Test yourself 04

Rate your confidence of being able to answer the below questions saying A, B or C, where:

- A. I am confident that I know the answer to this question
- B. I know at least 50% of the answer to this question, within 20 minutes I could find the required resources to enable a complete answer
- C. I am not confident that I can answer the question at this time.

Part I

- 1. PCA
- 2. PCA
- 3. PCA
- 4. clustering
- 5. clustering
- 6. overfitting
- 7. KNN
- 8. decision tree

Part II

- 1. PCA
- 2. PCA
- 3. PCA
- 4. clustering
- 5. clustering
- 6. Could you explain why we are using data splitting into train, validation and test in machine learning?
- 7. What is true about data splitting into train, validation and test in machine learning?
- a) we train ML methods such as classification on train data and check models on validation and test data to assess the prediction power on the unknown data sets
- b) we use validation data to check if our implementation of ML is working correctly
- c) we split data to have multiple dataset to assess ML performance on
- d) we split data to deal with overconfident estimation of future performance
- 6. Could you explain how knn classification work using example data and Euclidean distance?
- 7. Given data below, how would a new observation be classified assuming k=1

```
x <- c(1, 1, 2, 4, 4, 2)
y <- c(1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1)

data <- data.frame(x = x, y=y)
(data)</pre>
```

 $\times \ y \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 2 \ 4 \ 4 \ 1 \ 5 \ 4 \ 2 \ 6 \ 2 \ 1$

x	У	labe
1	1	A
1	2	A
2	2	A
4	1	Ε
4	2	E
2	1	