

Testing new KRC versions and installations

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1 Preamble / Mechanics

This document is a guide to testing different versions and installations of *KRC* using the **krcvtest.pro** IDL routine; it should not be needed by the general user.

krcvtest.pro is coded as a large case statement. The symbol '@' here refers to actions within the case statement; eg., @20 means enter 20 <CR> after the prompt “ krcvtest Enter selection: 99=help 0=stop 123=auto>” and the program will execute what is in that section of code.

The “else” in this case statement calls the procedure **kon91** which contains a large number of generally useful actions.

@99 will list all actions in the main program,
then a dense reminder of the actions in **kon91**,
then the current action sequence, 123:
then the actions that allow modification of parameters and their current values
11, 12, 15, 16

@18 yields a quick guide to the current arrays, and @181 a detailed guide to the current *KRC* Type 52 extracted arrays.

The IDL program can and should produce figures on a black background; White-on-Black figures will be Black-on-White in this document; they were made by:

@8 Open a B&W plot file
Action to generate figure
[@88 Add subtitle with date to the plot]
@9 Close the plot file

Color-on-black figures will show colors better on a monitor than the color-on-white figures in this document, which were produced by:

@80 enter 1. Need do this only once. Then, for each figure:
@81 [initiate output file]
action to generate figure
[@88 to add subtitle]
@82 to close output file. Should rename cidl.eps.

KRC output files should be: chmod 644

1.1 Notation use here

File names are shown as *file*. Program and routine names are shown as **PROGRM** [,**N**] , where **N** indicates a major control index. Code variable names are shown as **variab** and within equations as **variab**. Input parameters are shown as **INPUT** and within equations as **INPUT**.

@123 runs `initial kons = [151,21,22,23]` read two files specified by @11 `parf` and does statistics on the difference for each of the major arrays and the number of convergence days. Values should be small, ideally all zero.

@112,123 runs `kons=[221,222,223,225,227,226,4]` reads `KRCCOM` and print changes on cases relative to the base. @4 print the firm-coded case IDs, which should be short-form equivalence to @226

@15 setting `pari[1:2]` to 0 and 3 differences the base case against no prediction. Then @42 creates the differences and does statistics. Values should be small although the extremes may be large due to polar cap formation

/work1/krc/test/av211.t52 noP-Default Mean StdDev Minimum Maximum ttt 0.0966156 2.23823 -1.10490 96.2280 ddd 0.0595693
1.79502 -1.04358 90.5065 ggg 0.439765 1.66330 -15.6621 30.1145

2 Introduction

This document describes *KRC* Version 2.2.2 and later; it applies to *KRC* Version 2.1.1 and later.

Version 2.1.2 and later uses dates relative to J2000.0 = 2000Jan01 noon UTC. To change from older version dates, subtract 11545.0

The initial values of file names in `parf`, accessed @11, should default to files in the distro for two versions of *KRC*, with Version A being the latest version and Version B being a prior version. Comparisons between different file types (0,-1,52) are coded for Version A only.

Be careful to never overwrite files in the *KRC* distribution area. The sequence in *AAinstall* does send *KRC* output to the `./run/` directory, but with new names.

The only files output by `krcvtest` are:

1. A log of results written to `parf[12]+parf[13]`. Opened @77 and closed @78
2. A large OnePoint input file generated @74 and written to `parf[0]+parf[11]`

This program handles :

- Two versions of KRC Type 52 output:
- Three file types, 52,-1 and 0, for Version A
- OnePoint output files for two versions.

2.1 Double precision interlude

Over 2104 March and the first half of April, double precision and Crank-Nicholson versions were developed. Testing was done with `HP3.pro`; inappropriate but in active use at the time. On Apr 14, `krcvtest.pro` was renamed `kv3.pro` and KRC-related section of code in `h3.pro` was incorporated. Also, Group 3 and 4 case-sets were defined.

2.2 Families of Tests

In general, do not override the prior version of *KRC* at your site before running this version comparison.

- 1) Test new installation against output files supplied for the same *KRC* version. See §5.4 and 5.5.
All statistical results should be zero or at roundoff level.

