

```
In [1]: 1 # importing libraries
2
3 import numpy as np
4 import pandas as pd
5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
6 import seaborn as sns
7 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
8 import warnings
9 warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

```
In [2]: 1 df = pd.read_csv("bank_M.csv")
2 df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	age	job	marital	education	default	balance	housing	loan	contact	day	month	duration	campaign
0	59	admin.	married	secondary	no	2343	yes	no	unknown	5	may	1042	1
1	56	admin.	married	secondary	no	45	no	no	unknown	5	may	1467	1
2	41	technician	married	secondary	no	1270	yes	no	unknown	5	may	1389	1
3	55	services	married	secondary	no	2476	yes	no	unknown	5	may	579	1
4	54	admin.	married	tertiary	no	184	no	no	unknown	5	may	673	2

```
In [3]: 1 df.describe()
```

Out[3]:

	age	balance	day	duration	campaign	pdays	previous
count	11162.000000	11162.000000	11162.000000	11162.000000	11162.000000	11162.000000	11162.000000
mean	41.231948	1528.538524	15.658036	371.993818	2.508421	51.330407	0.832557
std	11.913369	3225.413326	8.420740	347.128386	2.722077	108.758282	2.292007
min	18.000000	-6847.000000	1.000000	2.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	0.000000
25%	32.000000	122.000000	8.000000	138.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	0.000000
50%	39.000000	550.000000	15.000000	255.000000	2.000000	-1.000000	0.000000
75%	49.000000	1708.000000	22.000000	496.000000	3.000000	20.750000	1.000000
max	95.000000	81204.000000	31.000000	3881.000000	63.000000	854.000000	58.000000

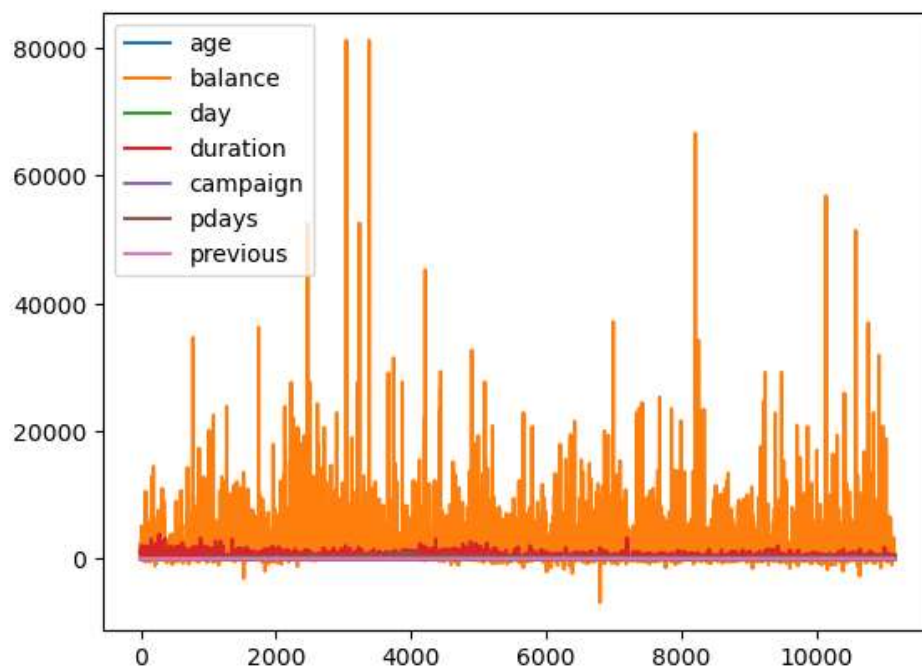
```
In [4]: 1 df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[4]: age      0
job      0
marital   0
education 0
default   0
balance   0
housing   0
loan      0
contact   0
day       0
month     0
duration  0
campaign  0
pdays    0
previous  0
poutcome  0
deposit   0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [5]: 1 df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 11162 entries, 0 to 11161  
Data columns (total 17 columns):  
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  ---  
0   age         11162 non-null  int64  
1   job         11162 non-null  object  
2   marital     11162 non-null  object  
3   education   11162 non-null  object  
4   default     11162 non-null  object  
5   balance     11162 non-null  int64  
6   housing     11162 non-null  object  
7   loan        11162 non-null  object  
8   contact     11162 non-null  object  
9   day         11162 non-null  int64  
10  month       11162 non-null  object  
11  duration    11162 non-null  int64  
12  campaign    11162 non-null  int64  
13  pdays      11162 non-null  int64  
14  previous    11162 non-null  int64  
15  poutcome    11162 non-null  object  
16  deposit     11162 non-null  object  
dtypes: int64(7), object(10)  
memory usage: 1.4+ MB
```

