Problem B. Frog 2

Time limit   2000 ms
Mem limit   1048576 kB

Problem Statement

There are N stones, numbered $1, 2, \ldots, N$. For each i $(1 \le i \le N)$, the height of Stone i is h_i.

There is a frog who is initially on Stone 1. He will repeat the following action some number of times to reach Stone N:

- If the frog is currently on Stone i, jump to one of the following: Stone $i + 1, i + 2, \ldots, i + K$. Here, a cost of $|h_i - h_j|$ is incurred, where j is the stone to land on.

Find the minimum possible total cost incurred before the frog reaches Stone N.

Constraints

- All values in input are integers.
- $2 \le N \le 10^5$
- $1 \le K \le 100$
- $1 \le h_i \le 10^4$

Input

Input is given from Standard Input in the following format:

```
N  K
h₁  h₂  ...  h_N
```

Output

Print the minimum possible total cost incurred.

Sample 1

Input	Output
5 3 10 30 40 50 20	30

If we follow the path $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5$, the total cost incurred would be $|10 - 30| + |30 - 20| = 30$.

Sample 2

Input	Output
3 1 10 20 10	20

If we follow the path $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$, the total cost incurred would be $|10 - 20| + |20 - 10| = 20$.

Sample 3

Input	Output
2 100 10 10	0

If we follow the path $1 \rightarrow 2$, the total cost incurred would be $|10 - 10| = 0$.

Sample 4

Input	Output
10 4 40 10 20 70 80 10 20 70 80 60	40

If we follow the path $1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 10$, the total cost incurred would be $|40 - 70| + |70 - 70| + |70 - 60| = 40$.