NAME

assert – abort the program if assertion is false

SYNOPSIS

#include <assert.h>

void assert(scalar expression);

DESCRIPTION

If the macro **NDEBUG** was defined at the moment *<assert.h>* was last included, the macro **assert**() generates no code, and hence does nothing at all. Otherwise, the macro **assert**() prints an error message to standard error and terminates the program by calling **abort**(3) if *expression* is false (i.e., compares equal to zero).

The purpose of this macro is to help programmers find bugs in their programs. The message "assertion failed in file foo.c, function do_bar(), line 1287" is of no help at all to a user.

RETURN VALUE

No value is returned.

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, C89, C99. In C89, *expression* is required to be of type *int* and undefined behavior results if it is not, but in C99 it may have any scalar type.

BUGS

assert() is implemented as a macro; if the expression tested has side-effects, program behavior will be different depending on whether **NDEBUG** is defined. This may create Heisenbugs which go away when debugging is turned on.

SEE ALSO

abort(3), assert_perror(3), exit(3)

COLOPHON

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