

การสร้าง MQTT Server บน Raspberry Pi เพื่อใช้งาน Chatbot LINE ในฟาร์มอัจฉริยะ
Chatbot LINE from Raspberry Pi MQTT Server for Smart Farming

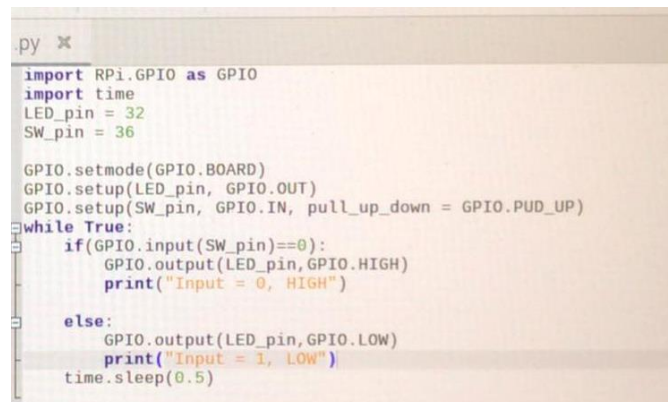
ชื่อ-สกุล : นางสาวณัฐชยา ผ่องกุล B6226718

6/6 – คำถามท้ายบทเพื่อทดสอบความเข้าใจ

Quiz_101 – ทดสอบ RPi4 GPIO with Python

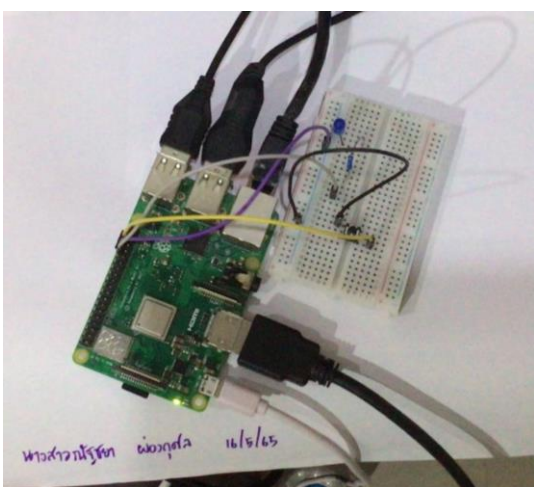
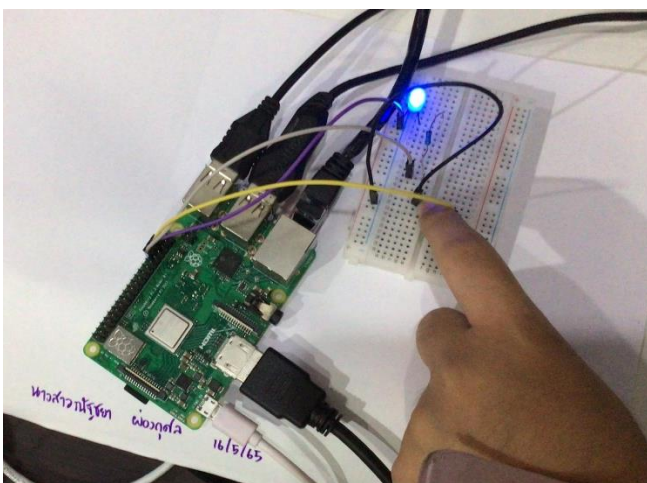
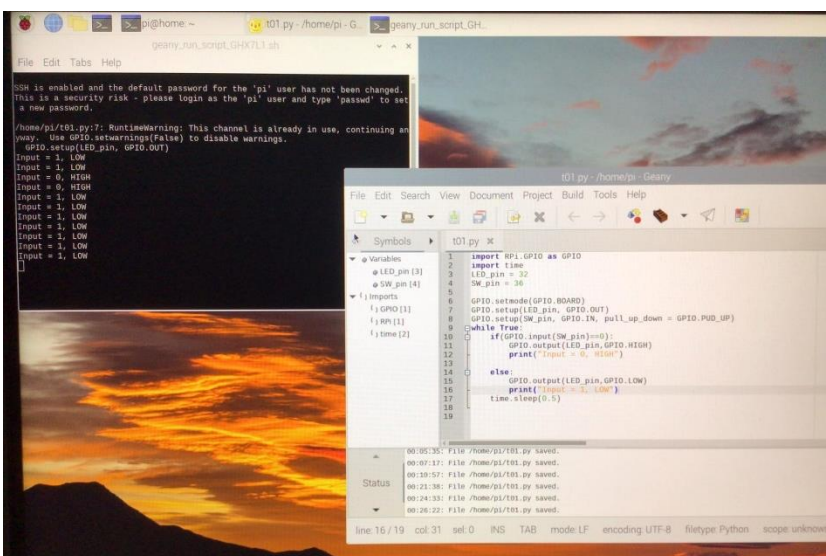
Python.1 - Python Switch control LED >> กดติด ปล่อยดับ

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # Add GPIO library to a Python sketch
import time # Add time library to a Python sketch
LED_pin = 32 # Ref Board
SW_Pin = 36
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) #Setup GPIO using GPIO.Pin
GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT) #Setup pin to output
GPIO.setup(SW_Pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)
#Setup pin to input and Pull-Up
while True:
    if (GPIO.input(SW_Pin)==0): # Read Botton pin
        GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.HIGH) # Set LED pin to HIGH
        print("Input = 0, HIGH")
    else:
        GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.LOW) # Set LED pin to LOW
        print("Input = 1, LOW")
        time.sleep(0.5)
```



```
.py
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
LED_pin = 32
SW_pin = 36

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(SW_pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)
while True:
    if (GPIO.input(SW_pin)==0):
        GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.HIGH)
        print("Input = 0, HIGH")
    else:
        GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.LOW)
        print("Input = 1, LOW")
        time.sleep(0.5)
```

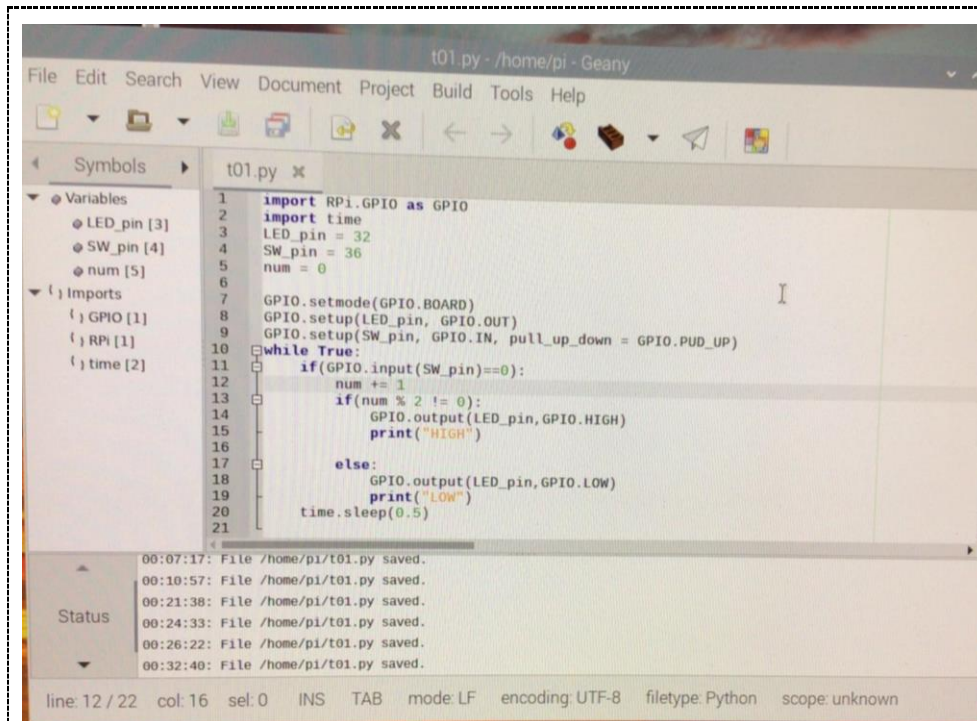


Python.2 - Python Switch control LED >> กดติด กดดับ

```

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # Add GPIO library to a Python sketch
import time # Add time library to a Python sketch
LED_pin = 32 # Ref Board
SW_Pin = 36
num = 0
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) #Setup GPIO using GPIO.Pin
GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT) #Setup pin to output
GPIO.setup(SW_Pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)
#Setup pin to input and Pull-Up
while True:
    if (GPIO.input(SW_Pin)==0): # Read Botton pin
        num += 1
        if(num % 2 != 0):
            GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.HIGH) # Set LED pin to HIGH
            print("HIGH")
        else:
            GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.LOW) # Set LED pin to LOW
            print("LOW")
    time.sleep(0.5)

