

Predictors, Iteration 2

All predictors are created from the operational (v. 2018) HWRF model, using the outermost grid and the innermost grid (with 1.5-km grid spacing). In the majority of cases, the Inner-core type predictors focus on the innermost grid, while environmental-type predictors are defined on the outer grid.

Predictors are currently produced from 0-126 h per forecast per storm, although the data below in the one example we have to work with is only shown out to 30 h since there was no forecast data beyond 30 h in this particular example. The data are currently output to ASCII format.

Description of data and predictors below

TIME : Forecast time in h

LAT : Latitude of storm center (deg N)

LON : Longitude of storm center (deg E)

MAXWIND : Storm intensity (surface-wind speed) (kt) (IC)

RMW : Radius of maximum surface wind speed (km) (IC)

MIN_SLP : Minimum sea level pressure (hPa) (IC)

SHR_MAG : 850-200 hPa vertical wind shear magnitude (kt) ($r = 0 - 500$ km) (EN, IC)

SHR_HDG : 850-200 hPa vertical wind shear heading (deg) (EN, IC)

STM_SPD : Estimated storm speed (kt) (EN, IC)

STM_HDG : Estimated storm motion direction (deg) (EN, IC)

SST : Sea-surface temperature (10^0 C) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (EN)

OHC : Not available (Ocean heat content)

TPW : Total precipitable water (mm) ($r = 0 - 200$ km) (IC, EN)

LAND : Distance of storm from land (km)

850TANG : Average 850-hPa tangential wind (10 m s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 600$ km) (IC, EN)

850VORT : Average 850-hPa relative vorticity (10^{-7} s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 1000$ km) (IC, EN)

200DVRG : Average 200-hPa divergence (10^{-7} s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 1000$ km) (IC, EN)

RHLO : Relative humidity 850-700 hPa (10%) ($r = 200 - 800$ km) (EN, IC)

RHMD : Relative humidity 700-500 hPa (10%) ($r = 200 - 800$ km) (EN, IC)

RHHI : Relative humidity 500-300 hPa (10%) ($r = 200 - 800$ km) (EN, IC)

CAPE1 : Convective Available Potential Energy (J kg^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (EN, IC)

CAPE2 : Convective Available Potential Energy (J kg^{-1}) ($r = 100 - 200$ km) (EN, IC)

CAPE3 : Convective Available Potential Energy (J kg^{-1}) ($r = 200 - 500$ km) (EN, IC)

LHTFL1 : Surface turbulent latent heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC, EN)

LHTFL2 : Surface turbulent latent heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 100 - 200$ km) (IC, EN)

LHTFL3 : Surface turbulent latent heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 200 - 500$ km) (IC, EN)

SHTFL1 : Surface turbulent sensible heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC, EN)

SHTFL2 : Surface turbulent sensible heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 100 - 200$ km) (IC, EN)

SHTFL3 : Surface turbulent sensible heat flux (W m^{-2}) ($r = 200 - 500$ km) (IC, EN)

VMAXMPI : Emanuel MPI calculation (kt) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (EN, IC)

POT : VMAXMPI – MAXWIND (kt) (IC, EN)

TGRD : 850-700 hPa temperature gradient ($r = 200 - 800$ km) (EN)

IKE1 : Integrated tangential wind kinetic energy at 850 hPa (10^{12} kg m s⁻²) ($r = 0 - 500$ km) (IC)

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{500} \frac{1}{2} \rho_{850} v_{850}^2 r dr d\theta$$

IKE2 : Integrated tangential wind kinetic energy at 850 hPa (10^{12} kg m s⁻²) ($r = 0 - 1000$ km) (IC)

TCOND7001 : Average 700-hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

TCOND7002 : Average 700-hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

TCOND7003 : Average 700-hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

TCONDALL1 : Average 850-500 hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

TCONDALL2 : Average 850-500 hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

TCONDALL3 : Average 850-500 hPa total condensate (10 g kg⁻¹) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

INST1 : 850-500 hPa inertial stability parameter (10^{-4} s⁻²) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

$$I^2 = \left(f + \frac{2v}{r} \right) (f + \zeta)$$

INST2 : 850-500 hPa inertial stability parameter (10^{-4} s⁻²) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

INST3 : 850-500 hPa inertial stability parameter (10^{-4} s⁻²) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

CP1 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. + pos. vert. mot. coupling parameter (10^{-4} Pa s⁻³) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

$$CP1 = \begin{cases} -I^2 w & \text{if } w < -0.5 \text{ Pa s}^{-1} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

CP2 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. + pos. vert. mot. coupling parameter (10^{-4} Pa s⁻³) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

CP3 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. + vert. mot. coupling parameter (10^{-4} Pa s⁻³) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

TCONDSYM1 : 850-500 hPa TCOND symmetry parameter s (10%) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

$$s = \frac{\overline{\text{TCOND}}^2}{\overline{\text{TCOND}}^2 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} (\overline{\text{TCOND}} - \text{TCOND})^2 d\theta}$$

where the overbar represents an azimuthal average. Adapted from Miyamoto and Takemi (2014; *J. Atmos. Sci.*)

TCONDSYM2 : 850-500 hPa TCOND symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

TCONDSYM3 : 850-500 hPa TCOND symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

INERTSYM1 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

INERTSYM2 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)

INERTSYM3 : 850-500 hPa inert. stab. symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)

COUPLSYM1 : 850-500 hPa coupling CP1 parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)

COUPLSYM2 : 850-500 hPa coupling CP2 parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)
COUPLSYM3 : 850-500 hPa coupling CP3 parameter (10%) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)
WALLA1 : Average 850-500 hPa upward motion (Pa s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)
WALLA2 : Average 850-500 hPa upward motion (Pa s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)
WALLA3 : Average 850-500 hPa upward motion (Pa s^{-1}) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)
USFC1 : Radial flow @ surface (m s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)
USFC2 : Radial flow @ surface (m s^{-1}) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)
USFC3 : Radial flow @ surface (m s^{-1}) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)
WSYM1 : 850-500 hPa vertical motion symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)
WSYM2 : 850-500 hPa vertical motion symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)
WSYM3 : 850-500 hPa vertical motion symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)
USFCSYM1 : Surface Radial flow symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 50$ km) (IC)
USFCSYM2 : Surface Radial flow symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 0 - 100$ km) (IC)
USFCSYM3 : Surface Radial flow symmetry parameter (10%) ($r = 100 - 250$ km) (IC)
vmax_bt_new: best track observation of VMAX

Notes:

IC refers to inner-core-type predictors

EN refers to environment-type predictors