

ACO Based Optimization Systems for TSPs

Use programming tools to develop an ACO optimization system for the traveling salesman problem. Particularly, you are asked to implement ACS.

Conduct necessary system requirement analysis before implementing your system: to design your data structure and user interfaces for solving the TSP. You are given a library (.dll) and a set of TSP benchmarks. The lab class will instruct you how to use the library to take advantages of accessing and displaying a TSP benchmark. Your system should have basic yet friendly user interfaces for benchmark selections, ACO parameter settings, and stopping condition settings, etc.

You may follow the assignment structure of the GA solver to implement your ACO system. For example, you can design a GenericACO solver and an ACS system to derive it.

In your project video demo, run the benchmark taiwan50 and att48.

Travelling Salesman Problems:

A travelling salesman need to visit n cities and exactly once for each. The planar Cartesian coordinates of the cities are given and the Euclidean distances between cities can be computed accordingly. A TSP is therefore, to find a sequence of city visiting that has the shortest length (including the distance from the lastly routed city back to the first one).

n : number of cities,

(x_i, y_i) : Cartesian coordinates of city i ; $i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$

$d_{i,j}$: distance from city i to city j ;

$$d_{i,j} = \sqrt{(x_i - x_j)^2 + (y_i - y_j)^2}$$

$$\min f(\mathbf{z}) = d_{z_{n-1}, z_0} + \sum_{i=0}^{n-2} d_{z_i, z_{i+1}}, \text{ where}$$

$$\mathbf{z} = [z_0, z_1, \dots, z_{n-1}], z_k \in \{0, 1, \dots, n-1\}, z_k \neq z_{k'}$$

The benchmarks for TSP are in extended file name “tsp”. Sample file:

NAME : att48	TSP Title
COMMENT : 48 capitals of the US	Comments
TYPE : TSP	TSP type (must be TSP)
DIMENSION : 48	Number of Objects (here city number n)
EDGE_WEIGHT_TYPE : ATT	From-to matrix type
NODE_COORD_SECTION	Coordinates of Nodes (here cities)
1 6734 1453	Node 1 ID, x coordinate (x_0), y coordinate (y_0)
2 2233 10	Node 2 ID, x coordinate (x_1), y coordinate (y_1)
:	:
:	:
48 3023 1942	Node n ID, x coordinate (x_{n-1}), y coordinate (y_{n-1})
EOF	End of File token

The optimal solutions to TSP benchmarks are in extended file name “opt.tour”. Note that the node IDs start from 1 to n ; you must convert them to $0 \sim n-1$. Sample file:

NAME : att48	TSP Title
NAME : att48.opt.tour	File Name
COMMENT : Optimum solution for att48	Comments
TYPE : TOUR	Solution type (must be TOUR)
DIMENSION : 48	Number of Objects (here city number n)
TOUR_SECTION	Section for optimal route
1	Node ID at the 1 st place of the sequence
8	Node ID at the 2 nd place of the sequence
:	:
:	:
38	Node ID at the last place of the sequence
-1	Termination flag
EOF	End of File token

Wiki: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Travelling_salesman_problem

TSPLIB: <http://comopt.ifl.uni-heidelberg.de/software/TSPLIB95/>

Sample class

AntColonyOptimizationSolver

類別

欄位

- deterministicPercentage
- dropMultiplier
- dropPheromone
- evaporationRate
- getHeuristicValue
- getObjectiveValue
- heuristicFactor
- heuristicValues
- indicesOfAnts
- indicesOfVariables
- initialPheromone
- iterationAverage
- iterationBestObjective
- iterationCount
- iterationLimit
- numberOfAnts
- numberOfVariables
- objectiveValues
- optimizationType
- pheromone
- pheromoneDropMode
- pheromoneFactor
- probabilities
- randomizer
- soFarTheBestObjective
- soFarTheBestSolution
- solutions
- squarePheromone

屬性

- DeterministicPercentage
- DropMultiplier
- EvaporationRate
- HeuristicFactor
- InitialPheromone
- IterationAverage
- IterationBestObjective
- IterationCount
- IterationLimit
- Pheromone
- PheromoneDropAmount
- PheromoneDropMode
- PheromoneFactor
- PopulationSize
- SoFarTheBestObjective
- SoFarTheBestSolution
- Solutions

方法

- AntColonyOptimizationSolver
- antsConstructSolutions
- computeObjectiveValues
- executeOneIteration
- executeToEnd
- reset
- terminationConditionMet
- updatePheromone