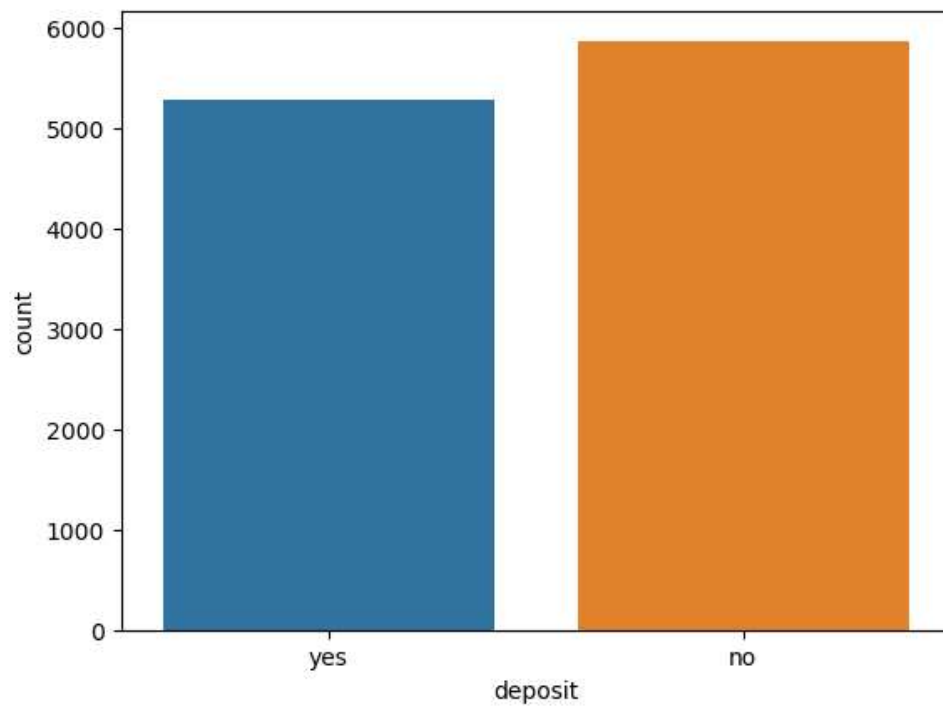
```
In [6]: 1 df.plot()  
2 plt.show()
```



