date:		
Analyst:				
Date:				

DISSOLUTION

Standard Preparation for Dissolution:

Tabl	Tablet/Capsule Weights (mg)							
	1st Run	2 nd Run	3 rd Run					
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								

Dissolution Conditions

ation Conditions			
	1st Run	2 nd Run	3 rd Run
1			
Dissolution Medium:			
Volume used:			
Apparatus:			
Rotations per minute:			
Time (min)			

Describe below any subsequent dilutions after the dissolution:

	REAGENTS USED							
			Lot/Batch	Date	Expiry			
	Reagent Name	Manufacturer	No.	Opened	Date	Remarks		
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								
6.								
7.								
8.								

	EQUIPMENT USED								
	Equipment Name	NQCL No./Code	Date of Last Calibration	Date of Next Calibration	Remarks				
1.	Equipment Name	INQUELINO., COULC	Cambration	Cambration	Remarks				
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7.									
8.									

APPENDIX

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Describe in Silmms	arv the reagen	t nrenaration	procedures including	mobile phase at	nd hiiffers
Describe in Summi	ary the reagen	preparation	procedures including	moone phase at	ia ballers.

Report any other tests carried out on the sample.

WORKSHEET TRACKING						
No.	ACTIVITY	FROM: OFFICER/ ANALYST	SIGNATURE	TO: OFFICER/ ANALYST	SIGNATURE	DATE
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						