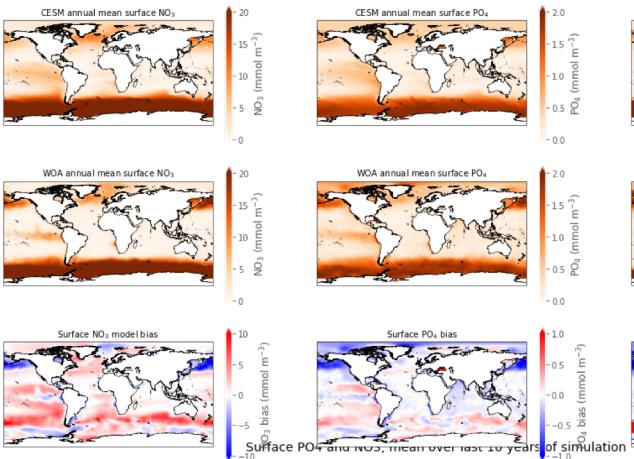
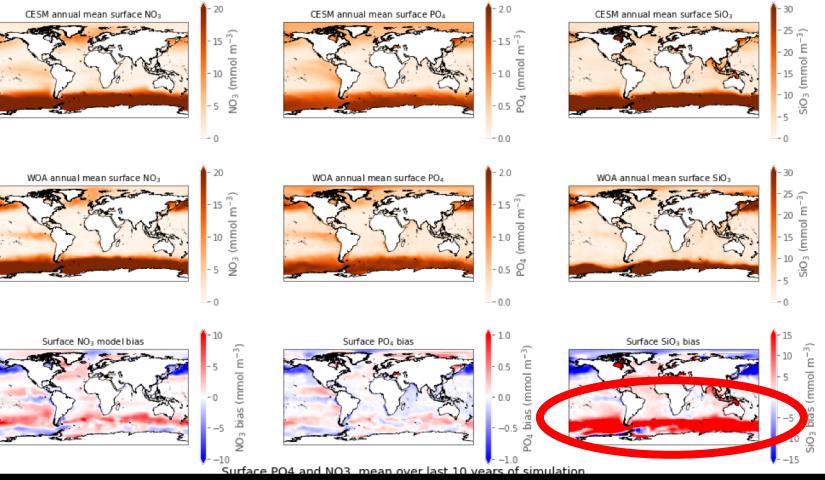
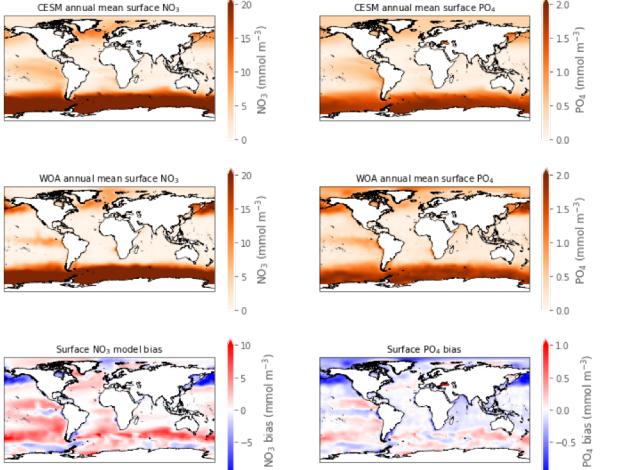
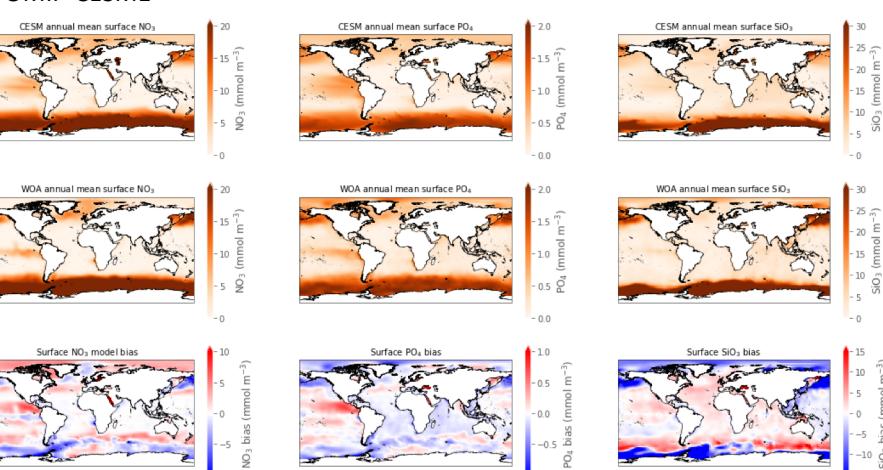


Tuning BGC in CESM 2.2

Surface PO₄ and NO₃, mean over last 10 years of simulation**Surface nutrient distributions****Run 1****OMIP-CESM2****Run 2****OMIP-CESM1**

Overview (all runs are 2 JRA IAF cycles)

