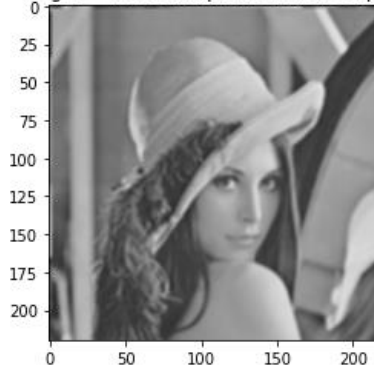


```

24 #mean kernel function
25
26 kernel_size = 3
27 kernel = np.ones((kernel_size,kernel_size))
28
29 n = (kernel_size -1)//2
30 image_size = 220
31 image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
32 result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
33 for x in range(image_size):
34     for y in range(image_size):
35         sum = 0
36         for i in range(kernel_size):
37             for j in range(kernel_size):
38                 sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
39             result[x,y] = sum/ np.sum(kernel)
40
41 from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
42 out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))
43
44
45 plt.title("Fig 2. : Mean implementation output")
46 plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
47 plt.show()
48

```

Fig 2. : Mean implementation output



```

#median kernel function

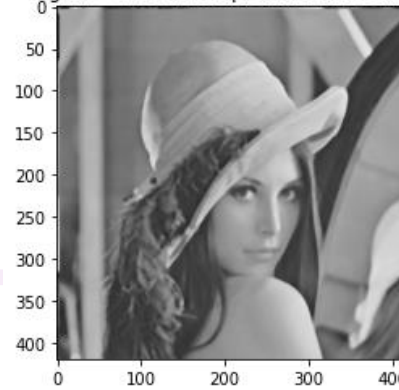
kernel_size = 5
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 420
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        kr_value = []
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                kr_value.append(image[x-i-n,y-j-n])
        #kr_value.sort()
        #mid = len(kr_value) //2
        mid = np.median(kr_value)
        #print(mid)
        #result[x,y] = kr_value[mid]
        #print(kr_value[mid])
        result[x,y] = mid

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Median implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()

```

Fig 2. : Median implementation output



```

#-----Horizontal-----
kernel = np.array([[ -1,-2,-1],[0,0,0],[1,2,1]], np.float32)

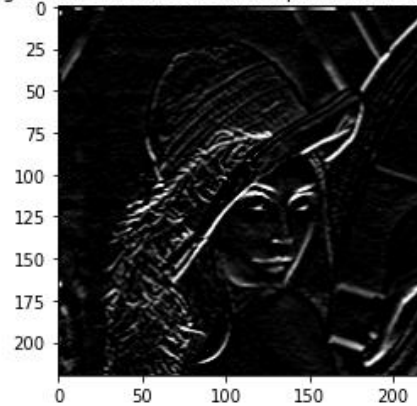
kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Sobel Horizontal implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()

```

Fig 2. : Sobel Horizontal implementation output



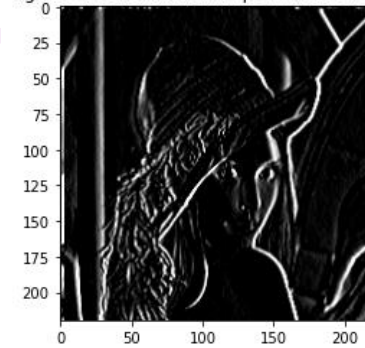
```
# -----sobel-----
#Vertical
kernel = np.array([[ -1,0,1],[-2,0,2],[ -1,0,1]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Sobel Vertical implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Sobel Vertical implementation output



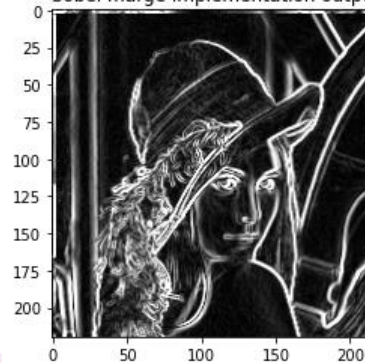
```
# -----Marge [(x**2+y**2)**1/2]-----
kernelx = np.array([[ -1,-2,-1],[0,0,0],[1,2,1]], np.float32)
kernely = np.array([[ -1,0,1],[-2,0,2],[ -1,0,1]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernelx.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sumx = 0
        sumy = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sumx+= kernelx[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
                sumy+= kernely[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = np.sqrt(sumx**2+sumy**2)

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Sobel marge implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Sobel marge implementation output