- 2) Tests between different file types for the same model. See §5.6 and 5.7.

- 3) Test installation against the prior version. See §5.8 and 5.9.

If prior version output files not available, run *VerTest.inp* and *Mone.inp* with the prior version of *KRC* installed at your site to generate the needed output files.

2.3 Outline of the test procedure

Save the *VerTest.inp* file with a name that indicates the prior version.

Edit a new version of *VerTest.inp*. Unless the input formats/content have changed, should need to change only the output file names.

Note: when using more than one file type in a run, the new file name should follow the K4OUT change.

Note: if re-running a test, must first delete any existing files with the same name as the named output files. Look at *VerTest.inp* to check name and directory of output files. If these files exist, delete them. The ones included in the distribution should start with “Orig”.

Then run *KRC* with the test input file

Then get into IDL and do: `.new krcvtest`

3 Outline of Prerequisite Steps

Build a *KRC* distribution, including the shared object library

Edit *VerTest.inp* if necessary

Run *KRC* on *VerTest.inp* and *Mone.inp*

Edit *kirin.pro* for the current site

Start IDL

kirin (should compile and execute the *kirin* routine)

`.comp krcvtest`

3.1 *KRC* runs

Edit the output file names in *VerTest.inp* appropriately. Run the latest version of *KRC* on this input file.

Output files from runs on earlier *KRC* versions should be available in the distribution. If not, then run an older version of *KRC* on *VerTest.inp* after changing only the output file names.

These should create files of the following sizes with similar names:

```
27135872 Vntest1.t52
1195200 Vntest2.t0
27135872 V222test1.t52
524000 V222test2.t52
1195200 V222test2.t0
582528 V222test2.tm1
```

3.1.1 One Point mode

Run both versions of *KRC* on *Mone.inp*, with different print file names

3.2 IDL

Set the IDL path

edit **kinin.pro** for the current environment

Should need to do the above 2 steps only once at your installation.

start IDL

do: *kirin*

kirin should open a plot window and print something like:

```
env: MYHOME= /home/hkieffer/ !outid = Kieffer
IDLTOP=!idltop= /home/hkieffer/idl/
PROJSRC=/home/hkieffer/krc/tes/
PROJDAT=/work/work1/krc/test/
Printer names: MYBW=HP_Laserjet_3330 MYCLR=q
Monitor size= 1280 1000
```

Do: `krcvtest / / /` with 4 optional arguments. Defaults listed in the top of the code

`oldd=` string Directory for the older version. E.g., `'/work1/build/run/out/'`

`oldv=` string File stem for the older version. E.g., `'V222'`

`newd=` string Directory for the newer version. E.g., `'/work1/krc/test/'`

`newv=` string File stem for the newer version. E.g., `'V232'`

E.g., `/ krcvtest, oldd='/work1/krc/test/',oldv='V222',newd='/work1/build/run/out/',newv='V232'`

3.3 OnePoint mode

Run *KRC* (latest version) with the input file *Mone.inp*, which refers to *oneA.one*; you can add lines to *oneA.one* if you wish as long as the same input file is used for all *KRC* versions being compared

Run prior version of *KRC* , e.g., *krc12nov30* with its matching OnePoint file, i.e. *V1Mone.inp* , which should refer to *oneA.one*

3.4 Notes

KRC will not open a new direct-access file if it already exists, so if redoing a run, must first remove older files with the desired names.

The V2.2.4 distribution also contains test files for Version 2.1.1

4 Binary files output by *KRC* and input to the test program

The input file *-/run/VerTest.inp* contains effectively four 'runs' of *KRC* ; all are based on the master input file parameter values. The first 'run' has 6 cases output into a single type 52 file. Then next three 'runs' are a single global case repeated three times and output to 3 different types of file.

Group refers to the set of cases in a *KRC* run.