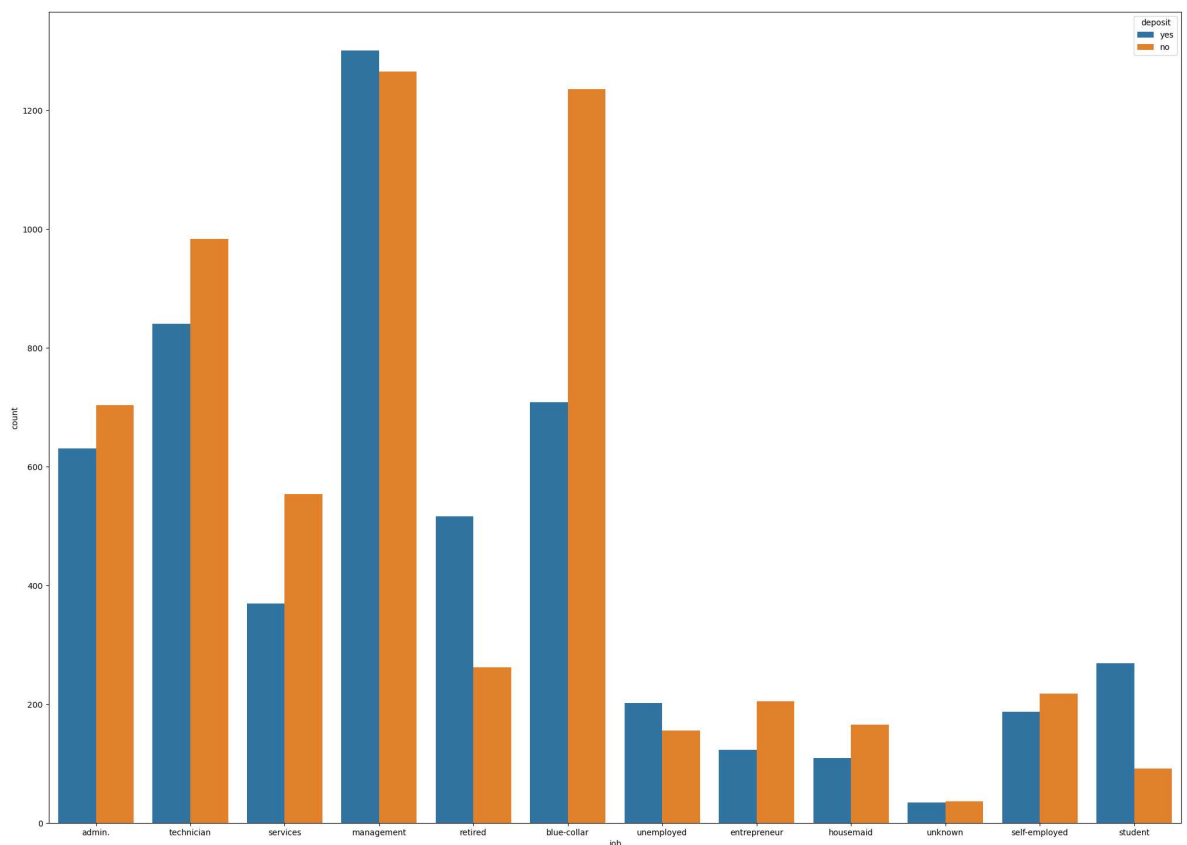
```
In [7]: 1 df['deposit'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[7]: deposit  
no      5873  
yes     5289  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

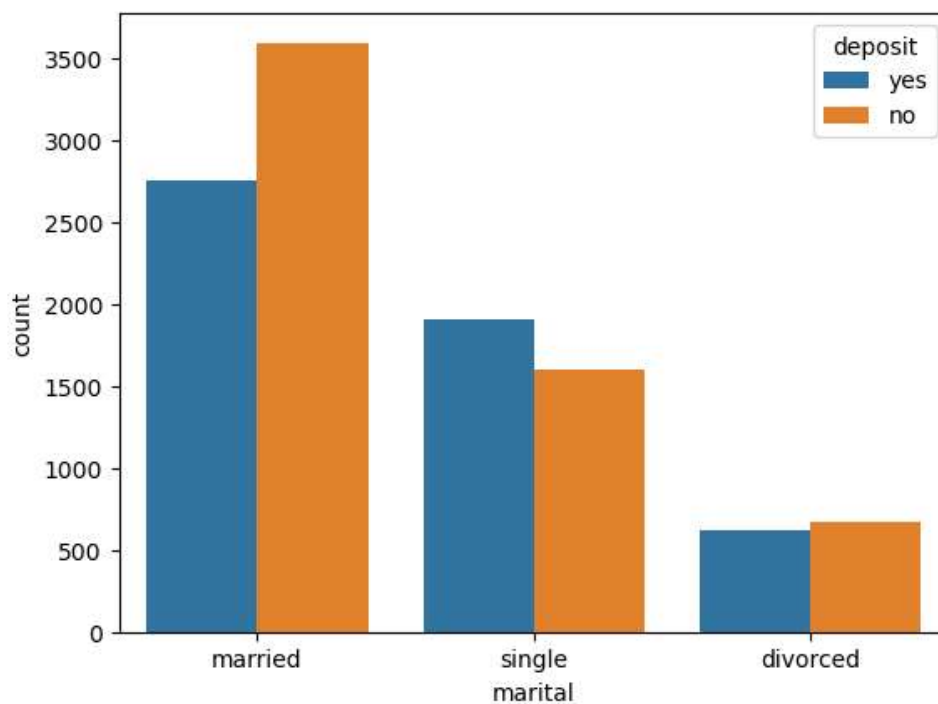
```
In [8]: 1 sns.countplot(data=df, x='deposit')  
2 plt.show()
```



