Verification of the Origins of Rotation in Thunderstorm Purdue University Mobile Radiosonde Data Set

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2.0 **Dataset Overview**

Purdue University operated a mobile radiosonde system to release radiosondes at locations around northern Alabama and southern Tennessee (Figure 1) during VORTEX-SE_2016 Intensive Observation Periods (IOPs). The choices for the locations and times of the releases were made in collaboration with other VORTEX-SE PIs. This data set includes a total of 23 radiosondes during the VORTEX-SE 2016 field season (14 March to 1 May 2016).



Figure 1. Location of the Purdue mobile radiosonde sites during VORTEX-SE_2016.

3.0 Project Overview

The Verification of the Origins of Rotation in Tornadoes Experiment-Southeast (VORTEX-SE) is a research program to understand how environmental factors characteristic of the southeastern United States affect the formation, intensity, structure, and path of tornadoes in this region. VORTEX-SE will also determine the best methods for communicating forecast uncertainty related to these events to the public, and evaluate public response. For the 2016 field season a large array of fixed and mobile ground instrumentation were deployed around Huntsville, AL from 1 March to 1 May 2016. Further information on VORTEX-SE is available at the VORTEX-SE web site at NCAR/EOL: https://www.eol.ucar.edu/field_projects/vortex-se and information on the VORTEX-SE_2016 deployments is available at the VORTEX-SE_2016 Field Catalog: http://catalog.eol.ucar.edu/vortex-se 2016.

4.0 EOL Sounding Composite (ESC) File Format Description

The ESC is a columnar ASCII format consisting of 15 header records for each sounding followed by the data records with associated data quality flags.

3.1 Header Records

The header records (15 total records) contain a variety of metadata about the sounding (i.e. location, time, radiosonde type, etc). The first five header lines contain information identifying the sounding, and have a rigidly defined form. The following 7 header lines are used for auxiliary information and comments about the sounding, and may vary from dataset to dataset. The last 3 header records contain header information for the data columns. Line 13 holds the field names, line 14 the field units, and line 15 contains dashes ('-' characters) delineating the extent of the field.

The file standard header lines are as follows:

Line	Label (padded to 35 char)	Contents
1	Data Type:	Description of the type and resolution
		of data
2	Project ID:	Short name for the field project
3	Release Site Type/Site ID:	Description of the release site.
4	Release Location (lon,lat,alt):	Location of the release site.
5	UTC Release Time (y,m,d,h,m,s):	Time of release.

The release location is given as:

lon (deg min), lat (deg min), lon (dec. deg), lat (dec. deg), alt (m)

Longitude in deg min is in the format: ddd mm.mm'W where ddd is the number of degrees (with leading zeros if necessary), mm.mm is the decimal number of minutes, and W represents W or E for west or east longitude, respectively. Latitude has the same format as longitude, except there are only two digits for degrees and N or S for north/south latitude.

The time of release is given as: yyyy, mm, dd, hh:nn:ss.

Where yyyy is the year, mm is the month, dd is the day of month, and hh:nn:ss are the UTC hour, minute, and second respectively.

The seven non-standard header lines may contain any label and contents. The labels are padded to 35 characters to match the standard header lines. Records for this data set include the following non-standard header lines:

Line	Label (padded to 35 char)	Contents
6	Radiosonde Type	
7	Ground Station Software	

3.2 Data Records

The data records each contain time from release, pressure, temperature, dew point, relative humidity, U and V wind components, wind speed and direction, ascent rate, balloon position data, altitude, and quality control flags (see the QC code description). Each data line contains 21 fields, separated by spaces, with a total width of 130 characters. The data are right-justified within the fields. All fields have one decimal place of precision, with the exception of latitude and longitude, which have three decimal places of precision. The contents and sizes of the 21 fields that appear in each data record are as follows:

Field	Width	Format	Parameter	Units	Missing
					Value
1	6	F6.1	Time since release	Seconds	9999.0
2	6	F6.1	Pressure	Millibars	9999.0
3	5	F5.1	Dry-bulb Temperature	Degrees C	999.0
4	5	F5.1	Dew Point Temperature	Degrees C	999.0
5	5	F5.1	Relative Humidity	Percent	999.0
6	6	F6.1	U Wind Comp	m/s	9999.0
7	6	F6.1	V Wind Comp	m/s	9999.0
8	5	F5.1	Wind speed	m/s	999.0
9	5	F5.1	Wind direction	Degrees	999.0
10	5	F5.1	Ascent Rate	m/s	999.0
11	8	F8.3	Longitude	Degrees	9999.0
12	7	F7.3	Latitude	Degrees	999.0
13	5	F5.1	Elevation Angle Degre		999.0
14	5	F5.1	Mixing Ratio g/kg		999.0
15	7	F7.1	Altitude Meters		99999.0
16	4	F4.1	QC for Pressure Code		99.0
17	4	F4.1	QC for Temperature Code		99.0
18	4	F4.1	QC for Humidity Code		99.0
19	4	F4.1	QC for U Wind Code		99.0
20	4	F4.1	QC for V Wind Code		99.0
21	4	F4.1	QC for Ascent Rate Code		99.0

Fields 16 through 21 contain the data quality flags from the NCAR/Earth Observing Laboratory (EOL) sounding quality control procedures. The data quality flags are defined as follows:

Code	Description
1.0	Checked, datum seems physically reasonable. ("GOOD")
2.0	Checked, datum seems questionable on a physical basis. ("MAYBE")
3.0	Checked, datum seems to be in error. ("BAD")
4.0	Checked, datum is interpolated. ("ESTIMATED")
9.0	Checked, datum is missing. ("MISSING")
99.0	Unchecked (QC information is "missing".) ("UNCHECKED")

3.3 Data Specifics

The data are in files by day, so all soundings for a particular day are concatenated into a single file ordered by time. The file naming convention is:

Purdue_yyyymmdd.cls where yyyy is the year, mm is the month, and dd is the day of the month.

Purdue utilized InterMet's iMet-1-ABxn radiosondes and the iMetOS-II 3050 software version 03.49.3. See Table 1 for iMet instrument accuracy. Data were recorded at 10 second vertical intervals.

The surface observations are from the radiosonde, the raw data were manually scanned to determine the conditions just before launch.

Table 1: Manufacturer-stated accuracy for each of the variables sampled by the iMet-1-ABxn radiosondes (available from http://intermetsystems.com/ee/pdf/iMet-1-ABxn_Data_150316.pdf)

Temperature accuracy	0.2°C
Humidity accuracy	5%
Pressure accuracy	0.5 hPa

3.4 Sample Data

The following is a sample of the MSU mobile high resolution radiosonde data in ESC format.

```
Purdue Mobile Sounding Data/Ascending
Project ID:
Release Site Type/Site ID:
                                               VORTEX-SE 2016
                                               Collinwood, TN
Release Site Type/Site ID: COLLINWOOD, IN Release Location (lon,lat,alt): 087 44.37'W, 35 10.82'N, -87.740, 35.180, 321.0 UTC Release Time (y,m,d,h,m,s): 2016, 03, 14, 05:36:00 iMet-1-ABxn
Ground Station Software:
                                             iMetOS-II 3050 software version 03.49.3
Nominal Release Time (y,m,d,h,m,s):2016, 03, 14, 05:36:00
 Time Press Temp Dewpt RH Ucmp Vcmp spd dir sec mb C C % m/s m/s m/s deg
                                                                                             Tion
                                                                                                       Lat Ele
deg deg
                                                                                Wcmp
                                                                                                                        MixR
                                                                                                                                          Qp Qt Qrh Qu Qv
                                                                                m/s
                                                                                             deg
                                                                                                                        g/kg
                                                                                                                                   m
                                                                                                                                          code code code code code
  0.0 967.5 17.9 12.4 70.1 -1.0
10.0 963.6 15.3 12.4 82.8 -2.6
20.0 958.5 15.5 12.6 82.7 -2.0
                                                      2.8 3.0 160.0 999.0 -87.739 35.180 999.0 7.9 8.3 162.0 3.4 -87.740 35.181 999.0 9.6 9.8 168.0 4.5 -87.740 35.181 999.0
                                                                                                                                  321.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
                                                                                                                                  355.2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 99.0
                                                                                                                                  399.9
```

3.5 Station List

This was a mobile system.

4.0 Data Quality Control Procedures

- 1. The raw iMet data were initially processed using the iMetOS-II software.
- 2. NCAR/EOL converted each sounding from its original format into the ESC format described above.
- 3. NCAR/EOL passed each sounding through a set of automated data quality checks which included basic gross limit checks as well as rate of change checks. This is further described in Section 4.1.
- 4. NCAR/EOL visually examined each sounding utilizing the NCAR/EOL XQC sounding quality control software. This is further described in Section 4.2.