Group 1: A single type 52 file: Every sol for 670 seasons; 5 latitudes. No spinup. There are 15 layers, the lower material starts at layer 7. Cases are: (1-based index)

- 1 With atmosphere, soil properties constant with T, frost properties constant
- 2 With atmosphere, soil properties T-dependent, frost properties constant
- 3 With atmosphere, soil properties constant with T, frost properties variable
This only affects +/- 60 °.
- 4 No atmosphere, soil properties constant with T
- 5 No atmosphere, soil properties T-dependent
- 6 No atmosphere, soil properties T-dependent, but uniform over temperature

Group 2: Has 19 latitudes for 40 seasons/year, with a 2-year spinup; 1 case only, default values (20 layers).

Three output file types.

Type 52. File extension .t52

Type 0. File extension .t0

Type -1. File extension .tm1

Group 3: sol exactly 1/672 of a Mars year, uses a two year spin-up. Latitudes -60, -30 and 0. Every sol is a season. File names V-. 5 cases:

- Case= 1 had: ALBEDO=0.25 INERTIA=200. TauDust=0.3 SLOPE=0. IC=99
- Case= 2 changed: PTOTAL=0.5
- Case= 3 changed: N1=22
- Case= 4 changed: LkofT=T
- Case= 5 LkofT=T and degree 1+ set to 0

Group 4: Same as Group 3 except 42 seasons of 16 sols per year. File names K-

Lat -60 has major differences between skip and sol urns due to polar cap. If look only at lat=0, Tsur

5 Test program

The test program is an IDL procedure structured with a large case statement. Selectable actions are indicated by the "@" sign. The 11x actions each define a sequence of other actions *kons*, which are each started by @123. Several of these are described in the following subsections, along with examples of the expected output.

Ver or Version refers to the Version of *KRC* , at time of this document 2.3.2 . VerA is defined by items 0:4 in the set of strings set @11; VerB is set by items 5:9.

There are four optional input keywords, all strings:

oldd: Directory for the older version. Default '/work1/krc/test/'

oldv: File stem for the older version. Default 'V222'

newd: Directory for the newer version. Default is global PROJDAT

vnew: File stem for the newer version. Default 'V232'

5.1 Un-documented actions

This procedure is also used for stress-tests and contains a number of actions tailored to specific \mathcal{KRC} stress-test runs. Referencing these actions is likely to cause the procedure to gag.

5.2 Useful general actions

@99 Prints a list of all actions

@11 Allows modification of input file path-names.

@18 Prints "help" for the critical arrays. The first five are for the type 52 file; they all must exist for anything to work. TSZ and TSM are the surface temperature arrays for the type 0 and -1 files respectively; they are required for actions starting with 5 or 6.

@188 Prints a guide to Type 52 extracted arrays.

@14 Allows modification of some control items

@123 Executes the current sequence of actions **kons**

The action -1 causes the program to wait for the user to hit any key and is commonly used in sequences after a plot.

5.3 Files @11

File names

```
0 VerA=new DIR          = /work/work1/krc/test/
  1 " case file          = V224str2
  2 " multi-type stem    = V222test2
  3 " OnePoint [.prt]    = Mone
  4 DIR for prt          = /home/hkieffer/krc/tes/
  5 VerB=prior DIR       = /work/work1/krc/test/
  6 " case file          = Vntest1
  7 " multi-type stem    = V211test2
  8 " OnePoint [.prt]    = Moneq
  9 DIR for prt          = /home/hkieffer/krc/tes/
10 DIR for IDL output    = /home/hkieffer/idl/
11 Output onePoint set = grid.one
```

5.3.1 Print to terminal

```
> 123
Doing ----->      860
Doing ----->       20
Doing ----->      200
Doing ----->      203
Doing ----->      207
Doing ----->       21
khold=          100      130872          1          255
Doing ----->       22
Case=  1 had: ALBEDO=0.25 INERTIA=200. CABR=0.11 T_DEEP=180. TauDust=0.3 TauRati=0.5 IB=0
Doing ----->       29
Doing ----->      252
Will Read  file: /work/work1/krc/test/V222test2.t52 Size=  5 24 7 19 41 1 4 130872
# layers computed, transfered=          20          19
TTT          FLOAT      = Array[24, 5, 19, 40, 1]
UUU          FLOAT      = Array[19, 2, 1]
VVV          FLOAT      = Array[40, 5, 1]
DDD          FLOAT      = Array[19, 2, 19, 40, 1]
GGG          FLOAT      = Array[6, 19, 40, 1]
```

```

VERN          STRING    = '2.2.2'
KCOM          STRUCT    = -> <Anonymous> Array[1]
Nseas, nlat, ncase=      40          19          1

