

OFFICE OF COMMUNICATIONS AND EDUCATION

PDQ XML Specification Document

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1. INTRODUCTION

The National Cancer Institute is distributing the PDQ[®] (Physician Data Query) information in XML format since October 2002. *Table 1* summarizes the files that are currently provided to distribution partners.

Sample records for all of the XML file types are listed in the appendix.

Table 1: PDQ XML Directory Names		
PDQ XML Directory	Data Description	
Summary	Contains cancer information summaries in the following categories: Treatment, Screening/Detection, Prevention, Supportive and Palliative Care, Genetics, and Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM). Most of these summaries (with the exception of Genetics summaries) are provided in two formats. The Health Professional format contains detailed, technical information, and includes links to relevant citations; the Patient format contains information obtained from the Heath Professional version, but written at a less technical, lay level, and contains links to glossary terms. Both types of summaries include images and figures.	
CTRP/CTGovProtocol	Contains data directly imported from the NCI Clinical Trials Reporting Program (CTRP) and contains only abstracts of cancer clinical trial protocols supported directly by NCI. The protocol abstracts include study objectives, protocol entry criteria, and outlines of treatment regimens. The data includes protocols that are actively recruiting patients, as well as those that are not yet recruiting. Active protocols contain information on sites participating in the trial. Trials closed to accrual are not included.	
Organization	Contains records of organizations linked to other information in PDQ.	
Terminology	Contains the names, synonyms, and interrelationships of the terms used to index information in the PDQ system.	
GlossaryTerm	Contains terms that are part of NCI's Dictionary of Cancer Terms or NCI's Dictionary of Genetics Terms and includes definitions, and may include images and pronunciation audio	
GeneticsProfessional	Contains information about genetics professionals who provide services related to cancer genetics, including cancer risk assessment, genetic counseling, genetic susceptibility testing, and others. This information "powers" the Cancer Genetics Professionals Directory on NCI's Cancer.gov Web site.	
Country and PoliticalSubUnit	Contains records for geographic regions used for searching portions of PDQ, the directory contains the name, unique identifier, and synonyms for cities, states, zip codes, and countries.	
Multimedia	Contains files for graphics, illustrations, sound, etc.	
DrugInfoSummary	Contains cancer drug information summaries from NCI. The summaries provide consumer-friendly information about cancer drugs and drug combinations.	

Please note the following display guidelines:

- 1) Organization records are only provided to supplement the information in Clinical trials and should not be used to create a directory of organizations.
- 2) Records in the Terminology and Country/Political Subunit files are included for linking to other documents, and do not need to be displayed.

2. DISTRIBUTION

The PDQ XML files are being distributed via SFTP over the Internet.

New dissimination partners will receive a username and password from the National Cancer Institute (NCI). One username will be provided to each organization. There will be a primary contact responsible for maintaining this account and changing passwords when these expire. The account can be maintained and password reset using the NIH selve-service password station at https://password.nci.nih.gov/AIMS/PS/default.aspx.

The data will be available on the NCI FTP server *CANCERINFO.NCI.NIH.GOV*, under the directory /pub/pdq/full. This directory will contain one directory for each document type listed in *Table 1*. Each of these directories will contain a number of files, each representing the document type indicated by the directory name. The files will be named according to their internal document ID number and each will be a valid XML document according to the DTD provided. The document ID numbers across all of the directories will be unique.

For example:

The *CTGovProtocol* directory may contain the following files: CDR111.xml, CDR115.xml, CDR119.xml, CDR293.xml, ...

while the Person directory contains the files: CDR112.xml, CDR114.xml, CDR120.xml, CDR189.xml, ...

and the Summary directory contains the files: CDR113.xml, CDR116.xml, CDR117.xml, CDR118.xml, CDR121.xml, ...

Content partners will be able to download all of these files individually (compressed or uncompressed), download some of these files (uncompressed), or copy the entire contents of a directory as a compressed TAR file.

Please note that the multimedia files provided will be stored as binary files with a *.mp3, *.gif or *.jpg extension instead of being provided as a valid XML document.

In addition to the data directories and the TAR files we're providing a few auxiliary files which can help identifying changes to the set of documents. The *changes*-files (i.e. Summary.YYYYWW with YYYYWW indicating the year and week that the data had been created) identifies all modified documents for a given document type since the last update. The content of the files lists the document name and the identifier of the change (added, modified, or removed). As an example, you might see the content of a file like:

... 111.xml:added

4

```
115.xml:added
119.xml:modified
293.xml:modified
323.xml:removed
```

In addition we're providing the two files *Summary.en* and *Summary.es* both listing the summary files which are written in Englisch (EN) or Spanish (ES) and a file called *YYYYWW.changes* with a count of all changes/additions/deletions for the current update cycle.

3. GENERAL DATA FORMAT

PDQ data is distributed in XML (Extensible Markup Language) format. Wikipedia defines **XML** (**Extensible Markup Language**) as "a set of rules for encoding documents electronically. It is defined in the <u>XML 1.0 Specification</u> produced by the <u>W3C</u> and several other related specifications; all are fee-free <u>open standards</u>". XML is a document description language that describes the structure of documents. PDQ data is accompanied by a Document Type Definition (DTD), a formal definition, of all elements in a document type (file). DTDs are used to validate each document, assuring data integrity and accurate record structure.

XML describes document structures with markup language. An XML document can either be well-formed or well-formed and valid. Valid XML documents must conform to XML specifications and an associated DTD. NCI will be distributing valid XML documents and a DTD for each document type (file).

XML documents include several components:

An XML processing instruction that identifies the version of XML being used, the way it is encoded, and whether it references other files:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
```

A document type declaration typically contains the formal markup declarations in its internal subset, or references an external file containing the relevant markup declarations (DTD). The specification of a (internal or external) DTD is optional. However, the name specified in the DOCTYPE declaration must match the root element of the document:

