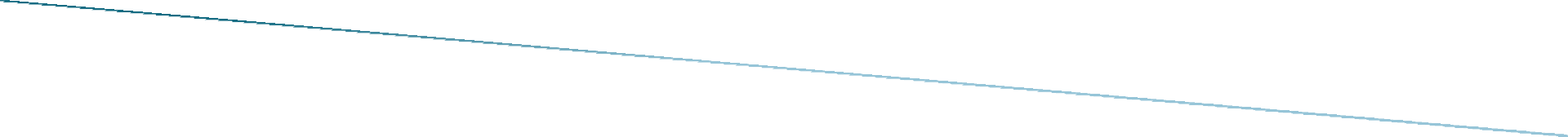


**PROJECT GUIDE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **TEAM MEMBERS:**  **MUKIL CHOKALINGAM M** | **(211417104154)** |
| **NAVEEN PR** | **(211417104164)** |
| **NAVEEN NARAYAN M** | **(211417104162)** |

**Mr. KAJENDRAN K**

**M.C.A., M.E.,**



1



* Among worldwide, agriculture has the major responsibility for

improving the economic contribution of the nation.

* However, still the most agricultural fields are under developed due to the lack of deployment of ecosystem control technologies.
* Due to these problems, the crop production is not improved

which affects the agriculture economy.

* Hence a development of agricultural productivity is enhanced based on the plant yield prediction.

2





* In developing countries, farming is considered as the major source of

revenue for many people.

* In modern years, the agricultural growth is engaged by several innovations, environments, techniques and civilizations.
* In addition, the utilization of information technology may change the condition of decision making and thus farmers may yield the best way.
* For decision making process, data mining techniques related to the

agriculture are used.

* Machine learning method is a process of extracting the most significant and useful information from the huge amount of datasets.
* Nowadays, we used machine learning approach with developed in crop or plant yield prediction since agriculture has different data like soil data, crop data, and weather data.
* Plant growth prediction is proposed for monitoring the plant yield effectively through the machine learning techniques.



3





|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Title** | **Objectives** | **Techniques used** | **Merits** |
| Deep Learning Classification for Crop Types in North Dakota (2020) | Predict crop for  particular land | Deep Neural Network, Crop mapping, Image Classification | Cropland Data Layer (CDL) highly accurate on major crop types (e.g.,  *∼*95% accuracy for  corn and soybean) |
| Sorghum Yield Prediction using Machine Learning (2019) | Prediction of yield using Machine Learning | Neural Networks and Linear Regression | RNN |
| Estimating Crop Yield from Multi- temporal Satellite Data Using Multivariate Regression and Neural Network | Development of objective mathematical models of crop yield prediction | Neural Networks  Techniques | Three statistical parameters are used for performance analysis: correlation coefficient (*r*), root |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Title** | **Objective** | **Techniques used** | **Merits** |
| A Granular GA- SVM Predictor for Big Data in Agricultural Cyber-Physical Systems(2019) | To achieve result using Granular GA-SVM | SVM –Support Vector Machine | The granulation  technique is used to overcome the low efficiency of SVM for large- scale data |
| Use of Data Mining in Crop Yield Prediction(2018) | crop yield prediction system by using Data Mining techniques | Data Mining | The system to use LAD Tree |
| Crop Predicting Using Predictive Analytics(2017) | Predicting crop using Predictive analytics | predictive modeling, machine learning and data mining  5 | 1. Various soil samples taken from different placed  can be tested. 2.Portable |





* Agriculture is the most important sector that influences the economy of India. It contributes to 18% of India’s Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and gives employment to 50% of the population of India.
* To focuses on implementing crop yield prediction system by using Machine learning techniques by doing analysis on agriculture dataset.
* For evaluating performance Accuracy is used as one of the factors.
* The classifiers are further compared with the values of Precision, Recall and F1score.
* Lesser the value of error, more accurate the algorithm will work.
* The result is based on comparison among the classifiers.



6



* Precision agriculture is gaining increasing attention because of the possible reduction of agricultural inputs (e.g., fertilizers and pesticides) that can be obtained by using high-tech equipment, including robots.
* To focus on an agricultural robotics system that addresses the weeding problem by means of selective spraying or mechanical removal of the detected weeds.

**Drawbacks:**

* It can’t determine to improve the classification accuracy of our pipeline.
* connecting the bridge manually and some corruption are happened.
* Private sectors domination high, profit low and credits not getting

concern farmer.