```

5.4 Read version A Group 1 cases. @111

```

111: kons=[200,202,207,21,22,29,252,253]
200.. Set to VerA
202.. Set to case group 1
207.. Set input file stem
21... Open file to determine locations of krccom
22... Get KRC changes
29... Close the KRC unit
252.. Open/Read/Close type 52 file
253.. specific case names

```

5.5 Tests between cases within one version. @112

```

113: kons=[41,-1,411,-1,42,43,-1,44,-1,45,-1,46]
41... Test Ls Requires more than one case
-1... Wait
411.. Check Ls against LSAM REQ 252
-1... Wait
42... Confirm convergence days
43... Plot hourly Ts near equator for 2 seasons
-1... Wait
44... Display central latitude seasonal behaviour
-1... Wait
45... Difference two cases
-1... Wait
46... Plot Tsur, DownVis difference of two cases, AFTER 45

```

@41 Plots of Group 1 Ls versus season index, see Figure 1. Print the range of differences in L_S between cases, which should be less than 0.001

@411 Compares the Ls computed in **readtype52.pro** with the Allison and McEwen model computed in **lsam.pro**, which includes planetary perturbations. Absolute values should be less than 0.1; see Figure 2.

@42 Checks that all seasons of Group 1 ran for a single day. The min and max of NDJ4 should be 1.

@43 Displays diurnal curves for seasons closest to perihelion ($L_s=251$, upper curves near midday) and aphelion ($L_s=71$, lower curves near midday) for each case. All the curves should look like normal diurnal temperature curves. Expect the major effect to be presence or absence of atmosphere, so cases 1,2 and 3 should group, and cases 4,5,6 should group and be cooler at night. Case 6 may plot on top of case 4. See Figure 3.

@44 Plots the surface temperature near noon for all seasons and cases, there is a different curve for each latitude. There can be a discontinuity between cases. See Figure 4.

@45 Looks at the difference between two cases, determined by @12, items 7 and 8. The default is case 3 (KofT on but the temperature dependence set to zero) minus case 5 (KofT turned off). For each of the 5 major items in a Type 52 file:

- 0= surface kinetic temperature
- 1= Top-of-atmosphere bolometric temperature
- 2= one-layer atmosphere kinetic temperature
- 3= Down-welling solar radiance
- 4= Down-welling thermal radiance

The Mean Absolute Residual (MAR) of case difference for all hours, latitudes and seasons is computed and printed. If this exceeds $1.E-6$, then a histogram is plotted.

For V2.2.2 only Tsur exceeded this criterion, the MAR is $5.1e-05$ and the extremes (shown in the histogram annotation) are -0.00007 and $+7.6e-5$.

@46 plots the difference (Atmosphere - NoAtmosphere) for Tsurf (bottom plot) and Down-going Solar flux at the surface (top plot) for a subset of hours and seasons (set by @14, items 0 and 1) for all the latitudes. Temperatures are generally higher with

Figure 1: Group 1 Ls versus season index

an atmosphere, extreme differences are probably related to cap edge positions. Delta DownVIS should always be smaller (the plotted difference is negative). Histograms of these differences are plotted. MAR for Tsurf is about 6 and for DownVis is about 10.

5.6 Read 3 file types. @113

```
113: kons=[200,203,207,252,50,51,18] Read 3 types for Ver A
200.. Set to Vera
203.. Set to case group 2
207.. Set input file stem
252.. Open/Read/Close type 52 file
50... Read type 0
51... Read type -1
18... Help, and print cases
```

5.7 Difference between file types. @114

```
114: kons=[511,-1,52,-1,53,-1,55] Tests for differences
511.. Compare Ls in Type 0 file with LSAM
-1... Wait
52... Plot delta of each ddd item
-1... Wait
53... Check Ls between types
-1... Wait
55... Check Ts and Tp for equivalence between types
```

Difference between types is expected to be zero.