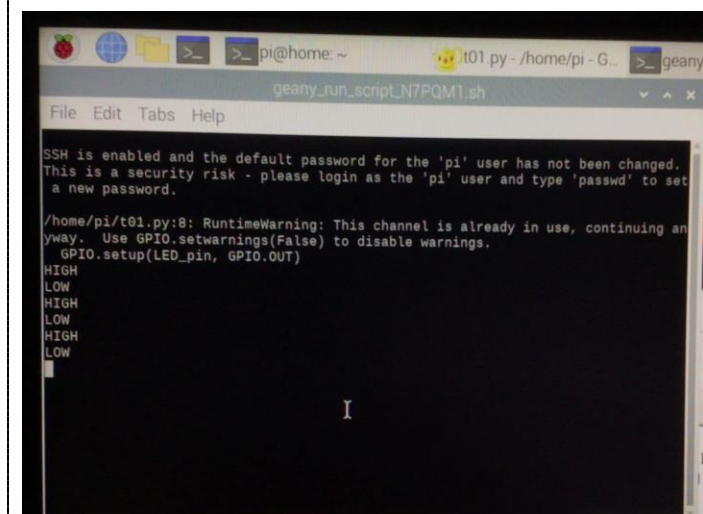
```



```
1 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
2 import time
3 LED_pin = 32
4 SW_pin = 36
5 num = 0
6
7 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
8 GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT)
9 GPIO.setup(SW_pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)
10 while True:
11     if(GPIO.input(SW_pin)==0):
12         num += 1
13         if(num % 2 != 0):
14             GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.HIGH)
15             print("HIGH")
16         else:
17             GPIO.output(LED_pin,GPIO.LOW)
18             print("LOW")
19         time.sleep(0.5)
20
21
```

00:07:17: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.
00:10:57: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.
00:21:38: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.
00:24:33: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.
00:26:22: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.
00:32:40: File /home/pi/t01.py saved.

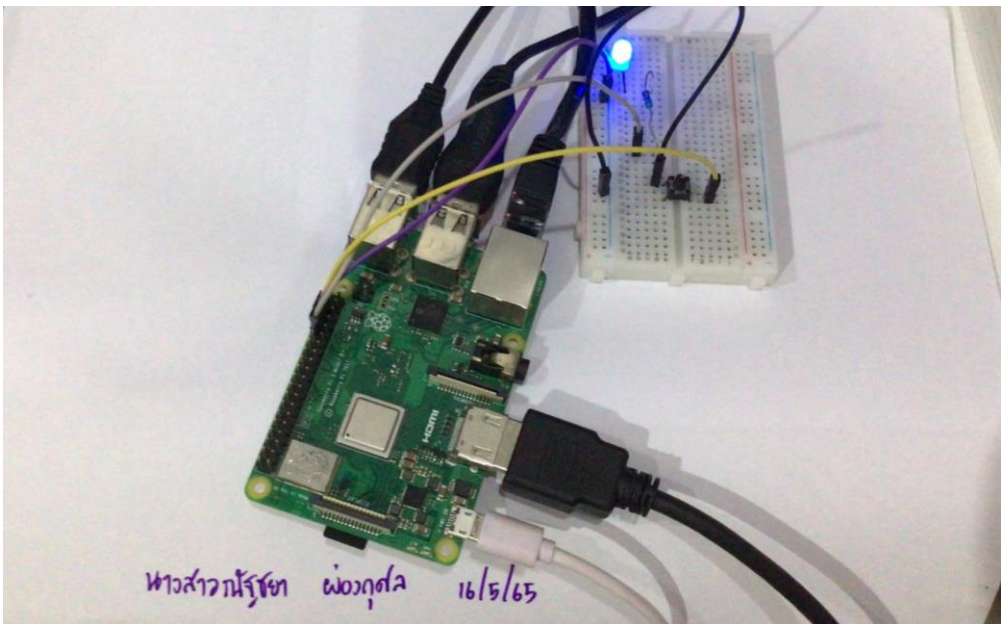
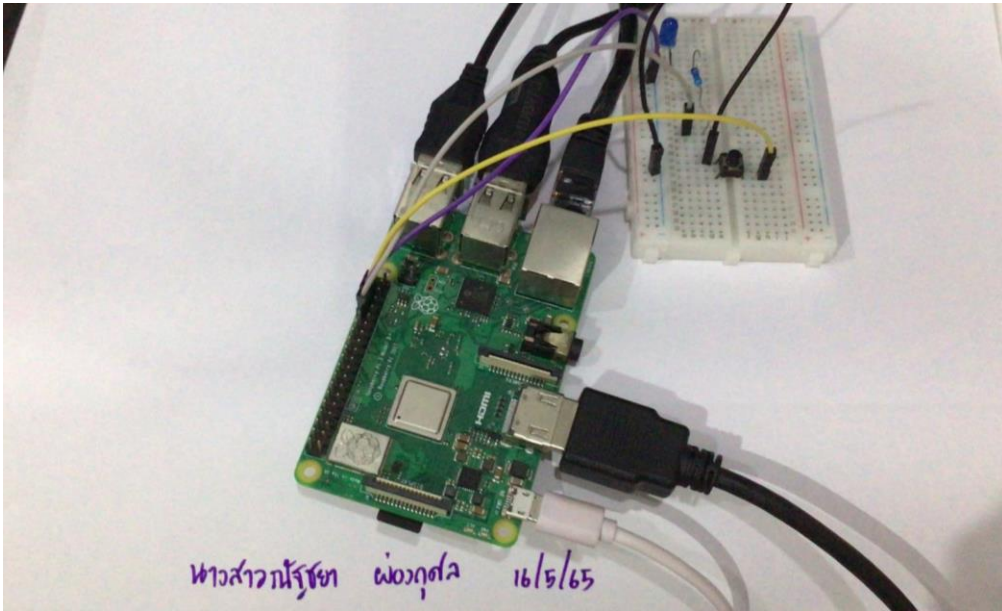
line: 12 / 22 col: 16 sel: 0 INS TAB mode: LF encoding: UTF-8 filetype: Python scope: unknown



```
pi@home: ~
geany_run_script_N7PQM1.sh

SSH is enabled and the default password for the 'pi' user has not been changed.
This is a security risk - please login as the 'pi' user and type 'passwd' to set
a new password.

/home/pi/t01.py:8: RuntimeWarning: This channel is already in use, continuing an
yway. Use GPIO.setwarnings(False) to disable warnings.
  GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT)
HIGH
LOW
HIGH
LOW
HIGH
LOW
```

POython.3 - Python Switch >> Switch Counter

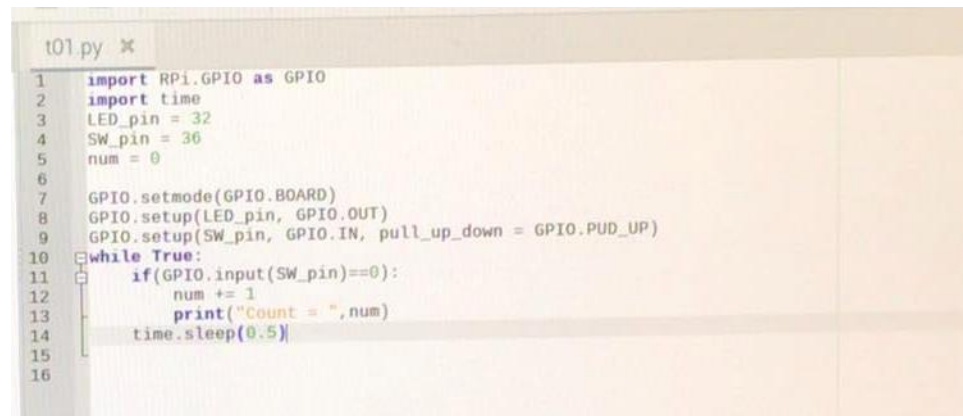
```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # Add GPIO library to a Python sketch
import time # Add time library to a Python sketch
LED_pin = 32 # Ref Board
SW_Pin = 36
num = 0
```

```

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) #Setup GPIO using GPIO.Pin
GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT) #Setup pin to output
GPIO.setup(SW_Pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)

#Setup pin to input and Pull-Up
while True:
    if (GPIO.input(SW_Pin)==0): # Read Botton pin
        num += 1
        print("Count = ",num)
    time.sleep(0.5)