```
In [9]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(25,18))  
2 sns.countplot(x=df['job'], y=None, hue=df['deposit'])  
3 plt.show()
```



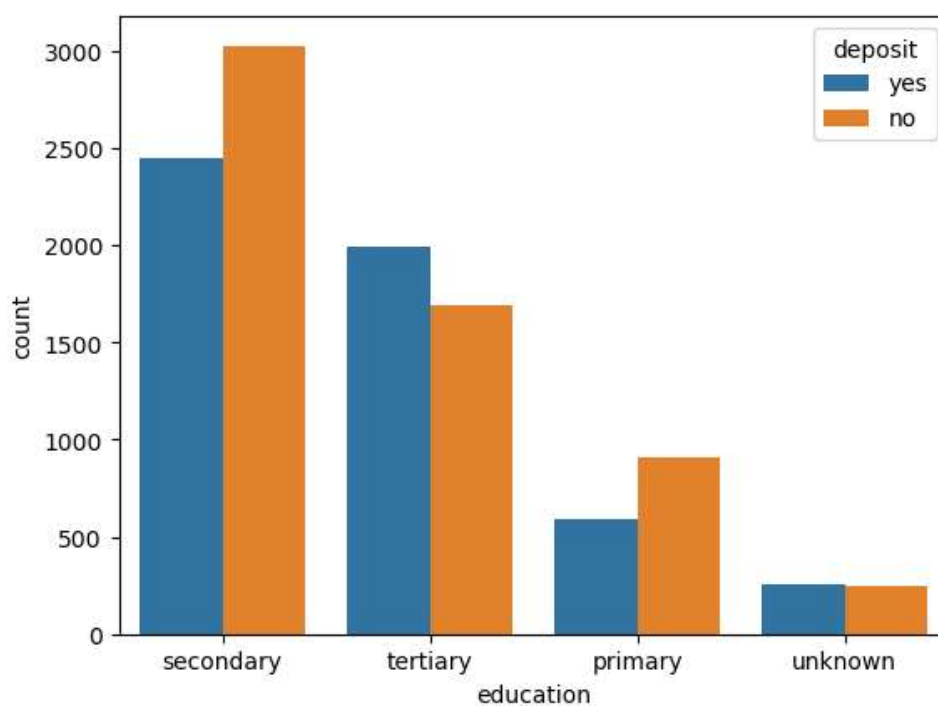
```
In [10]: 1 sns.countplot(x=df['marital'], y=None, hue=df['deposit'])  
2 plt.show()
```



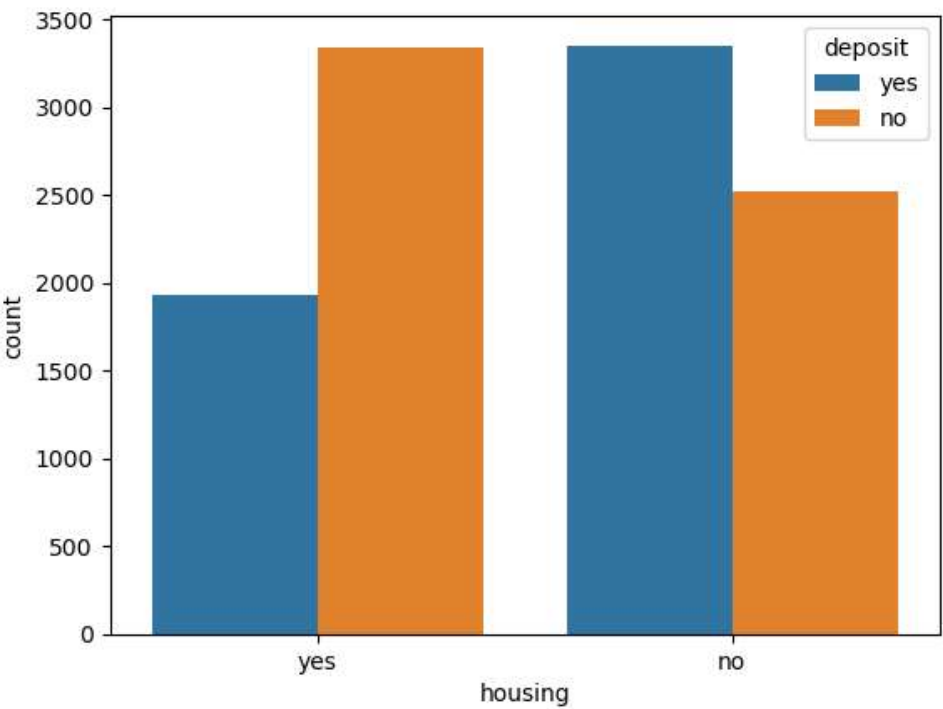
```
In [11]: 1 df['education'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[11]: education  
secondary    5476  
tertiary     3689  
primary      1500  
unknown       497  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: 1 sns.countplot(x=df['education'], y=None, hue=df['deposit'])  
2 plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: 1 sns.countplot(x=df['housing'], y=None, hue=df['deposit'])
        2 plt.show()
```

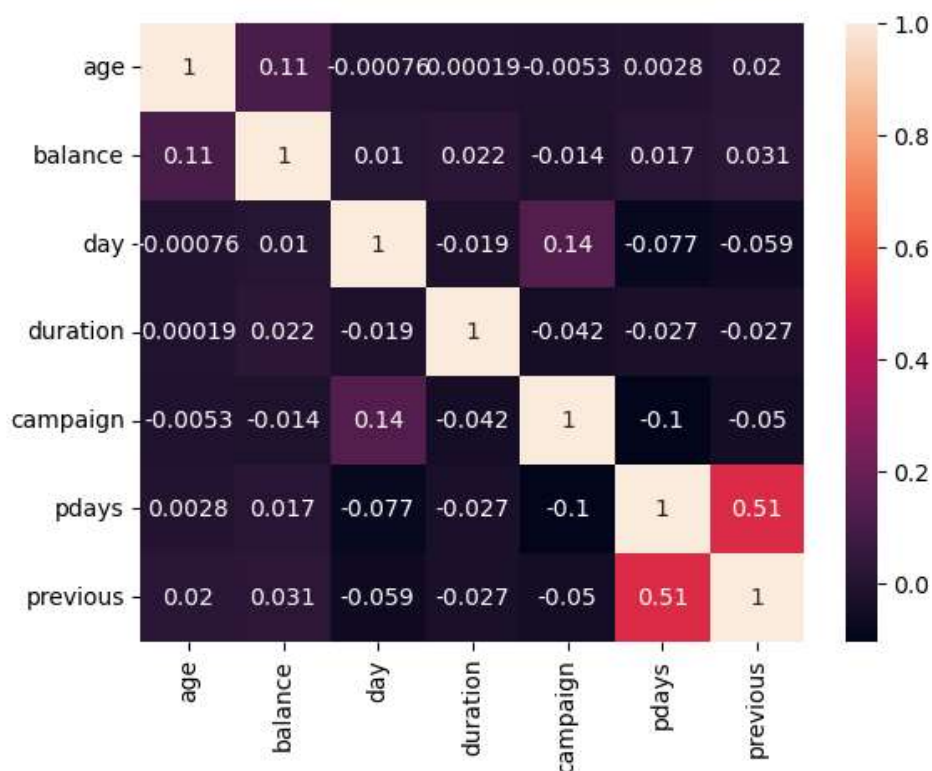