```
<!DOCTYPE Country>
```

A fully-tagged (Country) document as provided by the NCI, including a root element and all other markup nested within the root element would look like this:

<PostalCodePosition>after PoliticalSubUnit_State

For more information on XML, please review the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) specification for XML:

Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fifth Edition) W3C Recommendation 26 November 2008.

http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/

4. COMMON ELEMENTS

PDQ XML documents may contain common elements, defined at the beginning of the DTD. These elements describe common data structures such as a paragraph, a person, or organization location. *Table 2* summarizes the common top-level elements. *Table 3* summarizes inline paragraph markup.

Table 2: Common Data Elements		
PDQ XML DTD	Comments	
Section		
Title	Defined by %TitleData entity	
AltTitle	Defined by %TitleData entity	
KeyPoint	Defined by %ParaElements entity	
Para	Defined by %ParaElements entity	
LiteralLayout	Defined by %ParaElements entity	
Table		
Title	Defined by %TitleData entity	
TitleAbbrev	Defined by %TitleData entity	
Tgroup	See DTD	
ItemizedList		
ListTitle	Defined by %TitleData entity	
ListItem	Defined by %TextElements entity	
OrderedList		
ListTitle	Defined by %TitleData entity	
ListItem	Defined by %TextElements entity	
QandASet		
MarkedUpTitle	Defined by %TitleData entity	
QandADiv	See DTD	
QandAEntry	See DTD	
Contact		
ContactName	PCDATA	
ContactDetail	Defined by %Location entity	
Section	See above	

Table 2: Common Data Elements		
PDQ XML DTD	Comments	
Diagnosis		
SpecificDiagnosis	PCDATA	
DiagnosisParent	PCDATA	
PostalAddress		
Street	PCDATA	
City	PCDATA	
CitySuffix	PCDATA	
PoliticalSubUnitName	PCDATA	
CountryName	PCDATA	
PostalCode ZIP	PCDATA	
PostalCodePosition	PCDATA	
PersonNameInformation		
GivenName	PCDATA	
MiddleInitial	PCDATA	
SurName	PCDATA	
Prefix	PCDATA	
GenerationSuffix	PCDATA	
ProfessionalSuffix	PCDATA	
NameFormat	PCDATA	
Phone	PCDATA	
TollFreePhone	PCDATA	
Email	PCDATA	
WebSite	PCDATA	
MainTopics	T GET CITY	
TermRef	PCDATA	
SecondaryTopics	T OSTATIVE	
TermRef	PCDATA	
ReferenceSection	1 05/11/1	
Citation	Defined by %ParaElements entity	
PrivatePracticeLocation	Defined by %Location entity	
PersonRole	PCDATA	
PersonTitle	PCDATA	
DateLastVerified	PCDATA	
DateLastModified	PCDATA	
DateFirstPublished	PCDATA	
Professional Disclaimer	Defined by %TextSectionElement entity	
PatientDisclaimer	Defined by %TextSectionElement entity	
MediaLink	Defined by %TextSectionElement entity	
Caption	Defined by %TextSectionElement entity	
MediaRef	Defined by %TextSectionElement entity	
Mediarter	Donned by 70 ToxtoechonLienterit entity	

Table 3: Recommended Display of	f Inline Markup in CDR Documents
Tag	Rendering

Table 3: Recommended Display of Inline Markup in CDR Documents		
Tag	Rendering	
Emphasis	Italics	
Strong	Bold	
Superscript	T ¹	
Subscript	T ₂	
TT	Fixed space font with preserved	
	linebreaks	
GeneName	Italics	
ScientificName	Italics	
DrugName	No special formatting	
ForeignWord	Italics	
Reference	<u>Underlined and linked to the References</u>	
	<u>section</u> (e.g. [1])	
SummaryRef	<u>Underline</u>	
ProtocolRef	<u>Underline</u>	
GlossaryTermRef	<u>Underline</u>	
LOERef	<u>Underline</u>	
ExternalRef	<u>Underline</u>	
DrugRef	<u>Underline</u>	
Contact (in text)	Indented as follows:	
	National Cancer Institute	
	Office of Communications	
	31 Center Drive, MSC 2580	
ItemizedList	Bethesda, MD 20892-2580	
	Display depends on the attribute values:	
Compact = No	If Compact=No exists, include an additional line break between list items	
Style = simple	No visual character/graphic before each	
Otyle – Simple	ListItem	
Style = bullet	Bullets before each ListItem:	
Otyle = buildt	XYZ	
Style = dash	Dashes before each ListItem:	
Otyle = ddoll	- ABC	
	- EFG	
ListTitle	Italics	
OrderedList	Display depends on the attribute values:	
Compact = No	If Compact=No exists, include an	
	additional line break between list items	
Style = Arabic	1. xxx	
•	2. yyy	
Style = Ualpha	A. This is a test	
,	B. This is not a test	
Style = Lalpha	a. John Doe	
•	b. Joe Smith	
Style = Uroman	I. Albert Einstein	
•	II. Galileo Galilei	
Style = Lroman	i. James Bond	
•	ii. Austin Power	

Table 3: Recommended Display of Inline Markup in CDR Documents	
Tag	Rendering
ListTitle Italics	

5. GUIDE FOR PDQ XML ELEMENTS BY DOCUMENT TYPE

Summary

The PDQ cancer information summaries are peer-reviewed, evidence-based summaries on topics including adult and pediatric cancer treatment, supportive and palliative care, screening, prevention, genetics, and complementary and alternative medicine. Most of the summaries are available in two different formats:

- Health Professional versions provide detailed information written in technical language and are fully referenced with links to PubMed abstracts.
- Patient versions are written in lay language and include links to the NCI Dictionary of Cancer Terms. Many patient summaries also include illustrations.

Some of the summaries are also available in Spanish. For more information, please see http://www.cancer.gov/types.

Dissemination partners have the ability to categorize the summaries by type and by audience using the *SummaryType* and *SummaryAudience* data elements. For example, all treatment summaries will have a *SummaryType* value of *Treatment* and a *SummaryAudience* value of *Health professionals* or *Patient*. Each summary will also include links to terminology.

In addition, the *SummarySection* element identifies subsections of a summary. The *SectionMetaData* element provides information about the section, such as the types of information included in the section, e.g., prognosis; as well as the type of cancer.

Table 4 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Summary DTD.

Table 4: Summary Data Elements		
PDQ XML DTD	Comments	
SummaryMetaData	Metadata about the summary to support search	
	andretrieval, as well as categorization of summaries.	
SummaryType	Treatment, Supportive Care, Screening, Prevention, and	
	Genetics, Complementary and alternative medicine.	
SummaryAudience	Patient summaries have a SummaryAudience value of	
	Patients; Health Professional summaries have a	
	SummaryAudience value of <i>Health professionals</i> . ¹	
SummaryLanguage	Values for the SummaryLanguage element are English	
	and Spanish.	
SummaryDescription	This element is mainly NCI use on its Web site	
SummaryURL	This elementcontains the URL for the summary on NCI's	
	Cancer.gov Web site. Partners may want to use this to	
	link to the NCI Web site to ensure that their users always	
	have access to the most current version of the	

¹ At present, patient summaries are not available for Genetics

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Table 4: Summary Data Elements		
PDQ XML DTD	Comments	
	summary	
MainTopics (L) ²	This element contains optional multiply occurring TermRef elements that describe the main topics of the summary	
TermRef	This element includes the ID and the term name from the PDQ Terminology records. For treatment summaries, the type of cancer term is included in this element.	
SecondaryTopics (L)	This element identifies any additional topics that the summary may be related to	
TermRef	This element includes the ID and the term name from the PDQ Terminology records. Like the Main Topic element, the text content is derived from the preferred name of the Term record	
SummaryTitle		
AltTitle	Alternate title with attributes <i>TitleType</i> and valid values <i>Short</i> and <i>Display</i> .	
SummarySection	Each summary can have many sections and subsections.	
SectionMetadata	Information about the section, such as the types of information included in the section, e.g, prognosis, as well as the type of cancer is included in this set of elements.	
SpecificDiagnosis (L)	The text content of this element names the specific cancer or cancer-related condition that is discussed in the section. For example, the Treatment for Stage I Breast cancer section of the Breast cancer treatment summary will contain the term "stage I breast cancer'. Metadata can be useful to enhance search and organization of content. The term used here is also from the PDQ terminology file and the Ref attribute can be used to obtain more information from the Terminology file.	
SectionType	The data in this element identifies the kind of information provided in the section. Treatment summaries consistently use SectionType metadata. Values for this element include "Treatment options by stage", "Treatment options for recurrent cancer", "Current clinical trials"	
Title	Section title	
AltTitle	Alternate title. New attribute <i>TitleType</i> with valid values of <i>Short</i> and <i>Display</i> .	

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² Elements followed by an (L) are linked elements. These elements will have an *id* Attribute that allows partners to obtain detailed information from linked source documents.

Table 4: Summary Data Elements		
PDQ XML DTD	Comments	
KeyPoint	Data element summarizing key points made in the	
	section. Preferably display in a key points box.	
SummarySection	Subsections may be recursively nested.	
ReferenceSection	This element contains one or more citations that are referenced in the text. Citations may be to records in the National Library of Medicine's PUBMED database or to records in the Protocol or CTGOV file, or to Web sites and Web pages. The citations are formatted using a standard style derived from the American Medical Association Style Guide. Citations are typically used in health professional summaries only. There is one ReferenceSection for each top-level SummarySection. Attributes include PMID (PubMed ID), MEDLINEID, and ProtocolID to facilitate linking to PubMed for abstracts, and to PDQ protocols for protocol abstracts.	
Citation		
TranslationOf	The element will link to the original version of the translated summary; used only for Spanish summaries	
ReplacementFor	The element, if present, links to the document ID of the document that had been replaced by earlier updates. Multiple occurrences of replacements will be concatenated and space separated. The element has been deprecated.	
PatientVersionOf	This element provides a link to the health professional version of the summary	
DateLastModified	Date the summary had editorial changes made	
DateFirstPublished	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ProfessionalDisclaimer	For health professional summaries only	

In addition to structured data elements, cancer information summaries will be progressively enhanced with semantic and formatting markup in text sections. This markup can be used to format display formatting and to enhance search and retrieval. See *Table 3* for inline markup recommendations. (These inline markup elements may be used in other CDR document types also, for example Protocol abstracts)

SummaryRef and SummaryLink: Summaries may contain references to subsections within the summary or to other summaries, using the *SummaryRef* and *SummaryLink* elements. These need to be displayed as clickable links to the summaries in a Web display. The *href* and *ref* attributes can be used to create links between summaries. The *SummaryRef* element also contains an attribute named *url* that contains the path of a referenced summary on the National Cancer Institute's website which may also be used to create a link pointing to the document on the NCI website.

For example given the following SummaryRef element

<SummaryRef href="CDR0000062697#_176"
url="/cancertopics/pdq/treatment/adultbrain/Patient">
Description</SummaryRef>

the following link pointing to the patient version of the NCI's adult brain tumors summary can be created.

http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/pdq/treatment/adultbrain/Patient# 176

GlossaryRef: Summaries may also contain links to the GlossaryTerm file using *GlossaryRef* elements. It is recommended that these be shown as clickable links that provide the user with a definition of the term.

MediaLink and **MediaRef** elements should be replaced with the referred media document.

LOERef: The PDQ Editorial Boards that maintain the health professional summaries use a formal ranking system of levels of evidence to help the reader judge the strength of evidence linked to the results being discussed in the summary. These are represented in the text within the *LOERef* element. The Attribute on this element allows links to terms in the GlossaryTerm file. These terms have a definition with a "health professional" attribute and are not appropriate for inclusion in a dictionary for lay audiences.

CTGovProtocol

The National Cancer Institute (NCI) is enhancing PDQ with cancer clinical trials from ClinicalTrials.gov, a database maintained by the National Library of Medicine (NLM).

The large number of cancer clinical trials in the ClinicalTrials.gov database are provided by NCI and represent the trials in PDQ. However, ClinicalTrials.gov receives information on a number of trials sponsored by industry that are not listed in PDQ. Under the FDA Modernization Act of 1997, information about Phase II and Phase III trials that are conducted under an Investigational New Drug (IND) application and that evaluate treatments for serious or life-threatening conditions must be submitted to ClinicalTrials.gov. While trials conducted by pharmaceutical and biotech companies and other research organizations must be submitted to ClinicalTrials.gov, listing of these trials in PDQ is optional. Under a collaborative project, NLM is supplying information about industry-sponsored trials to NCI for use in PDQ. This project reflects the commitment of NCI and NLM to provide users of PDQ and ClinicalTrials.gov with closely matched sets of trials in both systems.

The document type, "CTGovProtocol," contains data directly imported from ClinicalTrials.gov. The documents are enhanced with PDQ-specific indexing to facilitate integration into a search and retrieval system. These documents contain links to other PDQ information, specifically terminology, person, and organization documents.

The following table provides a description of the data elements in the DTD. Data is provided as is from ClinicalTrials.gov data for most elements. The elements where NCI makes changes to the data provided are clearly identified in the table below. In addition, elements added by NCI are also identified.

Table 6: CTGovProtocol Data Elements	
CTGovProtocol	Description
Element	
RequiredHeader	NLM required data element with link to record in ClinicalTrials.gov

Table 6: CTGovProtocol Data Elements		
CTGovProtocol Element	Description	
	(CTGov); Provided as is from CTGov.	
IDInfo	Primary, Secondary, and NCT IDs (unique identifier in NLM's database); Provided as is from CTGov.	
BriefTitle	Short title – intended for patients and lay persons; Provided as is from CTGov.	
OfficialTitle	Provided as is from CTGov.	