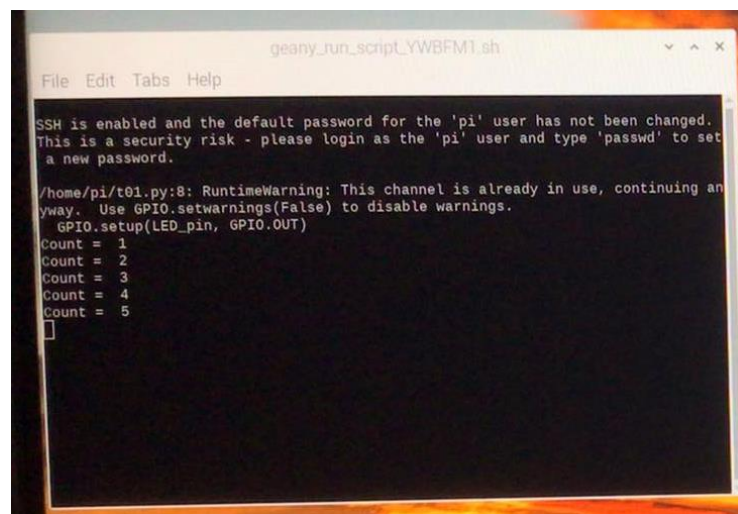
```



```

t01.py ✕
1  import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
2  import time
3  LED_pin = 32
4  SW_pin = 36
5  num = 0
6
7  GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
8  GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT)
9  GPIO.setup(SW_pin, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_UP)
10 while True:
11     if(GPIO.input(SW_pin)==0):
12         num += 1
13         print("Count = ",num)
14     time.sleep(0.5)
15
16

```



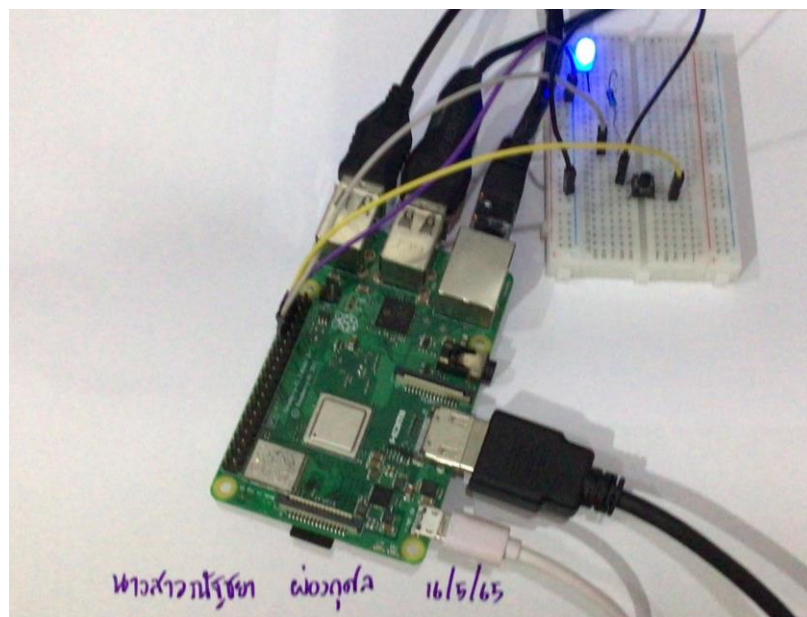
```

geany_run_script_YWBFM1.sh
File Edit Tabs Help

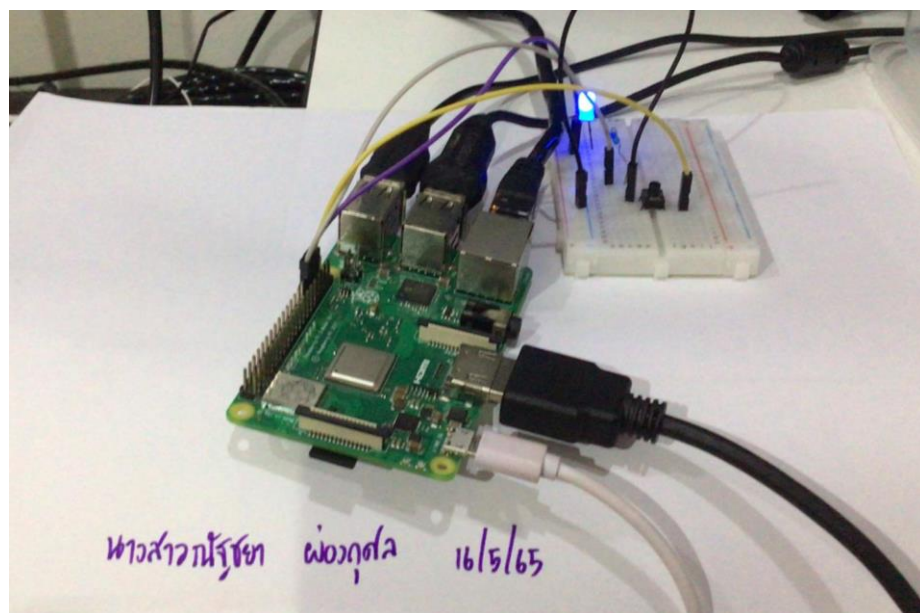
SSH is enabled and the default password for the 'pi' user has not been changed.
This is a security risk - please login as the 'pi' user and type 'passwd' to set
a new password.

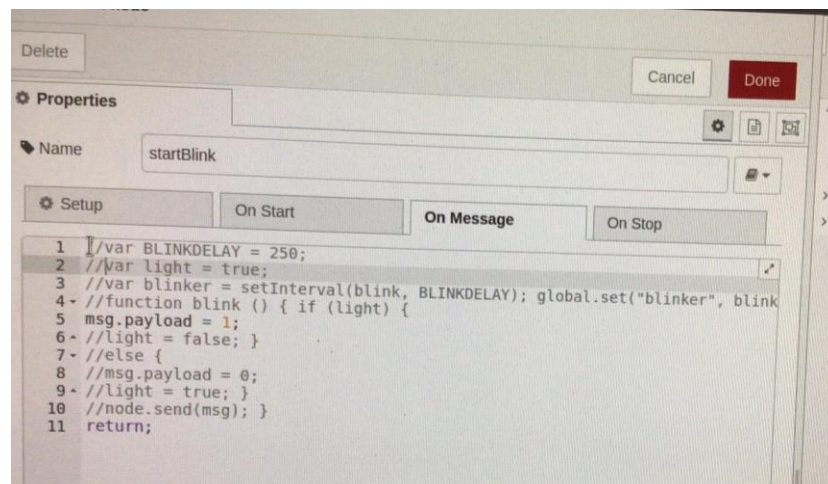
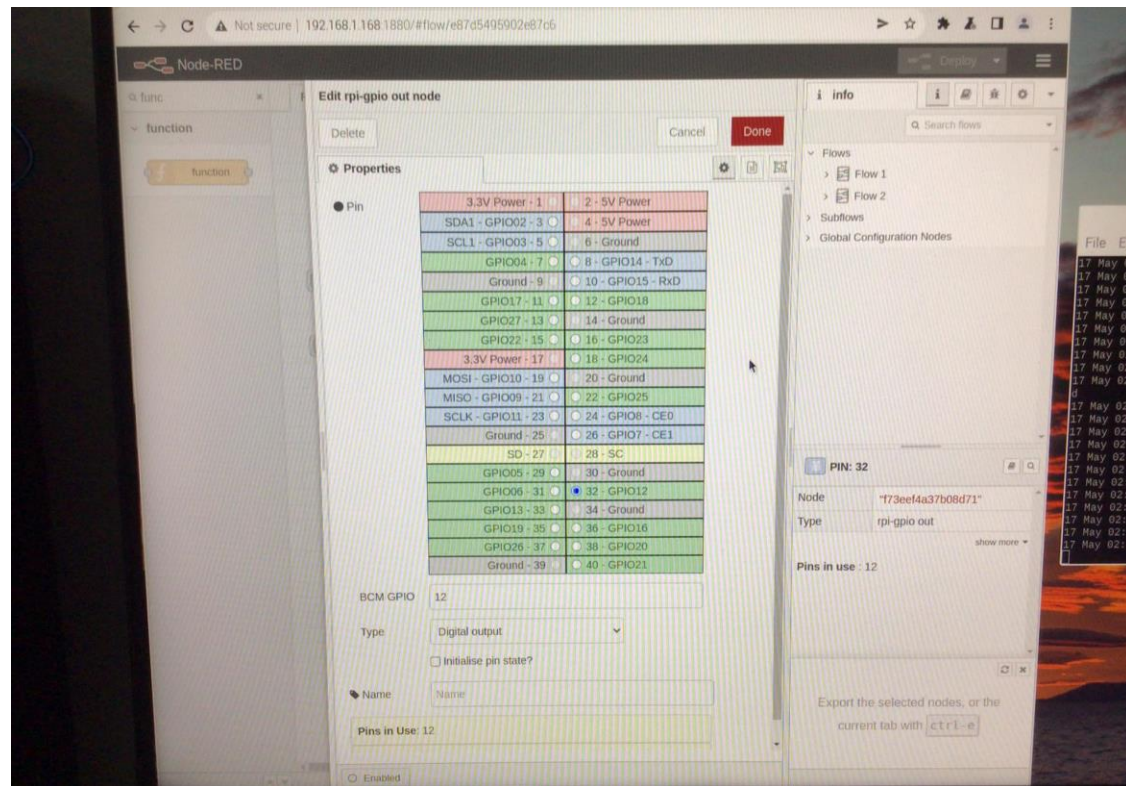
/home/pi/t01.py:8: RuntimeWarning: This channel is already in use, continuing an
yway. Use GPIO.setwarnings(False) to disable warnings.
  GPIO.setup(LED_pin, GPIO.OUT)
Count = 1
Count = 2
Count = 3
Count = 4
Count = 5