```
In [14]: 1 df.corr(numeric_only=True)
```

Out[14]:

	age	balance	day	duration	campaign	pdays	previous
age	1.000000	0.112300	-0.000762	0.000189	-0.005278	0.002774	0.020169
balance	0.112300	1.000000	0.010467	0.022436	-0.013894	0.017411	0.030805
day	-0.000762	0.010467	1.000000	-0.018511	0.137007	-0.077232	-0.058981
duration	0.000189	0.022436	-0.018511	1.000000	-0.041557	-0.027392	-0.026716
campaign	-0.005278	-0.013894	0.137007	-0.041557	1.000000	-0.102726	-0.049699
pdays	0.002774	0.017411	-0.077232	-0.027392	-0.102726	1.000000	0.507272
previous	0.020169	0.030805	-0.058981	-0.026716	-0.049699	0.507272	1.000000

```
In [15]: 1 sns.heatmap(df.corr(numeric_only=True), annot=True)
2 plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: 1 le = LabelEncoder()
2 df['job'] = le.fit_transform(df['job'])
3 df['marital'] = le.fit_transform(df['marital'])
4 df['education'] = le.fit_transform(df['education'])
5 df['default'] = le.fit_transform(df['default'])
6 df['housing'] = le.fit_transform(df['housing'])
7 df['loan'] = le.fit_transform(df['loan'])
8 df['contact'] = le.fit_transform(df['contact'])
9 df['month'] = le.fit_transform(df['month'])
10 df['day'] = le.fit_transform(df['day'])
11 df['deposit'] = le.fit_transform(df['deposit'])
12 df['poutcome'] = le.fit_transform(df['poutcome'])
```

```
In [17]: 1 x = df.drop('deposit', axis=1)
2 y = df['deposit']
```

```
In [18]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2 x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
In [19]: 1 x_train.shape, x_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
```

