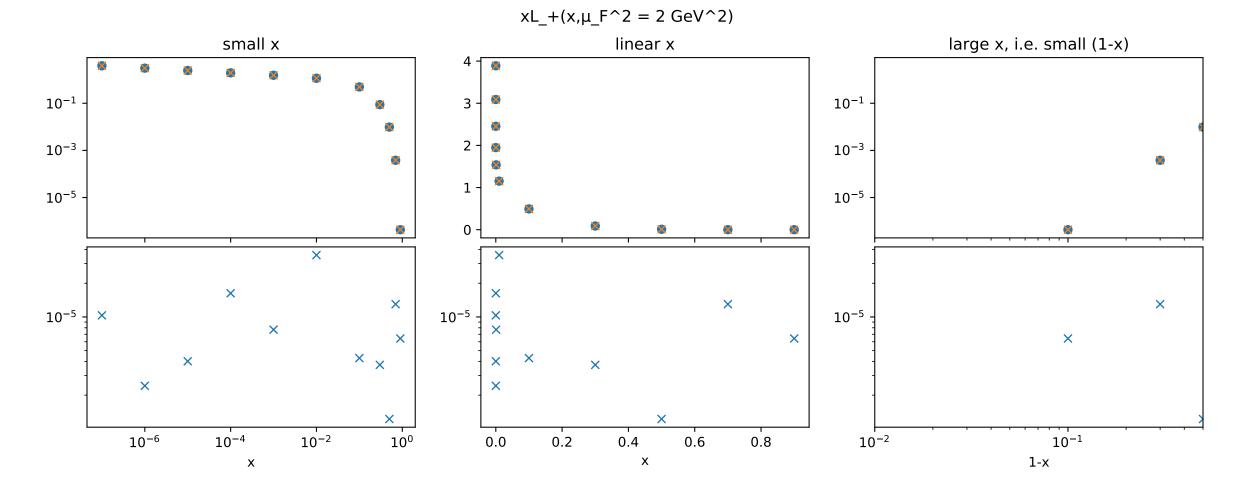
$xL_{-}(x,\mu_{F}^{2} = 2 \text{ GeV}^{2})$ small x linear x large x, i.e. small (1-x) 10^{-2} 10^{-2} 0.0125 0.0100 10^{-4} 10^{-4} 0.0075 -0.0050 10^{-6} 10^{-6} -0.0025 0.0000 -× X 10^{-5} 10^{-5} 10^{-5} X × × X X 10^{-6} X 10^{-6} 10^{-6} 10^{-7} 10^{-7} 10^{-7} 10^{-8} 10^{-8} 10^{-8} 10⁻⁹ 🚽 10⁻⁹ $\frac{1}{4}$ × 10^{-9} 10-1 10-2 10^{-2} 10^{-6} 10^{-4} 10^{0} 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1-x Χ



 $xg(x,\mu_F^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2)$ large x, i.e. small (1-x) small x linear x 10⁰ - 10^{0} 10^{-2} 10-2 10^{-4} 10^{-4} -X X 10⁻⁵ ₹ × X 10^{-5} 10-5 -× × X 10-6 = 10^{-6} 10^{-6} × X X 10⁰ 10-6 10^{-1} 10-2 10-2 10^{-4} 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1-x Χ