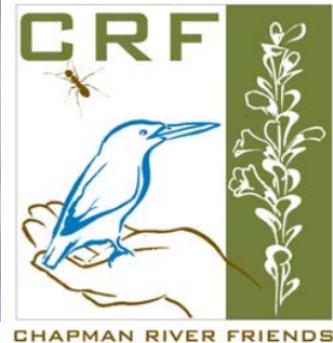


# CRF wildflowers



Welcome to  
Chapman River Regional Park !

# INTRODUCTION

Welcome to CRFwildflowers app. This app will help you to identify the wildflowers in the Chapman River Regional Park-CRRP and across the Midwest Region in Western Australia.

Chapman River Regional Park is a natural bushland area of 364 ha, situated in the heart of the City of Greater Geraldton. The park is home to over 300 species of native plants, some of which are listed as Priority or Regionally Significant Species.

The Chapman River Regional Park is located within the Southwest Australia Biodiversity Hotspot which has been recognised as being one of 25 most important areas for biodiversity globally.

The most prolific flowering time within the Chapman River Regional Park is between the months of June and October.



The park is a refuge for native fauna. 123 recorded species of birds, both migratory and resident, 22 reptiles, 7 frogs, 2 turtles, and numerous fish species. Echidnas, bats, possums and kangaroos can also be found in the park.



This project is supported by the Northern Agricultural Catchments Council through funding from the Australian Government National Landcare Program.



National  
Landcare  
Program



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



Chapman River Friends acknowledges the Yamatji people who are the Traditional Owners of this country, and pays respect to their Elders past present and future.

This app has been possible through our community's energy and enthusiasm.

Special thanks to Jenna Brooker, Alice James and Ann Guinness for their local flora expertise.

Credit photos : Tony and Jenna Brooker - Beth Teale.

Design : Virginie Fuhrmann - Linda Howitt - Alice James.

Web design : Adrian DeWitt

# How do you use this app?

This app provides additional identification information to support the CRF Wildflowers Brochure which can be found at the Visitor Center, Art Gallery and Geraldton Museum in Geraldton, WA.

Each plant has a *scientific name* in italics, sometimes a common name and a FAMILY name in capitals.



## Page 1 - white dot on left bottom

- Plant number in CRF Wildflowers Brochure
- Plant habit: tree, shrub, climber, orchid, etc...
- Colour of the flower or fruit
- Flowering months

**"DID YOU KNOW?"**  
an interesting fact about some plants.

## Page 2 - white dot on right bottom

Pictures of the plant:  
Flower | Leaves |  
Fruit or Seed or Pod  
Shape of the plant

Find the plants in alphabetical order of their *scientific names*.

It is also possible to identify a plant by:  
Plant habit | Flowering months | Flower colour



## FLORA IDENTIFICATION

For more species information : [www.florabase.dpaw.wa.gov.au](http://www.florabase.dpaw.wa.gov.au)  
or visit your native plant Garden Center.

# BUSHWALKING BASICS

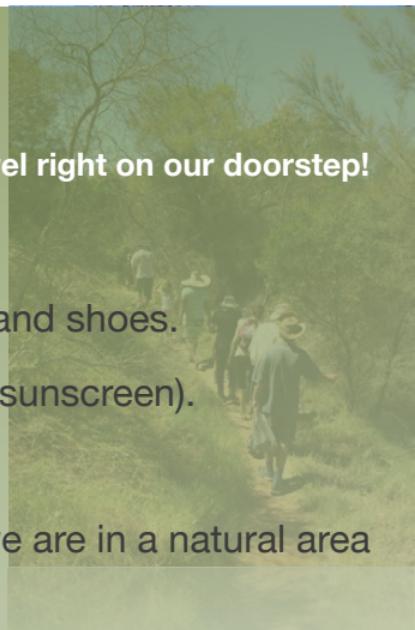
**Chapman River Regional Park is a jewel right on our doorstep!**

Paths are rough. Be prepared:

- wear appropriate bush clothes and shoes.
- use sun protection (i.e. hat and sunscreen).
- BYO water.
- stay on the trails for safety as we are in a natural area with natural hazards.
- it is illegal to remove any native flora and fauna.  
*Leave only footprints, take only photos.*
- bring your magnifying glass to observe tiny things (insects, flora), binoculars to find birds in the trees and camera. Share your pictures with CRF.
- report illegal activity to the **Ranger: 99956 6600** OR use the app: **SnapSendSolve** OR email the City: [council@cgg.wa.gov.au](mailto:council@cgg.wa.gov.au)
- IN AN EMERGENCY: DIAL 000

**REMEMBER - Your Safety: our concern your responsibility**

Take your time - engage your senses - see, hear and smell the park and immerse in its tranquility. Stop and listen, look for birds, kangaroos, reptiles and above all re-connect with your inner soul.



**Enjoy a bushwalk in town!**



**CHAPMAN RIVER FRIENDS-CRF**  
is a group of volunteers that promotes and  
helps in the rehabilitation of Chapman  
River Regional Park, Geraldton - WA.

## FREE GUIDED WALKS



Join us  
NOW!



## PLANTING DAYS



## CLEAN UP DAYS

Contact us by email : [crfriends2014@gmail.com](mailto:crfriends2014@gmail.com)

Follow us and like us on Facebook : Chapman River Friends

Twitter : @ChapmanRFriends

# *Acacia ericifolia*

FABACEAE

49

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

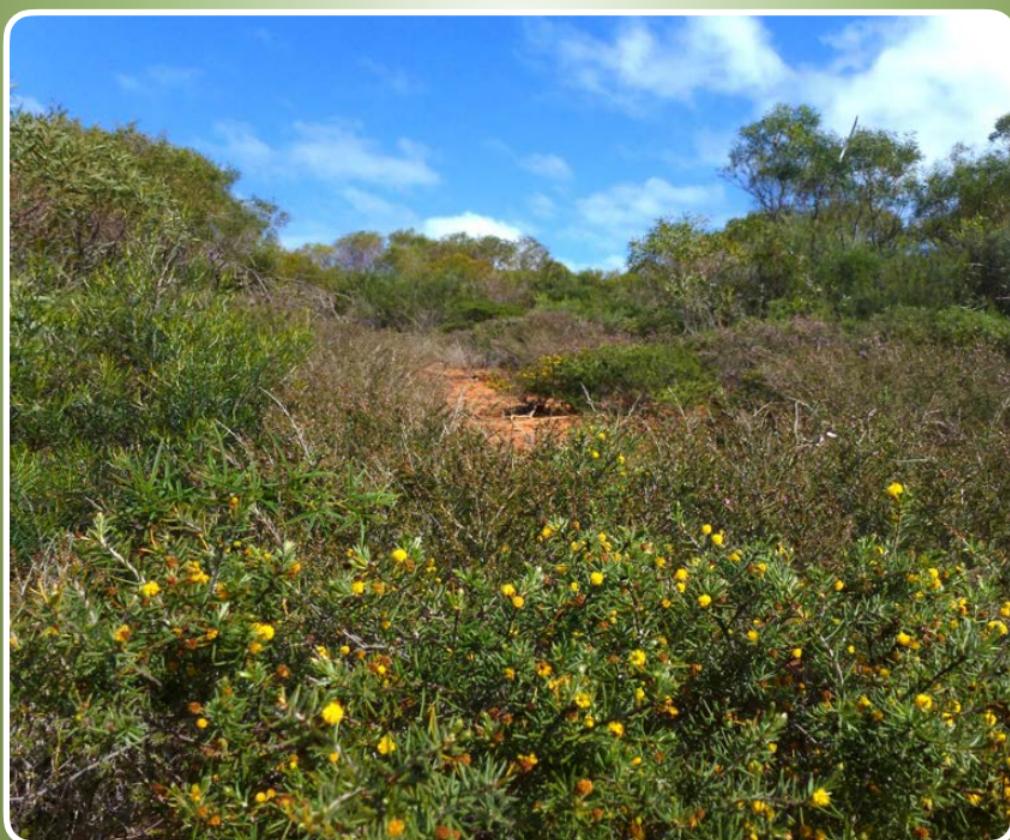


## DID YOU KNOW ?

One of the first Acacias to flower in the cooler seasons.