Figure 2: Difference in L_S , KRC- **lsam.pro**

@511 Compares the L_S contained in the Type 0 file for each season with the Allison and McEwen model computed in **lsam.pro**, which includes planetary perturbations. This comparison ASSUMES that DELJUL was constant for the run (True for the test files).

@52 Generates a series of plots for the six items extracted from LATCOM contained in Type 0. “predicted” is extrapolated from the sols computed to the end of the season

- | | | |
|----|---------------|---|
| 0: | DTM4(MAXN4) | rms temperature change on last day |
| 1: | TST4(MAXN4) | predicted equilibrium temperature of ground |
| 2: | TTS4(MAXN4) | predicted mean surface temperature for each latitude |
| 3: | TTB4(MAXN4) | predicted mean bottom temperature |
| 4: | FROST4(MAXN4) | predicted frost amount kg/m ² . |
| 5: | AFRO4(MAXN4) | frost albedo. May be a single line if constant frost albedo was used (LVFA=F) |

The abscissa is the saved season index; there is a curve for each latitude. The first plot is shown in Figure 5.

@522 plots just one of the above; selected by @14 item 3. Figure 6 is an example for mean surface temperature

@53 Compares the L_S for the three types.

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|--|
| Type 52: | line | Extracted from the file for each season |
| Type 0: | Plus sign | From each LATCOM |
| Type 1: | Diamond | Computed in readkrc1.pro based on assumption of uniform seasons |

The 100-fold magnified differences of Types 0 and -1 from Type 52 are plotted relative to the $L_S=200$ level (one ordinate tic is 0.1 degree); see Figure 7. Differences should be less than 0.1K.

@55 Prints statistics for the difference in Tsur and Tplan between file types (first 4 lines) and then between Type 52 and Type 0 for 3 items. All values should be zero.

5.8 Store Version A and read version B. @115

115: kons=[26,201,202,207,252] Save current t52 and Read VerB cases

Figure 3: Diurnal T_s for a latitude near-or-at the equator for two seasons for each case.

```
@26 Will save the internally all VerA Type 52 arrays
26... hold current set. tth=ttt etc.
201.. Set to VerB
202.. Set to case group 1
207.. Set input file stem
252.. Open/Read/Close type 52 file
```

5.9 Difference between versions. @116

```
116: kons=[61,-1,62,63] The sequence @116 123 will runs tests between versions using the Type 52 file
61... Plot LS-LSH
-1... Wait
62... Plot Tsur noon equator
63... Stats on VerB-VerA
```

@61 Plots the difference in L_S between versions if this difference is not zero. The abscissa is the difference in date, which may be large but should have a span of about 690 days. The ordinate is difference in L_S ; all absolute values should be less than about 0.1.

@62 Plots the near-noon, near-equator surface temperature for all seasons for both versions; VerB as dashed blue. Curves should nearly overlay. The 100-fold magnified difference VerB-VerA is plotted relative to $T=280$. See figure 8

@63 Prints statistics on the difference for all the items in the type 52 arrays. Mean and StdDev values should be generally small; DJU5 will be large if the versions used both the J2000.0 and the -2440000 date conventions. Minimum and maximum differences can be large due to the polar cap edge.

5.10 OnePoint mode. @71

@71 reads both VerA and VerB OnePoint files. It compares all the input fields, and should report differences as zero. If not, it will report the range on output differences. E.g., Version 2.3.0 is the first with the more accurate models.

Figure 4: T_s near noon for 5 latitudes for all seasons for each case.