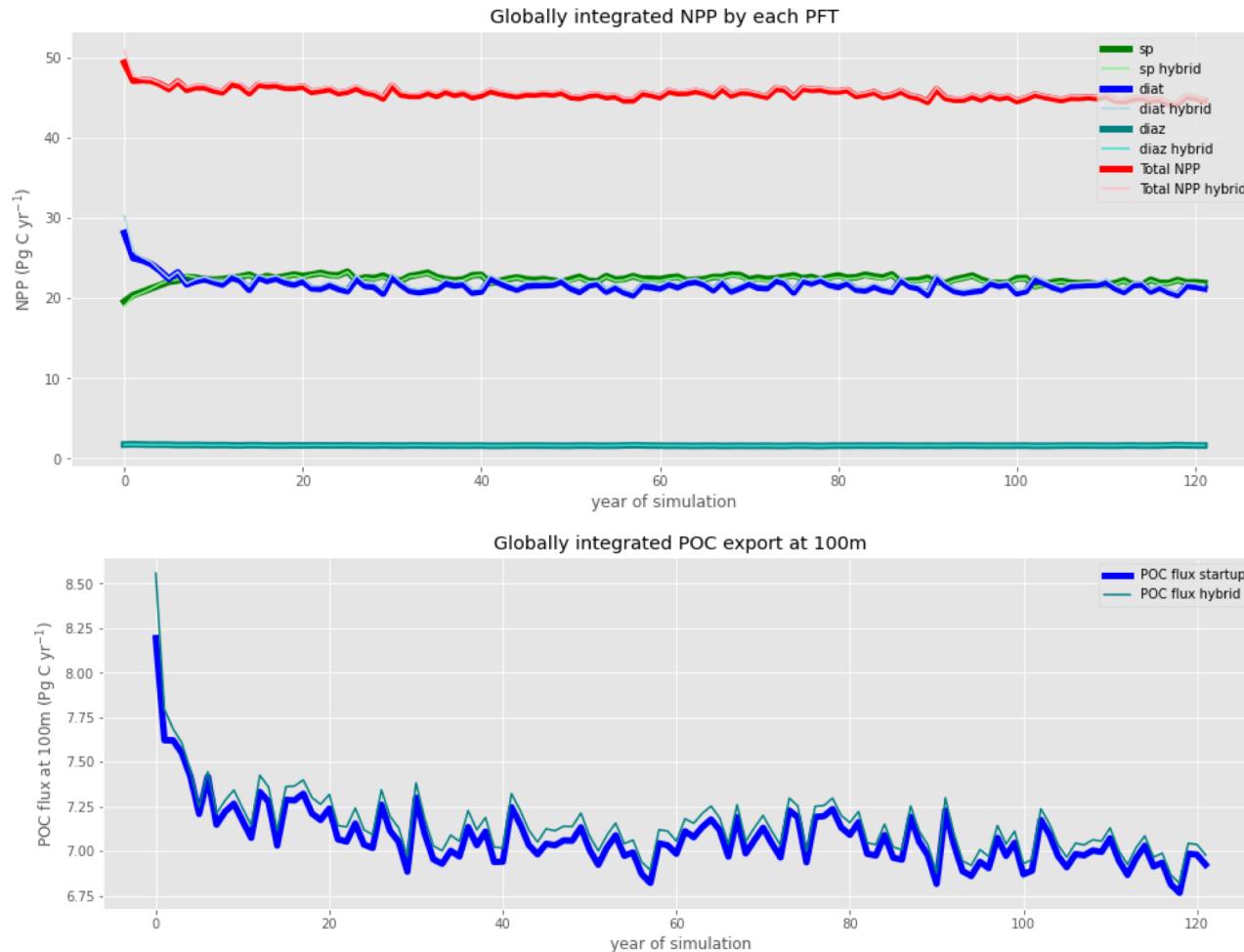
- 001 : CESM startup (best guess tuning parameters from last fall)
- 002 : hybrid (physics from 001 + initialized BGC ; best guess tunings from last fall)
- 003 : hybrid (physics from 001 + initialized BGC ; re-tuned set of parameters + new Fe forcing)
- 004 : hybrid (physics form 001 + initialized BGC ; re-tuned stet of parameters + new Fe forcing)

- *cocco.001* : CESM startup (tunings form GCB/ALK project runs + new Fe forcing)

Goals and focus

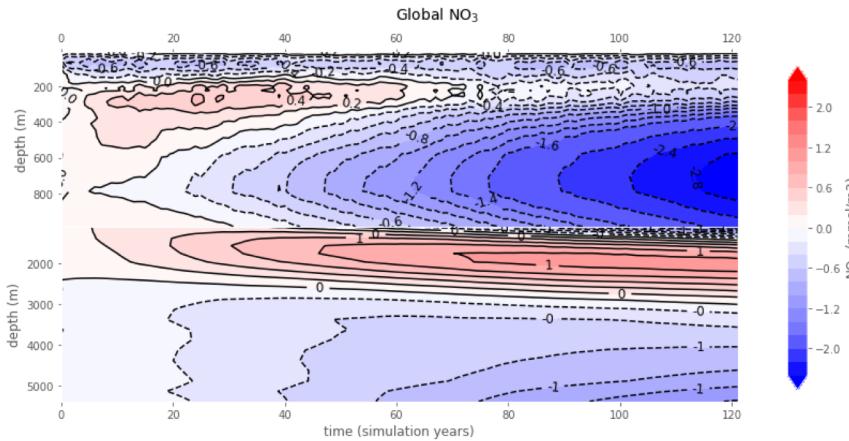
- Reduce Southern Ocean silicate bias
- Diatoms ~40% NPP
- NPP ~50 Pg C/yr
- Surface nutrients, nutrient limitations, POC export, PFT distributions, nutrient profiles...

Does spinning up physics really matter? (compare 001 and 002)

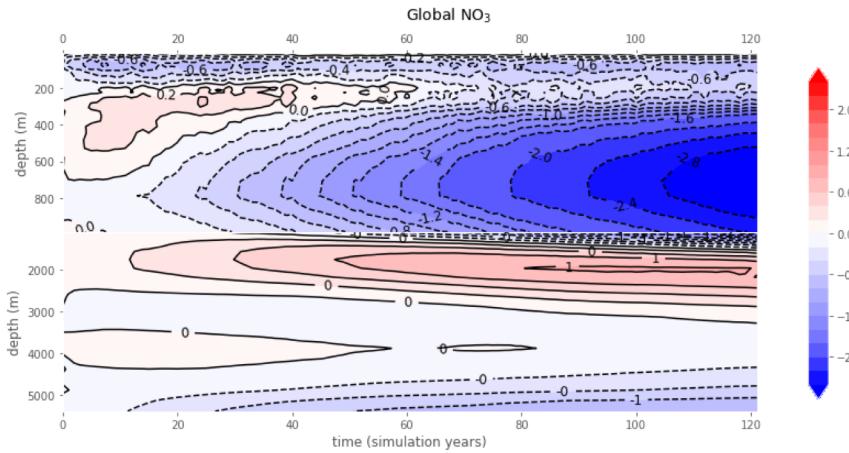


Does spinning up physics really matter? (compare 001 and 002)