# *Acacia ericifolia*

FABACEAE



# *Acacia idiomorpha*

FABACEAE

50  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Recognise this low growing wattle by the shape of its leaves and abundant prickles.



# *Acacia idiomorpha*

FABACEAE



*Acacia rostellifera*

Summer Scented Wattle

FABACEAE

13  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

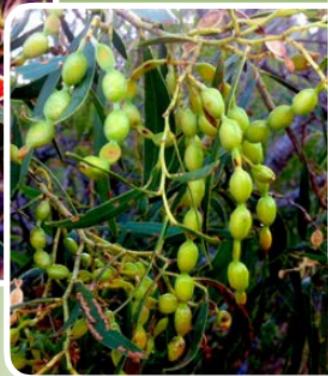
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

**DID YOU KNOW ?**

This acacia can be a tree or a shrub. It is distinguished from other acacias by its long, flat leaves which have hooks on the end. The seed pods are like a string of beads.



*Acacia rostellifera*  
Summer Scented Wattle  
FABACEAE



*Acacia saligna*

Orange Wattle

FABACEAE

25  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The 'leaves' of many wattles are actually modified leaf stems called phyllodes. This wattle has nectar in a 'nectary' at the base of the phyllode which attracts ants and the ants protect the wattle from leaf-eating insects.



# *Acacia saligna*

Orange Wattle

FABACEAE



# *Acacia scirpifolia*

FABACEAE

26

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Acacia leaves are actually modified stems that function as leaves. The leaves on this species are cylindrical rather than flat.



# *Acacia scirpifolia*

FABACEAE



*Acacia spathulifolia*

Spoon Leaf Wattle

FABACEAE

27

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This acacia has a succulent (water holding) phyllode/leaf.

*Acacia spathulifolia*  
Spoon Leaf Wattle  
FABACEAE



# *Acanthocarpus preissii*

Pickle Lily

ASPARAGACEAE

85  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Looks like couch grass but is more similar to the lily family.

# *Acanthocarpus preissii*

Pickle Lily  
ASPARAGACEAE



*Allocasuarina campestris*

Tamar

CASUARINACEAE

28

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

All species in this family have winged seeds. Casuarina seed is translucent and Allocasuarina seed is black. The female plants hold the cones and the male plants turn a rusty colour with pollen.



# *Allocasuarina campestris*

Tamar

CASUARINACEAE



# *Alyogyne hakeifolia*

Narrow Leaf Hibiscus

MALVACEAE

29

number in  
brochure

shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species can be distinguished from *Alyogyne huegelii* by its narrow leaves.

# *Alyogyne hakeifolia*

Narrow Leaf Hibiscus

MALVACEAE



*Alyogyne huegelii*

Lilac Hibiscus

MALVACEAE

30  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species can be distinguished from *Alyogyne hakeifolia* by its broad deeply lobed leaves.

*Alyogyne huegelii*  
Lilac Hibiscus  
MALVACEAE



*Alyxia buxifolia*

Dysentery Bush

APOCYNACEAE

32  
number in  
brochure

shrub

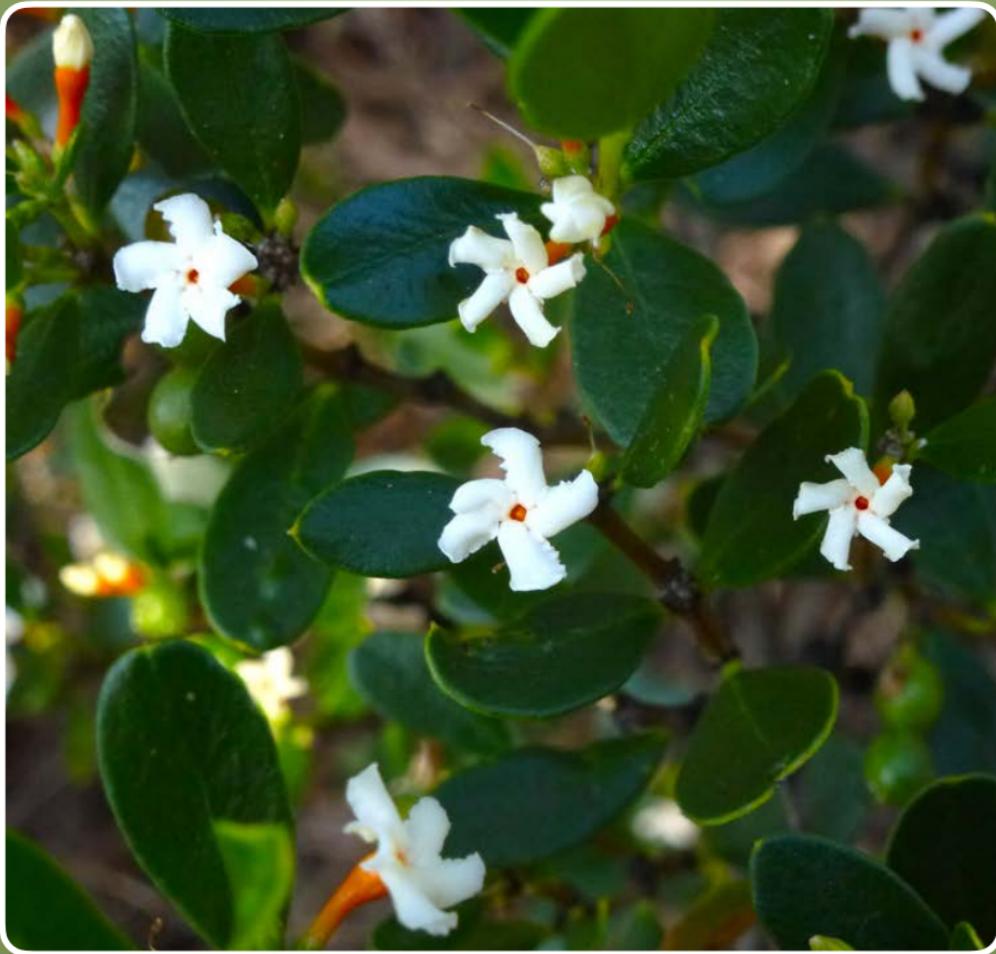


flower



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Alyxia is in the same family as Frangipani - compare the flowers.

*Alyxia buxifolia*  
Dysentery Bush  
APOCYNACEAE



*Anthocercis littorea*

Yellow Tail Flower

SOLANACEAE

33

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Note the stripes in the throat of this flower. This plant is a colonising plant, often found in disturbed areas.



# *Anthocercis littorea*

Yellow Tail Flower

SOLANACEAE



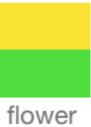
# *Aphanopetalum clematideum*

APHANOPETALACEAE

1

number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Interesting green yellow flowers which are quite inconspicuous.

# *Aphanopetalum clematideum*

APHANOPETALACEAE



*Astroloba serratifolium*

Kondrung

ERICACEAE

52

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The flowers on this plant are long, red and tubular.