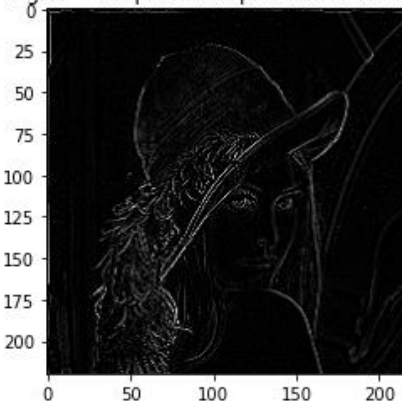
```
#-----Laplacian Filter -----
kernel = np.array([[0,-1,0],[ -1,4,-1],[0,-1,0]], np.float32)
kernel

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Laplacian implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Laplacian implementation output



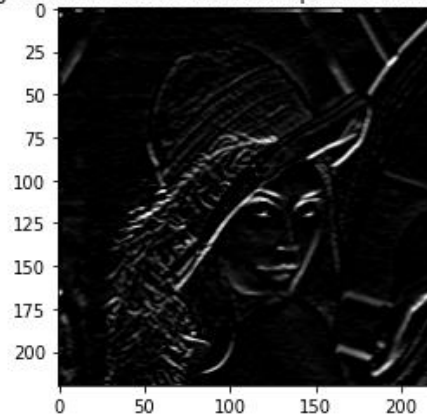
```
#-----Horizontal-----
kernel = np.array([[ -1, -1, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 1, 1]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size - 1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image, (image_size, image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size, image_size), dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Prewitt Horizontal implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Prewitt Horizontal implementation output

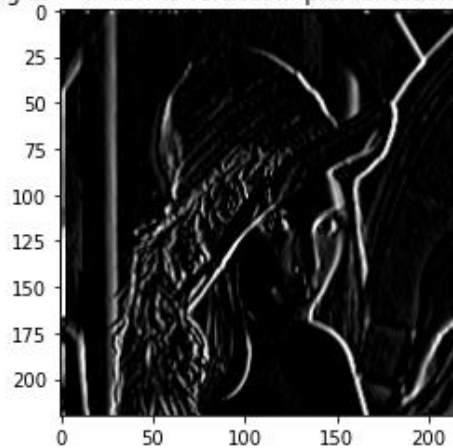


```
# -----Prewitt-----
#Vertical
kernel = np.array([[ -1, 0, 1], [-1, 0, 1], [-1, 0, 1]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size - 1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image, (image_size, image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size, image_size), dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum
from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Prewitt Vertical implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Prewitt Vertical implementation output



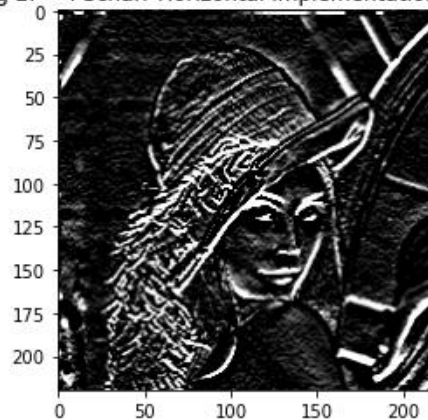
```
#-----Horizontal-----
kernel = np.array([[ -3, -10, -3], [0, 0, 0], [3, 10, 3]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size - 1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image, (image_size, image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size, image_size), dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Scharr Horizontal implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Scharr Horizontal implementation output



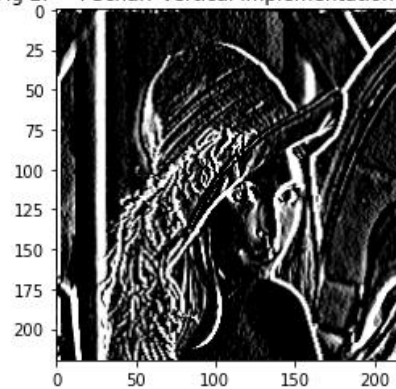
```
# -----Scharr-----
#Vertical
kernel = np.array([[ -3,0,3],[-10,0,10],[-3,0,3]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Scharr Vertical implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Scharr Vertical implementation output



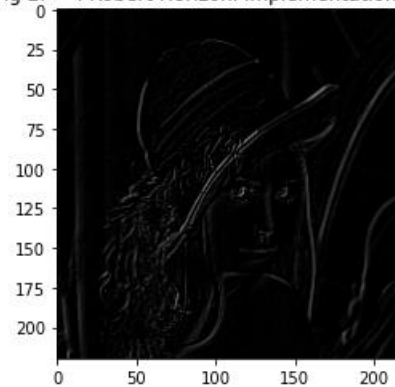
```
#-----Horizontal-----
kernel = np.array([[1,0],[0,-1]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Robert Horizontal implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Robert Horizontal implementation output



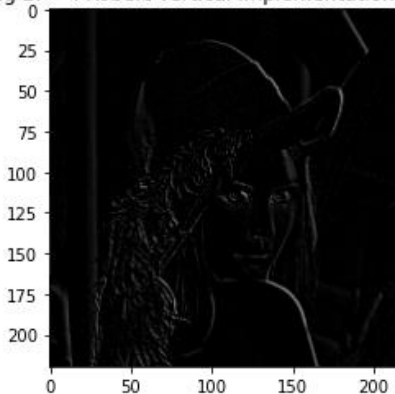
```
# -----Robert-----
#Vertical
kernel = np.array([[0,1],[-1,0]], np.float32)

kernel_size = kernel.shape[1]
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i-n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Robert Vertical implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Robert Vertical implementation output