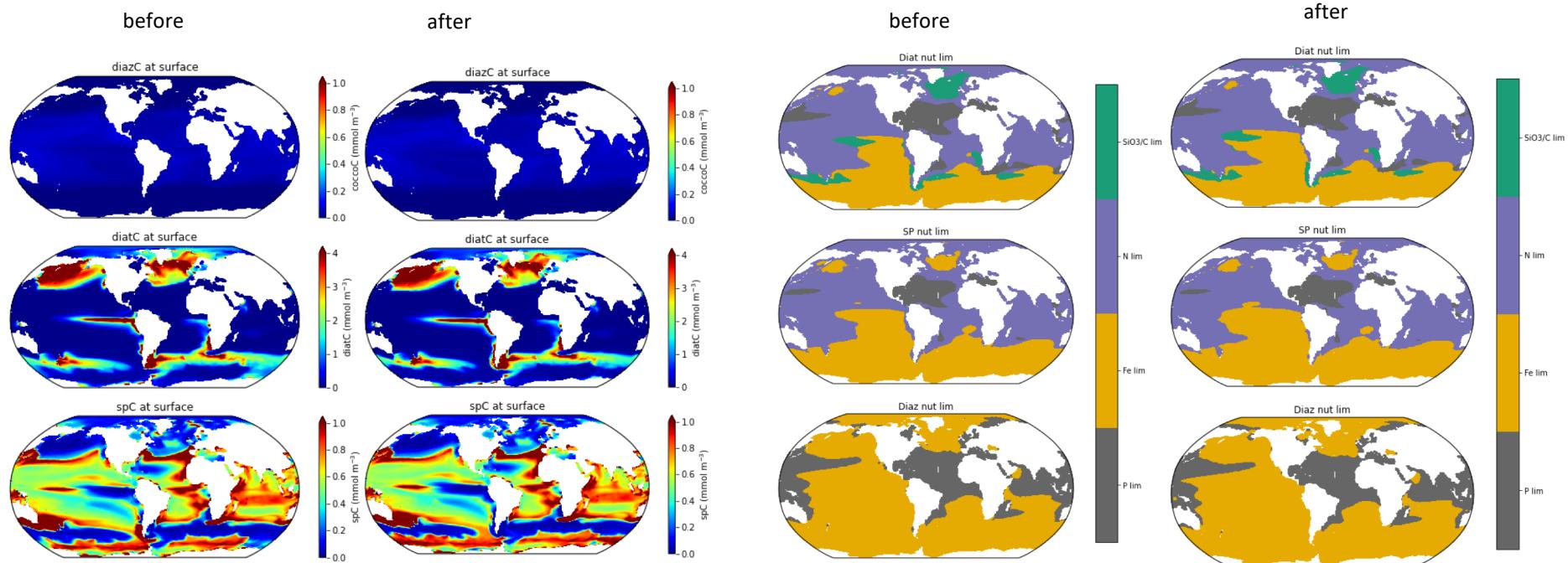
001



002



How did the new Fe forcing change things?



(case 004 before and after)

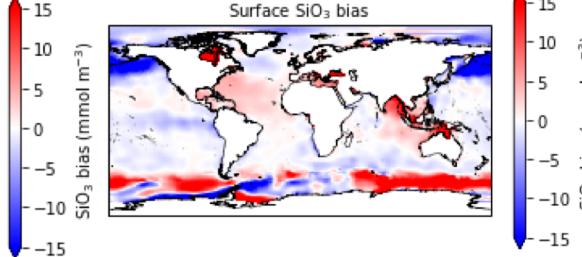
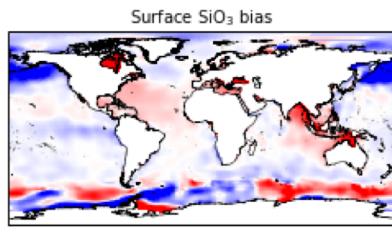
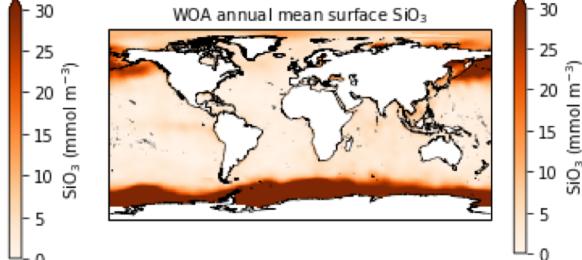
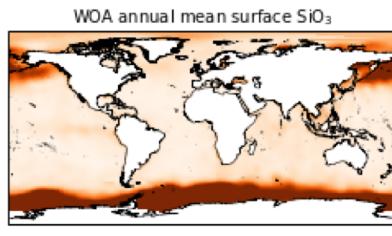
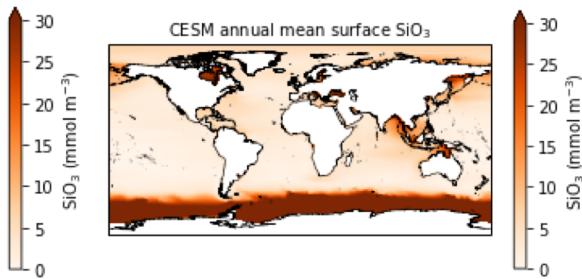
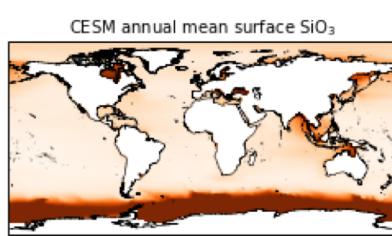
How did the new Fe forcing change things?

before

after

A bit less diatoms, and Si/C in diatoms was likely affected by the new Fe forcing.

* Currently running some tests altering the threshold of Fe concentrations that increase Si/C



▼ Data variables:

photoC_diat_zint	(0)	float64	18.96
photoC_sp_zint	(0)	float64	26.87
photoC_diaz_zint	(0)	float64	1.657
photoC_TOT_zint	(0)	float64	47.48

► Attributes: (0)

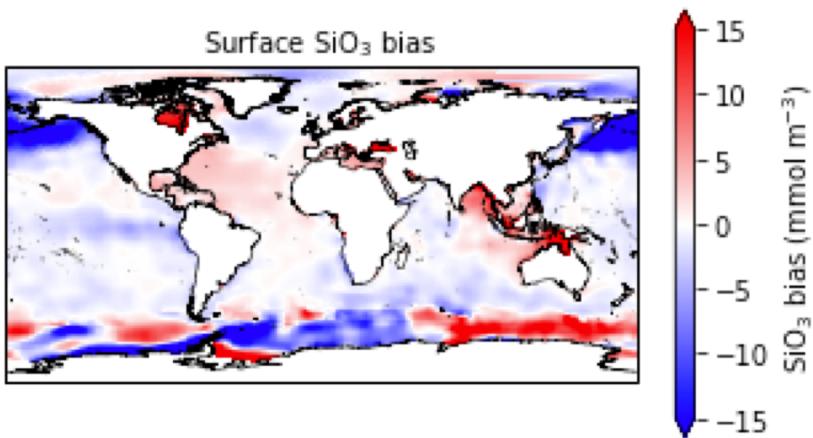
► Coordinates: (0)

▼ Data variables:

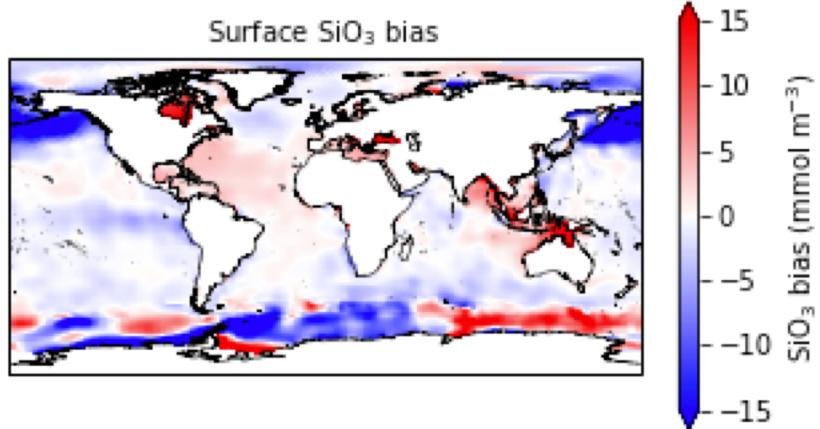
photoC_diat_zint	(0)	float64	18.72
photoC_sp_zint	(0)	float64	26.74
photoC_diaz_zint	(0)	float64	1.618
photoC_TOT_zint	(0)	float64	47.08

► Attributes: (0)

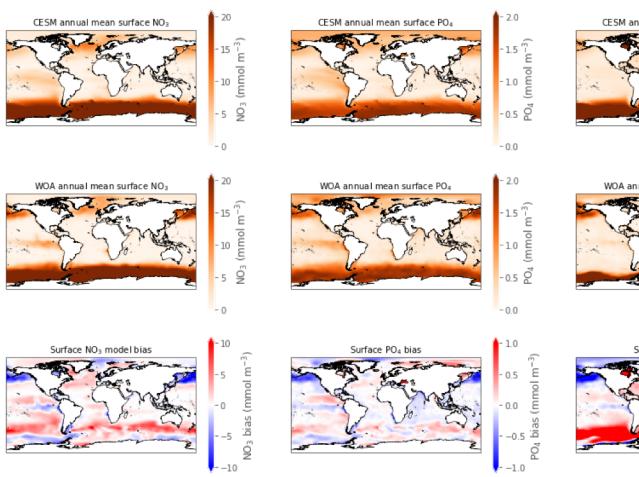
Same period of run,
without any change to
gQSi



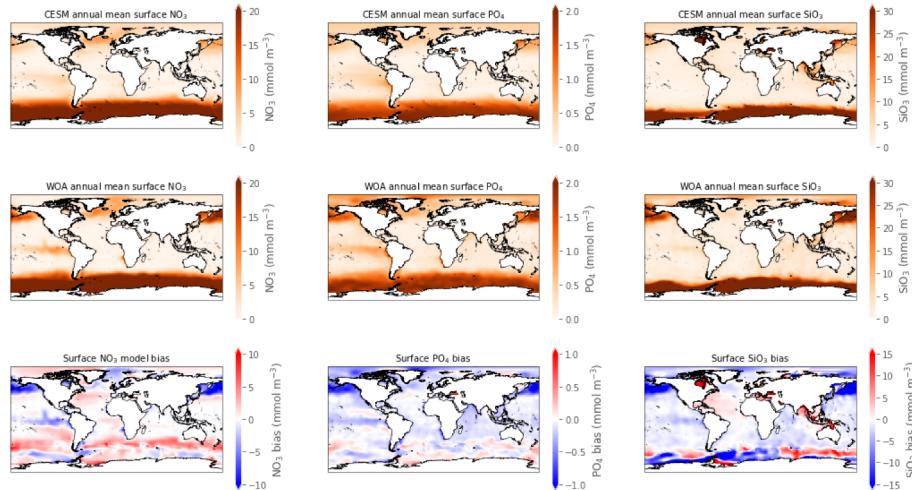
Test case, after 30 years
(10y mean),
gQFe_kFe_thres: 10 → 20



OMIP-CESM2



001 (“best guess”)

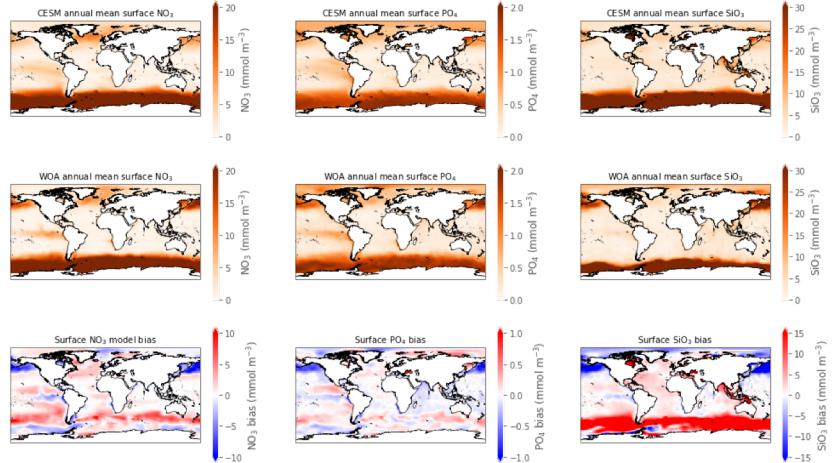


(means over 2nd IAF)

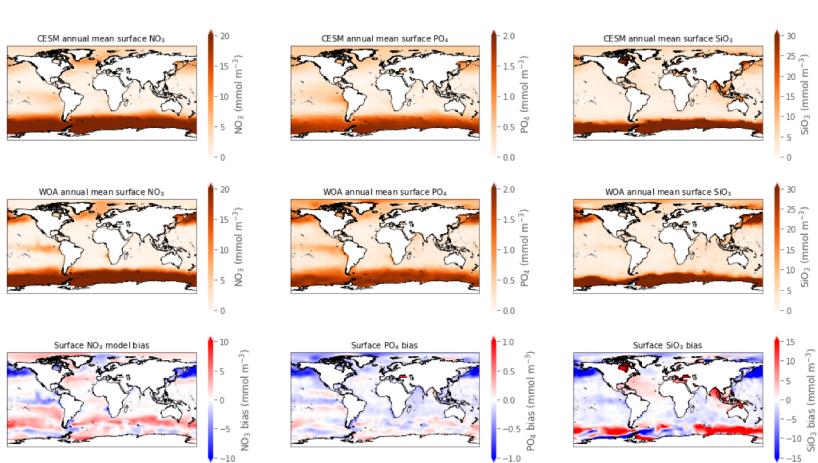
	NPP (Pg C/yr)	POC export (Pg C/yr)	%NPP diatoms
001	45.18	7.0	47%
002	45.43	7.1	48%
003	45.31	7.0	45%
004	46.95	7.4	40%
Cocco.001	50.40	5.9	37%