7



* We have to find Accuracy of the training dataset, Accuracy of the testing dataset, Specification, False Positive rate, precision and recall by comparing algorithm using python code. The following Involvement steps are,
* Define a problem
* Preparing data
* Evaluating algorithms
* Improving results
* Predicting results



8





9

### HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

* Processor – i3
* RAM - 4 GB
* Hard Disk - 300 GB

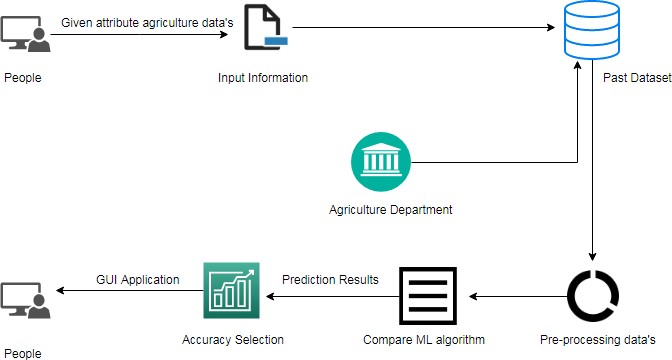
**SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS**

* Operating System - Windows /LINUX
* Tool –Anaconda with Jupiter Notebook





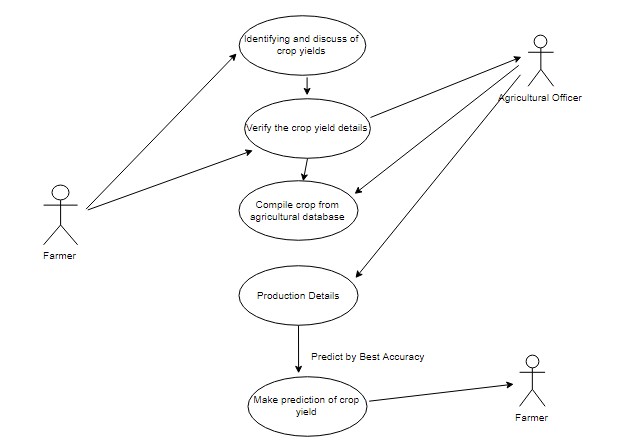
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**USE CASE DIAGRAM**

11





* Data validation and pre-processing technique (Module-01)
* Exploration data analysis of visualization and training a model by given attributes (Module-02)
* Performance measurements of logistic regression and decision tree algorithms (Module-03)
* Performance measurements of Support vector classifier and Random forest (Module-04)
* Performance measurements of KNN and Naive Bayes (Module-05)
* GUI based prediction of crop yield and yield cost

(Module-06)



12



* Validation techniques in machine learning are used to get the error rate of the Machine Learning (ML) model, which can be considered as close to the true error rate of the dataset.
* If the data volume is large enough to be representative of the population, you may not need the validation techniques.
* However, in real-world scenarios, to work with samples of data that may not be a true representative of the population of given dataset.



13

* Data visualization is an important skill in applied

statistics and machine learning.

* Statistics does indeed focus on quantitative descriptions and estimations of data.
* Data visualization provides an important suite of

tools for gaining a qualitative understanding.

* This can be helpful when exploring and getting to know a dataset and can help with identifying patterns, corrupt data, outliers, and much more.



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* It is a statistical method for analysing a data set in which there are one or more independent variables that determine an outcome.
* The outcome is measured with a dichotomous variable (in which there are only two possible outcomes).
* The goal of logistic regression is to find the best fitting model to describe the relationship between the dichotomous characteristic of interest (dependent variable = response or outcome variable) and a set of independent (predictor or



explanatory) variables

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* A classifier that categorizes the data set by setting an optimal hyper plane between data.
* I chose this classifier as it is incredibly versatile in the number of different kernelling functions that can be applied and this model can yield a high predictability rate.
* Support Vector Machines are perhaps one of the most popular and talked about machine learning algorithms



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* *K*-Nearest Neighbor is a supervised machine learning algorithm which stores all instances correspond to training data points in n- dimensional space.
* When an unknown discrete data is received, it analyzes the closest k number of instances saved (nearest neighbors) and returns the most common class as the prediction and for real-valued data it returns the mean of k nearest neighbors.



17



* Tkinter is a python library for developing GUI (Graphical User Interfaces). We use the tkinter library for creating an application of UI (User Interface), to create windows and all other graphical user interface and Tkinter will come with Python as a standard package, it can be used for security purpose of each users or accountants. There will be two kinds of pages like registration user purpose and login entry purpose of users.



18



* Testing is a process of executing a program with the intent of finding an error. A successful test is one that uncovers an as-yet- undiscovered error. System testing is the stage of implementation, which is aimed at ensuring that the system works accurately and efficiently as expected before live operation commences. It verifies that the whole set of programs hang together.
* The software testing process commences once the program is created and the documentation and related data structures are designed. Otherwise the program or the project is not said to be complete. A good test case design is one that as a probability of finding an yet undiscovered error. A successful test is one that uncovers an yet undiscovered error. Any engineering product can be tested in one of the two ways:
* Black Box testing



 White Box testing

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# It is an integrated farm management application using mobile app.