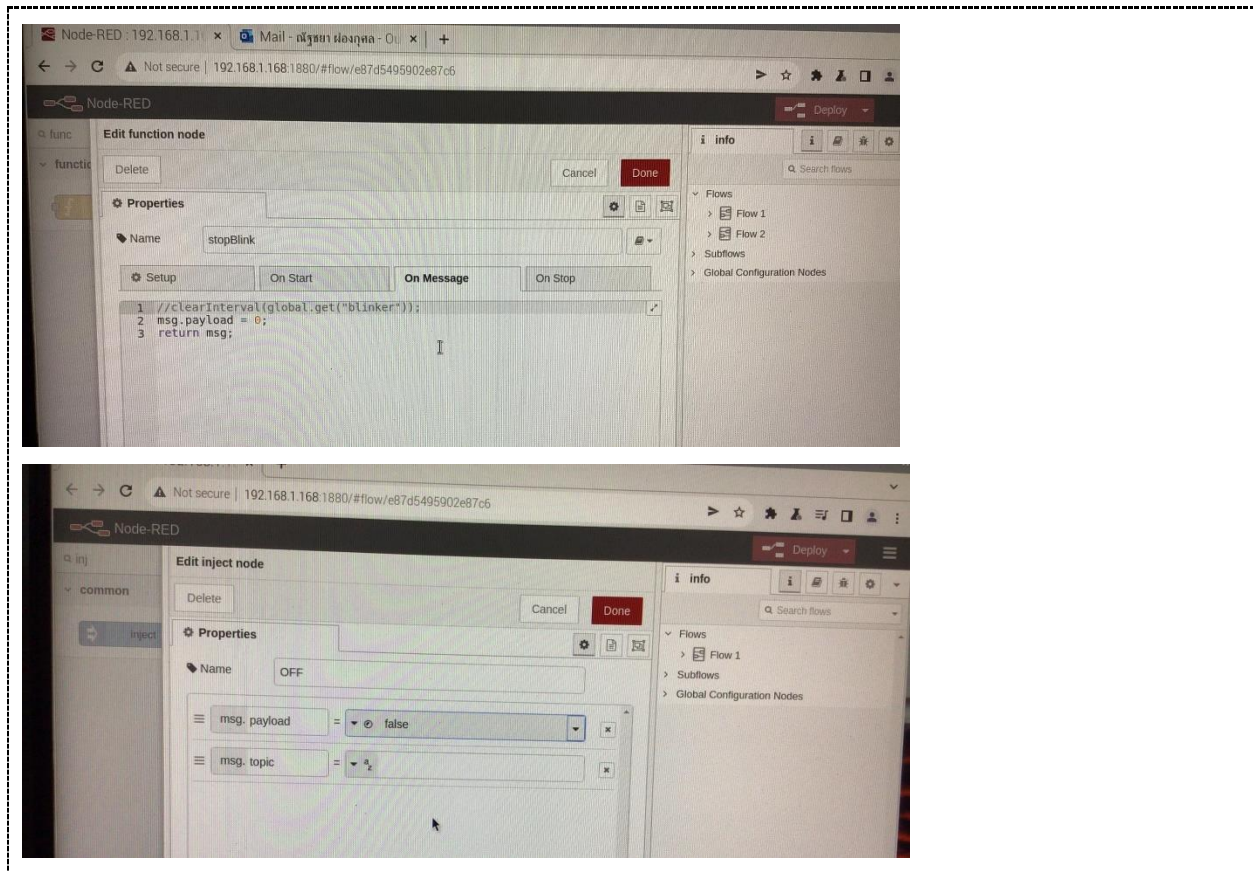
```

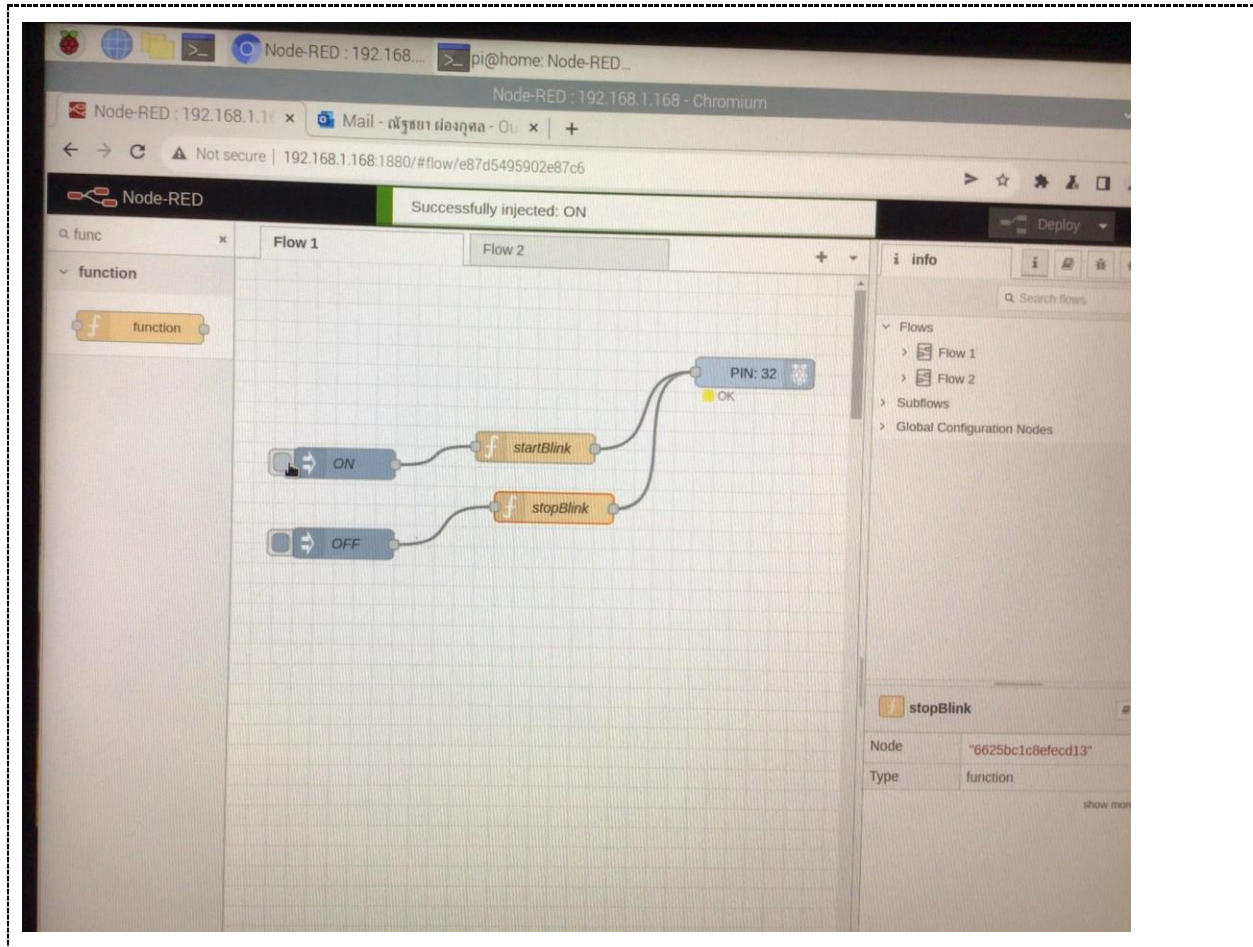


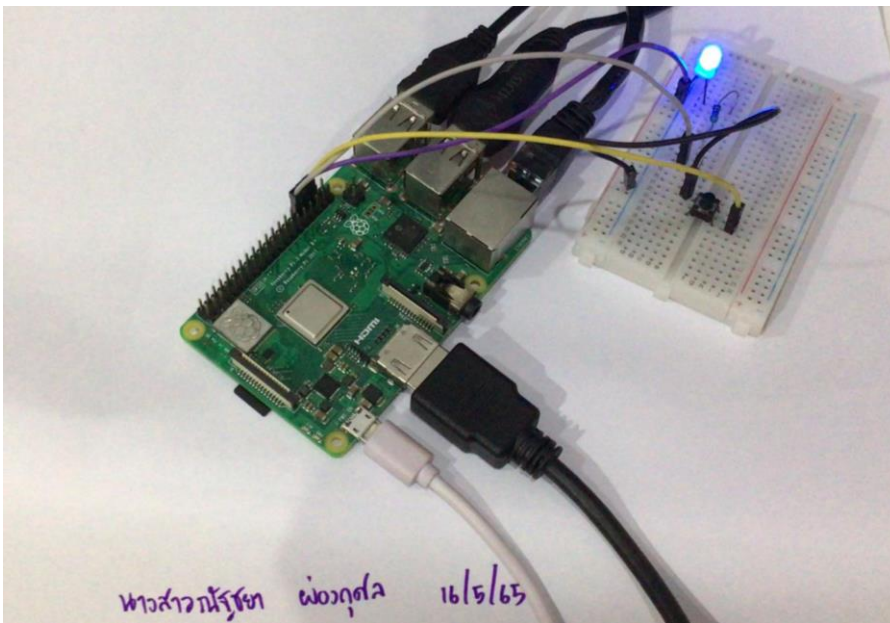
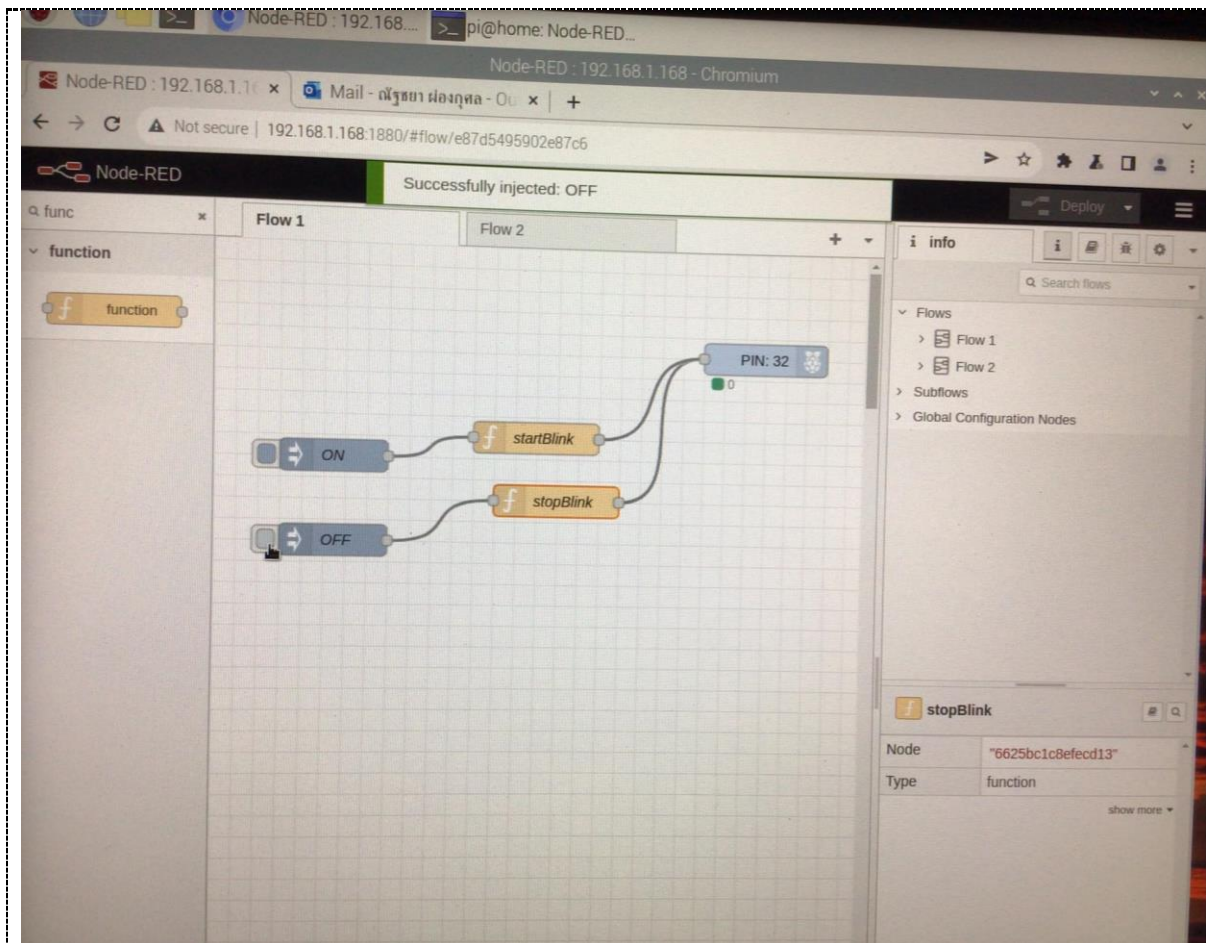
จริงๆถอดหลอดไฟออกได้ แต่แถมให้ค่ะ

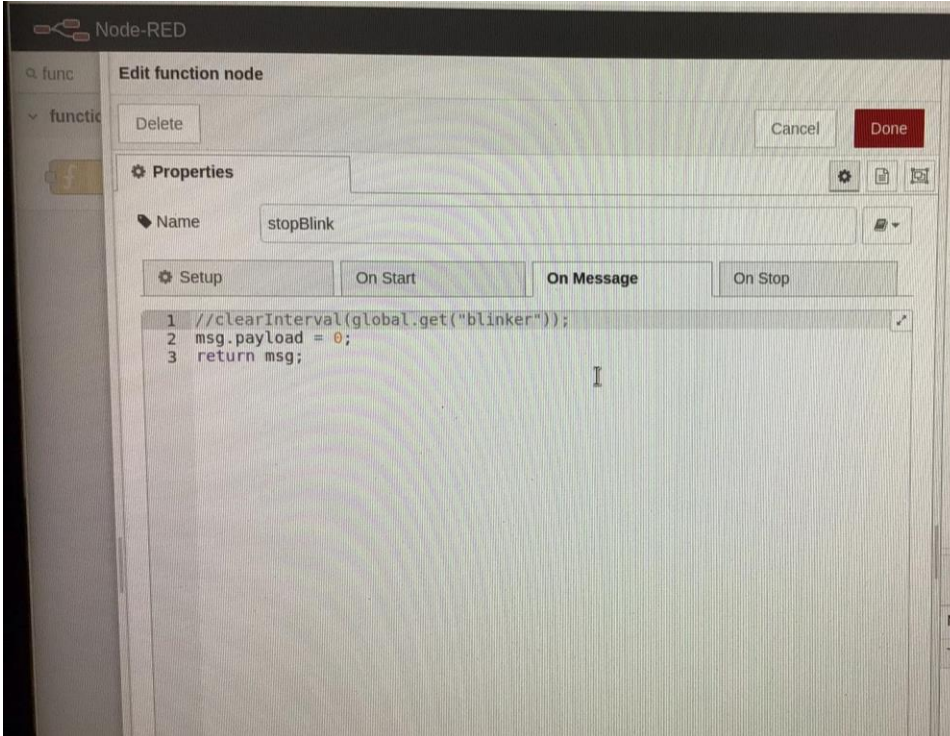
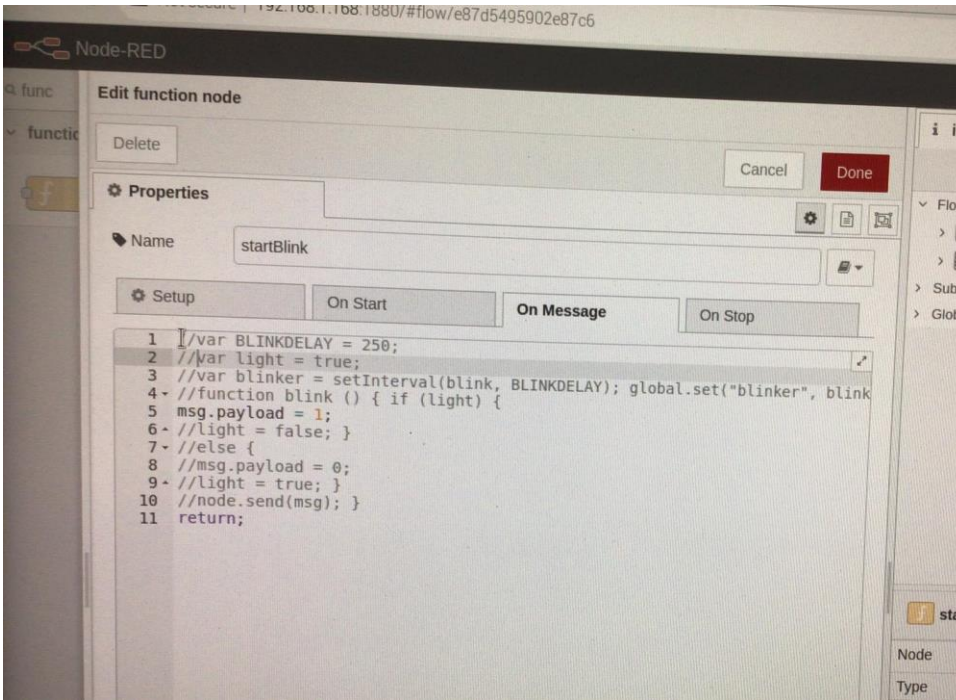