OMIP-CESM2

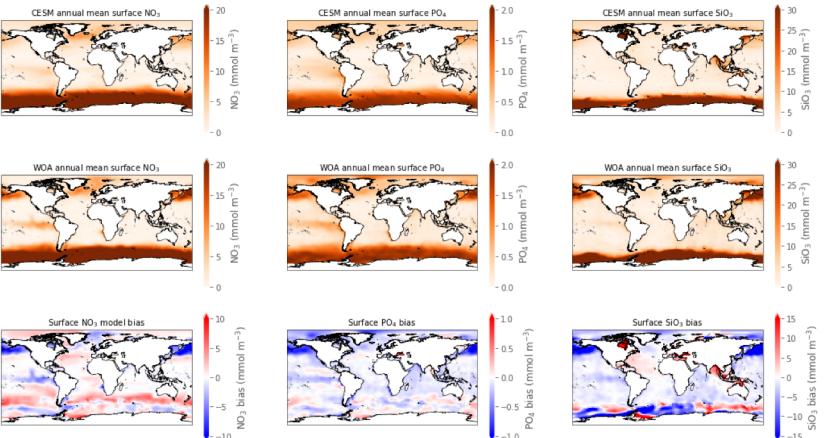
Surface nutrients



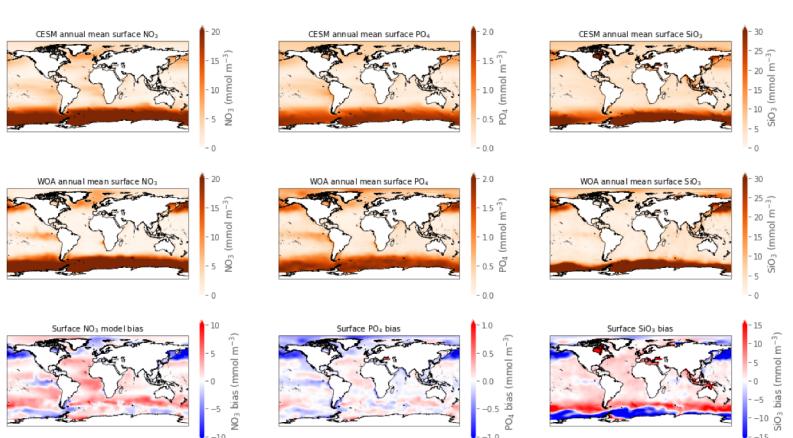
004



002

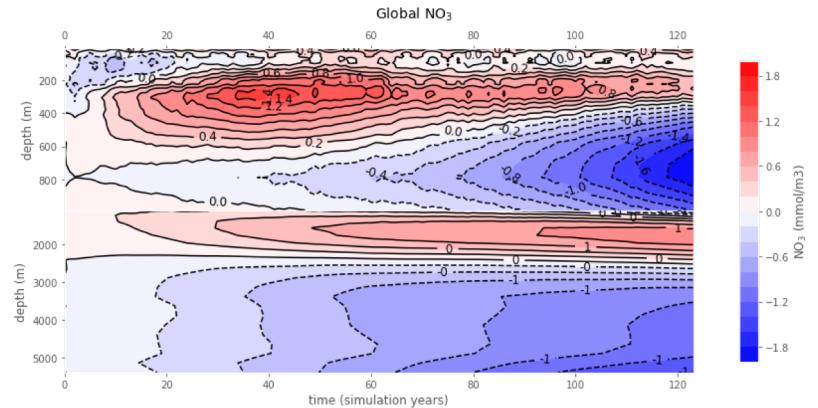


cocco.001

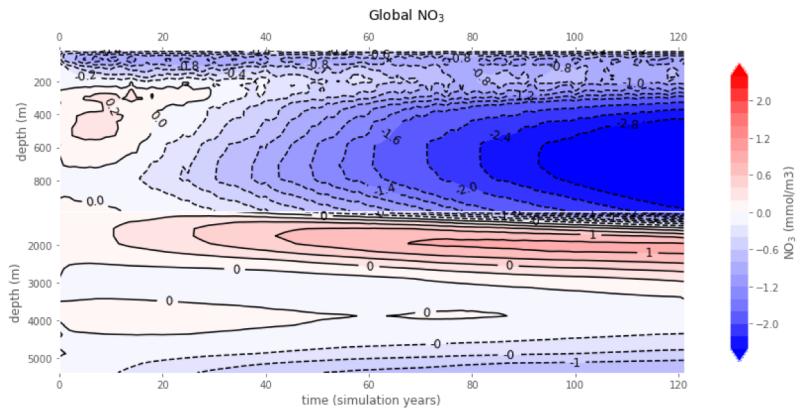


NO_3 Hovmöllers

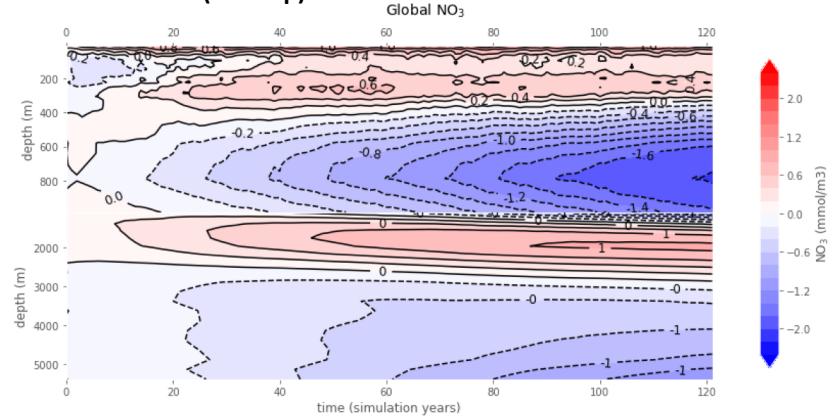
OMIP-CESM2 (CORE forced)



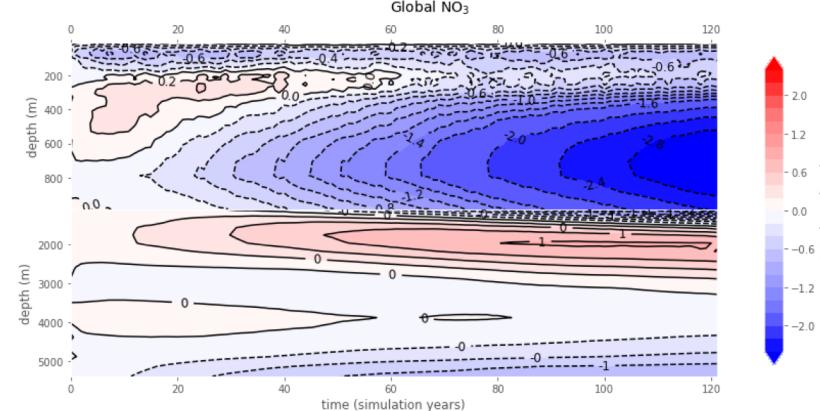
004 (hybrid)



cocco.001 (start up)