Range of OnePoint T differences	-1.27000	0.820007
B-A Mean and stdDev=	0.0539113	0.405689
abs(B-A) Mean and stdDev=	0.266955	0.307744
Delta (Tp-Ts) Mean and stdDev=	0.00869751	0.0323776

6 Standard Report

@11 to set files names
 @111,123 to read one version
 @131,123 to generate Report on one version
 Last 3 lines for @55 are Type 0 - Type 52
 @132,123

Type -1 contains a single krcom, so DJUL and LSUBS for each season are computed in readkrc1.pro; LSUBS assumes the target is Mars and uses the A&M algorithm. Thus, there will be small differences from the other types.

6.1 Example

PARTIAL EXAMPLE

```

krcvtest Report 2014Jan29 09:40:26
Last read= /work/work1/krc/test/V230test1
Held file= -none-
@411 Ls t    0.045    0.013
@45  AtmTconFcon-noAtmTcon
Item in ttt Mean      Std      mean_ABS_std
Tsurf  8.651  12.118  11.255   9.747
Tplan  26.738  30.395  35.667  19.148

```

Figure 5: Behavior of summary values for each latitude and season in Type 0 files. Example of the RMS temperature change on last computed day. The spikes are near the edge of the polar caps.

	Tatm	0.560	20.114	16.346	11.734
	DownVIS	-21.603	23.847	21.603	23.847
	DownIR	2.163	11.626	9.451	7.108
Ls	t0-t52: Ave and StDev		-0.045	0.013	
Ls	tm1-t52: Ave and StDev		0.000	0.000	
@55	What	Mean	StdDev	Minimum	Maximum
	Ts 0--1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	Tp 0--1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	Ts 52--1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	Tp 52--1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	DTM4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	FROST4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	AFRO4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000

7 Specific tests

2014jan27 RUn verTest.inp identical to V 222 except for file names now V230

Change DELJUL from 17.1744 to 17.174822 to be closer to 1/40 MarsYear. Run output file V230b

7.1 Stress test 1

I have run \mathcal{KRC} for pressures from 1.01 to 10,000 Pa with three points per decade (1,2,5). I built a crude band model for the blockage by CO₂ gas (CABR) and scaled the dust opacity (TAUD) linear with pressure. Model were run for 3 years, recording all seasons, and 3 latitudes (-30,0,30) with 20 layers.

Results for Tsurf, Tatm, DownVis and DownIR vary smoothly with PTOTAL.

Figure 6: Diurnal average of Ts as a function of time (season index) for each global latitude

Tsurf and DownVIs appear to trend nicely into the no-Atmosphere result, which is defined as P less than or equal to 1.0 Pa.

A Actions

List by doing @992. Short form by @99

```
@0... Stop
@-1... Wait
@110.. Reset names to default
@111.. kons=[200,202,207,21,22,29,252,253] Reread VerA group 2 cases
@112.. kons=[201,203,207,252,50,51,18] Read 3 types for Ver B
@113.. kons=[41,-1,411,-1,42,43,-1,44,-1,45,-1,46] Test cases
@114.. kons=[511,-1,52,-1,53,-1,55] Test between types
@115.. kons=[26,201,202,207,252] Save current t52 and Read VerB cases
@116.. kons=[61,-1,62,63] Compare versions
@117.. kons=[200,202,207,21,22,29,252,26,201,207,252,62,63]
@118.. kons=[432,43,435,-1,44,-1,445] look at effect of atm
@131.. kons=[77,411,43,-1,44,-1,45,26,203,207,252,50,51,511,-1,52,53,-1,55] Test one version
@132.. kons=[26,201,207,252,67,-1,68,78] compare 2 versions AFTER 131
@133.. kons=[200,203,207,252,77,671,673,-1,664,-1,672] Long runs A
@134.. kons=[26,201,207,252,671,-1,68,-1,682,78] Long runs B-A
@123.. Start auto-script
@11... Modify File names parf
@12... Modify integers pari
@15... Modify positions parp
@157.. Print current parp as code
@16... Modify floats parr
@167.. Print current parr as code
@18... Help, and print cases
```

