# **Unit - 1 (Introduction, Asymptotic Notations, Recursive functions)**

## **Ticking Session-1**

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**1.** A matrix M is obtained by multiplying the given matrix with the matrix obtained by flipping the given matrices elements about the principal diagonal. The flipped matrix is found to have the same diagonal elements as the given matrix in the same positions.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void getMatrixElements(int matrix[][10], int row, int column)
{
for (int i = 0; i < row; ++i)
{
for (int j = 0; j < column; ++j)
{
scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);
}
}</pre>
```

```
void multiplyMatrices(int first[][10],int second[][10],int result[][10],int
r1, int c1)
for(int i=0;i<r1;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<c1;j++){
        second[j][i]=first[i][j];
for(int i=0;i<r1;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<r1;j++){</pre>
        result[i][j]=0;
        for(int k=0;k<c1;k++){</pre>
            result[i][j]= result[i][j]+(first[i][k]* second[k][j]);
int main()
int i, j, r1, c1;
scanf("%d %d", &r1, &c1);
int A[10][10], B[10][10], result[10][10];
getMatrixElements(A, r1, c1);
multiplyMatrices(A, B, result, r1, c1);
printf("Output -\n");
for (i = 0; i < r1; i++) {
for (j = 0; j < r1; j++)
```

```
printf("%d\t", result[i][j]);
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

### **TESTCASES**

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

2 2

1 2

3 4

Output -

5 11

11 25

PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

1 2
4 5
Output -
41
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

2 2

1 5

6 2

Output -

26     16

16     40

PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a
3 2
2 6
4 1
5 3
Output -
40
        14
                28
14
        17
                23
                34
28
        23
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

**2.** If the sum of the number of rows of matrix1 and number of columns of matrix2 is not divisible by the smallest prime number, then perform matrix multiplication else perform matrix addition.

```
for(int i=0;i<r1;i++){</pre>
    for(int j=0;j<c1;j++){</pre>
        result[i][j]=0;
        for(int k=0;k<r1;k++){
            result[i][j]= result[i][j]+(first[i][k]* second[k][j]);
else{
    for(int i=0;i<(minimum(r1,r2));i++){</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<(minimum(c1,c2));j++){
            result[i][j]=first[i][j]+second[i][j];
void display(int result[][10], int row, int column)
    printf("Output -\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < row; ++i)
        for (int j = 0; j < column; ++j)
            printf("%d ", result[i][j]);
            if (j == column - 1)
                printf("\n");
// Driver code
int main()
    int first[10][10], second[10][10], result[10][10], r1, c1, r2, c2;
    scanf("%d %d", &r1, &c1);
    scanf("%d %d", &r2, &c2);
    while (c1 != r2)
        printf("Error! Enter rows and columns again.\n");
        scanf("%d%d", &r1, &c1);
        scanf("%d%d", &r2, &c2);
```

```
getMatrixElements(first, r1, c1);
  getMatrixElements(second, r2, c2);

multiplyMatrices(first, second, result, r1, c1, r2, c2);
  display(result, r1, c2);

return 0;
}
```

#### **TESTCASES**

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> gcc week2_2.c
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a
2 2
2 2
0 0
0 1
1 0
0 0
Output -
1 0
0 1
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

2 2

2 2

2 3

4 2

3 5

2 4

Output -

5 8

6 6

PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

2 3

3 2

1 2 3

4 5 6

1 1

1 1

Output -

2 3

5 6

PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA> ./a

1 1

1 1

2

Output -

3

PS C:\Users\Praka\OneDrive\Documents\DAA>
```

## THANK YOU ☺