Sponsors	Contains subelements that identify the Lead sponsor and the Collaborators. Names in the Lead Sponsor and Collaborator elements are matched against PDQ Organizations and Persons and Ref attributes are provided where organizations and persons exist in PDQ. To ensure data consistency with other PDQ documents, names are denormalized from these links. In addition, NCI provides PDQSponsorship, since the definition of Sponsorship in PDQ is different from NLM's definition. This will facilitate search and retrieval across PDQ Protocol and CTGovProtocol document types.	
BriefSummary	Brief summary of the purpose of the trial often written for lay audiences. NCI adds Para and ItemizedList elements to facilitate formatting. Unlike PDQ trials, there will be no links to the CancerGov Dictionary (Glossary) in these trials.	
DetailedDescription	Optional element that contains greater detail regarding the trial. NCI adds Para and ItemizedList elements to facilitate formatting.	
CTEntryCriteria	Textual description of inclusion and exclusion criteria for the trial. NCI adds Para and ItemizedList elements to facilitate formatting. The text is not structured the same way as PDQ Protocols	
CTGovDisclaimer	Standard disclaimer for CTGov protocols. Added by NCI.	
CurrentProtocolStatus	Overall Status of the Protocol where CTGov values are mapped to corresponding values in PDQ.	
StartDate	Date accrual starts	
EndDate	Projected or Actual Accrual end date	
ProtocolPhase	Phase of the trial. CTGov values are mapped to corresponding PDQ values	
ProtocolDetail	NCI enhances CTGov protocols with PDQ –specific indexing. The subelements and the links to terminology are exactly the same as in the PDQ Protocol data.	
Eligibility	NCI enhances CTGov protocols with PDQ-specific indexing. The subelements and links to terminology are exactly the same as in the PDQ Protocol Data.	
Location	Contact information for protocol sites. Organization and person names are matched against PDQ Organizations and Persons and Ref attributes are provided where organizations and persons exist in PDQ. To ensure data consistency with other PDQ documents, names are denormalized from these links. In many cases, no site specific contact information may be provided by ClinicalTrials.gov	
VerificationDate	Provided by ClinicalTrials.gov as date the trial was last verified	
LastChangedDate	Provided by ClinicalTrials.gov as date information on the trial was modified.	

Organization

The PDQ XML data includes organization records linked to other information in PDQ but this information is not maintained anymore.

Table 7 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Organization DTD.

Table 7: Organization Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
OrganizationNameInformation	
OfficialName	
Name	
ShortName	
Name	
AlternateName	
FormerName	Optional element containing a display name that had been used in the past for the organization
OrganizationParent	Ref attribute is the unique identifier for parent
IncludeInDirectory	Organizations that have this element can be used in a directory.
OrganizationLocations	
OrganizationLocation ³	
Location	
OrganizationAffiliations	
ResearchBaseFor	Reflects relationship between organization and NCI-supported Community Clinical Oncology Programs (CCOPs)
MemberOfProfessionalOrganization	Affiliations with organizations such as AACI, ACS, ACCCC
MemberofCooperativeGroup	Affiliation with Cooperative groups
MemberOfCCOP	Affiliation with NCI's Community Clinical Oncology Program
OrganizationType	Reorganized values. Deleted values = active, screening, supportive
PreferredProtocolOrganization	Data element indicating an organization record used on protocols
DateFirstPublished	
DateLastModified	

³ Attributes IncludeParentName (Yes) and OrderParentNameFirst (Yes) are to assist partners in building address information.

Terminology

The XML Terminology file contains one logical record for each term. The file includes terms for drugs, drug combinations, diagnoses, cancer stages and cellular types, therapy modalities, and genetic conditions. The Type field has been replaced with the SemanticType element that better describes the term semantically. Semantic types are defined for PDQ and are provided to dissimination partners. The component drugs is subsumed by the TermRelationship element, where the combination terms have the specific drugs in the *RelatedTermName* element with the *RelatedTermType* value of *Has component*.

For example the record for *cyclophosphamide/doxorubicin/fluorouracil* will have *doxorubicin*, *cyclophosphamide*, and *fluorouracil* listed as related terms, with the RelatedTermType of "Has component".

A terminology record may also contain a *MenuInformation* element. This information could be used for dynamically generating menus and is intended to improve indexing and searching and retrieval. These menus will be used for NCl's Cancer.gov Website and dissimination partners may choose to use them for a similar purpose. Initially all the menu information will be related to search and retrieval of clinical trials.

Table 9 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Terminology DTD.

Table 9: Terminology Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
PreferredName	
OtherName	Combines SNAM and SYN; provides additional semantic detail
OtherTermName	
OtherNameType	Defines the type of OtherName. Valid values include Acronym, Synonym, Lexical variant, Abbreviation, Common usage, Related string, Foreign brand name, US brand name, Obsolete name, Spanish, Subtype, Broader
Definition	
DefinitionText	
DefinitionType	
TermTypeName	Indicates term usage in PDQ. Values include <i>Index term</i> (terms used to index data), <i>Header term, Protocol selection criteria, Semantic type, Obsolete term.</i>
SemanticType	Some old values in Type have been remapped. Table 9 lists all the Semantic Types used in PDQ.
TermRelationship	Wrapper for Parent and Related Terms (no child relationships)
ParentTerm	
ParentTermName	
ParentType	ISA
RelatedTerm	
RelatedTermName	

Table 9: Terminology Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
RelationshipType	Data element with values including Has component, Associated gene, Associated genetic condition, Related protocol selection criteria
RelatedWebsites	
MenuInformation	Optional element
Menultem	Wrapper element for MenyType, MenuParent, DisplayName.
MenuType	Values are one of Clinical Trials—CancerType, ClinicalTrials—Drug, or Cancer Information.
MenuParent	Link information to Term Menu parent. This may not always be the same as the TermParent. Element will not exist for top level menus, e.g. cancer.
DisplayName	Optional element. Use <i>PreferredName</i> for display if this element does not exist.
DateFirstPublished	
DateLastModified	

Table 10: Semantic Types	
PDQ XML Semantic Types	
Disease/diagnosis	
Cancer diagnosis	
Cancer stage	
Cancer grade	
Genetic condition	
Secondary related condition	
Intervention/procedure	
Therapeutic intervention/procedure	
Cancer therapy modality	
Supportive care modality	
Diagnostic test/procedure	
Preventative test/procedure	
Drug/Agent category	
Drug/Agent Drug/Agent	
Drug/Agent combination	
Gene	

Glossary

The XML Glossary file makes the Cancer.gov glossary/dictionary available in its entirety to licensees. The glossary/dictionary file can be used as a standalone file and a support file for glossary links in Summary and Protocol documents.

Licensees who wish to display a dictionary/glossary of cancer terms for lay audiences should only use those terms that do not have the attribute *Dictionary=*"Exclude" and should not pick up TermDefinitions with an attribute of *Audience=*"HealthProfessional".

Table 11 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Glossary/Dictionary DTD.

Table 11: Glossary Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
TermName	
TermPronunciation	
TermDefinition	
TermRef	
DefinitionText	Most glossary terms have definitions geared towards consumers (lay audiences). In addition, there may be some terms that have a definition for a health professional audience. Definitions with the attribute of "Audience = HealthProfessional" should not be displayed in a consumer-oriented dictionary.
Dictionary	
Audience	
MediaLink	Defined by <i>%TextSectionElement</i> entity
SpanishTermName	Initially, this element will not be available. Data may be available in the future.
SpanishTermDefinition	Initially, this element will not be available. Data may be available in the future.
DefinitionText	Most glossary terms have definitions geared towards consumers (lay audiences). In addition, there may be some terms that have a definition for a health professional audience. Definitions with the attribute of "Audience = HealthProfessional" should not be displayed in a consumer-oriented dictionary.
Dictionary	
Audience	
DateFirstPublished	
DateLastModified	
RelatedInformation RelatedExternalRef	Wrapper element for links to related information Link to an external Internet resource. The <i>UseWith</i> attribute specifies the language of the glossary term entry with which the resource is to be used. For example a link to a Web page in English may have <i>UseWith='en'</i> as an attribute value and the link would be presented with the English term definition.
RelatedSummaryRef	Link to an internal PDQ summary. The <i>UseWith</i> attribute specifies the language of the glossary term entry with which the summary is to be used. For example a link to a summary in English may have <i>UseWith='en'</i> as an attribute value and the link would be presented with the English term definition.

GeneticsProfessional

The NCI Cancer Genetics Services Directory is available as the *GeneticsProfessional* file to all distribution partners and has a different structure than the PDQ Directory of Organizations.

The NCI Cancer Genetics Services Directory is a directory of individuals who provide services related to cancer genetics (cancer risk assessment, genetic counseling, genetic susceptibility testing, and others). The directory lists professionals from disciplines such as genetic counseling, oncology, nursing, psychology, social work, and clinical genetics. Each person listed must:

- be licensed, certified, or eligible for board certification in his or her profession
- o have specific training in cancer genetics
- o be affiliated with an interdisciplinary team with substantial expertise in cancer genetics

The person must also be a member of one of the genetics professional organizations, and be willing to accept referrals.

Listing in the NCI Cancer Genetics Services Directory does not constitute an endorsement by the National Cancer Institute or the PDQ Editorial Board. Although the criteria for listing information in PDQ are carefully developed and reviewed, individual persons and organizations that fulfill those criteria are listed based on information they provide, without further verification.

Table 12 lists all the elements for the NCI Cancer Genetics Services Directory, with annotations where necessary.

Table 12: NCI Cancer Genetics Services	
Directory Data Elements	
PDQ XML Data Elements	Comments
ID	Unique identifier for genetics
	professionals
NAME	
SNAME	Short Name
FIRSTNAME	
LASTNAME	
SUFFIX	
DEGREE	
PRACTICELOCATIONS	Locations where the person practices
INSTITUTION	
CADD	Street Address
CCIT	City
CPUN	Political Unit
CCOD	Postal Code/Zip
CCTY	Country
CPHN	Phone
CEML	Email
TYPE	
SPECIALTY	Genetics/Medical Specialty
SPECIALTYNAME	

Table 12: NCI Cancer Genetics Services Directory Data Elements	
PDQ XML Data Elements	Comments
BDCT	Board Certification
TEAMSERVICES	Services provided by the interdisciplinary team
GENETICSERVICES	Genetic conditions and associated cancers that the providers specialize in. Used for searching by syndrome and cancer site.
FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME	
CANCERTYPE	
CANCERSITE	
MEMBERSHIP	Membership in professional organizations
INSTITUTION	
NOTES	

Country and Political Subunit Files

The Country and Political Subunit files contain records for all cities, states, countries and zip codes indexed on information in PDQ.

Country

Table 13 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Country DTD.

Table 13: Country Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
Country	
CountryFullName	
CountryShortName	
CountryAlternateName	
Continent	
PostalCodePosition	Identifies where the postal code needs to be placed
	for the country
DateFirstPublished	
DateLastModified	

PoliticalSubUnit

Table 14 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Political Subunit.

Table 14: Political Subunit Data Elements	
---	--

PDQ XML DTD	Comments
PoliticalSubUnitFullName	
PoliticalSubUnitShortName	
PoliticalSubUnitAlternateName	
CountryName	
DateFirstPublished	
DateLastModified	

Multimedia

PDQ[®] is enhancing its content with multimedia (graphics, illustrations, audio etc). PDQ[®] documents, specifically summaries and glossary terms, include images such as anatomic illustrations, pictures of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, diagrams, photographs, Xray photos, etc. and audio for the pronunciation of glossary terms. Eventually, PDQ may also include other types of multimedia such as video clips but publication of other types of multimedia is a future task, not described at this time.

Three types of information will be published:

- Media image files
 Images will be published as GIF or JPEG/JFIF encoded files.
- Media audio (pronunciation) files
 Audio files will be published as MP3 encoded files.
- Links from XML to media files. Some documents will contain XML elements that refer to the Media file images.

These are described below.

Media Files

Images and audio are published as free standing binary files, in GIF, JPEG/JFIF, or MP3 encoded format.

Each media file is named with a unique file name consisting of a CDR document ID and a file type extension. The format of the name is:

CDRnnnnnnnnnn.jpg

or

CDRnnnnnnnnnn.gif

or

CDRnnnnnnnnnn.mp3

where "nnnnnnnnn" is a 10 digit number, zero filled on the left, for example:

CDR0000012345.jpg

CDR0000386420.gif CDR0000645789.mp3

New images produced for use in PDQ publications will often be produced in files with relatively large, high quality formats – the best quality JPEG or GIF format. The pixel dimensions of these images may be too large for inclusion in a Web page, and the file sizes may be too large for fast retrieval by users with slow connections to the Web.

These images are produced and distributed to licencees in these large, high-quality formats so that they may be used for other purposes besides Web display, and may be easily re-used to make derivations. For example, the NCI Web site, where PDQ® information is presented to users will down-size (reduce the width and height), down-sample (reduce the number of pixels per inch), and compress (reduce the number of bytes required to encode the image) the images for display on our Web site.

Our partners can use any number of commercial or open source software applications to perform resizing/sampling/compression – either with individual images or in batches. It is expected that partners will not make other modifications to these images if they are being used in PDQ® content.

XML Links to Images