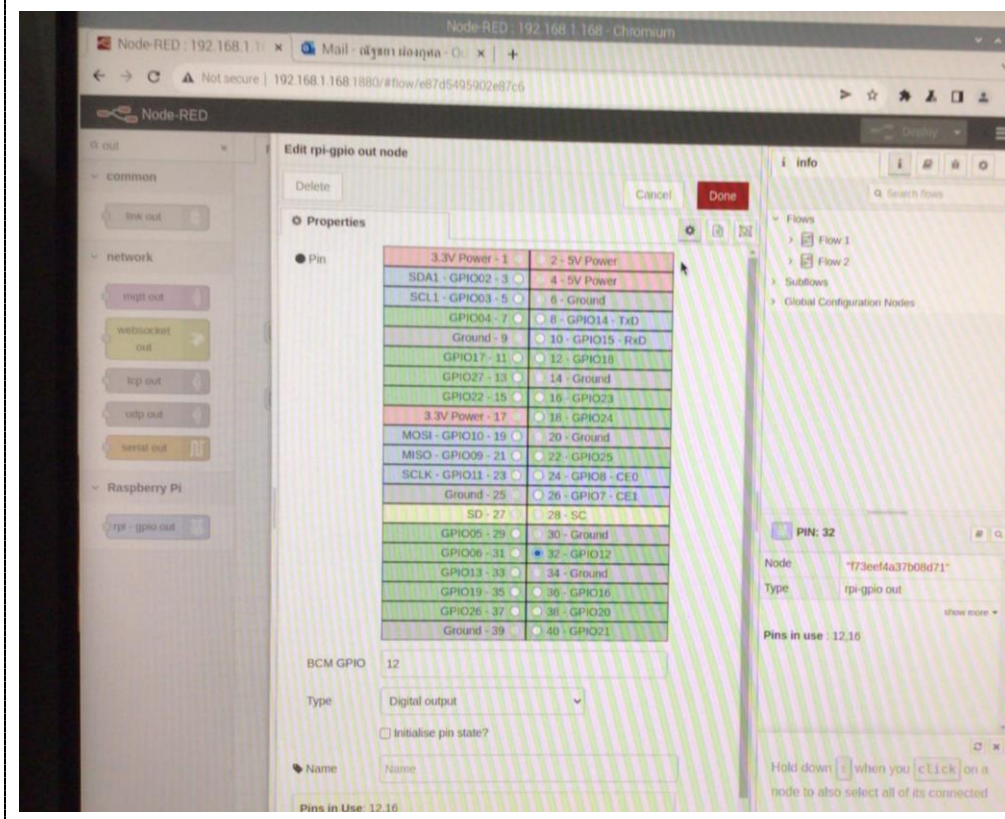
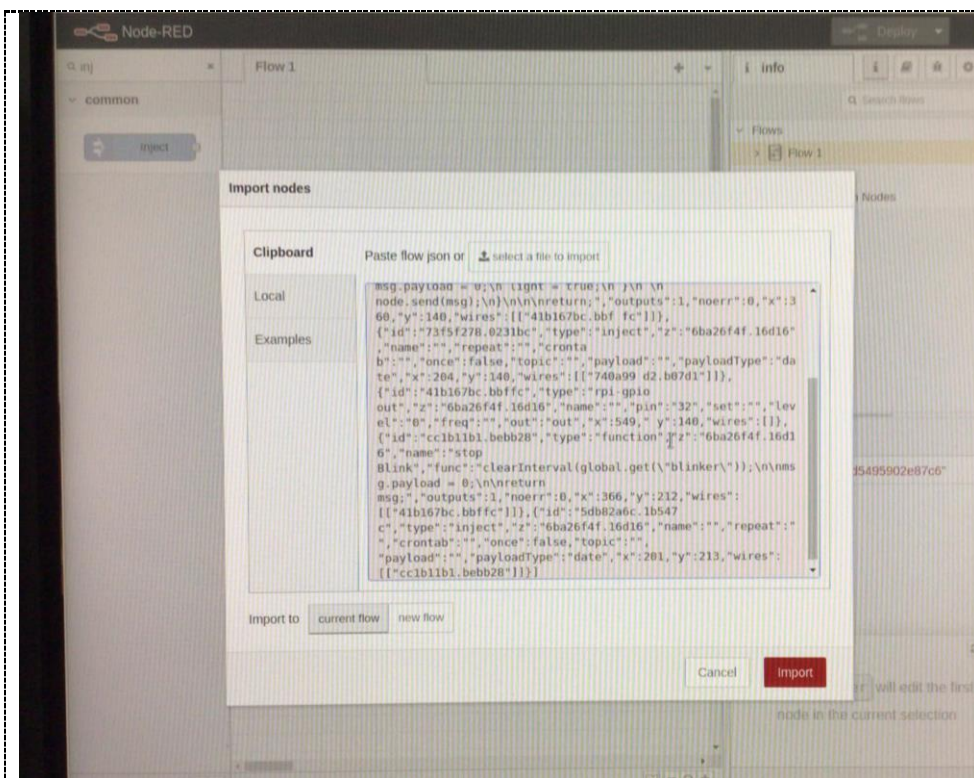


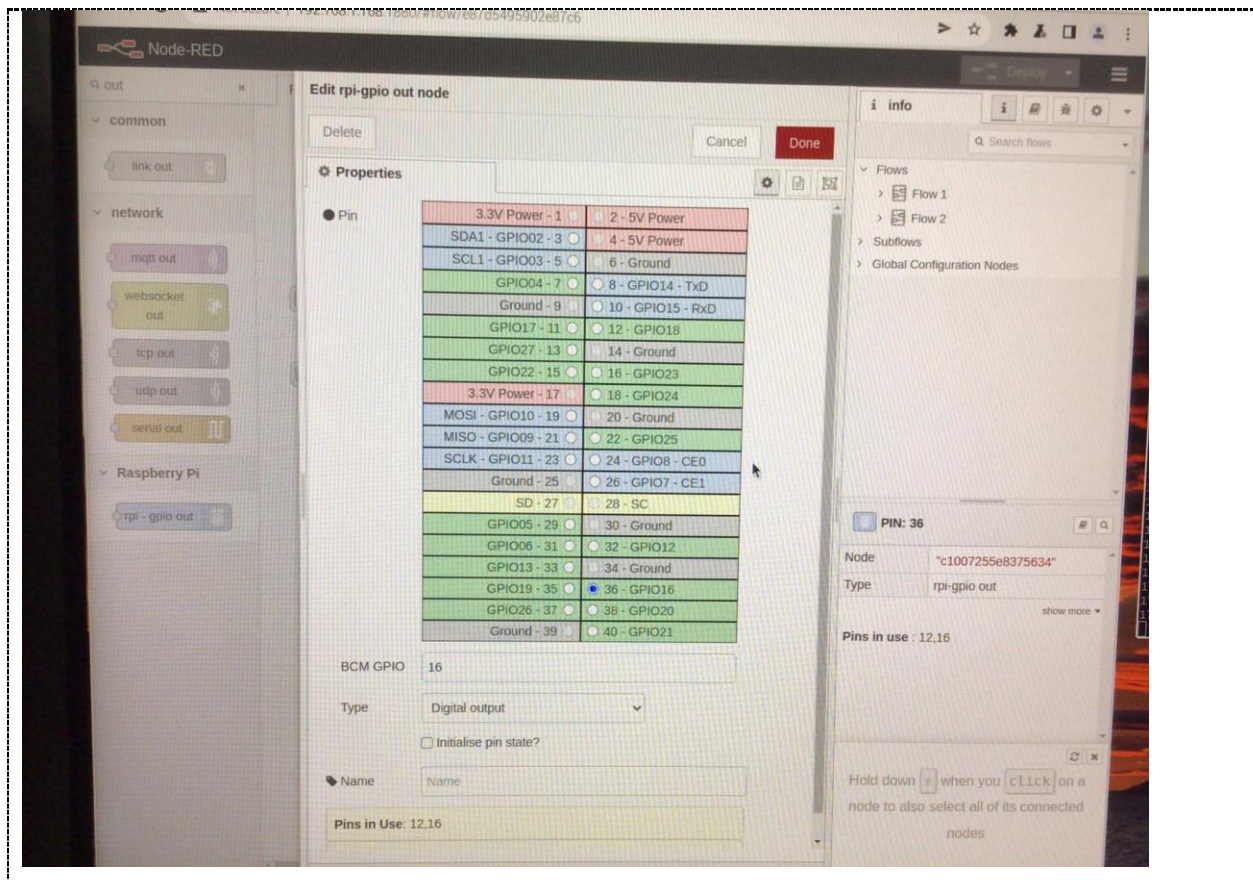


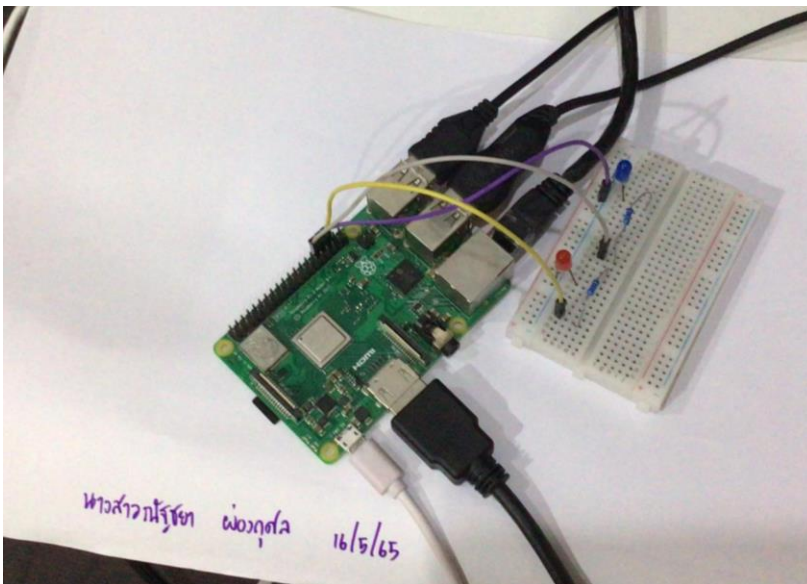
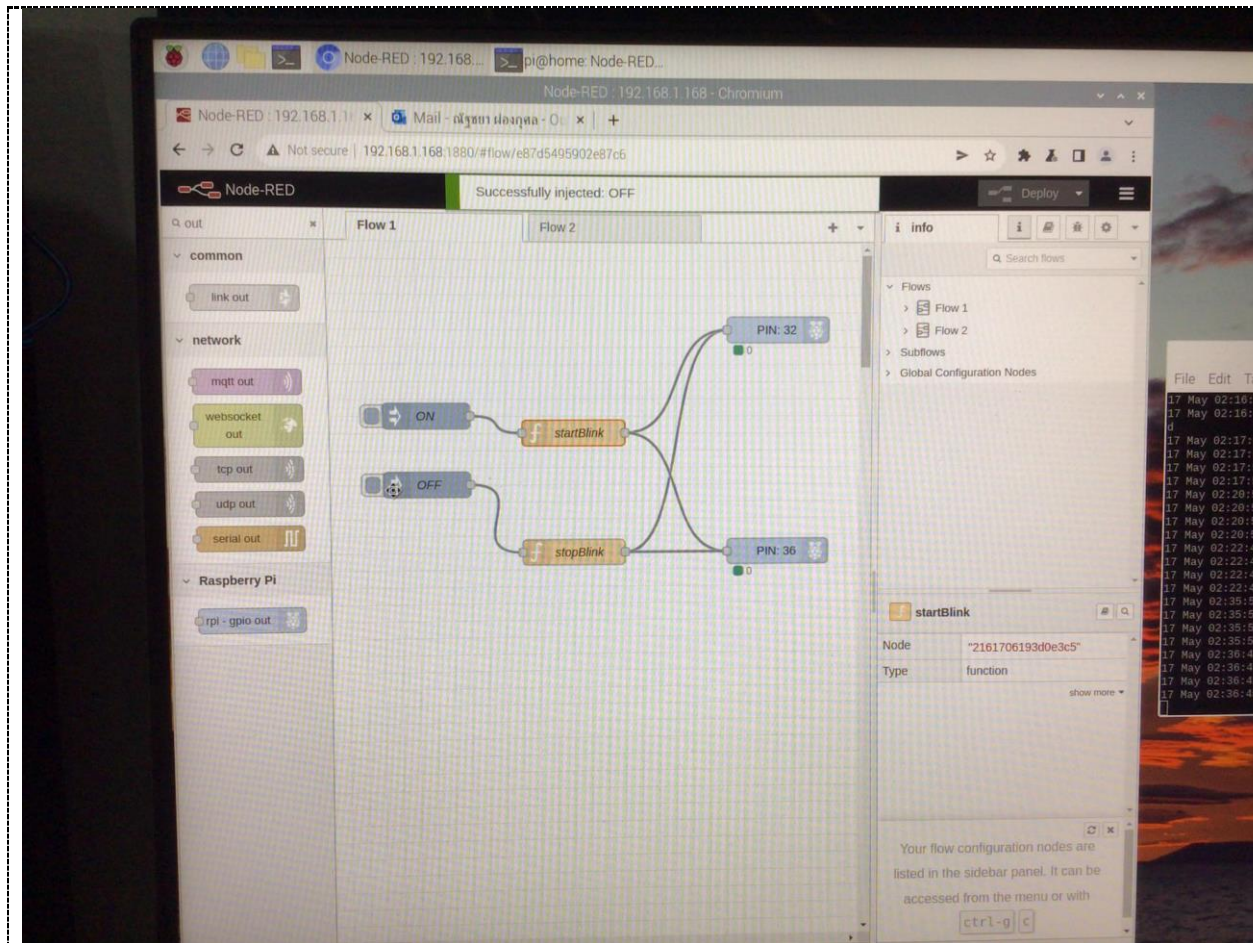


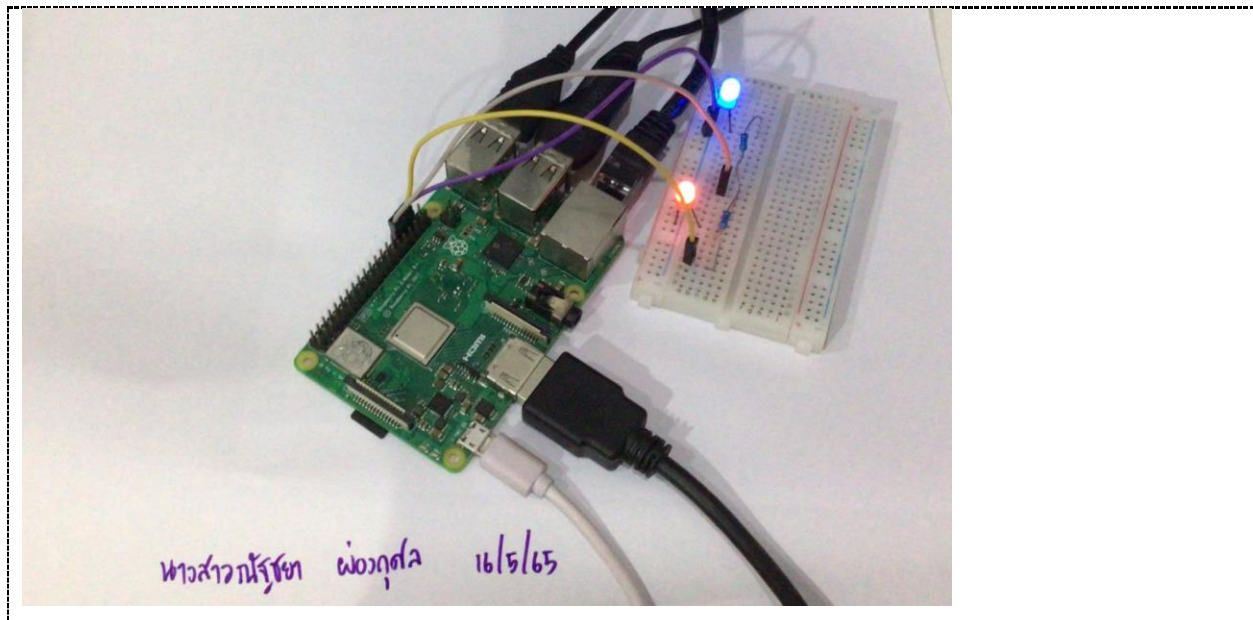






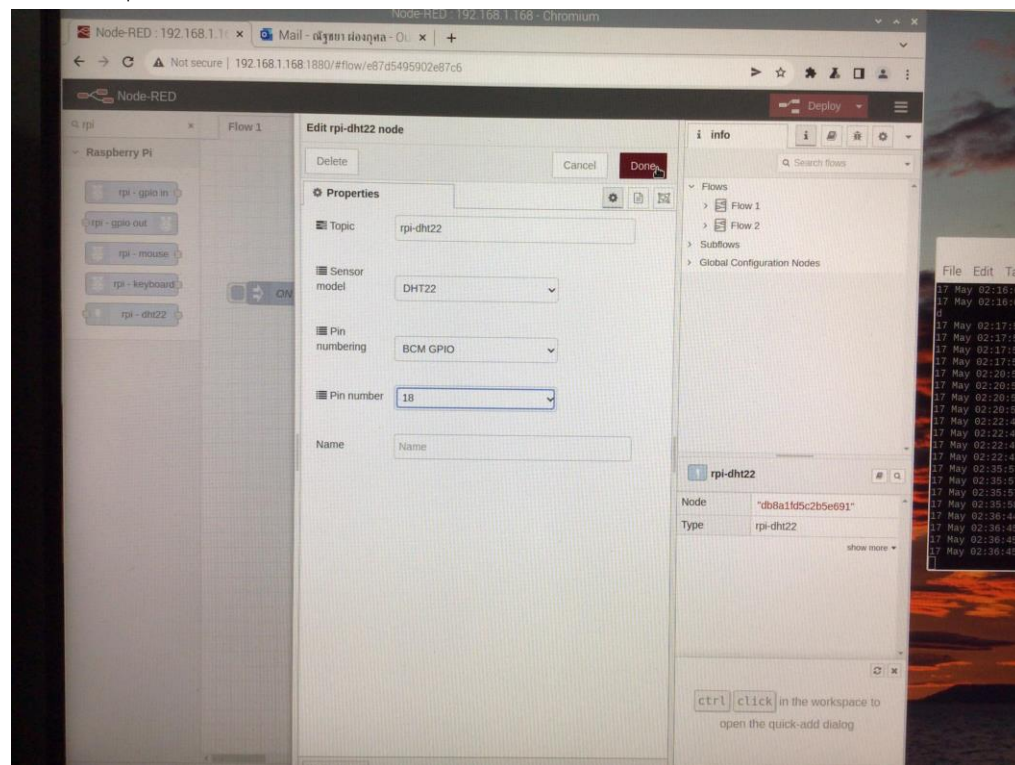


