

On ^{mutable} sequences

eg ~~strings~~ or lists

Operation	Result
<code>s[i] = x</code>	item <i>i</i> of <i>s</i> is replaced by <i>x</i>
<code>s[i:j] = t</code>	slice of <i>s</i> from <i>i</i> to <i>j</i> is replaced by the contents of the iterable <i>t</i>
<code>del s[i:j]</code>	same as <code>s[i:j] = []</code>
<code>s[i:j:k] = t</code>	the elements of <code>s[i:j:k]</code> are replaced by those of <i>t</i>
<code>del s[i:j:k]</code>	removes the elements of <code>s[i:j:k]</code> from the list
<code>s.append(x)</code>	appends <i>x</i> to the end of the sequence (same as <code>s[len(s):len(s)] = [x]</code>)
<code>s.clear()</code>	removes all items from <i>s</i> (same as <code>del s[:]</code>)
<code>s.copy()</code>	creates a shallow copy of <i>s</i> (same as <code>s[:]</code>)
<code>s.extend(t)</code> or <code>s += t</code>	extends <i>s</i> with the contents of <i>t</i> (for the most part the same as <code>s[len(s):len(s)] = t</code>)
<code>s *= n</code>	updates <i>s</i> with its contents repeated <i>n</i> times
<code>s.insert(i, x)</code>	inserts <i>x</i> into <i>s</i> at the index given by <i>i</i> (same as <code>s[i:i] = [x]</code>)
<code>s.pop([i])</code>	retrieves the item at <i>i</i> and also removes it from <i>s</i>
<code>s.remove(x)</code>	remove the first item from <i>s</i> where <code>s[i] == x</code>
<code>s.reverse()</code>	reverses the items of <i>s</i> in place

Special characters in Strings

Escape Sequence	Meaning	Notes
<code>\newline</code>	Backslash and newline ignored	
<code>\\</code>	Backslash (\)	
<code>\'</code>	Single quote (')	
<code>\"</code>	Double quote (")	
<code>\a</code>	ASCII Bell (BEL)	
<code>\b</code>	ASCII Backspace (BS)	
<code>\f</code>	ASCII Formfeed (FF)	
<code>\n</code>	ASCII Linefeed (LF)	
<code>\r</code>	ASCII Carriage Return (CR)	
<code>\t</code>	ASCII Horizontal Tab (TAB)	
<code>\v</code>	ASCII Vertical Tab (VT)	
<code>\ooo</code>	Character with octal value <i>ooo</i>	(1,3)
<code>\xhh</code>	Character with hex value <i>hh</i>	(2,3)