

### **Contents**



- Course and webpage
- Overview of R
- Data formats
- Data frames
- Important functions
- Tips

# **Quick checkups**





If you don't recognize the correlation you see in the figure above, I would highly recommend you to read the following paper;)

Yanai, I., Lercher, M. A hypothesis is a liability. Genome Biol 21, 231 (2020).

- Coffe breaks (15 minutes is fine?)
- Webpage structure
- Plots from drop-down
- Times mentioned in schedule are super arbitrary



- Derived from a statistical programming language called S
- You can write your own functions
- Powerful and flexible.
- Available for all platforms
- GUI with Rstudio
- RMarkdown: Embedding codes and results together



### **Data Formats**



• Wide format

|                 | Sample_1 | Sample_2 | Sample_3 | Sample_4 |
|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| ENSG00000000003 | 321      | 303      | 204      | 492      |
| ENSG0000000005  | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        |
| ENSG00000000419 | 696      | 660      | 472      | 951      |
| ENSG00000000457 | 59       | 54       | 44       | 109      |
| ENSG00000000460 | 399      | 405      | 236      | 445      |
| ENSG0000000938  | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        |

- familiarity
- conveniency
- you see more data

### **Data Formats**



#### • Long format

Sample\_ID

Sample\_1

Sample\_1

Sample\_1

Sample\_1

Sample\_1

|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0003         | 321   |   |              |
|----------------|---------|------------|----------------|--------------|-------|---|--------------|
|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0005         | 0     |   |              |
|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0419         | 696   |   |              |
|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0457         | 59    |   |              |
|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0460         | 399   |   |              |
|                | Sample_ | _1 E       | NSG0000000     | 0938         | 0     |   |              |
|                |         |            |                |              |       |   |              |
| Sample         | _Name   | Time       | Replicate      | Cell         | Gene  |   | count        |
| Sample<br>t0_A | _Name   | Time<br>t0 | Replicate<br>A | Cell<br>A431 |       | 00000000003                             | count<br>321 |
| -              | _Name   |            |                |              | ENSG  | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 |              |
| t0_A           | _Name   | t0         | A              | A431         | ENSG( |   | 321          |
| t0_A<br>t0_A   | _Name   | t0<br>t0   | A              | A431         | ENSG( | 00000000005                             | 321          |

count

Sample\_ID Gene

#### **Data Formats**



• Long format

| Sample_ID | Sample_Name | Time | Replicate | Cell | Gene            | count |
|-----------|-------------|------|-----------|------|-----------------|-------|
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG00000000003 | 321   |
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG0000000005  | 0     |
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG00000000419 | 696   |
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG00000000457 | 59    |
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG00000000460 | 399   |
| Sample_1  | t0_A        | t0   | Α         | A431 | ENSG0000000938  | 0     |

- easier to add data to the existing
- Most databases store and maintain in long-formats due to its efficiency
- R tools like ggplot require data in long format.

#### **Data Frames**



• Let us take a quick look into data.frame in R:



- imported files re usually in data.frame
- Structured matrix with row.names and colnames
- Probably most used data.type in Biology!

#### **Vectors**



```
n \leftarrow c(2,3,4,2,1,2,4,5,10,11,8,9)
print(n)
## [1] 2 3 4 2 1 2 4 5 10 11 8 9
z < - n + 3
print(z)
## [1] 5 6 7 5 4 5 7 8 13 14 11 12
z < - n + 3
mean(z)
## [1] 8.083333
s <- c("I", "love", "Batman")</pre>
print(s)
## [1] "I" "love" "Batman"
```

## **Vector types**



- int stands for *integers*
- dbl stands for doubles or real numbers
- chr stands for *character* vectors or strings
- dttm stands for date and time,
- lgl stands for logical with just TRUE or FALSE
- fctr stands for factors which R uses to state categorical variables.
- date stands for dates

You can find what kind of vectors you have or imported by using the function class()