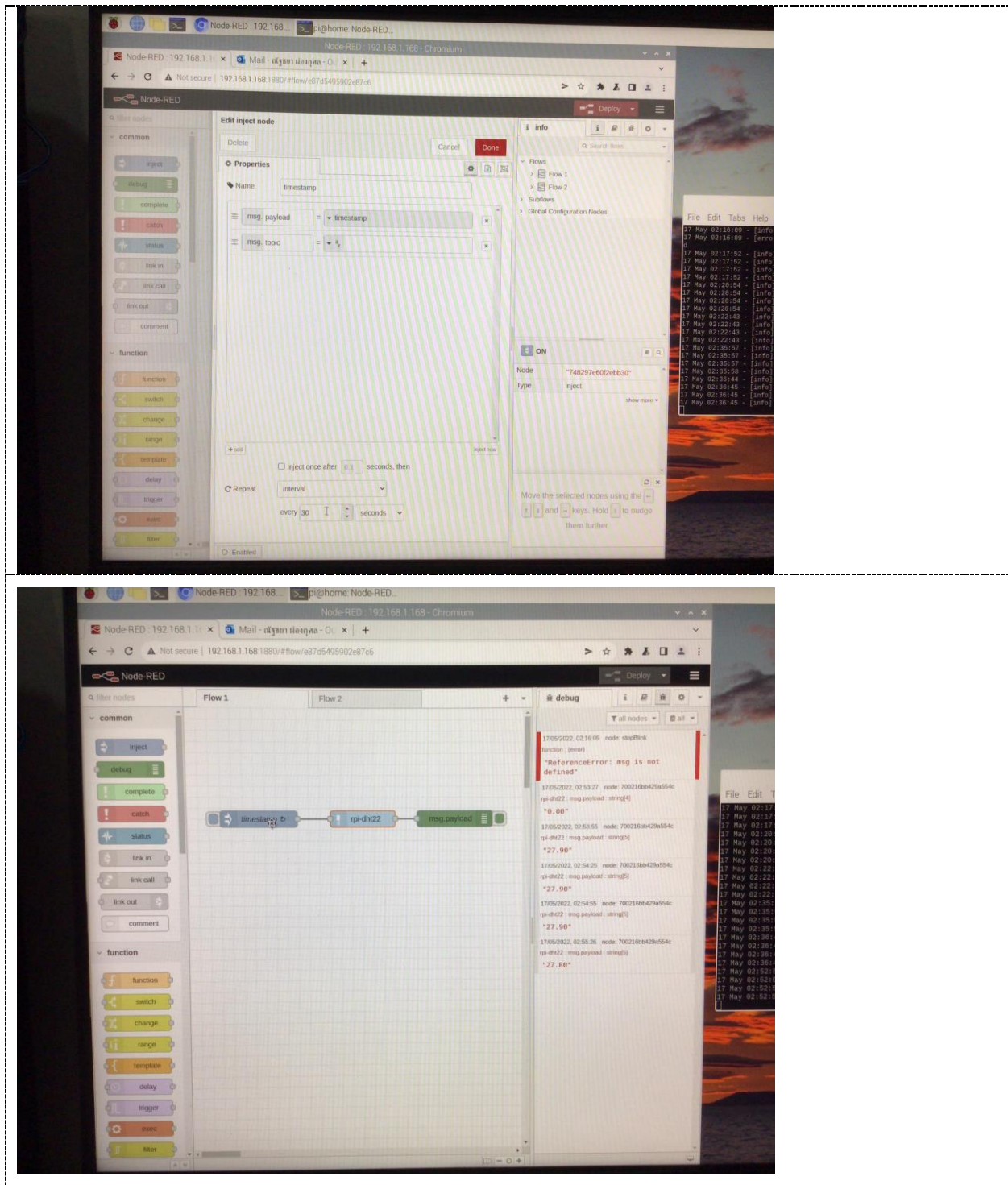


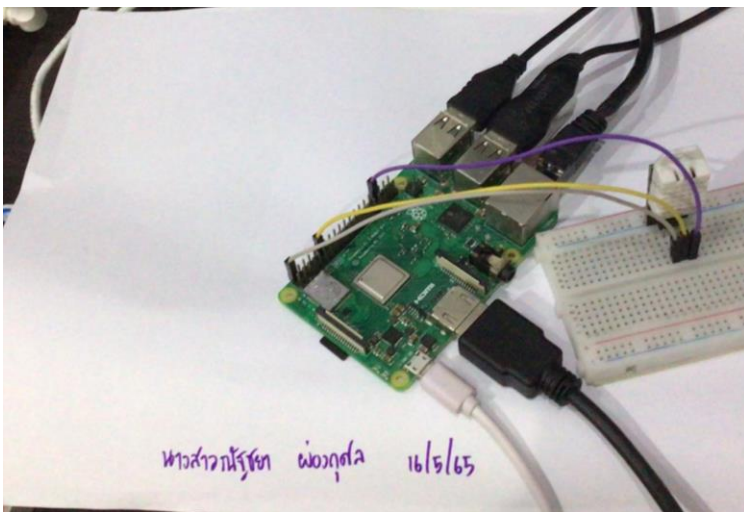


Node-RED.3 - Node-RED เพื่ออ่าน DHT-22 Sensor

เซตค่าต่างๆดังนี้







แกะขั้นตอนการติดตั้ง raspi


ดาวน์โหลด <https://www.raspberrypi.com/software/>

Install Raspberry Pi OS using Raspberry Pi Imager

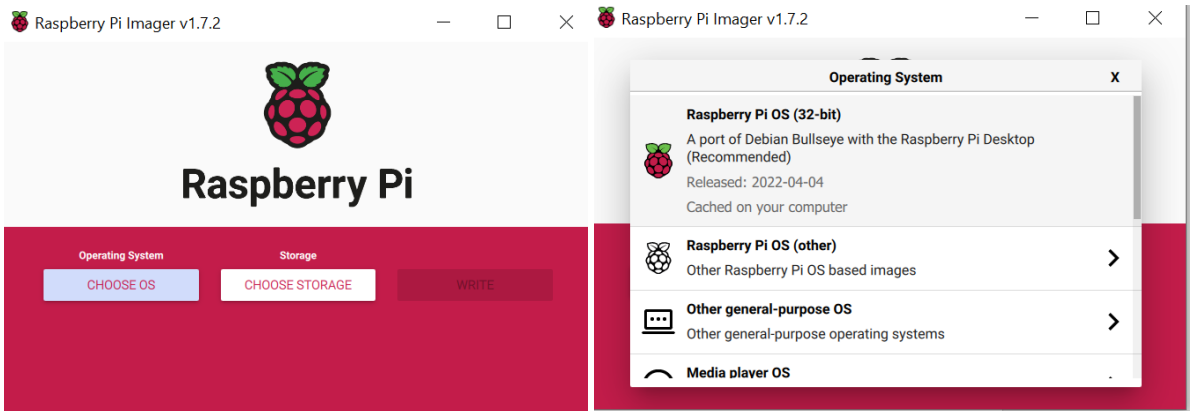
Raspberry Pi Imager is the quick and easy way to install Raspberry Pi OS and other operating systems to a microSD card, ready to use with your Raspberry Pi. [Watch our 45-second video](#) to learn how to install an operating system using Raspberry Pi Imager.

Download and install Raspberry Pi Imager to a computer with an SD card reader. Put the SD card you'll use with your Raspberry Pi into the reader and run Raspberry Pi Imager.

[Download for Windows](#)



เลือก CHOOSE OS -> Raspberry Pi OS



กด **ctrl+shift+x** แล้วกรอกค่าดังนี้ (ด้านล่างสุดให้เลือกทั้งสามอัน) -> save

