

We want to devise a function `NEXTPER(n,)` that given an integer `n` and a permutation of $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ outputs the next permutation of $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ after in the lexicographical order. For example, on an input `(3,h1, 3, 2i)`, `NEXTPER` should output `h2, 1, 3i` and on an input `(5,h2, 3, 5, 4, 1i)`, `NEXTPER` should output `h2, 4, 1, 3, 5i`.

(a) Give pseudocode for the function `NEXTPER`.
 (b) Determine the worst case running time of `NEXTPER`.
 (c) Implement your pseudocode for `NEXTPER` using C/C++/Java.

a)

Algorithm 1 Counting mismatches between two packed strings

Precondition: x and y are packed strings of equal length n

```

Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced1 function DISTANCE( $x, y$ )
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced2    $z \leftarrow x \oplus y$        $\triangleright \oplus$ : bitwise exclusive-or
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced3    $\delta \leftarrow 0$ 
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced4   for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$  do
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced5     if  $z_i \neq 0$  then
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced6      $\delta \leftarrow \delta + 1$ 
Colour=888888,Numbers=Monospaced7   return  $\delta$ 

```