*Astroloba serratifolium*  
Kondrung  
ERICACEAE



# *Banksia attenuata*

Slender Banksia

PROTEACEAE



not in  
brochure



shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant grows as a shrub in Chapman River Regional Park but as a tree in the southwest.



*Banksia attenuata*  
Slender Banksia  
PROTEACEAE



# *Banksia prionotes*

Acorn Banksia

PROTEACEAE

14

number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY

JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



flower



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Most banksia flowers are spikes. This is one of the few flowering plants in the park at this time of year and is a vital source of nectar for birds and insects.



# *Banksia prionotes*

Acorn Banksia

PROTEACEAE



# *Banksia sessilis*

## Parrot Bush

PROTEACEAE

34  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

The species name 'sessilis' suggests this plant is ground hugging but it can be erect. This species was previously known as *Dryandra sessilis*.



*Banksia sessilis*  
Parrot Bush  
PROTEACEAE



# *Bonamia rosea*

Felty Bell Flower  
CONVOLVULACEAE

86  
number in  
brochure

herb

flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant suckers so it is often found in clusters. A 'herb' is defined as a non woody plant, the stems dying back to the ground at the end of a growing season.



*Bonamia rosea*  
Felty Bell Flower  
CONVOLVULACEAE



*Boronia coerulescens*

RUTACEAE

53  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Boronias have sweet smelling flowers, four petals and oil glands in their leaves making them strongly scented. sweet smelling flowers.



# *Boronia coerulescens*

RUTACEAE



# *Borya sphaerocephala*

## Pincushions

BORYACEAE

87

number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This is a resurrection plant - it appears dead in summer and comes to life with the first rains!

# *Bossiaea spinescens*

FABACEAE

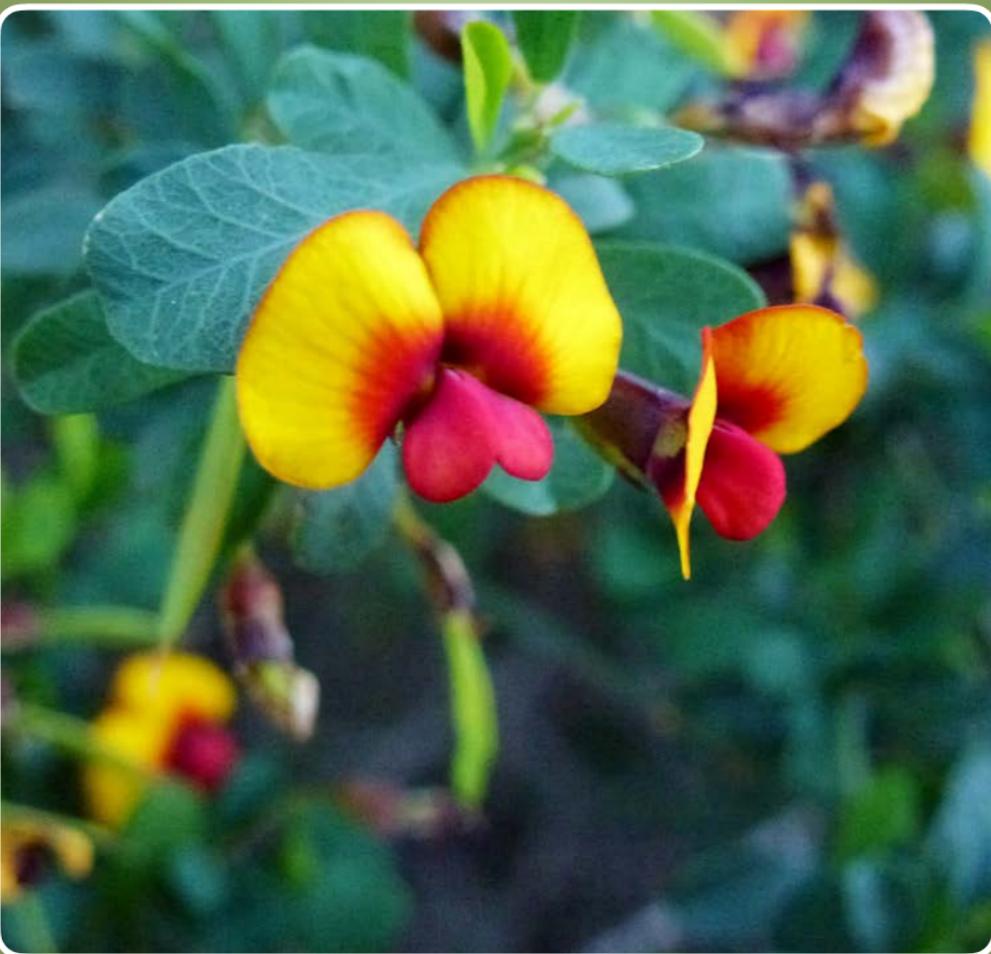
54  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

There are many yellow/red pea shaped flowers within the Chapman River Regional Park. This species can be distinguished by its relatively wide leaves and flat seed pods.



# *Bossiaea spinescens*

FABACEAE



*Burchardia congesta*

Milk Maids

COLCHICACEAE

88  
number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

These pretty flowers all grow at the end of long, bare stems.

*Caesia micrantha*

Pale Grass Lily

HEMEROCALLIDACEAE

89  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Check how the faded flowers spiral.

# *Caesia micrantha*

Pale Grass Lily

HEMEROCALLIDACEAE



*Caladenia flava* subsp. *maculata*  
Kalbarri Cowslip Orchid  
ORCHIDACEAE

109  
number in  
brochure

orchid



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

There are two subspecies in Chapman River Regional Park (one spotted, one striped). The face of the flower follows the sun.

# *Caladenia longicauda* subsp. *borealis*

## Daddy Long-Legs Spider Orchid

ORCHIDACEAE

110  
number in  
brochure

orchid



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This is the northern form of the species *Caladenia longicauda* subsp. *borealis*. All spider orchids have evolved to be pollinated by specific native insects.



*Caladenia longicauda* subsp. *borealis*  
Daddy Long-Legs Spider Orchid  
ORCHIDACEAE



*Calandrinia granulifera*

Pygmy Purslane

PORTULACACEAE

90  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Flowers are so small they are hard to see with the naked eye.

# *Calandrinia granulifera*

Pygmy Purslane

PORTULACACEAE



*Calandrinia polyandra*

Parakeelya

PORTULACACEAE

91

number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Calandrinias are succulent annuals that thrive on bare sand. Called "Four o Clocks" because they close at night.



*Calandrinia polyandra*  
Parakeelya  
PORTULACACEAE



# *Calothamnus quadrifidus*

## One Sided Bottle Brush

MYRTACEAE

35  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

Birds love the nectar from this plant and are drawn to the vivid red colour. Note that all the flowers are on one side of the stems.



# *Calothamnus quadrifidus*

## One Sided Bottle Brush

MYRTACEAE



# *Casuarina obesa*

Swamp Sheoak

CASUARINACEAE

16  
number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Casuarinas have minute leaves which grow in rings around the branchlets. This species is commonly found near the waters edge. Female plants bear the fruit/pods and the males turn a rusty colour from the pollen.



*Casuarina obesa*  
Swamp Sheoak  
CASUARINACEAE



*Chamelaucium uncinatum*

Geraldton Wax

MYRTACEAE

36  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Two of the nine original populations of Geraldton Wax were first found in Geraldton on different soil types.

