

# A UNIFIED APPROACH FOR WRITING AUTOMATIC REPORTS

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Parameterization and Generalization of R-Markdown

05\_PrescRiptions

#### Render functions + = = = =

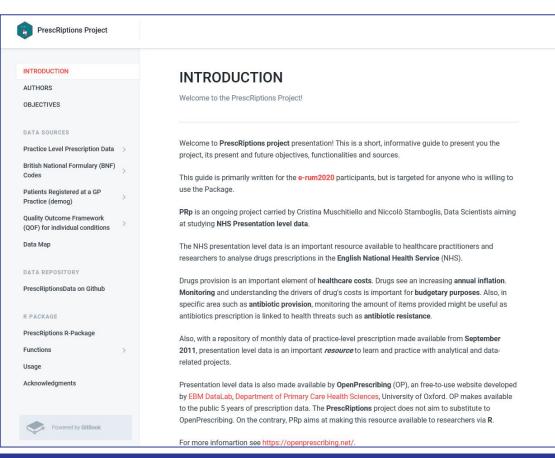


**Render functions** can be implemented in **R-packages**, with the following Advantages

- Retrieve information with custom functions
- Develop analytical functions outside of render
- Render recalls given functions, thus simplifying
- Better version control and documentation
- → Fast development with *roxygen*

## The Project

PrescRiptions gitbook



e-Rum2020

#### **Objectives**

- → Analysis analyse English NHS presentation level data to identify specific prescription patterns operating at individual practice level and for specific prescription class.
- → **Dissemination** make the resources available to the wider research community via R.
- → Education use the developed material for R education purposes.

#### Data

- → Practice level Data:
  - Prescription data
  - ◆ GP Addresses
  - ◆ Chemical substance names
- → British National Formulary: allows to organise prescriptions in clusters (e.g. antibiotics)
- → Practice demographics: registered patients by age and gender
- → Quality Outcome Frameworks (QOF): indicators related to the management of common conditions, public health concerns and preventative services at the practice level

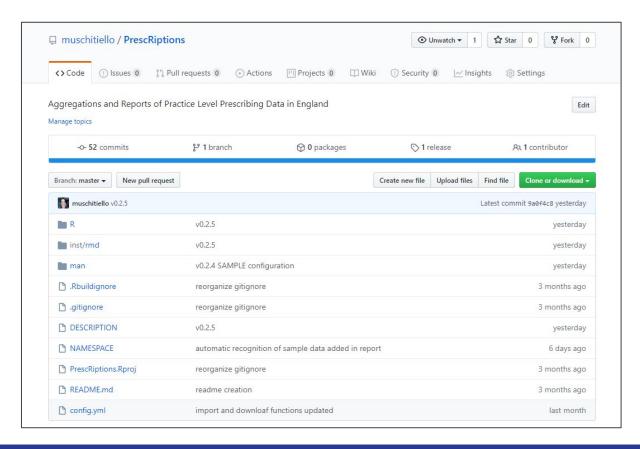
## **Key functions**

monthlyDataImport() -> for monthly data download
generateSummaries() -> regional and BNF code summaries
gpSummaries() -> GP-level summaries
plpdDemogBridge() -> used to match prescription and demographical
data

renderMonthlyReport() -> ... and, of course, a render function for a
monthly report!

#### **Package**



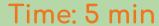


#### Your turn: Exercise 12



Play with package Functions and produce different reports using the function renderMonthlyReport().





#### Questions





## Next up: conclusions





Source: giphy.com