```
Out[19]: ((8929, 16), (2233, 16), (8929,), (2233,))
```

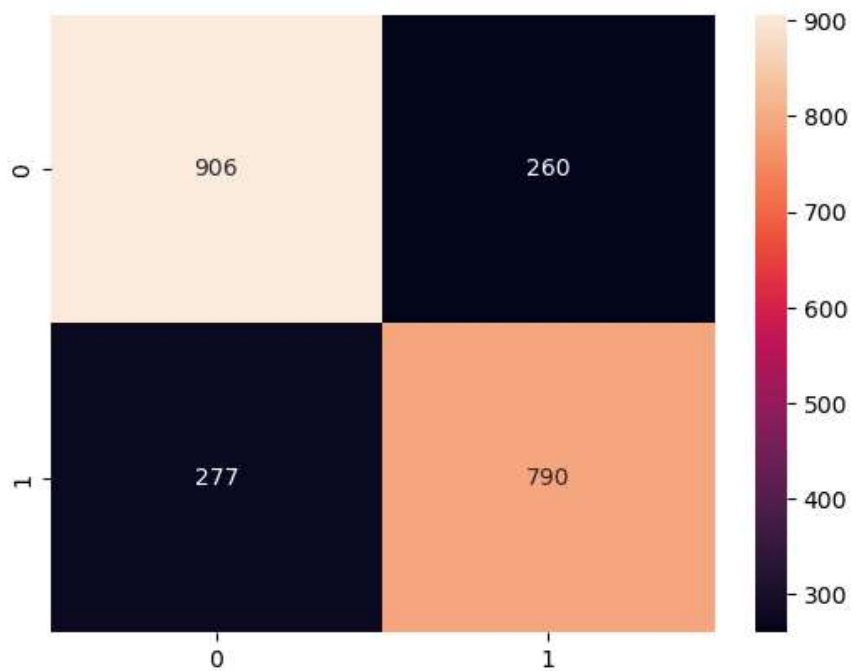
```
In [20]: 1 # Decision Tree
2 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
3 DT = DecisionTreeClassifier()
4 DT.fit(x_train, y_train)
5 DT.score(x_test, y_test)*100
```