4.1 Automated Data Quality Checks

This data set was passed through a set of automated data quality checks. This procedure includes both gross limit checks on all parameters as well as rate-of-change checks on temperature, pressure, and ascent rate. A version of these checks is described in Loehrer et al. (1996) and Loehrer et al. (1998).

4.1.1 Gross Limit Checks

These checks were conducted on each sounding and the data quality flags in the ESC files were adjusted as appropriate. Only the data point under examination was flagged. All checks also produced warning messages that specified the location of the problem and the severity of the issue. These warning messages where then summarized statistically and examined to determine any consistent issues.

For this data set NCAR/EOL conducted the following gross limit checks. In the table P = P pressure, P = P temperature, P = P wind component, P = P wind component, P = P wind component, P = P and P = P wind component, P = P and P = P wind component, P = P wind P = P wind

Parameter	Check	Parameter(s) Flagged	Flag Applied
Pressure	<0 or > 1050	Р	В
Altitude	< 0 or >40000	P, T, RH	Q
Temperature	< -90 or > 45	T	В
Dew Point	< -99.9 or > 33	RH	Q
	> T	T, RH	Q
Wind Speed	< 0 or > 100	U, V	Q
	> 150	U, V	В
U Wind	< 0 or > 100	U	Q
	> 150	U	В
V Wind	< 0 or > 100	V	Q
	> 150	V	В
Wind Direction	< 0 or > 360	U, V	В
Ascent Rate	< -10 or > 10	P, T, RH	Q

4.1.2 Vertical Consistency Checks

These checks were conducted on each sounding and the data quality flags in the ESC files were adjusted as appropriate. These checks were started at the surface and compared each neighboring data record. In the case of checks that ensured that the values increased/decreased as expected, only the data point under examination was flagged. However, for the other checks, all of the data points used in the examination were flagged. All items within the table are as previously defined. All checks also produced warning messages that specified the location of the problem and the severity of the issue. These warning messages where then summarized statistically and examined to determine any consistent issues.

Parameter	Check	Parameter(s) Flagged	Flag Applied
Time	Decreasing/equal	None	None.
Altitude	Decreasing/equal	P, T, RH	Q
Pressure	Increasing/equal	P, T, TH	Q
	> 1mb/s or < -1mb/s	P, T, TH	Q
	> 2mb/s or < -2mb/s	P, T, TH	В
Temperature	< -15°C/km	P, T, RH	Q
	< -30°C/km	P, T, RH	В
	> 50°C/km	P, T, RH	Q
	> 100°C/km	P, T, RH	В
Ascent Rate	> 3m/s or < -3m/s	Р	Q
	> 5m/s or < -5m/s	Р	В

4.2 Visual Data Quality Checks

Each sounding was visually examined using the NCAR/EOL XQC sounding data quality control software. This software allows the user to view a skew-t/log-p diagram of each sounding and apply data quality flags as appropriate. The user can zoom in on sections of soundings for detailed examination and can adjust the data quality flags for an individual point, sections of soundings, or entire soundings for each parameter individually. The software also allows the user to override the quality flags applied by the automated procedure.

4.3 Data Quality Issues of Note

The data quality control procedures outlined above allows us to identify and, in some cases, resolve issues that could potentially impact research performed using these data sets. The following issues were noted in these soundings.

Relative humidity and dew point data – The mixing ratio was the provided moisture parameter. NCAR/EOL derived the RH and dew point data from the provided mixing ratio, pressure and temperature data. The mixing ratio was provided at 0.01 g/kg resolution, so there is a "blocky" appearance (particularly at low mixing ratio values) to the derived RH and dew point data.

Geopotential altitude data – The raw data file contained altitude above ground level data. We used the hypsometric equation to derive the geopotential altitude values.

Other issues:

20160429 2130 noisy temperature data 546-504mb, period of descent 323mb.

5.0 References

Loehrer, S. M., T. A. Edmands, and J. A. Moore, 1996: TOGA COARE upper-air sounding data archive: development and quality control procedures. Bull. Amer. Meteor. Soc., 77, 2651-2671.

Loehrer, S. M., S. F. Williams, and J. A. Moore, 1998: Results from UCAR/JOSS quality control of atmospheric soundings from field projects. Preprints, Tenth Symposium on Meteorological Observations and Instrumentation, Phoenix, AZ, Amer. Meteor. Soc., 1-6.