

# Green University of Bangladesh Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering Semester: (Spring, Year:2025), B.Sc. in CSE (Day)

**CLP- NO: 03** 

Course Title: Artificial Intelligence Lab

Course Code: CSE-316 Section: 221\_D7

# **Student Details**

Name		ID
1.	Nadia	221902326

**Submission Date : 10-02-2025** 

Course Teacher's Name: Md. Sabbir Hosen Mamun

Lab Report Status			
Marks:	Signature:		
Comments:			

Task-01:List: Given a list of numbers, remove duplicates and sort in ascending order.

Code:

```
nain.py

1  newlist = [9, 3, 5, 3, 8, 9, 2, 5]
2  newset = set(newlist)
3  sorted_set = sorted(newset)
4  print("Sorted list that removes duplicates:", sorted_set)
5
```

```
Sorted list that removes duplicates: [2, 3, 5, 8, 9]

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 01: Remove Duplicates and Sort in ascending order.

Task-02:Set: Find the common elements between two lists using sets.

Code:

```
main.py

1  p_list = [8, 4, 6, 2, 9, 1]
2  q_list = [7, 2, 5, 8, 9, 3]
3  4  p_set = set(p_list)
5  q_set = set(q_list)
6  7  print("Common elements:", p_set & q_set)
```

```
Common elements: {8, 9, 2}
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 02: Common Elements.

Task-03: Tuple: Create a tuple of student records (name, age, grade) and sort by grade.

Code:

```
input

Student info (name, age, grade):

('Emma', 15, 'A')

('papia', 17, 'A-')

('Nadia', 16, 'B')

('Reya', 18, 'C+')

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 03:Student Records

Task-04:Dictionary: Count word occurrences in a given text and store them in a dictionary.

Code:

```
main.py

1  str ="My name is Nadia "
2  arr = str. split ()
3  print (" Total word :",len( arr ) )
4  print ( arr )
```

```
Total word: 4
['My', 'name', 'is', 'Nadia']
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 04: Count word.

Task-05:NumPy#1: Generate a 5x5 matrix of random integers and compute row-wise sums.

### Code:

```
Enerated 5x5 matrix:
[9 1 5 3 4]
[7 3 6 5 1]
[3 8 3 8 1]
[9 5 7 7 6]
[7 1 4 4 3]]
ROW-wise sums:
[22, 22, 23, 34, 19]

..Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 05: Create random matrix and compute row-wise

Task-06: NumPy#2: Create an array of 100 random values and normalize them between 0 and 1.

#### Code:

```
import numpy as np
array = np.random.randint(1, 10, 100)

print("Generated Random Array:", array)

lower_bound = 0
upper_bound = 1
normalized_array = ((array - np.min(array)) / (np.max(array) - np.min(array))) *

print("\nNormalized Values:", normalized_array)
```

```
x 15 X 43
                                                                       прис
Generated Random Array: [4 1 5 2 1 2 6 9 1 4 7 4 2 3 1 9 6 9 9 2 8 4 3 1 7 7 9 4 9 6 9 3 1 8 2 7 9 3 8 7 1 4 3 9 7 7 6 5 7 9 6 1 9 9 1 7 7 3 9 2 9 1
4 4 6 8 6 7 7 2 1 3 5 7 9 9 6 3 9 5 6 5 5 4 8 5 7 8]
                                                                             0.375 0.75 0.375
Normalized Values: [0.375 0.
                                0.5 0.125 0.
                                                   0.125 0.625 1.
                                                                       0.
0.125 0.25 0. 1.
                         0.625 1.
                                     1.
                                            0.125 0.875 0.375 0.25
                                                                     0.
                                0.25 0.5
                                                                      0.625
0.75 0.75 0.25 0.5
                                            0.625 0.5
                                                         0.25 0.5
                               0.625 1.
0.25 0.75 1. 0.375 1.
                                            0.25 0.
                                                         0.875 0.125 0.75
      0.25 0.875 0.75 0.
                                0.375 0.25
                                                  0.75
                                                         0.75 0.625 0.5
                                            1.
0.75
      1.
            0.625 0.
                         1.
                               1. 0.
                                            0.75
                                                  0.75
                                                         0.25
                                                              1.
                                                                      0.125
            0.375 0.375 0.625 0.875 0.625 0.75
                                                  0.75
                                                         0.125 0.
                                                                      0.25
      0.75
                         0.625 0.25 1.
                                            0.5
                                                   0.625 0.5
                                                               0.5
                                                                      0.375
            0.75 0.875]
0.875 0.5
..Program finished with exit code 0
ress ENTER to exit console.
```

Fig 06: Random 100 values Normalization

Task-08: Pandas#2: Fill missing values in a dataset with column-wise means.

#### Code:

