## Chapter 27 Even Answers

**2.** 3.64 h

**4.** (a) See solution

(b) 1.05 mA

6.  $\frac{q\omega}{2\pi}$ 

**8.** 0.265 C

**10.** (a)  $2.21 \times 10^{-7}$  m

(b) No. Their electrostatic repulsion is measured by a potential of only 6.49 mV.

**12.** 0.130 mm/s

**14.** (a)  $3.75 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

(b) 536 m

**16.**  $0.0181 \ \Omega \cdot m$ 

**18.** (a)  $\sim 10^{18} \Omega$ 

(b)  $\sim 10^7 \,\Omega$ 

(c)  $\sim 10^{-16} \text{ A}, \sim 10^9 \text{ A}$ 

**20.** R/9

22.  $r_{AI} / r_{Cu} = 1.29$ 

**24.** 378  $\Omega$ 

26. (a) unaffected

(b) doubles

(c) doubles

(d) unchanged

**28.** 1.98 A

**30.**  $R_n = 5.56 \text{ k}\Omega, \ R_c = 4.44 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

**32.**  $1.71 \Omega$ 

**34.**  $0.153 \Omega$ 

**36.**  $2.52 \times 10^3 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

**38.** 448 A

 $40. \qquad \frac{(\Delta V)^2 \Delta t}{mc(T_2 - T_1)}$ 

**42.** (a) 3.17 m

(b) 340 W

(a) 0.660 kWh 44.

- (b) 3.96 cents
- 295 metric ton/h **46**.
- **48**. 672 s
- **50**. \$2.88/day
- **52**. (a) 576  $\Omega$ , 144  $\Omega$

- (b) 4.80 s, lower potential energy
- (c) 0.0400 s, changes to heat and light (d) \$1.26, energy at  $1.94 \times 10^{-8}$  \$ / J

- 50.0 MW **54**.
- **56**. 1.56 cm
- (a) 116 V **58**.

- (b) 12.8 kW
- (c) 436 W

(a)  $\frac{V}{L}$  i **60**.

(b)  $\frac{4\rho L}{\pi d^2}$ 

(d)  $\frac{V}{\rho L}$  i

- $2.00 \Omega$ **62**.
- (a)  $\frac{R_0 [1 + \alpha (T T_0)] [1 + \alpha' (T T_0)]}{[1 + 2\alpha' (T T_0)]}$ **64**.
- (b) 1.08  $\Omega$  changes to 1.420  $\Omega,~$  or more precisely 1.418  $\Omega$

(a)  $\frac{\rho L}{\pi \left(r_b^2 - r_a^2\right)}$ 

(b)  $37.4 \text{ M}\Omega$ 

(c)  $\frac{\rho}{2\pi L} \ln \left( \frac{r_b}{r_a} \right)$ 

(d)  $1.22 \text{ M}\Omega$