Figure 7: L_S in file types 0 (plus sign), -1 (diamond) and 52 (line). The 100-fold magnified differences of Types 0 and -1 from Type 52 are plotted relative to the $L_S=200$ level (one ordinate tic is 0.1 degree).

```

@188.. Contents
@19... Print input portion of selected KRCCOM arrays REQ 20,21
@200.. Set to VerA
@201.. Set to VerB
@202.. Set to case group 1
@203.. Set to case group 2
@207.. Set input file stem
@20... Get KRCCOM structure and definitions
@21... Open file to determine locations of krccom
@221.. Change KRCCOM List
@22... Get KRC changes
@23... Print krccom
@232.. Difference 2 KRCCOM's REQ 26
@252.. Open/Read/Close type 52 file
@253.. specific case names
@26... hold current set. tth=ttt etc.
@261.. extract 23 layer 6 year from multi-N1 10 year
@266.. Help latest and hold
@27... Print layer table
@29... Close the KRC unit
@41... Test Ls Requires more than one case
@411.. Check Ls against LSAM REQ 252
@42... Confirm convergence days
@431.. Set to Tsur
@432.. Set to any item in ttt
@43... Plot hourly Ts near equator for 2 seasons
@433.. Plot hourly one lat,season REQ 43
@435.. Print midday REQ 43

```

Figure 8: Ts near midday and near the equator as a function of time (season index). Version A; solid; version B, dashed color. Magnified difference: $100 \times (\text{VerB} - \text{VerA}) + 280$.

```

@436.. Plot midday REQ 43
@44... Display central latitude seasonal behaviour
@445.. CLOT one latitude REQ 43 then 44
@45... Difference two cases
@46... Plot Tsur, DownVis difference of two cases, AFTER 45
@47... Estimate Atm Radiative time
@472.. T of P for CO2 SET PRES
@50... Read type 0
@51... Read type -1
@511.. Compare Ls in Type 0 file with LSAM
@52... Plot delta of each ddd item
@522.. Plot one dd0 item
@53... Check Ls between types
@55... Check Ts and Tp for equivalence between types
@56... Store Type 0,-1
@57... Compare Versions for Type 0 and -1
@61... Plot LS-LSH
@62... Plot Tsur noon equator
@63... Stats on VerB-VerA
@641.. Convergence at surface as function of N1
@642.. Last year for all cases
@643.. Convergence at specific depth REQ 641
@644.. Convergence at bottom REQ 641
@645.. Convergence of top layer diurnal swing REQ 641
@646.. One case REQ 642
@663.. Check on last year of global-sol run
@664.. maximum Tmin layer diff. from final season
@665.. Plot Tmin at bottom over season

```

```

@666.. CLOT bottom T for one lat, all seasons.
@667.. Plot Tsur_average REQ 665
@668.. CLOT Tsur_ave one lat, REQ 665,666
@669.. Plot Tsur diurnal avg, year MAR REQ 665
@671.. Plot final Midnight Tsur
@672.. Plot difference from last season. List NDJ4
@673.. List NDJ4 FOLLOW 672
@68... Compare skip with everySol
@682.. Difference at each year end FOLLOW 68
@71... Test one-point mode
@72... Check annual trends
@73... generate pressure input series
@74... Generate a large grid .one file
@75... SHOWBYTES for start of parf[0+11]
@76... Find most extreme season for start
@77... Open report file
@78... Close report file

```

Plus the actions provided by KON91

```

-9=StopInKON91 -3=null -1=pause 0=Stop 888=setcolorGuide
100=wset,0 101=erase 102=wset,2 103=window for output
121=kons=-3 122=Edit Kons 801/2/3/4 output to eps/png/jpg/-eps
808=actionlabel at TopLeft 809=Warning to mv output file
81/82=start/endClrEps 8=newPS 80=restart 87=close 88=subtitle 9=plotPS
MAKE99: 991=Expand current kons 992/995=1-line each 994=expand all

```

B Algorithms

B.1 Locating the last year

Objective: find start of the last [partial] year.

Assume L_S is increasing. Find all jumps in L_S of ≤ -180 .

0: Single ramp, may be virtually full year

1: Could be anything up to nearly two full years.

Use longer ramp to estimate ΔL_S ; calc estimated total length in years

2 or more: Interval between last two is a year