Links from an XML document to an image are made using a *MediaLink* element. MediaLink is a "*TextElement*", defined in the common data elements included in all document types. It can appear anywhere that a TextElement can appear, in any document type. Currently, MediaLinks are included in Summary and GlossaryTerm document types. There are no plans at this time to include them in other document types, but our document type definition permits them to appear anywhere and it is possible that some other existing document types, or future document types, may include them.

The media element structures are described in the following table.

Table 15: Media Data Elements	
PDQ XML DTD	Comments
MediaLink	Link to a media file.
ref attribute	Required reference to the image object. The reference is a CDR ID, without a trailing ".jpg", ".gif", or ".mp3" extension. Example: ref="CDR0000387201"
type attribute	Optional mime type of the document content. Values are "audio/mpeg", "image/jpeg", or "image/gif".
alt attribute	Required alternative text, used in constructing HTML alt attributes.
inline attribute	Optional indication that an image is to be displayed

	as inline text. Might be used in some very
	exceptional case where a symbol must be inserted
	into text as if it were a character, but no Unicode
	character is available for it.
	Values are "Yes" or "No", with a default of "No" if no
	"inline" attribute is present.
MinWidth attribute	Optional number of pixels below which an image
	should not be reduced in size. This is used to tell an
	application that if the image is made smaller than
	this, it will lose too much information to be usable.
	There is no default MinWidth.
Language attribute	Optional attribute indicating the spoken language of
Language aunibute	and audio file or the language of any text that
	appears superimposed on (embedded in) the image.
	Valid values are ISO 2 or 3 letter language codes,
	such as "en", "es", "fr", etc. If there is more than one
	language in an image, multiple codes may be
	specified with space separators.
	The default language for an image if no language
	attribute is present is the language of the XML
	document in which the MediaLink appears. In an
	English document, the default language for images is
	"en". In a Spanish document, the default is "es". A
	non-default may be used if the CDR author believes
	it is important to indicate that the language in an
	image is different from the language of the
	document. This should rarely occur, if ever.
Size attribute	Optional suggestion on how to size an image.
	The NCI Web site is using this attribute as follows:
	size = 'full' = 571 pixels
	size = 'three-quarters' = 429
	size = 'half' = 280 pixels
	size = 'third' = 183 pixels
	Other possible sizes, much less likely to be used, are
	'quarter', 'fifth' and 'sixth' – all to be sized
	correspondingly smaller.
	The last valid value is 'as-is', suggesting that no re-
	sizing be done.
	The ideal size for display in a Web page, or
	anywhere else, will vary from application to
	application. The size attribute may only be of use to
	NCI's Web site However, licensees may also be
	able to use this for display purposes in their
	implementations of PDQ.

	There is no default size.	
Thumb attribute	Optional suggestion that the image be displayed as a "thumbnail" linked to a larger image via a clickable hyperlink.	
	Values are "Yes" or "No", with a default of "No" if no "thumb" attribute is present.	
id attribute	Optional target identifier for internal hyperlinks from elsewhere in the document via a <i>MediaRef</i> element. An id attribute must always be unique within a document.	
	There is no default id.	
Caption subelement	Optional caption describing an image. The caption is intended for display with, e.g., below, the image. It is a TextElement that may contain other TextElements. For example, a Caption may contain a GeneName, a GlossaryTermLink, a DrugName, a superscript, etc.	
	Captions will be present on most, if not all images, but are not required and may not be needed in some circumstances.	
language attribute	Optional language of the Caption. It is like the language attribute for the MediaLink. The default value is like that of MediaLink, i.e., the	
	language of the enclosing document.	
MediaRef element	A reference from inside a document to a MediaLink element in the same document. This would typically be used if text in the document refers to an image, for example: "See <mediaref href="F3">Figure 3</mediaref> "	
	MediaRef is a TextElement that may appear	
	anywhere in a document.	
href attribute	Required reference to the "id" attribute of a MediaLink element in the same document.	

DrugInformationSummary

The PDQ Drug Information Summaries provide consumer-friendly information about cancer drugs and drug combinations.

Summaries for individual cancer drugs cover the uses of these drugs, research results, possible side effects, approval information, and ongoing clinical trials. The list includes brand and generic names for the drugs.

Summaries for cancer drug combinations are listed by abbreviation or common name and are shown in capital letters. Each summary gives a list of the drugs that make up the combination and explains what the combination is used for. It also has links to summaries for individual drugs in the combination.

Table 9 describes the data elements in the PDQ XML Terminology DTD.

Table 16: DrugInformationSummary Data Elements			
PDQ XML DTD	Comments		
DrugInfoMetaData	Contains elements and attributes that describe data		
	about the drug info summaries		
DrugInfoType	Valid values: Brief, Detailed		
	Note: Currently, there do not exist any 'Detailed'		
	drug information summaries.		
	Combination attribute 'Yes' to indicate a drug		
	combination summary		
DrugInfoAudience	Valid values: Patients, Health professionals		
	The element describes the intended audience for		
	drug information summaries. At this time, we only		
	have summaries with a value of 'Patients'.		
DrugInfoDescription	Text element for describing the purpose of the drug		
	information summary.		
	Sample text: This page contains brief information		
	about bevacizumab and a collection of links to more information about the use of this drug, research		
	results, and ongoing clinical trials.		
DrugInfoURL	Element that contains the link title for the url for use		
Dragimoork	on the Cancer.gov Web site, with the url as an		
	attribute.		
Manufacturers			
Manufacturer	Optional element to list manufacturer of drug. This		
	element links to an organization.		
	The element is currently not used.		
FDAApproved	Element for indicating FDA approval status of a drug		
	or a drug combination.		
	Valid values: Yes, No, Combination approved,		
TerminologyLink	Individual drugs approved Link to the drug record in the terminology file.		
GlossaryLink	Link to the drug record in the derminology file.		
USBrandNames	Ellik to the drug record in the glossary file.		
USBrandName	Element listing US Brand Names for drug.		
	This element is currently not used.		
Synonyms			
Synonym	This element is currently not used.		
PronunciationInfo			
TermPronunciation	Pronunciation text		
MediaLink	Pronunciation audio		

Table 16: DrugInformationSummary Data Elements			
PDQ XML DTD	Comments		
FDAExternalRef			
DrugInfoTitle	Title of the DIS.		
Section			
DrugInfoDisclaimer	Section elements Note telling user that the information is educational only and should be used in consultation with a health care professional.		
DateFirstPublished	Date the DIS is first published to Cancer.gov Web site. This date is system generated.		
DateLastModified	Date the DIS has changes made to it. This is a manually entered date.		

6. SUPPORT INFORMATION

For questions on the administrative aspects of the PDQ XML data change, please contact the NCI Content Dissemination Services by e-mail at:

ncicontentdissemination@nih.gov

or by phone at:

240-276-6640

If you have technical questions about the conversion process to XML, or questions related to accessing the data, please contact our technical staff at:

NCIPDQoperator@mail.nih.gov

Responses to all inquiries will generally be provided within 48 hours.

This document, along with the PDQ XML sample data and DTD, is available on the SFTP server:

cancerinfo.nci.nih.gov

under the directory /pub/pdq/full or /pub/pdq/docs

APPENDICES

Appendix A - Sample Document Transformation

The documentation directory *pub/pdq/docs* on the FTP server contains a sample PDQ summary along with a sample XSLT stylesheet along with the expected HTML output.

To run the example, you would want an XSL processor - a software component that implements the XSL standard. The stylesheet (*PDQ-summary.xsl*) is applied using your processor in order to convert the sample summary (*PDQ-summary.xml*) into the HTML document (*PDQ-summary.html*).

The provided stylesheet can be used to display the entire PDQ document, which is the default behavior, or just a single top-level section. You can apply the stylesheet by passing the argument *section=** for the entire document or *section=3*, for instance, to view the 3rd section only.

Alternatively, a web browser may be able to automatically apply the XSL transformation to the XML document on display with the following instruction added to the XML document:

<?xml-stylesheet href="PDQ-summary.xsl" type="text/xsl" ?>
You will need to remove this line from the XML document in order to see the
unprocessed XML input file.

Appendix B - Table Output Rendering Recommendations

The following recommendations are for all tables in all doctypes in all XSLT outputs.

This document has been modified to correct and amplify the description of how display of gridlines and frames for tables in PDQ documents should be handled. The specific changes include:

- Dropping of references to the presence of the ColSep attribute in the Row element (the ColSep attribute is not allowed for this element)
- Inclusion of instructions for handling ColSep and RowSep attributes in the ColSpec element
- Expansion of the documentation to describe in more explicit detail how the Frame, ColSep, and RowSep attributes interact with each other and how conflicting values of these attributes are resolved on elements at different levels of the table hierarchy.

Style Defaults

The following defaults should be used for outputs when no relevant attribute values are present.

Table Font

The font-size in a <Table> (all elements except the <Table><Title>) should be in a relatively smaller size (minus 1 or 2 points) than the font-size used for the text of the <Para> immediately preceding the <Table> (or used in the parent <SummarySection>element in a Summary document). Default to the same font-family as the preceding <Para> or the parent <SummarySection>.

Tfoot

Render in italics.

Vertical alignment should default to "Top"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Tfoot><Row><entry Valign= >.

Horizontal alignment should default to "Left"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Tfoot><Row><entry Align= >.

Thead

Render in boldface.

Vertical alignment should default to "Middle"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Thead><Row><entry Valign=>.

Horizontal alignment should default to "Center"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Thead><Row><entry Align=>.

Citation Links

Continue to number references in the sequence established within the parent <SummarySection> in a Summary document.

Glossary Links

Text should be underlined.

Title

Render in boldface. Font-size should be the same as the preceding <Para> or the parent <SummarySection> in a Summary document.

Table

Include one blank line after a table and before the next paragraph level element.

Tbody

Vertical alignment should default to "Top"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Tbody><Row><entry Valign= >. Horizontal alignment should default to "Left"; overridden by the presence of the attribute, <Tbody><Row><entry Align= >.

Left-justified text should be indented 5 pts. From the left gridline.

Other Formatting Considerations

Frame

All tables should be framed in a 1-point line; overridden by the <Table Frame= > attribute.

Gridlines

All entries should be bordered with 1-point gridlines; superceded by the Frame attribute; overridden by the ColSep and RowSep attributes as described below.

For all outer edges of a table, the decision whether to display the bordering gridline is determined by the value of the Frame attribute of the <Table> element. The possible values for Frame are:

- All [the default]
- Bottom
- Sides
- Top
- TopBot
- None

For each entry which is not at the rightmost edge of the table, the decision whether to display the gridline at the right edge of the entry's cell is determined as follows.

- o If the <entry> element itself has an explicit (non-empty) ColSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero ('0'), and displayed if the value is one ('1').
- Otherwise, if the <ColSpec> element corresponding to the rightmost column of the entry has an explicit ColSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- Otherwise, if the enclosing <Tgroup> element has an explicit ColSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- Otherwise, if the enclosing <Table> element has an explicit ColSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- If none of these elements has an explicit ColSep attribute, then the gridline is displayed.

For each entry which is not at the bottom edge of the table, the decision whether to display the gridline at the bottom edge of the entry's cell is determined as follows.

- o If the <entry> element itself has an explicit (non-empty) RowSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero ('0'), and displayed if the value is one ('1').
- o Otherwise, if the <Row> element corresponding to the lowest row of the entry has an explicit RowSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- o Otherwise, if the <ColSpec> element corresponding to the rightmost column of the entry has an explicit RowSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- Otherwise, if the enclosing <Tgroup> element has an explicit RowSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- o Otherwise, if the enclosing <Table> element has an explicit RowSep attribute, then the gridline is suppressed if the value of the attribute is zero, and displayed if the value is one.
- o If none of these elements has an explicit RowSep attribute, then the gridline is displayed.

Column Spanning

An <entry> can span multiple columns. Use the NameSt= attribute to determine the leftmost column in the spanned columns; use the NameEnd= attribute to determine the rightmost column in the span. Spanned columns do not have internal gridlines.

Row Merging

An <entry> can be merged with other rows. Use MoreRows= attribute to determine how many more rows, in addition to the current row, this entry should occupy. Merged rows do not have internal gridlines.

Column Width

Use the <ColSpec ColWidth=> attribute to size columns appropriately. Typically, we will be using proportional sizing.

For example:

```
<ColSpec ColNum="1" ColName="col1" ColWidth="1*"/> <ColSpec ColNum="2" ColName="col2" ColWidth="2*"/>
```

Column #2 is twice the width of Column #1.

For example:

```
<ColSpec ColNum="1" ColName="col1" ColWidth="1*"/> <ColSpec ColNum="2" ColName="col2" ColWidth="3*"/>
```

<ColSpec ColNum="3" ColName="col3" ColWidth="2*"/>

Column #3 is twice as wide as Column #1; Column #2 is three times as wide as Column #1.

For example:

```
<ColSpec ColNum="1" ColName="col1" ColWidth="*"/> <ColSpec ColNum="2" ColName="col2" ColWidth="2*"/> <ColSpec ColNum="3" ColName="col3" ColWidth="*"/>
```

Column #2 is twice as wide as either Column #1 or Column #3.

Occasionally, you may find an absolute column width in points, inches, centimeters, millimeters, or picas. For example:

```
<ColSpec ColNum="1" ColName="col1" ColWidth="2.5in"/> <ColSpec ColNum="2" ColName="col2" ColWidth="*"/> <ColSpec ColNum="3" ColName="col3" ColWidth="*"/>
```

Column #1 is 2.5 inches wide. Columns #2 and #3 occupy the remaining space, split equally between the two columns.

Summary

Element	Attribute	Default Value
entry	NameSt	
entry	NameEnd	
entry	MoreRows	0
ColSpec	ColWidth	*
Tbody/Row/entry	Align	Left
Tbody/Row/entry	Valign	Тор
Tfoot/Row/entry	Align	Left
Tfoot/Row/entry	Valign	Тор
Thead/Row/entry	Align	Center
Thead/Row/entry	Valign	Middle
Table	Frame	All
Table	ColSep	1
Tgroup		
ColSpec		
Entry		
Table	RowSep	1
Tgroup		
ColSpec		

Row	
entry	

Component	Style	Default
CitationLink	Numbering	Number within
		<summarysection></summarysection>
		sequence
GlossaryTermLink	Typeface	Underlined
Table	font-family	Preceding Para font
Table	font-size	Smaller than preceding
		Para font size (-1 or 2
		pts)
Table	Spacing	1 blank line after a table
Table/Title	font-family	Same as preceding Para
		font
Table/Title	font-size	Same as preceding Para
		font size
Table/Title	typeface	Bold
Tfoot	typeface	Italics
Thead	typeface	Bold
Tbody/Row/entry	indent if Align=Left	5 pts.

Appendix C - XML Sample Records

Summary

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE Summary (View Source for full doctype...)>
- <Summary id="CDR0000062955">
  SummaryMetaData>
     <SummaryType>Treatment</SummaryType>
     <SummarvAudience>Patients/SummarvAudience>
     <SummaryLanguage>English</SummaryLanguage>
     <Summary Description > Expert-reviewed information summary about the treatment of
        breast cancer.</SummaryDescription>
     <SummarvURL
        xref="http://cancer.gov/cancertopics/pdq/treatment/breastCancer/HealthProf
        essional">Breast Cancer</SummaryURL>
    - <MainTopics>
       <TermRef ref="CDR0000038832">breast cancer</TermRef>
     </MainTopics>
   </SummaryMetaData>
   <SummaryTitle>Breast Cancer</SummaryTitle>
  - <SummarySection id=" 125">
     <Title>General Information About Breast Cancer</Title>
    - <SummarySection id="_126">
      SectMetaData>
         <SectionType>Cancer description</SectionType>
         <SectionType>Organ description</SectionType>
       </SectMetaData>
       <KeyPoint id="_127">Breast cancer is a disease in which malignant (cancer) cells
          form in the tissues of the breast.</KeyPoint>
      - <MediaLink ref="CDR0000999999" alt="breast anatomy drawing" inline="No"</p>
          thumb="No">
         <Caption>Breast Anatomy Drawing</Caption>
       </MediaLink>
      - <Para id="_128">
         The breast is made up of
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046188">lobes</GlossaryTermRef>
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046441">ducts</GlossaryTermRef>
         . Each breast has 15 to 20 sections called lobes, which have many smaller
          sections called
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046308">lobules</GlossaryTermRef>
         . Lobules end in dozens of tiny bulbs that can produce milk. The lobes, lobules,
          and bulbs are linked by thin tubes called ducts.
       </Para>
      - <Para id=" 129">
         Each breast also has
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045020">blood vessels</GlossaryTermRef>
         and
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000269462">lymph vessels</GlossaryTermRef>
         . The lymph vessels carry an almost colorless fluid called
```

```
<GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046305">lymph</GlossaryTermRef>
     . Lymph vessels lead to
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000257523">organs</GlossaryTermRef>
     called
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045762">lymph nodes</GlossaryTermRef>
     . Lymph nodes are small bean-shaped structures that are found throughout the
      body. They filter substances in lymph and help fight
     <GlossarvTermRef href="CDR0000045364">infection</GlossarvTermRef>
     and disease. Clusters of lymph nodes are found near the breast in the
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046510">axilla</GlossaryTermRef>
     (under the arm), above the collarbone, and in the chest.
   </Para>
  - <Para id="_130">
     The most common type of breast
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045333">cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
     is
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045085">ductal carcinoma</GlossaryTermRef>
     , which begins in the
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046476">cells</GlossaryTermRef>
     of the ducts. Cancer that begins in the lobes or lobules is called lobular
      carcinoma and is more often found in both breasts than are other types of
      breast cancer.
     <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045313">Inflammatory breast
        cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
     is an uncommon type of breast cancer in which the breast is warm, red, and
      swollen.
   </Para>
 </SummarySection>
- <SummarySection id=" 140">
  - <SectMetaData>
     <SectionType>Diagnostic tests</SectionType>
   </SectMetaData>
   <KeyPoint id="_141">Tests that examine the breasts are used to detect (find) and
      diagnose breast cancer.</KeyPoint>
   <Para id=" 142">A doctor should be seen if changes in the breast are noticed.
      The following tests and procedures may be used:</Para>
  - <ItemizedList id="_143" Style="bullet">
    <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045775">Mammogram</GlossaryTermRef>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045944">x-ray</GlossaryTermRef>
       of the breast.
      - <MediaLink ref="CDR00009999998" alt="photo of mammography" inline="No"</p>
          thumb="No">
         <Caption>Photo of Mammography</Caption>
       </MediaLink>
     </ListItem>
    - <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045164">Biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       : The removal of cells or tissues so they can be viewed under a microscope to
        check for signs of cancer. If a lump in the breast is found, the doctor may
        need to cut out a small piece of the lump. A
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046244">pathologist</GlossaryTermRef>
```

```
views the tissue under a microscope to look for cancer cells. Four types of
    biopsies are as follows:
  - <ItemizedList id="_144" Style="dash">
    <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046411">Excisional
          biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       : The removal of an entire lump or suspicious tissue.
     </ListItem>
   - <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046698">Incisional
          biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       : The removal of part of a lump or suspicious tissue.
     </ListItem>
   - <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045657">Core biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       : The removal of part of a lump or suspicious tissue using a wide needle.
     </ListItem>
    <ListItem>
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045798">Needle
          biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       or
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045691">fine-needle aspiration
          biopsy</GlossaryTermRef>
       : The removal of part of a lump, suspicious tissue, or fluid, using a thin
        needle.
     </ListItem>
   </ItemizedList>
 </ListItem>
<ListItem>
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000044668">Estrogen</GlossaryTermRef>
   and
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000044713">progesterone receptor
      test</GlossaryTermRef>
   : A test to measure the amount of
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046076">estrogen</GlossaryTermRef>
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045158">progesterone</GlossaryTermRef>
   (
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045713">hormones</GlossaryTermRef>
   ) receptors in cancer tissue. If cancer is found in the breast, tissue from the
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046634">tumor</GlossaryTermRef>
   is examined in the laboratory to find out whether estrogen and progesterone
   could affect the way cancer grows. The test results show whether
   <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045110">hormone
      therapy</GlossaryTermRef>
   may stop the cancer from growing.
 </ListItem>
```