*Chamelaucium uncinatum*  
Geraldton Wax  
MYRTACEAE



# *Chorizema racemosum*

FABACEAE

55  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

There are many yellow/red pea shaped flowers within the Chapman River Regional Park. This species can be distinguished by its narrow leaves and its flowers which grow along the stems.



# *Chorizema racemosum*

FABACEAE



# *Clematicissus angustissima*

## Native Grape

VITACEAE

2

number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

The basal (ground hugging) leaves differ from the stem leaves. This plant has been used for Bush Tucker.

*Clematicissus angustissima*  
Native Grape  
VITACEAE



# *Clematis linearifolia*

Old Man's Beard  
RANUNCULACEAE

3  
number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant looks stunning in flower and in seed it resembles an old man's beard.

*Clematis linearifolia*  
Old Man's Beard  
RANUNCULACEAE



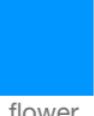
# *Comesperma scoparium*

Broom Milkwort

POLYGALACEAE

56  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The twin petals look like butterfly wings.

# *Comesperma scoparium*

Broom Milkwort

POLYGALACEAE



*Conospermum stoechadis*

Common Smokebush

PROTEACEAE

37

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Known as Smokebush because they resemble drifts of smoke due to the white silky hairs that cover the flower heads and stalks. This is one of five Smokebush species which grow in the midwest.



*Conospermum stoechadis*  
Common Smokebush  
PROTEACEAE



# *Conostylis aculeata*

Conostylis  
HAEMODORACEAE

92  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Conostylis belongs to the same family as Kangaroo paws.

# *Conostylis aculeata*

Conostylis

HAEMODORACEAE



# *Convolvulus remotus*

CONVOLVULACEAE

4

number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Spot this climber on roadside fence lines. This is easily distinguished from its weedy cousin.



# *Convolvulus remotus*

CONVOLVULACEAE



# *Cryptandra arbutiflora*

## Waxy Cryptandra

RHAMNACEAE

57

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

One of twelve Cryptandras found in the Midwest.  
Five have been recorded from Chapman River Regional Park.



# *Cryptandra arbutiflora*

Waxy Cryptandra  
RHAMNACEAE



# *Dampiera altissima*

Tall Dampiera

GOODENIACEAE

58

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Two species of Dampiera occur in the park. *D. altissima* flowers on long spikes, *D. spicigera* flowers are bunched together. Shades of blue vary between individual plants.



# *Dampiera altissima*

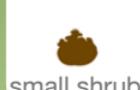
Tall Dampiera

GOODENIACEAE



# *Darwinia pauciflora*

MYRTACEAE

not in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The genus *Darwinia* is named after Dr Erasmus Darwin, the grandfather of Charles Darwin.



# *Darwinia pauciflora*

MYRTACEAE



*Desmocladus asper*  
Squiggle Grass  
RESTIONACEAE

93  
number in  
brochure



DID YOU KNOW ?

Restionaceae is the rush family. The few leaves wrap the stem which differentiates them from sedges. Flowers are too small to aid identification.

*Dianella revoluta*

Blueberry Lily

HEMEROCALLIDACEAE

94

number in  
brochure

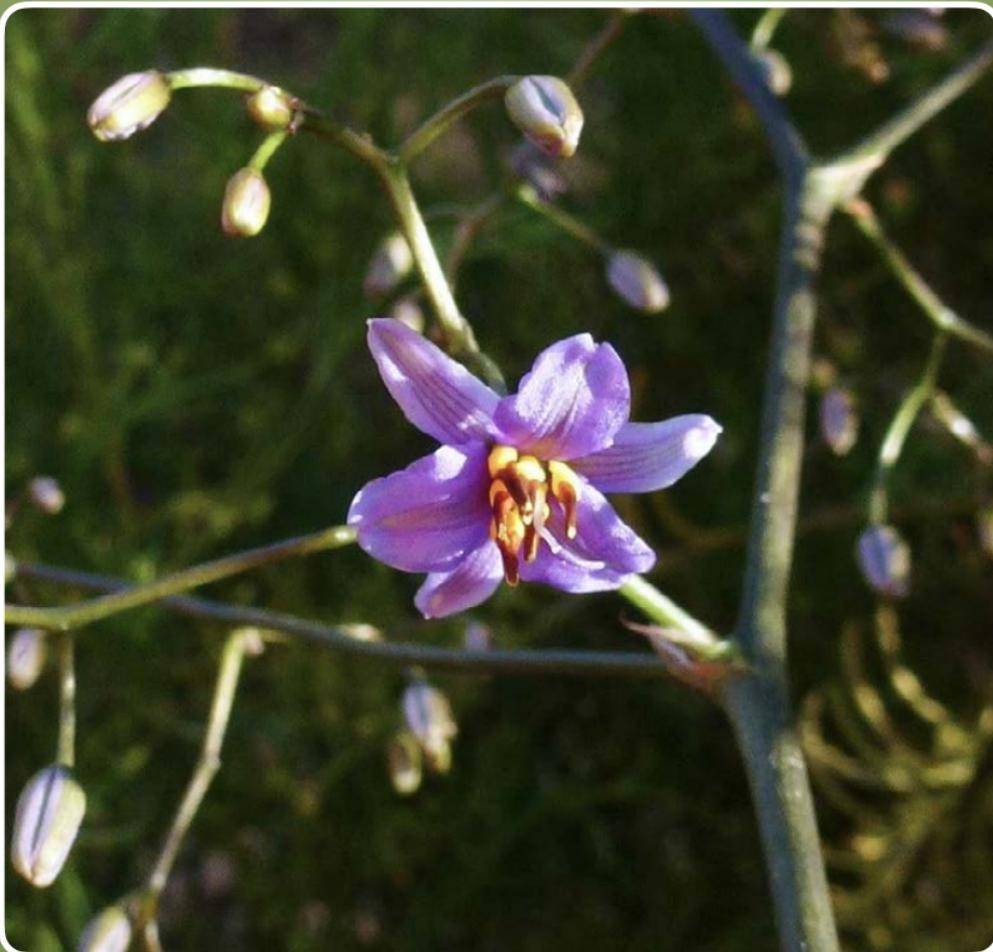
small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant survives very harsh conditions and is a favourite in native gardens. The drooping succulent berries turn deep shiny blue when ripe.



# *Dianella revoluta*

Blueberry Lily

HEMEROCALLIDACEAE



*Dioscorea hastifolia*Native Yam  
DIOSCOREACEAE

5

number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant grows vigorously in autumn and winter. It has edible young, green seed pods and dies back to a tuberous root system known as yams.