```
#-----gaussian-----
```

```
def guess_helper(x,y,sigma = 2):

    pi = math.pi
    pixel_value = (1/(2*pi*sigma**2))*np.exp(-(x*x+y*y)/(2*sigma*sigma))
    return pixel_value

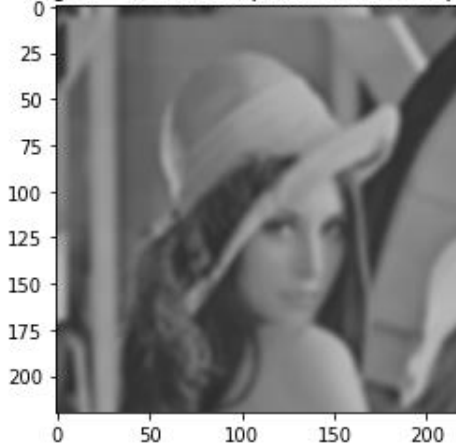
kernel_size = 7
guess_kernel = np.zeros((kernel_size, kernel_size),dtype='float32')
n = (kernel_size-1)//2
for i in range(kernel_size):
    for j in range(kernel_size):
        guess_kernel[i][j] = guess_helper((i-n),(j-n),sigma = 2 )

n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(main_image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= guess_kernel[i,j]*image[x-i,n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Gauss implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Gauss implementation output



```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

image = cv2.imread('F:/4.1/CSE 4128 Image Lab/lab2/rubiks-cube.jpg',cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

plt.title("Fig 2. : Input Image")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()

def guess_helper(x,y,sigma = 2):

    pixel_value = np.exp(-(x*x+y*y)/(2*sigma*sigma))
    return pixel_value

kernel_size = 7
guess_kernel = np.zeros((kernel_size, kernel_size),dtype='float32')
n = (kernel_size-1)//2
for i in range(kernel_size):
    for j in range(kernel_size):
        guess_kernel[i][j] = guess_helper((i-n),(j-n),sigma = 2 )

def bilateral_filter(x,y,image,kernel_size, sigma=5):
    n = (kernel_size -1)//2
    center_intensity = image[x][y]
    new_filter = np.zeros((kernel_size,kernel_size),dtype='float32')

    for i in range(0,kernel_size-n,1):
        for j in range(0,kernel_size-n,1):
            current_intensity = image[x+i-n][y+j-n]
            new_filter[i,j] = np.exp(-(current_intensity - center_intensity)**2/(2*sigma*sigma))

    return new_filter

def muli(gauss_filter,bilateral_filter,kernel_size):
    final_filter = np.zeros((kernel_size,kernel_size),dtype='float32')
    for i in range(kernel_size):
        for j in range(kernel_size):
            final_filter[i][j] = gauss_filter[i][j]*bilateral_filter[i][j]
```

```
def muli(gauss_filter,bilateral_filter,kernel_size):
    final_filter = np.zeros((kernel_size,kernel_size),dtype='float32')
    for i in range(kernel_size):
        for j in range(kernel_size):
            final_filter[i][j] = gauss_filter[i][j]*bilateral_filter[i][j]

    summ = final_filter.sum()
    final_filter = final_filter/summ
    return final_filter

#kernel_size = 7
n = (kernel_size -1)//2
image_size = 220
image = cv2.resize(image,(image_size,image_size))
result = np.zeros((image_size,image_size),dtype = 'float32')
for x in range(image_size):
    for y in range(image_size):
        sum = 0
        bi_filter = bilateral_filter(x,y,image,kernel_size,sigma=5)
        kernel = muli(guess_kernel,bi_filter,kernel_size)
        for i in range(kernel_size):
            for j in range(kernel_size):
                sum+= kernel[i,j]*image[x-i,n,y-j-n]
            result[x,y] = sum

#plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(result,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
#plt.show()

from skimage.exposure import rescale_intensity
out = rescale_intensity(result, in_range=(0, 255))

plt.title("Fig 2. : Bilateral implementation output")
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(out,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```

Fig 2. : Input Image

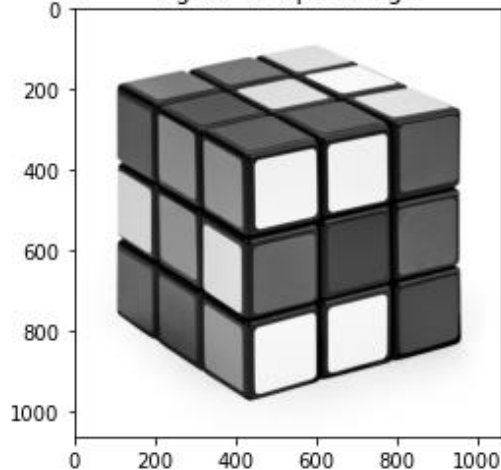


Fig 2. : Bilateral implementation output