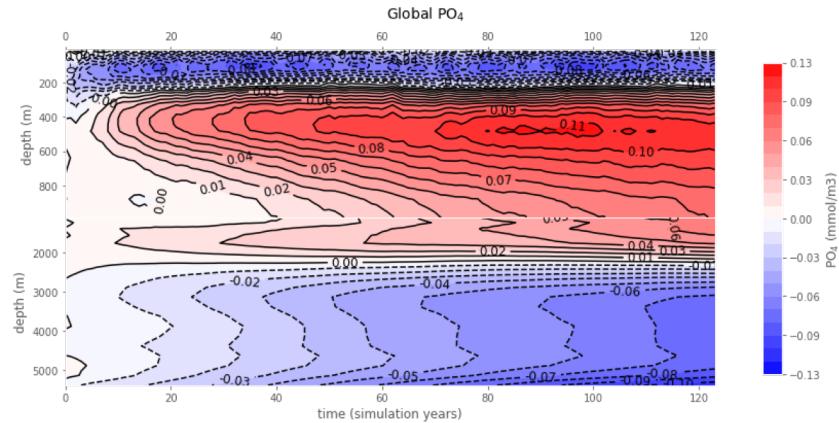


002 (hybrid)

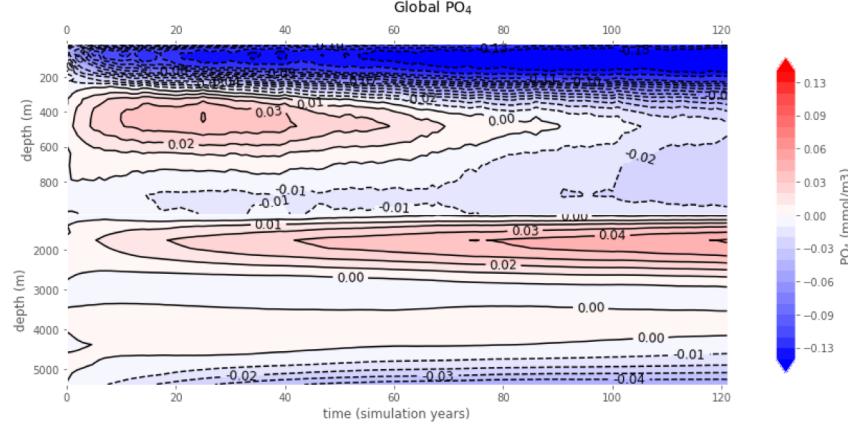


PO₄ Hovmöllers

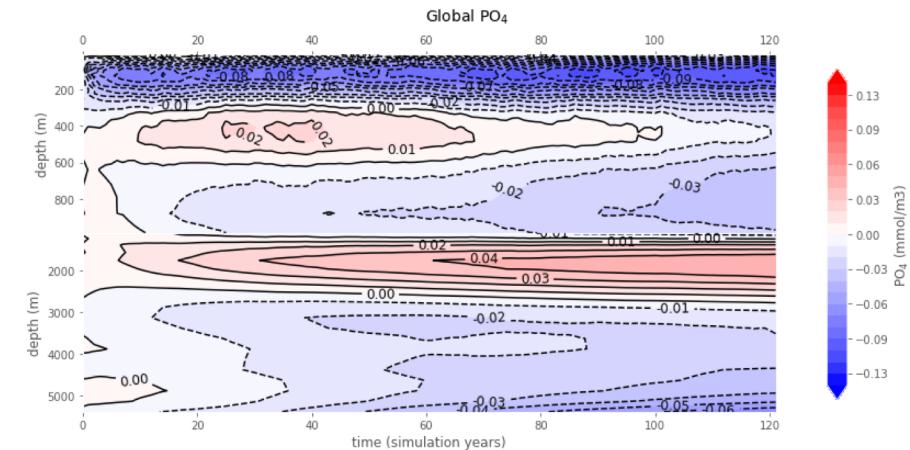
OMIP-CESM2 (CORE forced)



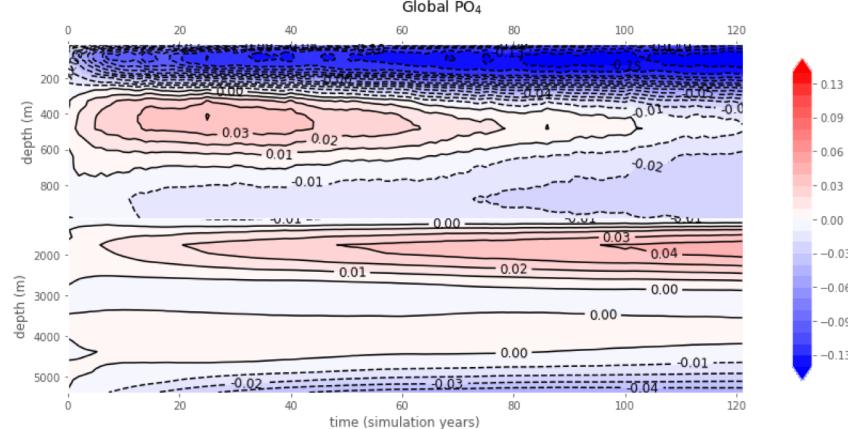
004 (hybrid)



cocco.001 (start up)