<SectionType>Prognostic factors

</ItemizedList>
</SummarySection>

SectMetaData>

</SectMetaData>

- <SummarySection id="_271">

```
<KeyPoint id="_272">Certain factors affect prognosis (chance of recovery) and
        treatment options.</KeyPoint>
    - <Para id="_273">
       The
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045849">prognosis</GlossaryTermRef>
       (chance of recovery) and treatment options depend on the following:
     </Para>
    - <ItemizedList id="_274" Style="bullet">
      - <ListItem>
         The
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045885">stage</GlossaryTermRef>
         of the cancer (whether it is in the breast only or has spread to lymph nodes
          or other places in the body).
       </ListItem>
       <ListItem>The type of breast cancer.</ListItem>
       <ListItem>Estrogen-receptor and progesterone-receptor levels in the tumor
          tissue.</ListItem>
      <ListItem>
         A woman's age, general health, and
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046296">menopausal</GlossaryTermRef>
         status (whether a woman is still having
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045784">menstrual
            periods</GlossaryTermRef>
         ).
       </ListItem>
      <ListItem>
         Whether the cancer has just been
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046450">diagnosed</GlossaryTermRef>
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045862">recurred</GlossaryTermRef>
         (come back).
       </ListItem>
     </ItemizedList>
   </SummarySection>
 </SummarySection>
- <SummarySection id=" 148">
   <Title>Stages of Breast Cancer</Title>
 - <SummarySection id="_149">
    - <SectMetaData>
       <SectionType>Diagnostic tests/SectionType>
     </SectMetaData>
     <KeyPoint id="_150">After breast cancer has been diagnosed, tests are done to
        find out if cancer cells have spread within the breast or to other parts of the
        body.</KeyPoint>
    - <Para id="_151">
       The process used to find out whether the
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045333">cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
       has spread within the breast or to other parts of the body is called
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046597">staging</GlossaryTermRef>
       . The information gathered from the staging process determines the
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045885">stage</GlossaryTermRef>
       of the disease. It is important to know the stage in order to plan treatment.
     </Para>
```

```
</SummarySection>
- <SummarySection id=" 253">
  - <SectMetaData>
     <SectionType>Classification by stage</SectionType>
   </SectMetaData>
   <KeyPoint id=" 153">The following stages are used for breast cancer:</KeyPoint>
  - <MediaLink ref="CDR0000999997" alt="Tumor Size FINAL" inline="No"</p>
      thumb="No">
     <Caption>Tumor Size FINAL</Caption>
   </MediaLink>
  - <SummarySection id=" 154">
     <KeyPoint id="_155">Stage 0 (carcinoma in situ)</KeyPoint>
    - <Para id=" 156">
       There are 2 types of breast
       <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046488">carcinoma in
          situ</GlossaryTermRef>
     </Para>
    - <ItemizedList id="_157" Style="bullet">
      - <ListItem>
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045674">Ductal carcinoma in
            situ</GlossaryTermRef>
         (DCIS) is a noninvasive,
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046220">precancerous</GlossaryTermRef>
         condition in which
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000044636">abnormal</GlossaryTermRef>
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046476">cells</GlossaryTermRef>
         are found in the lining of a breast
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046441">duct</GlossaryTermRef>
         . The abnormal cells have not spread outside the duct to other
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046683">tissues</GlossaryTermRef>
         in the breast. In some cases, DCIS may become
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045741">invasive
            cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
         and spread to other tissues, although it is not known at this time how to
          predict which
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046324">lesions</GlossaryTermRef>
         will become invasive.
       </ListItem>
      - <ListItem>
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046315">Lobular carcinoma in
            situ</GlossaryTermRef>
         (LCIS) is a condition in which abnormal cells are found in the
         <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046308">lobules</GlossaryTermRef>
         of the breast. This condition seldom becomes invasive cancer; however,
          having lobular carcinoma in situ in one breast increases the risk of
          developing breast cancer in either breast.
       </ListItem>
     </ItemizedList>
   </SummarySection>
  - <SummarySection id="_158">
     <KeyPoint id="_159">Stage I</KeyPoint>
    - <Para id="_160">
```

```
In
          <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045142">stage I</GlossaryTermRef>
          <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046634">tumor</GlossaryTermRef>
          <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000354457">centimeters</GlossaryTermRef>
          or smaller and has not spread outside the breast.
        </Para>
      </SummarySection>
    - <SummarySection id="_161">
        <KeyPoint id="_162">Stage IIA</KeyPoint>
      - <Para id="_163">
          In
          <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045146">stage IIA</GlossaryTermRef>
        </Para>
      - <ItemizedList id="_164" Style="bullet">
        - <ListItem>
            no tumor is found in the breast, but cancer is found in the
            <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045607">axillary lymph
               nodes</GlossaryTermRef>
            <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045762">lymph nodes</GlossaryTermRef>
            under the arm); or
          </ListItem>
        - <ListItem>
            the tumor is 2
            <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000354457">centimeters</GlossaryTermRef>
            or smaller and has spread to the axillary lymph nodes; or
          </ListItem>
          <ListItem>the tumor is between 2 and 5 centimeters but has not spread to
            the axillary lymph nodes.</ListItem>
        </ItemizedList>
      </SummarySection>
    </SummarySection>
  </SummarySection>
- <SummarySection id="_249">
  - <SectMetaData>
      <SectionType>Changes to summary</SectionType>
    </SectMetaData>
    <Title>Changes to This Summary (05/20/2004)</Title>
   <Para id="_250">The PDQ cancer information summaries are reviewed regularly
      and updated as new information becomes available. This section describes the
      latest changes made to this summary as of the date above. </Para>
    <Para id="_251">Editorial changes were made to this summary.</Para>
  </SummarySection>
  <PatientVersionOf ref="CDR0000062787" />
  <DateLastModified>2004-05-20/DateLastModified>
</Summary>
```

Organization

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE Organization >
- <Organization id="CDR0000030351">
  - <OrganizationNameInformation>
    - <OfficialName id="_1">
        <Name>Cook Children's Medical Center — Fort Worth</Name>
      </OfficialName>
    - <ShortName id=" 2">
        <Name>Cook Childrens MC-Fort Worth</Name>
      </ShortName>
      <a href="mailto:</a></a></alternateName> Cook Children's Hospital</alternateName>
      <a href="#"><AlternateName>Cooke Children's Fort Worth</a></alternateName>
      <FormerName>Pediatric Hospital FW/FormerName>
      <FormerName>Pediatric Clinic/FormerName>
   </OrganizationNameInformation>
   <IncludeInDirectory Directory="Treatment" />
  - <OrganizationLocations>
    - <OrganizationLocation id="F1">
      - <PostalAddress>
          <Street>901 Seventh Avenue, Suite 220</Street>
          <City>Fort Worth</City>
          < Political SubUnitName
            ref="CDR0000043900">Texas</PoliticalSubUnitName>
          <CountryName ref="CDR0000043753">U.S.A.</CountryName>
          <PostalCode ZIP>76104/PostalCode ZIP>
          <PostalCodePosition>after PoliticalSubUnit_State</PostalCodePosition>
        </PostalAddress>
        <Phone>817-885-4006</Phone>
      </OrganizationLocation>
   </OrganizationLocations>
  - <OrganizationAffiliations>
      <MemberOfProfessionalOrganization>American College of Surgeons
        Commission on Cancer</MemberOfProfessionalOrganization>
      <MemberOfCooperativeGroup ref="CDR0000033155">Children's Oncology
        Group</MemberOfCooperativeGroup>
   </OrganizationAffiliations>
   <OrganizationType>Community hospital/medical
      center/clinic
 </Organization>
```

Terminology

```
Terminology without MenuInformation
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 <!DOCTYPE Term>
- <Term id="CDR0000039741" NCIThesaurusConceptID="C1234">
  <PreferredName>amifostine</PreferredName>
  <OtherName>
    <OtherTermName>WR-2721</OtherTermName>
    <OtherNameType>Abbreviation</OtherNameType>
  </OtherName>
   <OtherName>
    <OtherTermName>ethiofos</OtherTermName>
    <OtherNameType>Synonym</OtherNameType>
  </OtherName>
   <OtherName>
    <OtherTermName>ethyol</OtherTermName>
    <OtherNameType>Synonym</OtherNameType>
  </OtherName>
   <OtherName>
    <OtherTermName>qammaphos</OtherTermName>
    <OtherNameType>Synonym</OtherNameType>
  </OtherName>
  <SemanticType
  ref="CDR0000256166">Drug/agent</SemanticType>
  <RelatedWebsites xref="http://testwebsite.gov/</pre>
  amifostine">Amifostine</RelatedWebsites>
 </Term>
2) Terminology with MenuInformation
i) Parent Menu Record
 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE Term >
 <Term id="CDR000041060">
   <PreferredName>cancer</PreferredName>
   <SemanticType ref="CDR0000256086">Cancer
     diagnosis</SemanticType>
 - < MenuInformation >
   - <MenuItem>
       <MenuType>Clinical Trials—CancerType</MenuType>
     </MenuItem>
     <MenuItem>
       <MenuType>Cancer Information
     </MenuItem>
   </MenuInformation>
 </Term>
```