# *Dioscorea hastifolia*

Native Yam  
DIOSCOREACEAE



# *Diplopeltis petiolaris*

Broad Leaf Diplopeltis  
SAPINDACEAE

59  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

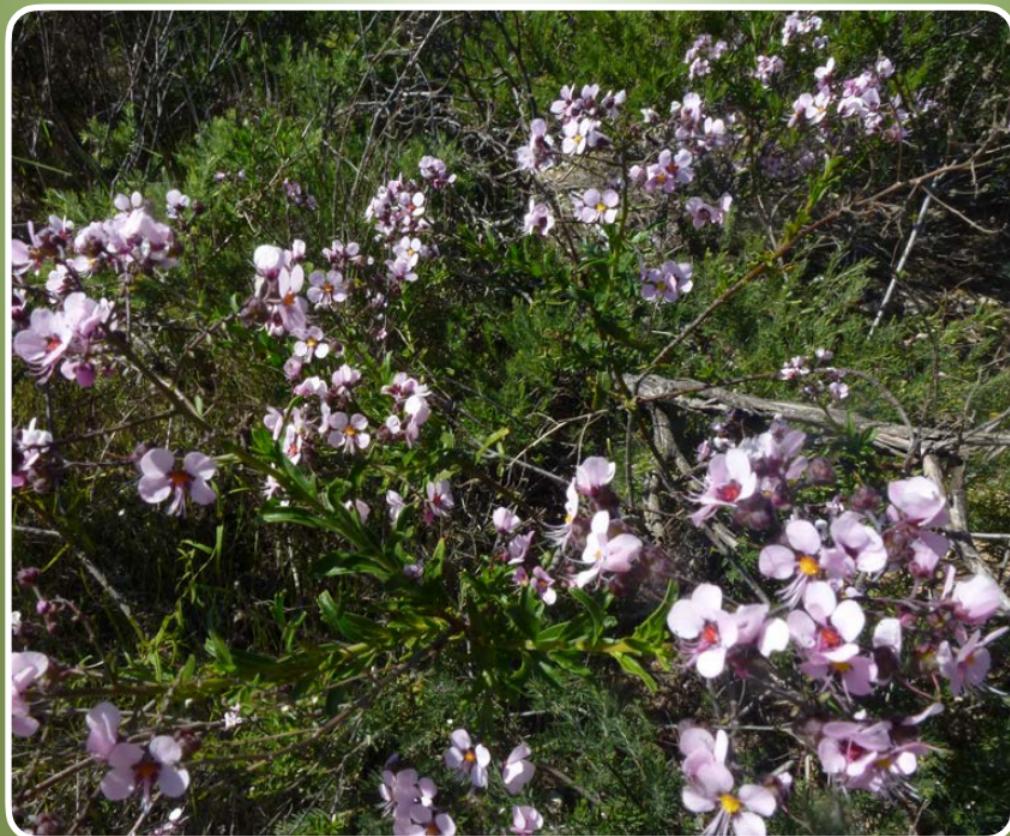
This species has broad leaves. The narrow leaf species *Diplopeltis huegelii* is also found in Chapman River Regional Park.



# *Diplopeltis petiolaris*

Broad Leaf Diplopeltis

SAPINDACEAE



*Diuris tinkeri*Donkey Orchid  
ORCHIDACEAE

111

number in  
brochure

orchid



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The donkey orchid is easily identified by its upright “ears”.

*Enchytraea tomentosa*

Barrier Saltbush

CHENOPodiaceae

6

number in  
brochure

small shrub



fruit

fruits in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The colourful berries on this plant can vary from yellow to orange to red. Enchytraea flowers are too small to aid identification, but their colourful fruits are more helpful.



*Enchytraea tomentosa*  
Barrier Saltbush  
CHENOPodiaceae



*Eremophila brevifolia*

Spotted Eremophila

SCROPHULARIACEAE

38

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This is a Priority species (P2) growing widely in the park but found in few other locations and in need of further survey. It is the flower in CRF's logo.



# *Eremophila brevifolia*

Spotted Eremophila  
SCROPHULARIACEAE



*Eremophila glabra*

Tar Bush

SCROPHULARIACEAE

60  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

There are numerous subspecies of this species and their colour varies from green to yellow, orange and red.



# *Eremophila glabra*

Tar Bush

SCROPHULARIACEAE



# *Eriochilus dilatatus* subsp. *dilatatus*

## White Bunny Orchid

ORCHIDACEAE

112  
number in  
brochure

orchid



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This orchid can be identified by its “droopy” bunny like ears. The earliest flowering orchid in the park.

# *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*

River Red Gum

MYRTACEAE

17

number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



flower



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Grows along watercourses throughout most of Australia except the Southwest where *Eucalyptus rudis* fills this niche.



# *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*

River Red Gum

MYRTACEAE



# *Eucalyptus eudesmioides*

Malallie

MYRTACEAE

18

number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Both tree and mallee (multi-stemmed) forms grow in Chapman River Regional Park.



# *Eucalyptus eudesmioides*

Malallie

MYRTACEAE



*Geleznowia verrucosa*

Yellow Bells

RUTACEAE

61

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



*Geleznowia verrucosa*  
Yellow Bells  
RUTACEAE



*Glischrocaryon aureum*

Common Popflower

HALORAGACEAE

95

number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This bright yellow plant tends to grow in clumps and is often mistaken for a weed.

# *Glycine canescens*

Silky Glycine  
FABACEAE

7  
number in  
brochure

climber



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

A very pretty climbing pea.

# *Glycine canescens*

Silky Glycine

FABACEAE



*Gompholobium tomentosum*

Hairy Yellow Pea

FABACEAE

62

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



# *Gompholobium tomentosum*

Hairy Yellow Pea  
FABACEAE



*Goodenia berardiana*

GOODENIACEAE

96  
number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



# *Grevillea argyrophylla*

## Silvery-leaved Grevillea

PROTEACEAE

19  
number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant is perfect for lime rich soils in Geraldton gardens.

# *Grevillea argyrophylla*

Silvery-leaved Grevillea

PROTEACEAE



# *Grevillea biternata*

PROTEACEAE

39

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This grevillea has a strong sweet perfume.

# *Grevillea biternata*

PROTEACEAE



# *Grevillea candelabroides*

Candlestick Grevillea  
PROTEACEAE

40  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Its long flower spikes look like candles.

# *Grevillea candelabroides*

Candlestick Grevillea

PROTEACEAE



# *Grevillea eriostachya*

Flame Grevillea

PROTEACEAE

41

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This grevillea is found growing on sandplains and inland dunes from the Midwest to the Pilbara and east into the Northern Territory.



# *Grevillea eriostachya*

Flame Grevillea

PROTEACEAE



# *Grevillea pinaster*

Pine Leaf Grevillea

PROTEACEAE

42

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This grevillea flowers through most of the year and the leaves look like pine needles.



# *Grevillea pinaster*

Pine Leaf Grevillea

PROTEACEAE



# *Guichenotia macrantha*

## Large Flowered Guichenotia

MALVACEAE

64  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

Four *Guichenotia* species found in Chapman River Regional Park, can be distinguished by size, colour, flower arrangement and leaf details. *Macrantha* means large flower.



# *Guichenotia macrantha*

Large Flowered Guichenotia

MALVACEAE



# *Guichenotia micrantha*

Small Flowered Guichenotia

MALVACEAE



small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Guichenotia have papery bell like flowers. Micrantha means small flower.



# *Guichenotia micrantha*

## Small Flowered Guichenotia

MALVACEAE



# *Gyrostemon ramulosus*

Corky Bark  
GYROSTEMONACEAE

20  
number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

A short lived tree which germinates soon after fire.

# *Gyrostemon ramulosus*

Corky Bark  
GYROSTEMONACEAE



# *Haemodorum simulans*

Blood Root  
HAEMODORACEAE

97  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This genus is related to the Kangaroo Paw.

# *Hakea lissocarpa*

Honey Bush  
PROTEACEAE

65  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant is popular with nectar feeding birds, insects and animals. Note the woody fruit which is typical of hakeas.



# *Hakea lissocarpa*

Honey Bush  
PROTEACEAE



# *Hakea trifurcata*

## Two Leaf Hakea

PROTEACEAE

43  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

Check the two very different leaves - the broad leaf is often mistaken for a woody fruit.

# *Hakea trifurcata*

Two Leaf Hakea

PROTEACEAE



# *Halgania sericiflora*

BORAGINACEAE

not in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Check the five large broad separate petals.

# *Halgnania sericiflora*

BORAGINACEAE



*Hemiandra glabra*

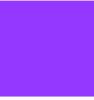
Snake Bush

LAMIACEAE

66

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Check the orange spots in the flower tube.