```
Python code
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Creating a sample dataset with missing values
data = {
    "Temperature": [30, np.nan, 25, 28, np.nan, 32],
    "Humidity": [70, 65, np.nan, 80, 75, np.nan],
    "Wind Speed": [10, np.nan, 12, np.nan, 14, 13]
}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print("Original CSV Data:")
print(df)
# Filling missing values with column-wise means
numeric_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=['number']).columns
df[numeric_cols] = df[numeric_cols].apply(lambda x: x.fillna(x.mean()))
print("After Filling Missing Values:")
print(df)
```

```
Original CSV Data:
                   Humidity
                               Wind Speed
    Temperature
0
                        70.0
            30.0
                                       10.0
1
             NaN
                        65.0
                                        NaN
2
            25.0
                         NaN
                                       12.0
3
            28.0
                        80.0
                                        NaN
4
                                       14.0
             NaN
                        75.0
5
            32.0
                         NaN
                                       13.0
After Filling Missing Values:
Temperature Humidity Win
                               Wind Speed
0
           30.00
                        70.0
                                     10.00
1
           28.75
                        65.0
                                     12.25
2
           25.00
                        72.5
                                     12.00
3
           28.00
                                     12.25
                        80.0
4
           28.75
                        75.0
                                     14.00
5
           32.00
                        72.5
                                     13.00
```

Fig 0 8: Fill missing values

Task-09: Matplotlib#1: Plot a line graph showing temperature variations over a week.

## Code:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

days = np.array(["Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday", "Sunday"
temperatures = np.array([22, 24, 27, 29, 28, 26, 23])

plt.plot(days, temperatures, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='b')
plt.title("Temperature Variations Over a Week")
plt.xlabel("Days")
plt.ylabel("Temperature (°C)")

plt.show()
```

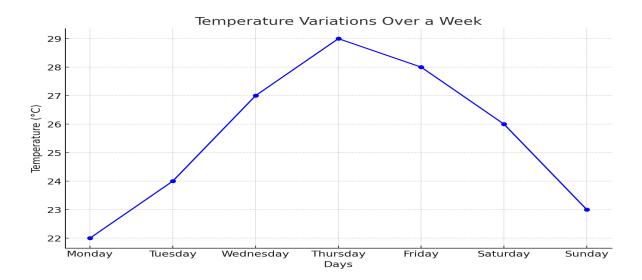


Fig 09: Plot a Line Graph

Task-10: Matplotlib#2: Create a bar chart comparing sales revenue across different regions.

## Code:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

schools = ["ABC High", "XYZ Academy", "PQR Institute", "LMN School", "DEF College"]
enrollment = np.array([1200, 1500, 1100, 900, 1300])

plt.bar(schools, enrollment, color="orange")

plt.title("Student Enrollment Across Different Schools")
plt.xlabel("Schools")
plt.ylabel("Number of Students")

plt.show()
```

## Output:

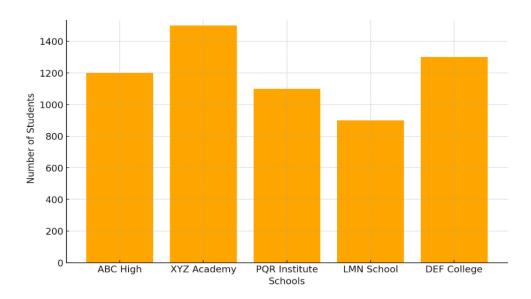


Fig 10: Create a Bar Chart

#### Github Link: