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Grammar of Graphics





- Data: Input data
- **Geom:** A geometry representing data. Points, Lines etc
- Aesthetics: Visual characteristics of the geometry. Size, Color, Shape etc
- Scale: How visual characteristics are converted to display values
- Statistics: Statistical transformations. Counts, Means etc
- Coordinates: Numeric system to determine position of geometry. Cartesian, Polar etc
- Facets: Split data into subsets

Building a graph



```
ggplot (data = <DATA>) +

<GEOM_FUNCTION> (mapping = aes(<MAPPINGS>),

stat = <STAT>, position = <POSITION>) +

<COORDINATE_FUNCTION> +

<FACET_FUNCTION> +

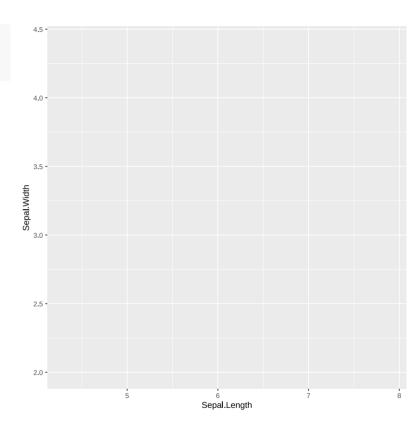
<SCALE_FUNCTION> +

<THEME_FUNCTION>
```

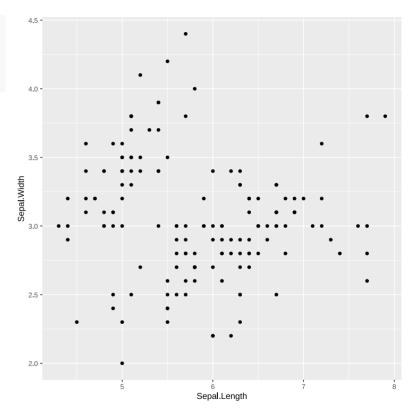


ggplot(iris)

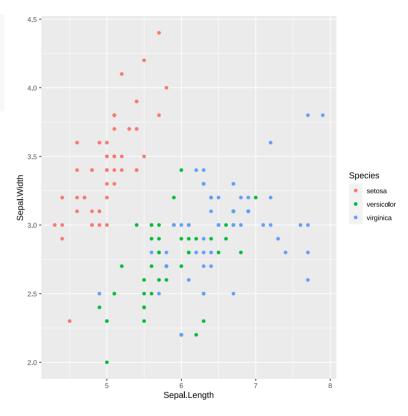






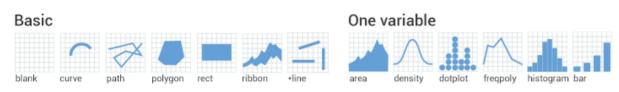




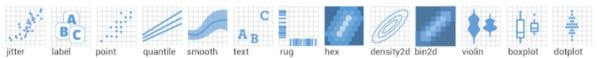


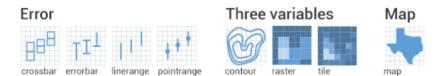
Geoms





Two variables





```
p <- ggplot(iris)
# scatterplot
p+geom_point(aes(x=Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))
# barplot
p+geom_bar(aes(x=Sepal.Length))
# boxplot
p+geom_boxplot(aes(x=Species,y=Sepal.Width))
# search
help.search("^geom_",package="ggplot2")</pre>
```

Aesthetics



• Aesthetic mapping vs aesthetic parameter