*Hemiandra glabra*  
Snake Bush  
LAMIACEAE



# *Hibbertia hypericoides*

## Yellow Buttercups

DILLENIACEAE

67  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

These plants have extensive root systems and may live for 30 years. Flowers grow singly and have no stem. Leaves are dull and hairy.



*Hibbertia hypericoides*  
Yellow Buttercups  
DILLENIACEAE



# *Hibbertia spicata*

DILLENIACEAE

68

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

In this species up to eight flowers grow very close together on one long stem. Leaves are smooth and shiny.



# *Hibbertia spicata*

DILLENIACEAE



*Hyalosperma cotula*

Everlasting Daisy

ASTERACEAE

98  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

The most common of the eight species of annual daisies in the Chapman River Regional Park, including the famous Pink Everlasting Daisy.



*Isotropis cuneifolia*

Granny's Bonnet

FABACEAE

99

number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Check the back of the petal and admire the brown stripes.

# *Jacksonia hakeoides*

FABACEAE

44

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Jacksonias are leafless - the stem divides in threes and is easily confused with a leaf.

# *Jacksonia hakeoides*

FABACEAE



*Labichea lanceolata*Tall Labichea  
FABACEAE21  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Beware the leaf tips are sharp.

*Labichea lanceolata*  
Tall Labichea  
FABACEAE



# *Lechenaultia linarioides*

## Yellow Leschenaultia

GOODENIACEAE

70  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This stunning plant has delicate petals which show a gradient from pink edges to a yellow centre.



# *Lechenaultia linarioides*

Yellow Leschenaultia

GOODENIACEAE



*Leptosema aphyllum*

Ribbon Pea

FABACEAE

8

number in  
brochure

creeper



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Look for the leaf which grows around the stem.

*Leptosema aphyllum*  
Ribbon Pea  
FABACEAE



# *Leucopogon* sp. Midwest

ERICACEAE

71  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Leucopogon means white beard.

This species was incorrectly named in the brochure.



# *Leucopogon* sp. Midwest

ERICACEAE



# *Marianthus bicolor*

## Painted Marianthus

PITTOSPORACEAE

72  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY

JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

You will find this shrub in full flower in mid summer.  
Admire its brown stripes.



# *Marianthus bicolor*

## Painted Marianthus

PITTOSPORACEAE



*Marianthus ringens*

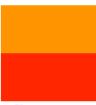
Chapman Creeper

PITTOSPORACEAE

9

number in  
brochure

creeper



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This climber grows in dense vegetation.

*Marianthus ringens*  
Chapman Creeper  
PITTOSPORACEAE



*Melaleuca depressa*

MYRTACEAE

45

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Melaleucas may hold their seed for many years before the woody capsules open. Older fruits are found closer to the trunk.



# *Melaleuca depressa*

MYRTACEAE



# *Melaleuca megacephala*

## Big Headed Melaleuca

MYRTACEAE

46  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

The massive flowers grow on the tips of the stems.  
Fruits are clumped together further along the stem.



# *Melaleuca megacephala*

## Big Headed Melaleuca

MYRTACEAE



# *Melaleuca radula*

## Graceful Honey-myrtle

MYRTACEAE

47

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This species has delicate purple stamens, and the fruits are distinctly round.



# *Melaleuca radula*

## Graceful Honey-myrtle

MYRTACEAE



# *Melaleuca rhamphophylla*

## Fresh Water Paperbark

MYRTACEAE

22

number in  
brochure



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This tree grows close to water and its bark is like multilayered tissue paper.

# *Melaleuca rhamphophylla*

## Fresh Water Paperbark

MYRTACEAE



# *Muehlenbeckia adpressa*

## Climbing Lignum

POLYGONACEAE

10

number in  
brochure

creeper



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

This healthy looking plant is often mistaken for a weed. The leaves are large and a distinctly bright green.



*Muehlenbeckia adpressa*  
Climbing Lignum  
POLYGONACEAE



*Myoporum insulare*

Boobialla

SCROPHULARIACEAE

48  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This Myoporum is a shrub but other species are ground covers.

*Myoporum insulare*  
Boobialla  
SCROPHULARIACEAE



# *Neurachne alopecuroidea*

## Fox Tail Mulga Grass

POACEAE

100  
number in  
brochure

grass



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

An unusual grass with delicate fluffy heads.

*Neurachne alopecuroidea*  
Fox Tail Mulga Grass  
POACEAE



*Phyllanthus calycinus*

False Boronia

PHYLLANTHACEAE

73

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This little plant likes lime soils.

*Phyllanthus calycinus*  
False Boronia  
PHYLLANTHACEAE



*Pimelea floribunda*

THYMELAEAE

74

number in  
brochure

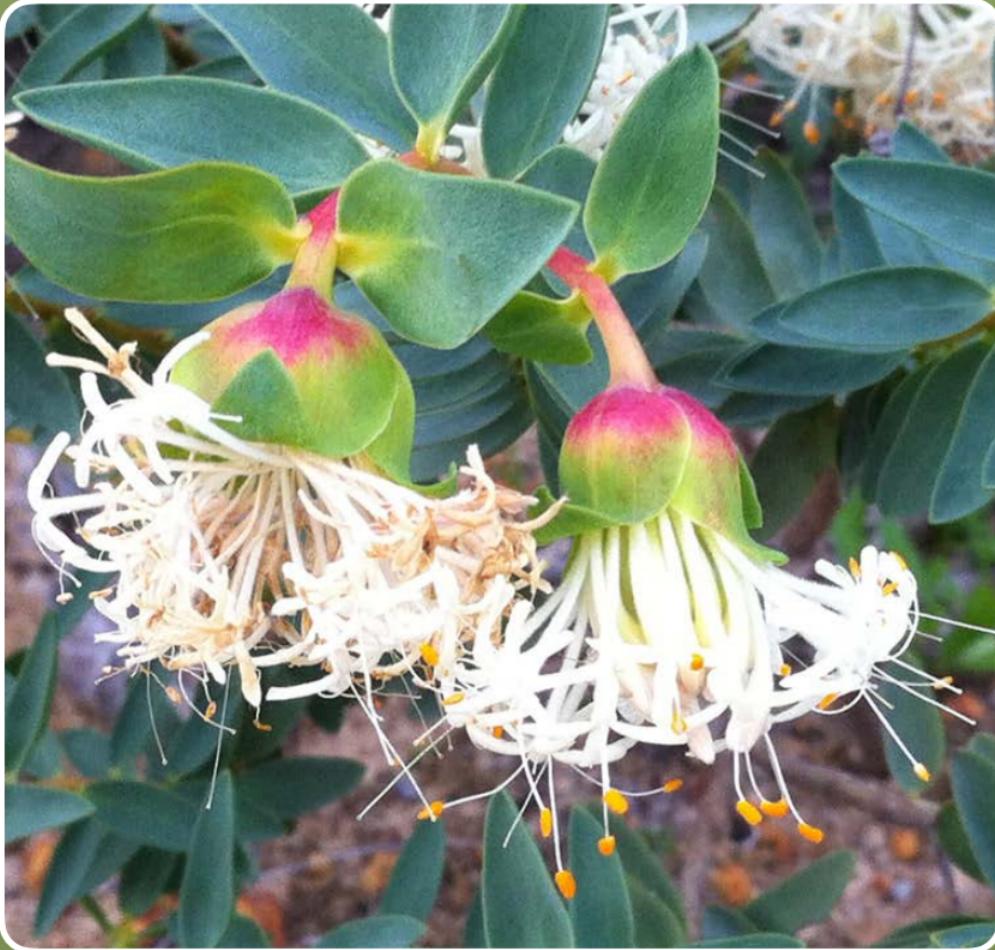
small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

A stunning annual that loves to grow on lime.

