

# https:ncas-cms.github.io/cf-python

## Install

Install cf-python, including any required dependencies, and the cf-plot visualisation package using pip:

```
$ pip install cf-python cf-plot
```

Install cf-python with all of its required and optional dependencies, and the cf-plot visualisation package using

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge cf-python
cf-plot udunits2 esmpy>=8.0.0
```

## **Import**

Import cf-python and cf-plot:

```
>>> import cf
>>> import cfplot as cfp
```

## Read

Read the field constructs from a single file:

```
>>> fl_1 = cf.read("file.nc")
>>> fl_2 = cf.read("umfile.pp")
```

Read the field constructs from two or more files:

```
>>> fl = cf.read(['temperature.nc', 'humidity.nc'])
```

Read the field constructs using the \* wildcard character (which reads all files in the directory that match the specified pattern):

```
>>> fl = cf.read('~/file*.nc')
```

Return field constructs by selecting the elements of the resulting \* wildcard file list:

```
>>> fl = cf.read('~/file*.nc')[0:3]
>>> f = cf.read('~/file*nc')[-1]
```

Return field constructs whose identities match the given

```
>>> fl = cf.read('~/file*.nc', select='units=hPa')
>>> fl = cf.read('~/file*.nc', select='temperature')
>>> fl = cf.read('~/files/file*.nc', select='ncvar%q')
```

## Selecting fields:

Select a field directly by index while reading the file:

```
>>> temp = cf.read("file.nc")[0]
```

Select a field from a field list by identity:

```
>>> temp = fl.select_field('air_temperature')
```

Select more than one field from a field list:

```
>>> data = fl.select('precipitation', 'ncvar%stn')
```

## Write

Write one or more field constructs to a netCDF file:

```
>>> cf.write(tas, 'temperature.nc')
```

Convert PP and UM fields files to netCDF files:

```
>>> cf.write(pp, 'umfile1.nc')
```

## Collapse

## Basic collapses:

Write one or more field constructs to a netCDF file:

```
>>> min = f.collapse('minimum')
>>> v = f.collapse('variance')
>>> i = f.collapse('integral', measure=True)
```

## Weighted collapses:

Weighted time average:

```
>>> avg = f.collapse('T: mean', weights=True)
```

Mean over the time and latitude axes, with weights only applied to the latitude axis:

```
>>> m = f.collapse('T: Y: mean', weights='Y')
```

Weighted area means:

```
>>> mean = f.collapse('area: mean', weights=True)
```

#### Specifying Axes:

Temporal maxima

```
>>> max = f.collapse('maximum', axes='T')
>>> # or equivalently:
>>> max = f.collapse('T: maximum')
```

## Horizontal maximum:

```
>>> max = f.collapse('maximum', axes=['X', 'Y'])
>>> # or equivalently:
>>> max = f.collapse('X: Y: maximum')
```

## Grouped collapses:

Annual maxima starting 1st December:

```
>>> y_max = f.collapse('T: maximum', cf.Y(month=12))
```

December, January, February maxima:

```
>>> djf_max = f.collapse('T: maximum', group=cf.djf())
```

Maxima for each 3-month season (DJF, MAM, JJA, SON):

```
>>> seas_max = f.collapse('T: maximum', group=cf.seasons())
```

Maxima for each 4-month season (JJAS, ONDJ, FMAM):

```
>>> seas_max = f.collapse('T: maximum', group=cf.seasons(3, 6))
```

Multiannual average of the seasonal means:

```
>>> avg = f.collapse('T: mean within years T: mean over years',
                   within_years=cf.seasons(), weights=True)
```

## Subspace

## Subspacing by index:

Write one or more field constructs to a netCDF file:

```
>>> new = temp[:, :, 0]
>> new = temp[0, [2, 3, 9], [4, 8]]
>>> new = temp[..., [True, False, True, True, False]]
```

## Subspacing by metadata:

Subspace to a new field construct whose 'longitude' coordinate spans only 45 degrees east, with the other domain axes remaining unchanged:

```
>>> new = temp.subspace(longitude=45) # or equivalently:
>>> new = temp.subspace(X=45)
```

Subspace to a new field construct whose longitude coordinate is 45 degrees east and latitude coordinate is -60 degrees north, with the other domain axes remaining unchanged:

```
>> new = temp.subspace(X=45, Y=-60)
```

Subspace to a new field construct whose domain spans 34 to 72 degrees north and -25 to 45 degrees east:

```
\Rightarrow new = temp.subspace(Y=cf.wi(34, 72), X=cf.wi(-25, 45))
```

Subspaces based on the time dimension:

```
>>> new = temp.subspace(T=cf.dt('1996-01-20'))
>>> jan_2023 = temp.subspace(T=cf.year(2023) & cf.month(1))
>>> avg = global_avg.subspace(T=cf.year(cf.wi(1961, 1990)))
```

## Accessing constructs

Select constructs by identity:

```
>>> x = f.dimension_coordinate('latitude')
>>> x = f.auxiliary_coordinate('altitude')
```

## Select constructs by property:

```
>>> d = f.dimension_coordinate(units='degrees_east')
>>> d = f.dimension_coordinate(long_name='height', units='m')
```

## Select constructs by cell method:

```
>>> d = f.cell_method('mean')
>>> d = f.cell_method('mean', 'maximum')
```

#### Select constructs by axis:

```
>>> d = f.constructs.filter_by_axis('domainaxis1')
```

#### Select constructs by type:

```
>>> d = f.dimension_coordinates()
>>> d = f.constructs.filter_by_type('dimension_coordinate',
    'field_ancillary')
```

Select constructs by netCDF variable name:

```
>>> d = f.constructs.filter_by_ncvar('time')
>>> d = f.constructs.filter_by_ncvar('time', 'lat')
```

## Regridding

## Regridding in spherical polar coordinates:

Regrid observational data to that of the model data using bilinear interpolation:

```
>>> obs_regrid = obs.regrids(model, method='linear')
```

Regrid observational data to that of the model data conservatively:

```
>>> obs_regrid = obs.regrids(model, method='conservative')
```

Regrid observational data onto two-dimensional dimension coordinates latitude and longitude using bilinear interpolation:

```
>>> import numpy
>>> lat = cf.DimensionCoordinate(
... data=cf.Data(numpy.arange(-90, 92.5, 2.5), "degrees_north")
>>> lon = cf.DimensionCoordinate(
... data=cf.Data(numpy.arange(0, 360, 5.0), "degrees_east")
>>> obs_regrid = obs.regrids([lat, lon], method="linear")
```

## Regridding in cartesian coordinates:

Regrid the time axis 'T' of observational data with the linear method onto the grid specified in the dimension coordinate time:

```
>>> time = cf.DimensionCoordinate()
>>> time.standard_name='time'
>>> time.set_data(
... cf.Data(numpy.arange(0.5, 60, 1),
   units="days since 1860-01-01", calendar="360_day")
>>> obs_regrid = obs.regridc([time], axes="T", method="linear")
```

## MORE RESOURCES:

API reference **Tutorial** 

Recipes

**GitHub**