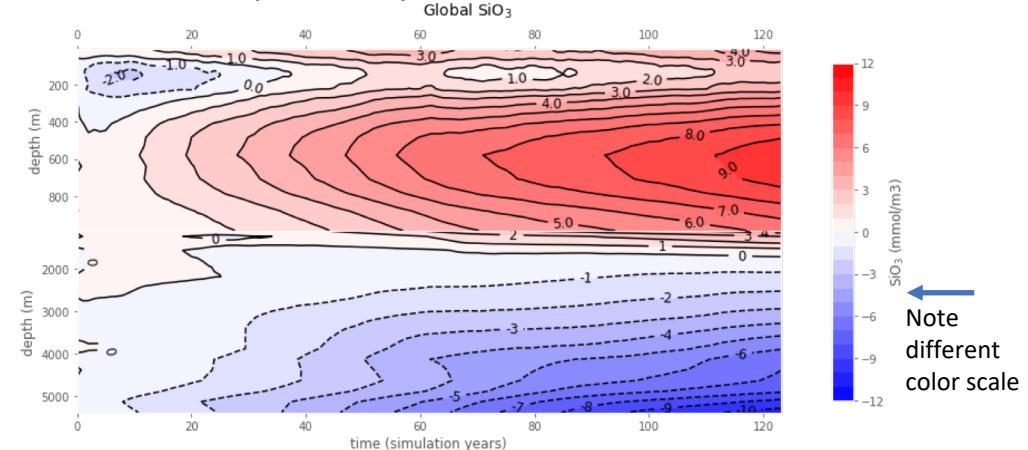


002 (hybrid)

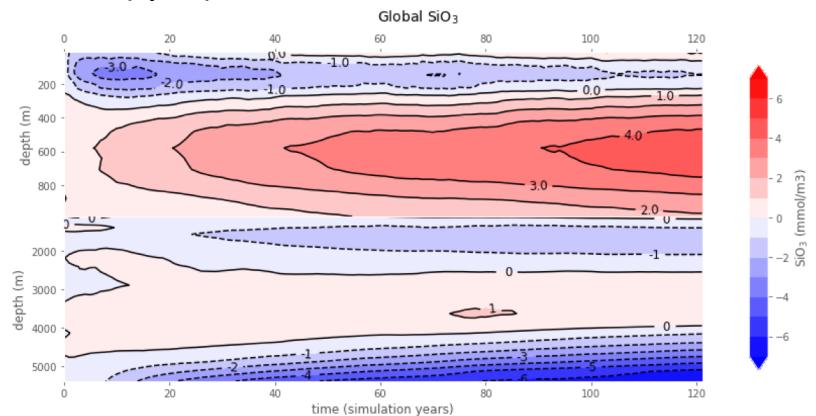


SiO_3 Hovmöllers

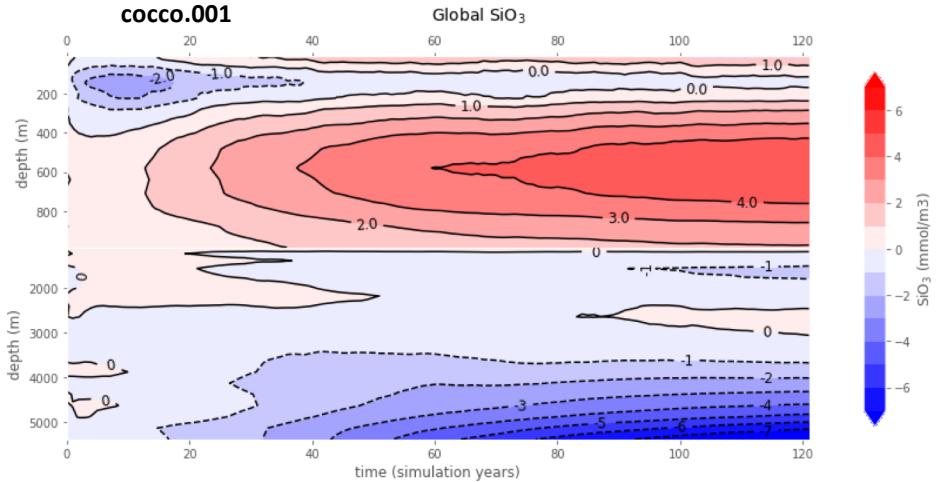
OMIP-CESM2 (CORE forced)



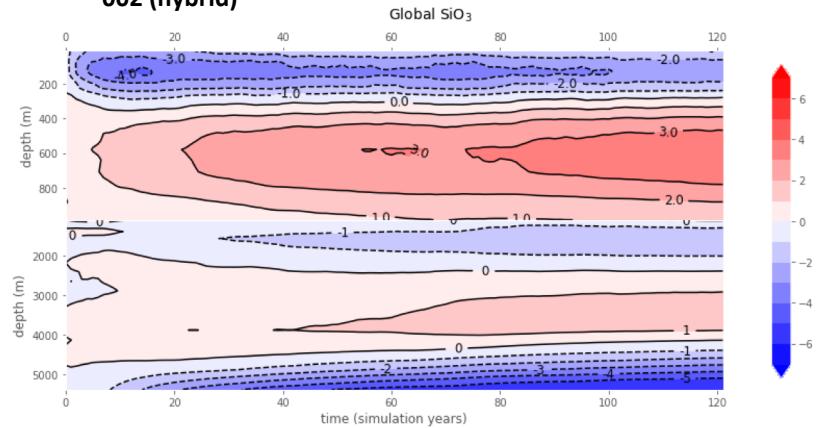
004 (hybrid)



cocco.001



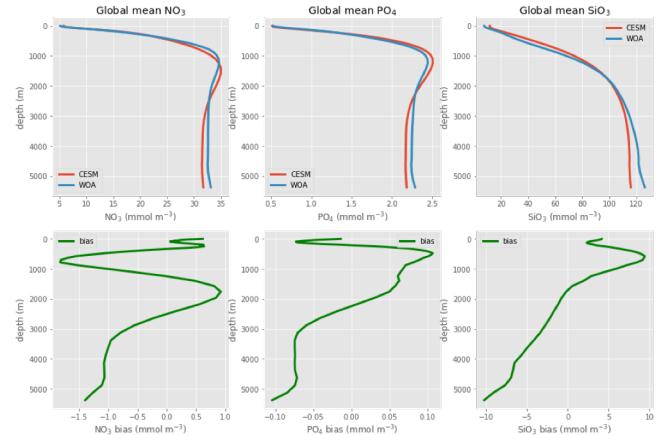
002 (hybrid)



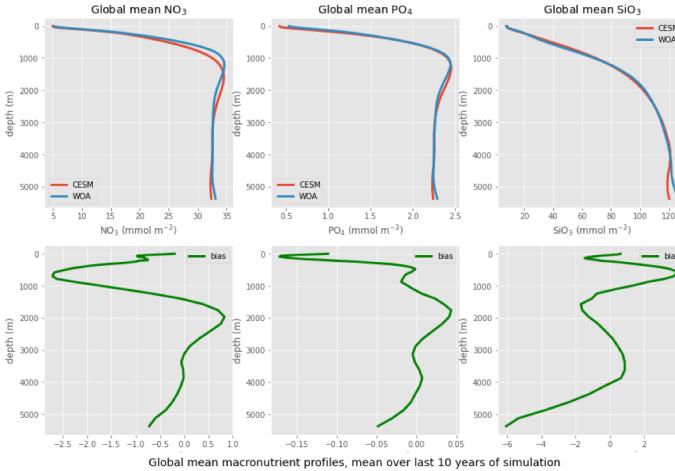
Nutrient profiles & bias

OMIP-CESM2 (CORE forced)