```
Out[20]: 75.95163457232422
```

```
In [21]: 1 y_pred = DT.predict(x_test)
2 print(y_pred)
```

```
[0 1 1 ... 0 1 0]
```

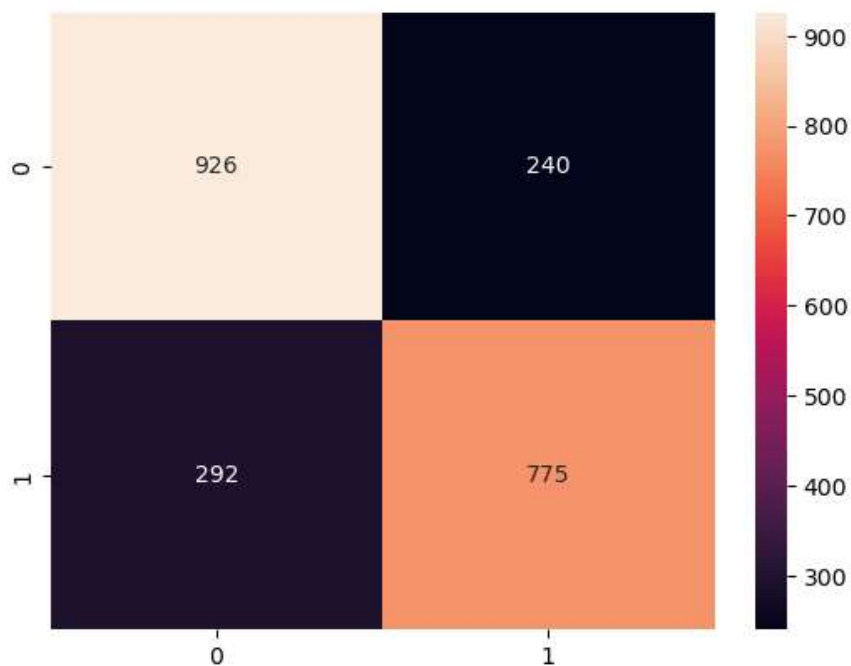
```
In [22]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
2 cmf = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
3 sns.heatmap(cmf, annot=True, fmt='1')
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [23]: 1 # Logistic Regression
2 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
3 LG = LogisticRegression()
4 LG.fit(x_train, y_train)
5 LG.score(x_test, y_test)*100
```

Out[23]: 76.17554858934169

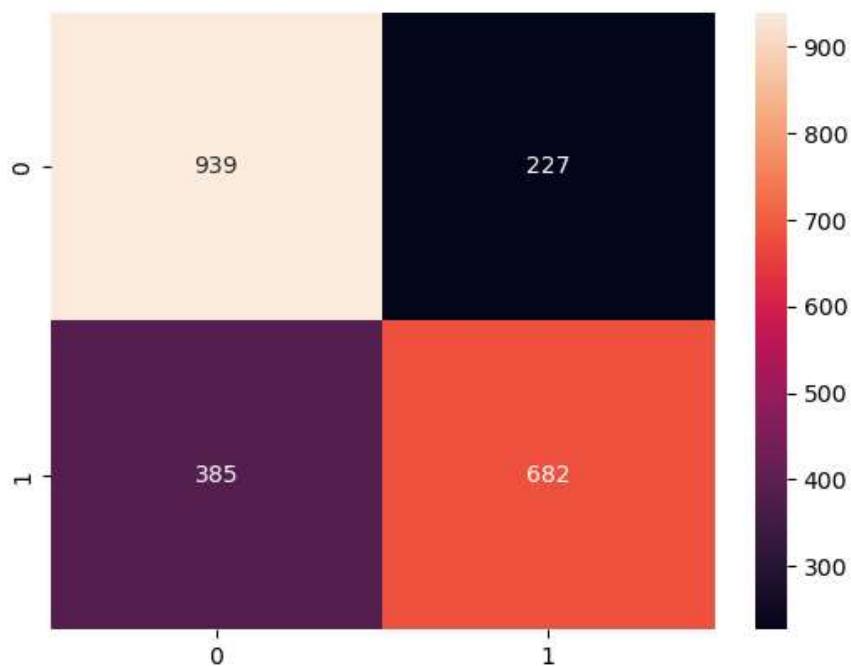
```
In [24]: 1 ypred = LG.predict(x_test)
2 cmf = confusion_matrix(y_test, ypred)
3 sns.heatmap(cmf, annot=True, fmt='1')
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [25]: 1 # Support Vector Machine
2 from sklearn.svm import SVC
3 svm = SVC()
4 svm.fit(x_train, y_train)
5 svm.score(x_test, y_test)*100
```

Out[25]: 72.59292431706224

```
In [26]: 1 y_predict = svm.predict(x_test)
2 cmf = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predict)
3 sns.heatmap(cmf, annot=True, fmt='1')
4 plt.show()
```

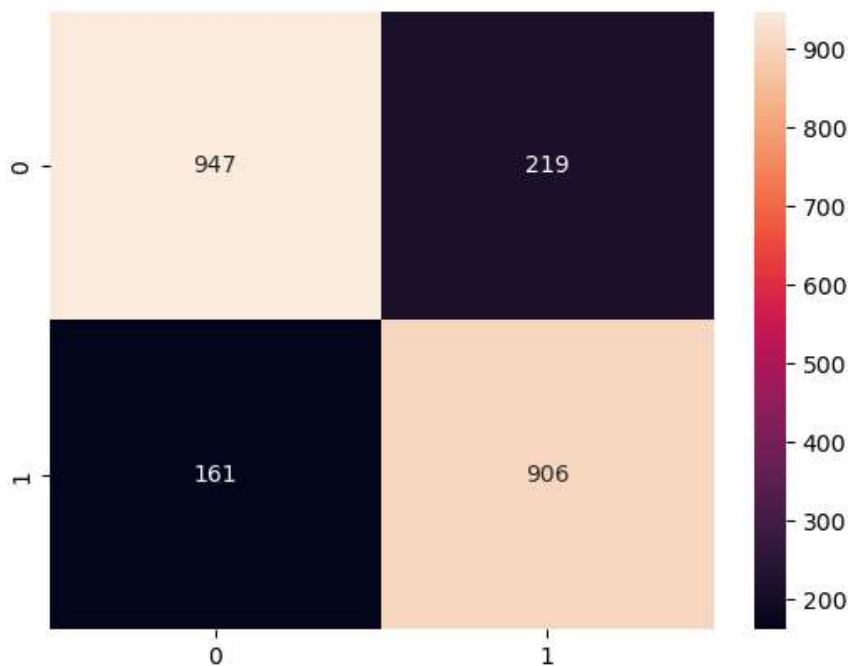