```
ii) Child Menu Record
  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE Term >
 <Term id="CDR0000291250">
   <PreferredName>myeloproliferative disorders</preferredName>
   <SemanticType
      ref="CDR0000256085">Disease/diagnosis</SemanticType>
  - <MenuInformation>
    - <MenuItem>
       <MenuType>Clinical Trials—CancerType</menuType>
       <MenuParent
          ref="CDR0000041060">cancer</MenuParent>
       <DisplayName>Myeloproliferative disorders (including)
          CML)</DisplayName>
     </MenuItem>
      <MenuItem>
       <MenuType>Cancer Information</menuType>
       <MenuParent ref="CDR0000291249">hematologic
          cancers</MenuParent>
       <DisplayName>Myeloproliferative
          disorders</DisplayName>
     </MenuItem>
   </MenuInformation>
   <DateLastModified>2003-03/DateLastModified>
 </Term>
iii) Child Menu Record
 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE Term >
 <Term id="CDR0000039347">
   <PreferredName>chronic myeloproliferative
      disorders</PreferredName>
   <SemanticType ref="CDR0000256086">Cancer
      diagnosis</SemanticType>
  - <TermRelationship>
    - <ParentTerm>
       < Parent Term Name
          ref="CDR0000039800">hematopoietic/lymphoid
          cancer</ParentTermName>
       <ParentType>ISA</ParentType>
     </ParentTerm>
   </TermRelationship>
  - <MenuInformation>
    - <MenuItem>
       <MenuType>Clinical Trials—CancerType</MenuType>
          ref="CDR0000041060">cancer</MenuParent>
       <DisplayName>Chronic myeloproliferative disorders (incl.
          CML)</DisplayName>
```

GlossaryTerm

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE GlossaryTerm (View Source for full doctype...)>
- <GlossaryTerm id="CDR0000046063">
    <TermName>mutation</TermName>
    <TermPronunciation>(myoo-TAY-shun)</TermPronunciation>
  - <TermDefinition>
      <DefinitionText>Any change in the DNA of a cell. Mutations may be
        caused by mistakes during cell division, or they may be caused by
        exposure to DNA-damaging agents in the environment. Mutations can
        be harmful, beneficial, or have no effect. If they occur in cells that
        make eggs or sperm, they can be inherited; if mutations occur in
        other types of cells, they are not inherited. Certain mutations may
        lead to cancer or other diseases.</DefinitionText>
      <Dictionary>Cancer.gov
      <Audience>Patient</Audience>
   </TermDefinition>
 - <TermDefinition>
      <DefinitionText>A change in the usual DNA sequence at a particular gene
        locus. Mutations (including polymorphisms) can be harmful,
        beneficial, or neutral in their effect on cell function.</DefinitionText>
      <Dictionary>Genetics/Dictionary>
      <Audience>Health professional</Audience>
   </TermDefinition>
   <MediaLink ref="CDR0000708090" type="audio/mpeg" alt="Pronunciation of
    dictionary term "mutation" | language="en" id="_3" />
   < MediaLink ref="CDR0000708089" type="audio/mpeg" alt="Pronunciation of
    dictionary term "mutación" | language="es" | id="_4" />
   <SpanishTermName>mutación/SpanishTermName>
 - <SpanishTermDefinition>
      <DefinitionText>Cualquier cambio en el ADN de una célula. Las
      mutaciones pueden ser causadas por errores durante la multiplicación
      de las células o por la exposición a sustancias del ambiente que dañan
      el ADN. Las mutaciones pueden ser nocivas, beneficiosas o no tener
      ningún efecto. Si se presentan en las células que producen los óvulos o
      los espermatozoides, pueden heredarse; si las mutaciones se presentan
      en otros tipos de células, no se heredan. Ciertas mutaciones pueden
      llevar a padecer de cáncer u otras enfermedades. </DefinitionText>
      <Dictionary>Cancer.gov</Dictionary>
      <Audience>Patient</Audience>
   </SpanishTermDefinition>
   <DateLastModified>2007-05-17/DateLastModified>
  </GlossaryTerm>
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GeneticsProfessional

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE GENETICSPROFESSIONAL >
- <GENETICSPROFESSIONAL>
   <ID>8</ID>
 - <NAME>
     <SNAME>RT Acton</SNAME>
     <FIRSTNAME>Ronald T.</FIRSTNAME>
     <LASTNAME>Acton</LASTNAME>
   </NAME>
   <DEGREE>Ph.D.</DEGREE>
 - <PRACTICELOCATIONS>
     <INSTITUTION>University of Alabama at Birmingham</INSTITUTION>
     <CADD>Immunogenetics/DNA Diagnostic Laboratory</CADD>
     <CADD>420 Kaul Human Genetics Building</CADD>
     <CADD>1530 3rd Avenue South</CADD>
     <CADD>BIRMINGHAM AL 35294 0021</CADD>
     <CCIT>BIRMINGHAM</CCIT>
     <CPUN>AL</CPUN>
     <CCOD>35294 0021</CCOD>
     <CCTY>United States</CCTY>
     <CPHN>205-934-2362</CPHN>
     <CEML>acton@uab.edu</CEML>
   </PRACTICELOCATIONS>
   <TYPE>Geneticist</TYPE>
 - <SPECIALTY>
     <SPECIALTYNAME>Medical Genetics
   <TEAMSERVICES>Patient cancer risk assessment</TEAMSERVICES>
   <TEAMSERVICES>Patient genetics education</TEAMSERVICES>
   <TEAMSERVICES>Genetic susceptibility testing</TEAMSERVICES>
   <TEAMSERVICES>Appropriate pre- and post-test counseling and informed
     consent</TEAMSERVICES>
 - <GENETICSERVICES>
   - <FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME>
       <SYNDROMENAME>Adenomatous polyposis
     - <CANCERTYPE>
         <TYPENAME>Digestive/Gastrointestinal
        <CANCERSITE>colon/rectum</CANCERSITE>
        <CANCERSITE>liver, hepatoblastoma</CANCERSITE>
        <CANCERSITE>small bowel</CANCERSITE>
        <CANCERSITE>stomach (gastric)</CANCERSITE>
       </CANCERTYPE>
     - <CANCERTYPE>
        <TYPENAME>Endocrine</TYPENAME>
         <CANCERSITE>thyroid</CANCERSITE>
       </CANCERTYPE>
```

```
- <CANCERTYPE>
       <TYPENAME>Neurologic</TYPENAME>
       <CANCERSITE>medulloblastoma</CANCERSITE>
     </CANCERTYPE>
   </FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME>
  - <FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME>
     <SYNDROMENAME>Ataxia-telangiectasia
    - <CANCERTYPE>
       <TYPENAME>Breast</TYPENAME>
       <CANCERSITE>breast cancer</CANCERSITE>
     </CANCERTYPE>
    - <CANCERTYPE>
       <TYPENAME>Digestive/Gastrointestinal</TYPENAME>
       <CANCERSITE>pancreas, ACA</CANCERSITE>
       <CANCERSITE>stomach (gastric)</CANCERSITE>
     </CANCERTYPE>
    - <CANCERTYPE>
       <TYPENAME>Gynecologic</TYPENAME>
       <CANCERSITE>endometrium</CANCERSITE>
     </CANCERTYPE>
    - <CANCERTYPE>
       <TYPENAME>Hematologic</TYPENAME>
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       <CANCERSITE>Non Hodgkins lymphomas</CANCERSITE>
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     </CANCERTYPE>
     <CANCERTYPE>
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     </CANCERTYPE>
   </FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME>
 </GENETICSERVICES>
   <MEMBERSHIP>
   <INSTITUTION>American Society of Human Genetics
     (ASHG)</INSTITUTION>
   <INSTITUTION>National Society of Genetic Counselors
     (NSGC)</INSTITUTION>
   <INSTITUTION>NSGC Special Interest Group in Cancer</INSTITUTION>
 </MEMBERSHIP>
</GENETICSPROFESSIONAL>
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Country

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<!DOCTYPE Country >
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        <Continent>North America</Continent>
        <PostalCodePosition>after PoliticalSubUnit_State</PostalCodePosition>
</Country>
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Political Subunit

```
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      <PoliticalSubUnitFullName>Texas</PoliticalSubUnitFullName>
      <PoliticalSubUnitShortName>TX</PoliticalSubUnitShortName>
      <CountryName ref="CDR0000043753">U.S.A.</CountryName>
    </PoliticalSubUnit>
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CTGovProtocol

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 <!DOCTYPE CTGovProtocol >
- <CTGovProtocol id="CDR0000349876">
  - <RequiredHeader>
     <DownloadDate>Information obtained from ClinicalTrials.gov on 2003-12-
        16</DownloadDate>
     <LinkText xref="http://clinicaltrials.gov/show/NCT00072787">Link to the
        current ClinicalTrials.gov record.</LinkText>
   </RequiredHeader>
  - <IDInfo>
     <OrgStudyID>TPU-S1101; ID02-694</OrgStudyID>
     <NCTID>NCT00072787</NCTID>
   </IDInfo>
   <BriefTitle>Phase 1/2 study of S-1 and cisplatin in advanced gastric
      cancer</BriefTitle>

    OfficialTitle>A Phase I/II, Open-Label, Nonrandomized, Dose-Finding Safety,

      Tolerance, Pharmacokinetic, and Efficacy Study of Orally Administered S-1
      in Combination With Cisplatin in Patients With Advanced Gastric
      Cancer</OfficialTitle>
  - <Sponsors>
     <PDQSponsorship>Pharmaceutical/Industry</PDQSponsorship>
     <LeadSponsor ref="CDR0000350009">Taiho Pharma U.S.A.,
        Incorporated</LeadSponsor>
   </Sponsors>
 - <BriefSummary>
     <Para>The purpose of the phase 1 portion of the study is to determine
        the safe dose of S-1 and cisplatin that can be administered in gastric
        cancer patients.</Para>
     <Para>The purpose of the phase 2 portion of the study is to determine
        the antitumor activity of the S-1 and cisplatin regimen established
        from phase 1 in patients with advanced gastric cancer.</Para>
   </BriefSummary>
  - <DetailedDescription>
     <Para>S-1 is an oral fluoropyrimidine which combines tegafur (a 5-FU
        prodrug) with two classes of modulators which:</Para>
    - <ItemizedList Style="bullet">
        <ListItem>inhibit dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD)
          and</ListItem>
        <ListItem>block phosphorylation of 5-FU in gastrointestinal
          tissues.</ListItem>
     </ItemizedList>
     <Para>S-1 is designed to enhance the the clinical utility of an oral
        fluoropyrimidine while ameliorating the disadvantage of
        gastrointestinal toxicity.</Para>
     <Para>5-Fu and cisplatin have been used as a standard treatment in
        gastric cancer and preliminary data indicate that S-1 plus cisplatin may
```

```
result in superior tolerability and efficacy in advanced gastric
      cancer.</Para>
   <Para>S-1 is currently approved in Japan for treatment of gastric cancer
      and head and neck cancer.</Para>
 </DetailedDescription>
- <CTEntryCriteria>
   <Para>Inclusion Criteria</Para>
 - <ItemizedList Style="bullet">
     <ListItem>Has histologically or cytologically confirmed
        adenocarcinoma of the stomach or gastroesophageal
        iunction</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has advanced, unresectable cancer at the time of study
        entry</ListItem>
     <ListItem> Has measurable disease as defined by RECIST criteria, i.e.,
        lesions that can be accurately measured in at least one dimension
        with the longest diameter ≥20 mm using conventional techniques
        or ≥10 mm using spiral CT scan</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Is at least 3 weeks post-gastrectomy surgery</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has not received prior chemotherapy for their cancer
        (adjuvant therapy is permitted and does not count as prior
        chemotherapy).</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has performance status of ≥ 70% on the Karnofsky scale
        (Appendix B)</ListItem>
     <ListItem> Has a predicted life expectancy of ≥ 12 weeks</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has an absolute granulocyte count of ≥
        1,500/mm3</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has a platelet count ≥ 100,000/mm3</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has a hemoglobin of ≥ 9.0 g/dL</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has a bilirubin of ≤ 1.5 times the ULN</ListItem>
     <ListItem> Has transaminases ≤ 2.5 times the ULN except for patients
        with liver metastasis who may have transaminases ≤ 5 times the
        ULN</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has a creatinine ≤ ULN and calculated creatinine ≥ 60
        mL/min</ListItem>
     <ListItem>According to the judgment of the Investigator, the patient
        has recovered from all previous anti-cancer treatment-related
        toxicities to at least Grade 1 (see exceptions above)</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Has stopped all previous investigational drugs at least 4
        weeks prior to treatment with S-1 and cisplatin.</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Is able to take medications orally</ListItem>
     <ListItem>Female patients of childbearing potential who are not
        pregnant and who use acceptable means of contraception while on
        study and for an additional 30 days after the last dose of study
        medication. Male patients must use adequate
        contraception.</ListItem>
   </ItemizedList>
   <Para>Exclusion Criteria</Para>
  - <ItemizedList Style="bullet">
     <ListItem>Has relapsed within 6 months from the end of adjuvant
        therapy</ListItem>
      <ListItem> Has known brain or leptomeningeal metastases. </ListItem>
```

- <ListItem>Has any other serious illness or medical condition(s)
 including, but not limited to, the following:
 - uncontrolled congestive heart failure, angina pectoris, arrhythmias, or hypertension; or any significant medical condition that is a contraindication for chemotherapy
 - concurrent malignancy other than gastric cancer except adequately treated carcinoma-in-situ of the cervix or non-melanoma skin cancer
 - active infection
 - gastrointestinal disorder, including malabsorption, chronic nausea and vomiting, chronic diarrhea
 - unstable diabetes mellitus
 - psychiatric disorder that may interfere with consent and/or protocol compliance
 - known neuropathy (including hearing loss) at baseline of Grade
 or higher (as per NCI CTC v2.0 see Appendix A)
- <ListItem>Has known hypersensitivity to any of the constituents of the study medication</ListItem>
- <ListItem>Is receiving a concomitant treatment with drugs
 interacting with S-1.</ListItem>
- <ListItem>Is a pregnant or lactating female or who refuses to use an acceptable means of contraception. Is a male and refuses to use an acceptable means of contraception.

</ItemizedList> </CTEntryCriteria>

CTGovDisclaimer>Information about this trial is provided by the National Library of Medicine's (NLM) ClinicalTrials.gov database. Minor changes may be made to NLM's clinical trial records to standardize the names of study sponsors, sites, and contacts. Cancer.gov only lists sites that are recruiting patients for active trials, whereas ClinicalTrials.gov lists all sites for all trials. Questions and comments regarding the presented information should be directed to NLM using the Customer Service E-mail Form at http://www.nlm.nih.gov/contacts/custserv-email.html. In your message, please include the NLM Identifier (NCT number) shown at the bottom of the clinical trial record. If errors are identified, NLM will work with the appropriate trial sponsors to correct the errors and to ensure the accuracy of the presented information.

- <CurrentProtocolStatus>Active</CurrentProtocolStatus>
- <StartDate>October 2003</StartDate>
- <ProtocolPhase>Phase I</protocolPhase>
- <ProtocolPhase>Phase II</protocolPhase>
- < Protocol Detail >
 - <StudyType>Clinical trial</StudyType>
 - <StudyCategory>
 - <StudyCategoryName>Treatment</StudyCategoryName>
 - <Intervention>
 - <InterventionType</pre>

ref="CDR0000039455">chemotherapy</InterventionType>

<InterventionNameLink ref="CDR0000043548">S-

1</InterventionNameLink>