Global mean macronutrient profiles, mean over last 10 years of simulation

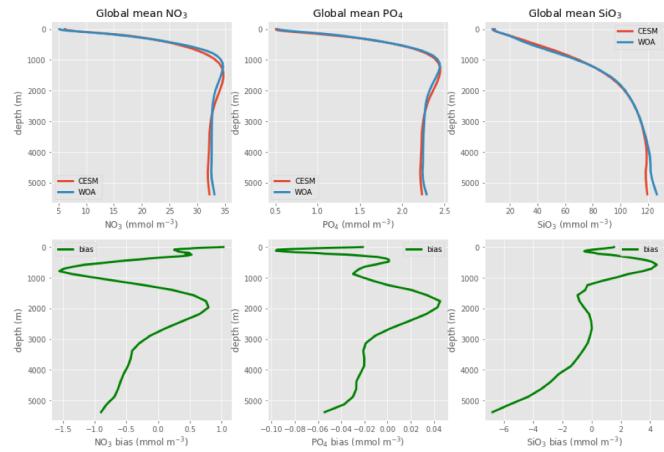


Global mean macronutrient profiles, mean over last 10 years of simulation

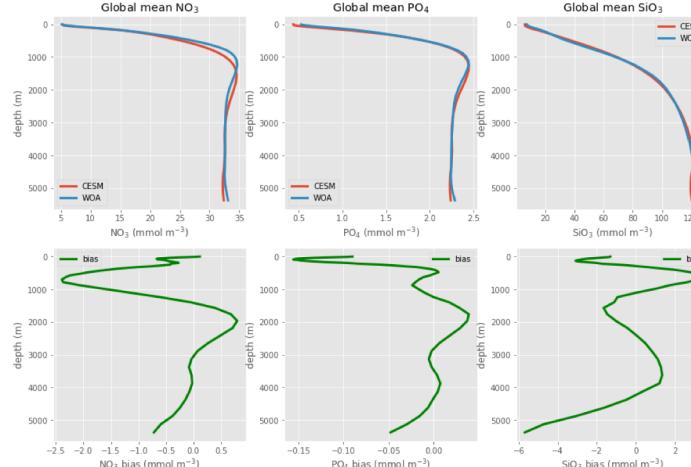


004

Global mean macronutrient profiles, mean over last 10 years of simulation



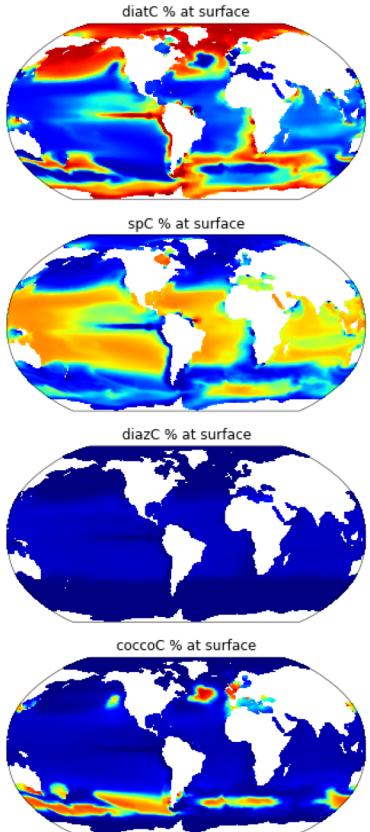
Global mean macronutrient profiles, mean over last 10 years of simulation



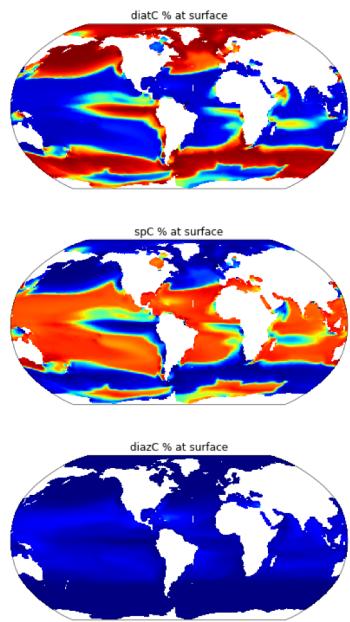
002

cocco.001
(start up)

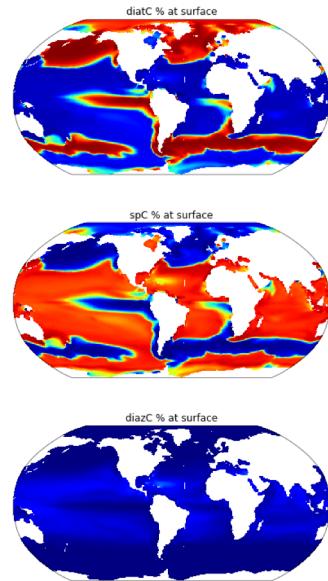
cocco.001 (start up)



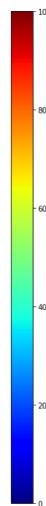
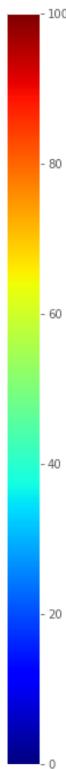
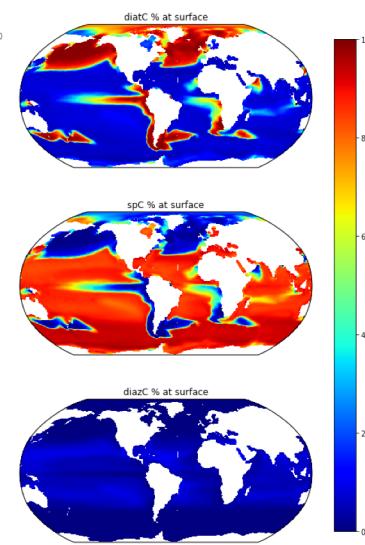
002



004



OMIP



Conclusions about 3 PFT tuning so far

001 and 002 (first “best guess” parameters):

- too many diatoms
- strong negative NO₃ biases 400-800m
- surface SiO₃ slightly low

003 and 004 (recent tuning runs):

- similar in surface nutrient biases
- 003 has too many diatoms (45%)
- negative NO₃ bias still there in both runs but worse in 004