```
In [27]: 1 # Random Forest
2 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
3 RF = RandomForestClassifier()
4 RF.fit(x_train, y_train)
5 RF.score(x_test, y_test)*100
```

Out[27]: 82.98253470667264



```
In [28]: 1 yPredict = RF.predict(x_test)
2 cmf = confusion_matrix(y_test, yPredict)
3 sns.heatmap(cmf, annot=True, fmt='1')
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [29]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
2 print("Precision Score of Decision Tree :",precision_score(y_test, y_pred))
3
4 print("Precision Score of Logistic Regression :",precision_score(y_test, ypred))
5
6 print("Precision Score of Support Vector Machine :",precision_score(y_test, y_predict))
7
8 print("Precision Score of Random Forest :",precision_score(y_test, yPredict))
```

```
Precision Score of Decision Tree : 0.7523809523809524
Precision Score of Logistic Regression : 0.7635467980295566
Precision Score of Support Vector Machine : 0.7502750275027503
Precision Score of Random Forest : 0.8053333333333333
```

```
In [30]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
2 print("Recall of Decision Tree :",round(recall_score(y_test, y_pred), 2))
3
4 print("Recall of Logistic Regression :",round(recall_score(y_test, ypred), 2))
5
6 print("Recall of Support Vector Machine :",round(recall_score(y_test, y_predict), 2))
7
8 print("Recall of Random Forest :",round(recall_score(y_test, yPredict), 2))
```

```
Recall of Decision Tree : 0.74
Recall of Logistic Regression : 0.73
Recall of Support Vector Machine : 0.64
Recall of Random Forest : 0.85
```

```
In [31]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
2 print("Accuracy Score of Decision Tree :",accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
3
4 print("Accuracy Score of Logistic Regression :",accuracy_score(y_test, ypred))
5
6 print("Accuracy Score of Support Vector Machine :",accuracy_score(y_test, y_predict))
7
8 print("Accuracy Score of Random Forest :",accuracy_score(y_test, yPredict))
```

```
Accuracy Score of Decision Tree : 0.7595163457232422
Accuracy Score of Logistic Regression : 0.7617554858934169
Accuracy Score of Support Vector Machine : 0.7259292431706225
Accuracy Score of Random Forest : 0.8298253470667264
```

```
In [32]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
2         sc = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
3         print(sc)
```

```

              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.77       0.78       0.77       1166
     1       0.75       0.74       0.75       1067

 accuracy          0.76
 macro avg       0.76       0.76       0.76
 weighted avg    0.76       0.76       0.76

```

```
In [33]: 1 df.columns
```

```
Out[33]: Index(['age', 'job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'balance', 'housing',
               'loan', 'contact', 'day', 'month', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays',
               'previous', 'poutcome', 'deposit'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [34]: 1 df
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	age	job	marital	education	default	balance	housing	loan	contact	day	month	duration	campaign	pd
0	59	0	1	1	0	2343	1	0	2	4	8	1042	1	
1	56	0	1	1	0	45	0	0	2	4	8	1467	1	
2	41	9	1	1	0	1270	1	0	2	4	8	1389	1	
3	55	7	1	1	0	2476	1	0	2	4	8	579	1	
4	54	0	1	2	0	184	0	0	2	4	8	673	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11157	33	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	19	0	257	1	
11158	39	7	1	1	0	733	0	0	2	15	6	83	4	
11159	32	9	2	1	0	29	0	0	0	18	1	156	2	
11160	43	9	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	7	8	9	2	
11161	34	9	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	628	1	

11162 rows × 17 columns

```
In [35]: 1 def subscription(age, job, marital, education, default, balance, housing, loan, contact,
2         ax = np.array([age, job, marital, education, default, balance, housing, loan, contact
3         prediction = DT.predict(ax.reshape(1, -1))
4         if prediction == 0:
5             return 'Not Subscribed'
6         else:
7             return "Subsribed"
```

```
In [36]: 1 subscription(59, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2343, 1, 0, 2, 4, 8, 1042, 1, -1, 0, 3)
```

```
Out[36]: 'Subsribed'
```

```
In [37]: 1 subscription(33, 1, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 19, 0, 257, 1, -1, 0, 3,)
```

```
Out[37]: 'Not Subscribed'
```

```
In [ ]: 1
```

