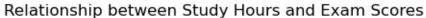
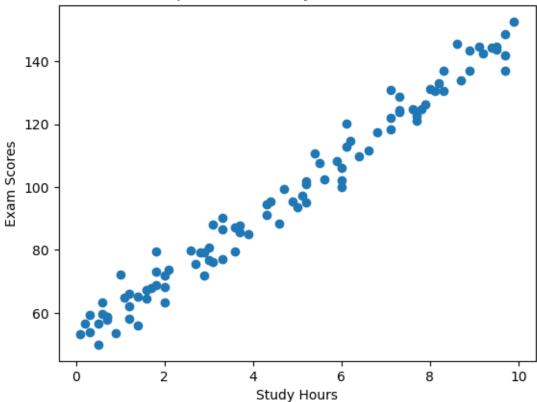
nalukanga winnie assignment due 25th march

March 19, 2024

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     data = pd.read_csv("D:\\linear_
      →programming\\Assignment\\Assignment\\student_scores_dataset.csv")
     data.head()
[1]:
        Study Hours
                    Exam Scores
                3.7
                            87.9
                9.5
     1
                           143.6
                7.3
     2
                           123.7
     3
                6.0
                            99.9
     4
                1.6
                            64.5
[3]: X = data[['Study Hours']]
     y = data['Exam Scores']
[4]: # Check for missing values
     data.isnull().sum()
[4]: Study Hours
     Exam Scores
                    0
     dtype: int64
[4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Scatter plot
     plt.scatter(data['Study Hours'], data['Exam Scores'])
     plt.title('Relationship between Study Hours and Exam Scores')
     plt.xlabel('Study Hours')
     plt.ylabel('Exam Scores')
     plt.show()
```





```
[7]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, userandom_state=42)

X_test.shape
```

[7]: (20, 1)

```
[8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
[32]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score

# Create and train the model
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
```

```
[32]: LinearRegression()
[33]: # Make predictions
      y_pred = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
      y_pred
[33]: array([ 57.67108889, 138.71725719, 126.05217671, 114.72389663,
              75.79896173, 92.87476622, 78.59488185, 135.52095869,
              54.15228189, 86.1485391, 91.90720366, 109.66365139,
             131.2903679 , 145.16991094 , 63.01602912 , 66.62380909 ,
             126.05217671, 58.55635145, 132.34467911, 67.5313149 ])
[30]: # Evaluate metrics
      mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
      mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
      r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
      mae
[30]: 2.9365732667749755
[11]: mse
[11]: 16.202109700645348
[12]: r2
[12]: 0.9826924926918468
[14]: # Coefficients
      model.coef_
[14]: array([28.52556103])
[29]: # Explore feature engineering techniques like polynomial features or
      ⇔interaction terms
      # Example: Adding a squared term for Study Hours
      data['Study Hours Squared'] = data['Study Hours'] ** 2
      data
[29]:
          Study Hours Exam Scores Study Hours Squared
                  3.7
                              87.9
                                                  13.69
      0
                  9.5
                                                  90.25
      1
                             143.6
      2
                  7.3
                             123.7
                                                  53.29
      3
                  6.0
                              99.9
                                                  36.00
                              64.5
      4
                  1.6
                                                   2.56
      95
                  4.9
                              95.3
                                                  24.01
```

```
98
                  0.3
                              53.9
                                                   0.09
                              64.9
      99
                  1.1
                                                   1.21
      [100 rows x 3 columns]
[17]: # Update X and y
      X = data[['Study Hours', 'Study Hours Squared']]
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,_
       →random_state=42)
[18]: # Standardize
      X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
      X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
[19]: # Retrain the model
      model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
[19]: LinearRegression()
[25]: # Make predictions
      y_pred_updated = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
      y_pred_updated
[25]: array([ 57.67108889, 138.71725719, 126.05217671, 114.72389663,
             75.79896173, 92.87476622, 78.59488185, 135.52095869,
             54.15228189, 86.1485391, 91.90720366, 109.66365139,
             131.2903679 , 145.16991094, 63.01602912, 66.62380909,
             126.05217671, 58.55635145, 132.34467911, 67.5313149 ])
[26]: # Evaluate metrics
      mae_updated = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_updated)
      mse_updated = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_updated)
      r2_updated = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_updated)
      mae_updated
[26]: 2.8285958469252686
[27]: mse_updated
[27]: 15.64363843629915
[28]: r2_updated
[28]: 0.9832890659571593
```

27.04

18.49

96

97

5.2

4.3

101.9

94.5