# *Pimelea floribunda*

THYMELAEAE



*Pimelea microcephala*

Shrubby Riceflower

THYMELAEACEAE

23

number in  
brochure

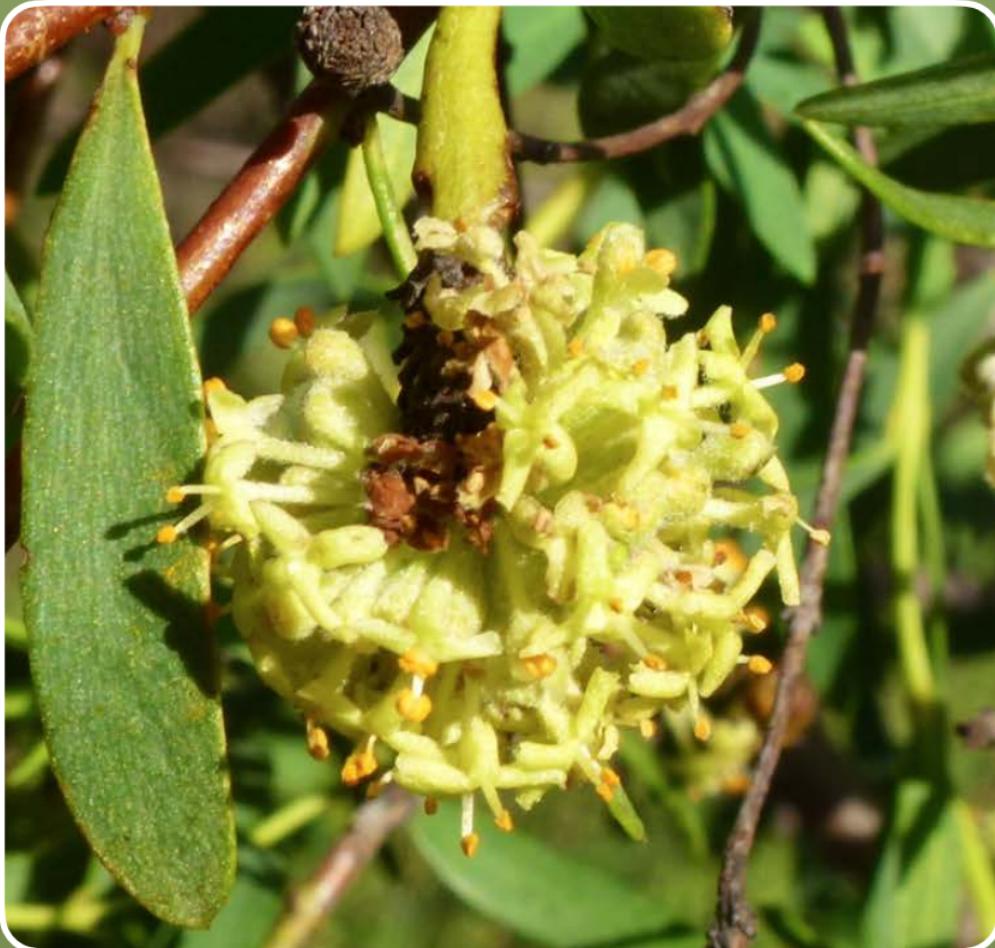
shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Birds eat the fruits, perch on tree branches and drop the seed so these shrubs often grow under trees.



*Pimelea microcephala*  
Shrubby Riceflower  
THYMELAEACEAE



# *Podotheca gnaphaloides*

## Golden Longheads

ASTERACEAE

**102**  
number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

The similar *Podotheca angustifolia* (No 101 in CRF Wildflower brochure) has smaller floral heads and rough bracts.



*Podotheca gnaphaloides*  
Golden Longheads  
ASTERACEAE



*Ptilotus manglesii*  
Pom Poms - Mulla Mulla  
AMARANTHACEAE

103  
number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



*Ptilotus manglesii*

Pom Poms - Mulla Mulla

AMARANTHACEAE



# *Ptilotus polystachyus*

Prince of Wales Feather - Mulla Mulla  
AMARANTHACEAE

104  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

A great asset in the Chapman River Regional Park as it competes well against annual weeds.



*Ptilotus polystachyus*  
Prince of Wales Feather - Mulla Mulla  
AMARANTHACEAE



# *Rhagodia preissii* subsp. *obovata*

CHENOPodiaceae

not in  
brochure

flowers in



flower

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species is commonly confused with *Rhagodia baccata*. Both species have prolific bright red berries which are attractive to birds who spread their seed.



*Rhagodia preissii* subsp. *obovata*

CHENOPodiaceae



*Santalum acuminatum*

Quandong

SANTALACEAE

24  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species is hemiparasitic and relies on its host for nutrients.

*Santalum acuminatum*  
Quandong  
SANTALACEAE



# *Scaevola porocarya*

## Striated Fruit Scaevola

GOODENIACEAE

75  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

Scaevolas have five petals arranged like fingers on a hand.

*Scaevola porocarya*  
Striated Fruit Scaevola  
GOODENIACEAE



*Scaevola tomentosa*

Ragged Leaf Fanflower

GOODENIACEAE

76

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Most Scaevolas are white or blue, but this one is orange.

*Scaevola tomentosa*  
Ragged Leaf Fanflower  
GOODENIACEAE



*Scaevola virgata*

White Fanflower

GOODENIACEAE

77

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

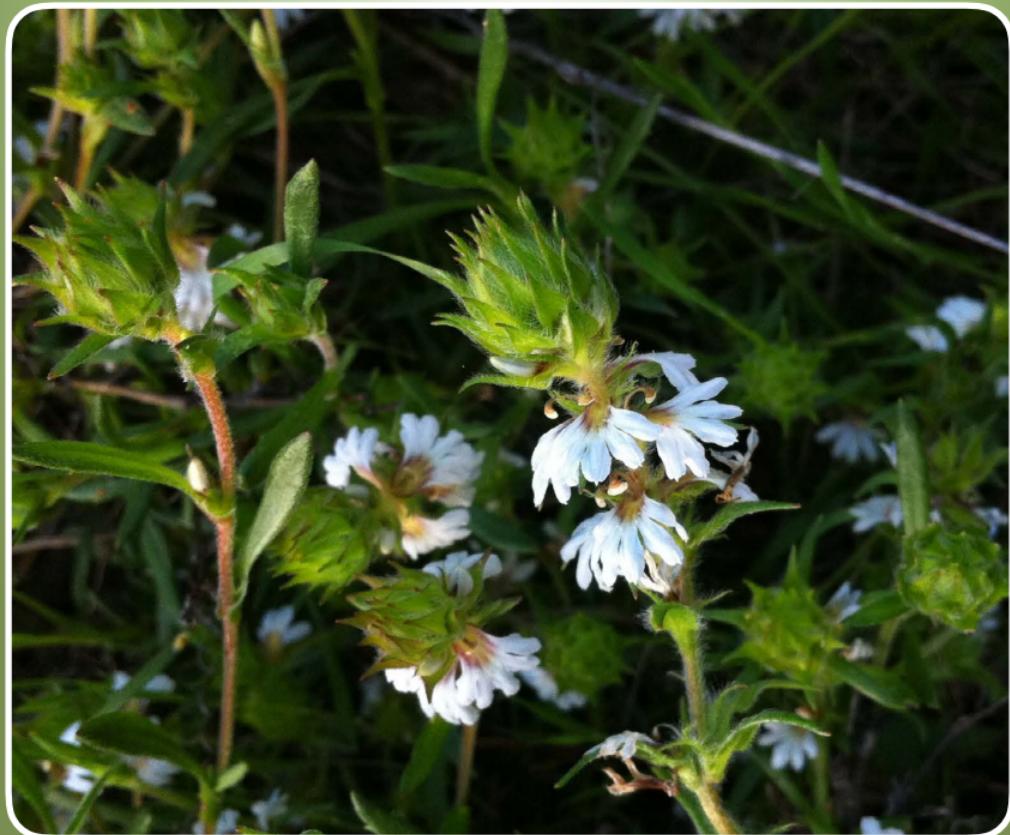
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



