

**Started on** Friday, 12 April 2024, 5:47 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Friday, 12 April 2024, 8:03 PM**Time taken** 2 hours 15 mins**Overdue** 15 mins 41 secs**Grade** 80.00 out of 100.00Question **1**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement quick sort on the given values and print the sorted list and pivot value of each iteration.

**For example:**

Input	Result
5	Input List
41	[41, 21, 6, 34, 8]
21	pivot: 41
6	pivot: 8
34	pivot: 21
8	Sorted List
	[6, 8, 21, 34, 41]
4	Input List
5	[5, 2, 49, 3]
2	pivot: 5
49	pivot: 3
3	Sorted List
	[2, 3, 5, 49]

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

Question 2

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

**LONGEST PALINDROMIC SUBSEQUENCE**

Given a sequence, find the length of the longest palindromic subsequence in it.

For example:

Input	Result
ABBDACB	The length of the LPS is 5

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 dp = [[-1 for i in range(1001)] for j in range(1001)]
2 def lps(s1, s2, n1, n2):
3
4     if (n1 == 0 or n2 == 0):
5         return 0
6
7     if (dp[n1][n2] != -1):
8         return dp[n1][n2]
9
10    if (s1[n1 - 1] == s2[n2 - 1]):
11        dp[n1][n2] = 1 + lps(s1, s2, n1 - 1, n2 - 1)
12        return dp[n1][n2]
13    else:
14        dp[n1][n2] = max(lps(s1, s2, n1 - 1, n2), lps(s1, s2, n1, n2 - 1))
15        return dp[n1][n2]
16 seq = input()
17 n = len(seq)
18
19 s2 = seq
20 s2 = s2[::-1]
21 print(f"The length of the LPS is {lps(s2, seq, n, n)}")
22

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	ABBDACB	The length of the LPS is 5	The length of the LPS is 5	✓
✓	BBABCBCAB	The length of the LPS is 7	The length of the LPS is 7	✓
✓	cbbd	The length of the LPS is 2	The length of the LPS is 2	✓
✓	abbab	The length of the LPS is 4	The length of the LPS is 4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a Python Program to find longest common subsequence using Dynamic Programming

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def lcs(str1 , str2):
2     m = len(str1)
3     n = len(str2)
4     matrix = [[0]*(n+1) for i in range(m+1)]
5     for i in range(m+1):
6         for j in range(n+1):
7             if i==0 or j==0:
8                 matrix[i][j] = 0
9             elif str1[i-1] == str2[j-1]:
10                matrix[i][j] = 1 + matrix[i-1][j-1]
11            else:
12                matrix[i][j] = max(matrix[i-1][j] , matrix[i][j-1])
13    return matrix[-1][-1]
14 str1 = input()
15 str2 = input()
16 lcs_length = lcs(str1, str2)
17 print("Length of LCS is : {}".format(lcs_length))

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcbdb bdcaba	Length of LCS is : 4	Length of LCS is : 4	✓
✓	treehouse elephant	Length of LCS is : 3	Length of LCS is : 3	✓
✓	AGGTAB GXTXAYB	Length of LCS is : 4	Length of LCS is : 4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 4

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a Naive recursive python program to find the minimum number of operations to convert str1 to str2

**For example:**

Input	Result
Python Peithen	Edit Distance 3

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 def LD(s, t):
2     if s == "":
3         return len(t)
4     if t == "":
5         return len(s)
6     if s[-1] == t[-1]:
7         cost = 0
8     else:
9         cost = 1
10    res = min([LD(s[:-1], t)+1,
11              LD(s, t[:-1])+1,
12              LD(s[:-1], t[:-1]) + cost])
13    return res
14
15 str1=input()
16 str2=input()
17 print('Edit Distance',LD(str1,str2))
18
19

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Python Peithen	Edit Distance 3	Edit Distance 3	✓
✓	food money	Edit Distance 4	Edit Distance 4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 5

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a Python program to find longest common substring or subword (LCW) of two strings using dynamic programming with top-down approach or memoization.

**Problem Description**

A string  $r$  is a substring or subword of a string  $s$  if  $r$  is contained within  $s$ . A string  $r$  is a common substring of  $s$  and  $t$  if  $r$  is a substring of both  $s$  and  $t$ . A string  $r$  is a longest common substring or subword (LCW) of  $s$  and  $t$  if there is no string that is longer than  $r$  and is a common substring of  $s$  and  $t$ . The problem is to find an LCW of two given strings.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
lcw(u, v)	potato tomato	Longest Common Subword: ato

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 def lcw(u, v):
2     c = [[-1]*(len(v) + 1) for _ in range(len(u) + 1)]
3     lcw_i = lcw_j = -1
4     length_lcw = 0
5     for i in range(len(u)):
6         for j in range(len(v)):
7             temp = lcw_starting_at(u, v, c, i, j)
8             if length_lcw < temp:
9                 length_lcw = temp
10                lcw_i = i
11                lcw_j = j
12    return length_lcw, lcw_i, lcw_j
13 def lcw_starting_at(u, v, c, i, j):
14     if c[i][j] >= 0:
15         return c[i][j]
16     if i == len(u) or j == len(v):
17         q = 0
18     elif u[i] != v[j]:
19         q = 0
20     else:
21         q = 1 + lcw_starting_at(u, v, c, i + 1, j + 1)
22     c[i][j] = q

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	lcw(u, v)	potato tomato	Longest Common Subword: ato	Longest Common Subword: ato	✓
✓	lcw(u, v)	snakegourd bottlegourd	Longest Common Subword: egourd	Longest Common Subword: egourd	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.