* Agricultural sector to automate to identify the crop prediction process (real time world) and predicting by desktop application / web application



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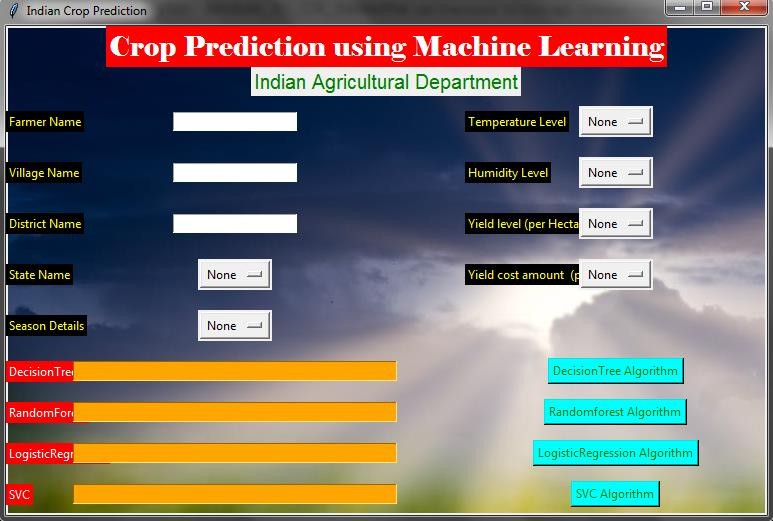
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## Agricultural department wants to automate the detecting the yield crops from eligibility process (real time).

* To optimize the work to implement in Artificial Intelligence environment.

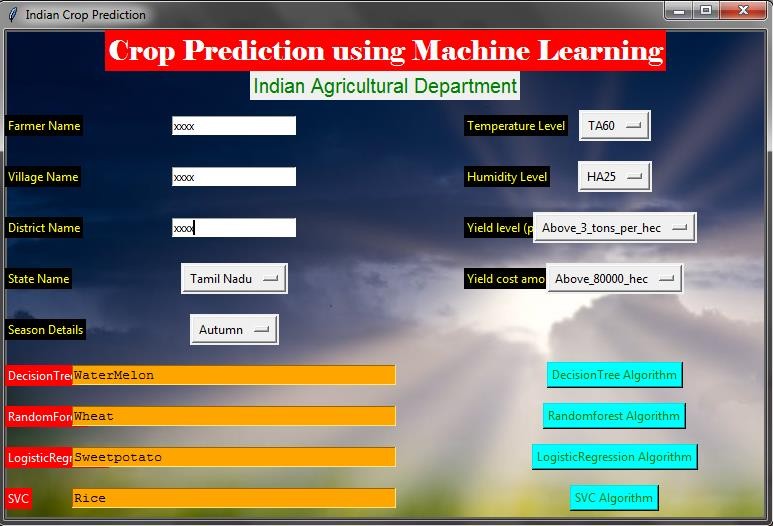


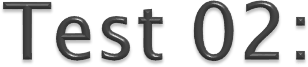
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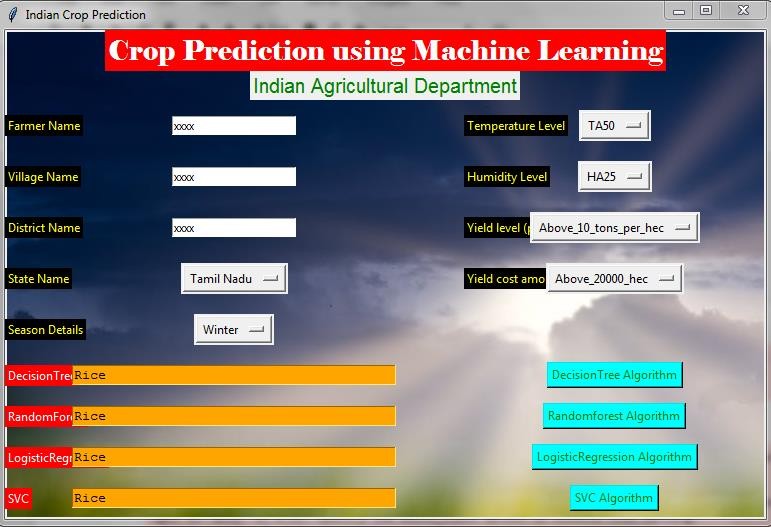


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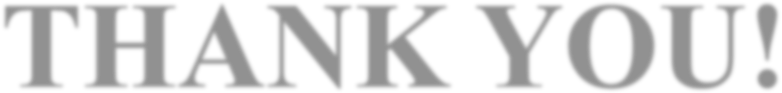
## Journal Name-International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer And Communication Engineering(IJARCCE)

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**THANK YOU!**