# *Scaevola virgata*

White Fanflower

GOODENIACEAE



*Scholtzia ciliata*

MYRTACEAE

78

number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



# *Scholtzia ciliata*

MYRTACEAE



*Senna glutinosa* subsp. *chitelainiana*

FABACEAE

not in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This plant is in the Fabaceae family and is related to the peas.



*Senna glutinosa* subsp. *chitelainiana*  
FABACEAE



# *Seringia hermanniifolia*

## Crinkle-leaved Fire Bush

MALVACEAE

69  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

The genus name used to be Keraudrenia. This shrub provides a stunning purple show along road verges. The petals are actually sepals (calyx), petals are absent and the number can be 4 or 5.



# *Seringia hermanniifolia*

Crinkle-leaved Fire Bush

MALVACEAE



*Sida calyxhymenia*

Tall Sida

MALVACEAE

80  
number in  
brochure

shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



*Sida calyxhymenia*  
Tall Sida  
MALVACEAE



*Solanum oldfieldii*

Bush Marbles

SOLANACEAE

81

number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species can be identified by the prickly spines on the rust coloured back of the leaf and along the stem. Related to tomatoes and potatoes.



*Solanum oldfieldii*  
Bush Marbles  
SOLANACEAE



# *Sowerbaea laxiflora*

Purple Tassels  
ASPARAGACEAE

105  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Such a pretty little plant even when it is losing its floral parts.

# *Stylidium elongatum*

Tall Stylidium  
STYLIDACEAE

106  
number in  
brochure

herb



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Stylidiums are trigger plants. When an insect lands on a petal the style flips over to deliver pollen onto the insect's back. *Stylidium repens* also found in Chapman River Regional Park forms a dense low mat.



*Stylium elongatum*  
Tall Stylium  
STYLIDACEAE



*Themeda triandra*  
Kangaroo Grass  
POACEAE

107  
number in  
brochure



DID YOU KNOW ?

One of few native grasses found in Chapman River Regional Park.

# *Thryptomene stenophylla*

MYRTACEAE

82  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

Priority species (P2). This shrub provides a stunning show in the park but is found in few other places and needs further survey. This species can be distinguished from similar plants by its long, narrow leaves.



# *Thryptomene stenophylla*

MYRTACEAE



*Thysanotus manglesianus*Fringe Lily  
ASPARAGACEAE11  
number in  
brochure

creeper



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This species of *Thysanotus* is a climber/creeper that is commonly found twining on other plants. Others within the Chapman River Regional Park are shrubs.



*Thysanotus manglesianus*  
Fringe Lily  
ASPARAGACEAE



*Trachymene cyanopetala*

ARALIACEAE

108  
number in  
brochure

herb



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



## DID YOU KNOW ?

This tiny annual herb with dissected leaves is easily distinguished by its velvety red texture and bristles on its fruit.



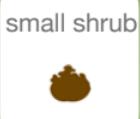
# *Verticordia chrysantha*

## Yellow Featherflower

MYRTACEAE



not in  
brochure



small shrub



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

All *Verticordia* species have feathery petals. Once each individual flower of this species has been pollinated it turns red.



*Verticordia chrysantha*  
Yellow Featherflower  
MYRTACEAE



*Verticordia densiflora* var. *roseostella*  
Compacted Featherflower  
MYRTACEAE

84  
number in  
brochure

small shrub



flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

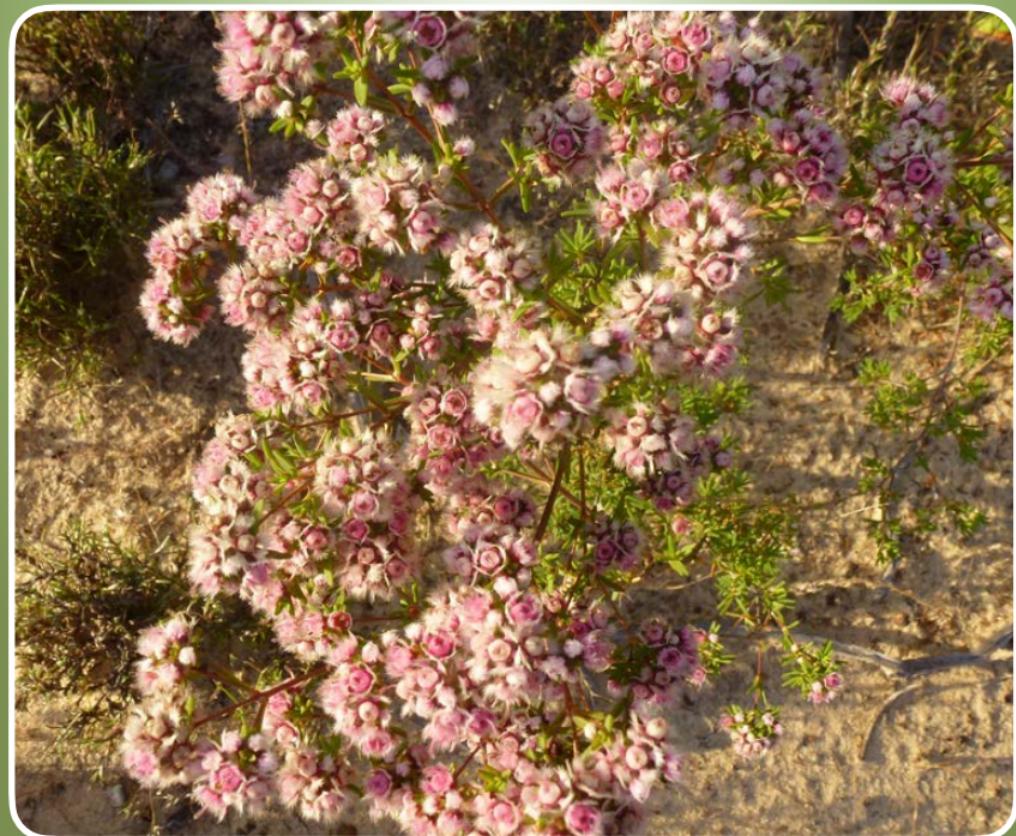


DID YOU KNOW ?

Two different varieties of this species are found in the Chapman River Regional Park. This one is pink, inadequately known and classified Priority species 3.



*Verticordia densiflora* var. *roseostella*  
Compacted Featherflower  
MYRTACEAE



# *Zygophyllum fruticosum*

## Shrubby Twinleaf

ZYGOPHYLLACEAE

12  
number in  
brochure

creeper



flower

flowers in

JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC



### DID YOU KNOW ?

More common on the coastal dunes. Note the leaves grow in pairs.

*Zygophyllum fruticosum*  
Shrubby Twinleaf  
ZYGOPHYLLACEAE

