Computational Physics Homework Assignment #2

Derivative, Integration, Matrix, and Coupled Oscillators

November 25, 2024; Due December 2, 2024

Reading Assignment

- 1. Read lecture notes and references;
- 2. Study sample programs and prepare your own programs with any languages you prefer.

Laboratory Assignments (Total Points 125 = 30 + 30 + 30 + 35)

1. Derivatives (30 Points: 15, 15)

- (a) Consider the function $f(x) = x \cosh(x)$ at x = 1 Calculate its first and second derivatives for h = 0.50, 0.45, ..., 0.05, using the forward and central difference formulae. Plot the log error versus log(h). Compare your results with that of Richardson extrapolation.
- (b) Use the two-point, three-point, and five-point formulae to estimate the first five derivatives of f(x) at x = 0,

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x}{\sin^3(x) + \cos^3(x)} .$$

As a check, $f^{(v)}(x=0) = -164$. You are recommended to change the value of in the fashion of $h = 1/2^n$, n = 1, 2, ...

2. Integration (30 Points: 10, 10, 10)

Using the asymptotic error formulae for the Trapezoid and the Simpson's rules, estimate the number of subdivisions n for the following integrals to the given accuracy ϵ .

$$I_1 = \int_1^3 dx \log(x), \qquad \epsilon = 10^{-8} .$$

$$I_2 = \int_{-1}^{1} dx e^{-x^2}, \qquad \epsilon = 10^{-10} .$$

$$I_1 = \int_{1/2}^{5/2} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}, \qquad \epsilon = 10^{-12} .$$

3. Hilbert Matrix (30 Points)

Study the Hilbert Matrix

$$H_n = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{1} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \cdots & \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \cdots & \frac{1}{n+1} \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \frac{1}{n} & \frac{1}{n+1} & \frac{1}{n+2} & \cdots & \frac{1}{2n-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

Diagonalizing H_n and calculate the ratio of the largest eigenvalue to the smallest eigenvalue, $\log(\max|\lambda|/\min|\lambda|)$, and plot it as a function of n for $n=2,3,\dots,8$. Discuss your results. Do the problem for both single and double precisions. Indicate which diagonalization routine you are using.

4. Coupled Oscillators (35 Points: 10,10,15)

Use program similar to *Oscillators* to solve the dynamics equation of motion for N = 12 oscillators with the initial conditions $u_j(t=0) = 0$, $v_3(t=0) = 1$. Compare numerical results of $u_j(t)$ with the analytic one.

- (a) What is the maximum deviation of $u_i(t)$?
- (b) How well is the total energy conserved as function of Δt ?
- (c) How well is the total energy conserved as function of Δt if one uses Runge-Kutta 4th order algorithm?