```
<InterventionNameLink</pre>
          ref="CDR0000039515">cisplatin</InterventionNameLink>
     </Intervention>
    - <Intervention>
       <InterventionType ref="CDR0000038581">combination
          therapy</InterventionType>
       <InterventionNameLink ref="CDR0000350142">cisplatin/S-
          1</InterventionNameLink>
     </Intervention>
   </StudyCategory>
 </ProtocolDetail>
- <Eligibility>
   <HealthyVolunteers>No</HealthyVolunteers>
   <LowAge>18</LowAge>
   <HighAge>120</HighAge>
   <AgeText>18 and over</AgeText>
  - <Diagnosis>
     <SpecificDiagnosis ref="CDR0000040430">stage III gastric
        cancer</SpecificDiagnosis>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000039821">gastric
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000038967">gastrointestinal
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000043666">body system/site
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000041060">cancer/DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040460">adult solid
        tumor</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040461">solid tumor</DiagnosisParent>
   </Diagnosis>
 - < Diagnosis>
     <SpecificDiagnosis ref="CDR0000040504">stage IV gastric
        cancer</SpecificDiagnosis>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000039821">gastric
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000038967">gastrointestinal
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000043666">body system/site
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000041060">cancer</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040460">adult solid
        tumor</DiagnosisParent>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040461">solid tumor/DiagnosisParent>
   </Diagnosis>
 - < Diagnosis>
     <SpecificDiagnosis ref="CDR0000043720">adenocarcinoma of the
        stomach</SpecificDiagnosis>
     <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000039821">gastric
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
```

```
<DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000038967">gastrointestinal
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
      <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000043666">body system/site
        cancer</DiagnosisParent>
      <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000041060">cancer
      <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040460">adult solid
        tumor</DiagnosisParent>
      <DiagnosisParent ref="CDR0000040461">solid tumor/DiagnosisParent>
    </Diagnosis>
  </Eligibility>
- <Location>
  - <Facility>
      <FacilityName ref="CDR0000035306">University of Texas — MD
        Anderson Cancer Center</FacilityName>
    - < Postal Address >
        <City>Houston</City>
        < Political Sub Unit Name
          ref="CDR0000043900">Texas</PoliticalSubUnitName>
        <CountryName ref="CDR0000043753">U.S.A.</CountryName>
        <PostalCode ZIP>77030/PostalCode ZIP>
        <PostalCodePosition>after
          PoliticalSubUnit_State</PostalCodePosition>
      </PostalAddress>
    </Facility>
    <Status>Active</Status>
  - <CTGovContact>
      <GivenName>Josephine</GivenName>
      <SurName>Faust</SurName>
      <ProfessionalSuffix>RN</ProfessionalSuffix>
      <Phone>713-794-1623</Phone>
      <Email>jcopsiya@mail.mdanderson.org</Email>
    </CTGovContact>
  - <Investigator ref="CDR0000026145">
      <GivenName>Jaffer A.</GivenName>
      <SurName>Ajani</SurName>
      <ProfessionalSuffix>MD</ProfessionalSuffix>
      <Role>Principal Investigator</Role>
    </Investigator>
 </Location>
 <VerificationDate>November 2003</verificationDate>
  <LastChangedDate>November 12, 2003</LastChangedDate>
</CTGovProtocol>
```

DrugInformationSummary

```
Drug Information Summary
   <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
   <!DOCTYPE DrugInformationSummary (View Source for full doctype...)>
- <DrugInformationSummary id="CDR0000669854">
- <DrugInfoMetaData>
 <DrugInfoType>Brief</DrugInfoType>
 <DrugInfoAudience>Patients/DrugInfoAudience>
 <DrugInfoDescription>This page contains brief information about denileukin diftitox and a
    collection of links to more information about the use of this drug, related news and
    research results, and ongoing clinical trials.</DrugInfoDescription>
 <DrugInfoURL</pre>
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/druginfo/denileukindiftitox">Denileukin
    Diftitox</DrugInfoURL>
 <FDAApproved>Yes</FDAApproved>
 <TerminologyLink ref="CDR0000042325">denileukin diftitox</TerminologyLink>
 <GlossaryLink ref="CDR0000045454">denileukin diftitox</GlossaryLink>
- <USBrandNames>
 <uSBrandName>ONTAK</uSBrandName>
   </USBrandNames>
   </DrugInfoMetaData>
 <DrugInfoTitle>Denileukin Diftitox/DrugInfoTitle>
- <Section id="_1">
- <Para id=" 2">
   Denileukin diftitox is approved by the
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000454785">Food and Drug Administration
    (FDA)</GlossarvTermRef>
   to treat a certain type of
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000046771">cutaneous T-cell lymphoma</GlossaryTermRef>
   . It is used in patients whose disease has not gotten better with other treatment or has
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045862">recurred</GlossaryTermRef>
   (come back).
   </Para>
- <Para id=" 3">
   Denileukin diftitox is also being studied in the treatment of other types of
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045333">cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
   </Para>
   </Section>
- <Section id="_FDA">
 <Title>Information from the FDA</Title>
- <Para id="_FDA_16.12">
 <ExternalRef xref="http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/druginfo/fda-
    denileukindiftitox">FDA Approval for Denileukin Diftitox</ExternalRef>
   - Information from the FDA about the approval of this drug and the clinical trials that led
    to the approval.
   </Para>
```

```
</Section>
- <Section id=" NCI">
 <Title>Information from the NCI</Title>
- <Para id=" NCI 1">
 < External Ref
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/Templates/drugdictionary.aspx?CdrID=42325">Definition
    from the NCI Drug Dictionary</ExternalRef>
   - Detailed scientific definition and other names for this drug.
   </Para>
- <Para id="_NCI_10.15">
 <ExternalRef xref="http://www.cancer.gov/clinicaltrials/results/denileukin-diftitox-
    CTCL0310">Clinical Trial Results: Drug Slows Progression of Cutaneous T-Cell
    Lymphoma</ExternalRef>
   - Important clinical trial results for this drug, background information, and how the trial
    was done.
   </Para>
- <Para id="_NCI_12.27">
 < External Ref
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/factsheet/Therapy/targeted">Targeted
    Cancer Therapies</ExternalRef>
   - Information about the use of this drug to treat cancer.
   </Para>
   </Section>
- <Section id=" ClinicalTrial 1">
 <Title>Clinical Trials</Title>
- <Para id=" ClinicalTrial 2">
 < External Ref
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/Search/ClinicalTrialsLink.aspx?id=42325&idtvpe=1">Clini
    cal Trials for Denileukin Diftitox</ExternalRef>
   - Check for trials from NCI's PDQ Cancer Clinical Trials Registry now accepting patients.
   </Para>
   </Section>
- <DrugInfoDisclaimer>
- <Para id="_Disclaimer_4">
 <Strong>Important:</Strong>
   The drug information on this Web page is meant to be educational. It is not a substitute
    for medical advice. The information may not cover all possible uses, actions, interactions,
    or side effects of this drug, or precautions to be taken while using it. Please see your
    health care professional for more information about your specific medical condition and
    the use of this drug.
    </Para>
    </DrugInfoDisclaimer>
 <DateFirstPublished>2010-05-05/DateFirstPublished>
   </DrugInformationSummary>
```

ii. Drug Combination Summary

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE DrugInformationSummary (View Source for full doctype...)>
- <DrugInformationSummary id="CDR0000636197">
- <DrugInfoMetaData>
 <DrugInfoType Combination="Yes">Brief</DrugInfoType>
 <DrugInfoAudience>Patients/DrugInfoAudience>
 <DrugInfoDescription>This page contains brief information from the National Cancer
    Institute (NCI) about the drug combination called MOPP and lists the drugs included in
    the combination. Links to NCI's Drug Information Summaries about the individual drugs
    in the combination are included, when available.</DrugInfoDescription>
 <DrugInfoURL</pre>
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/druginfo/MOPP">MOPP</DrugInfoURL>
 <TerminologyLink ref="CDR0000041779">MOPP regimen</TerminologyLink>
 <GlossaryLink ref="CDR0000635892">MOPP regimen</GlossaryLink>
   </DrugInfoMetaData>
 <DrugInfoTitle>MOPP</DrugInfoTitle>
- <Section id=" 1">
- <Table Frame="None" id="_3">
 <Title>Drugs included in the MOPP combination:</Title>
- <TGroup ColSep="1" Cols="2">
 <ColSpec Align="Right" ColName="col1" ColNum="1" ColWidth="1.00*" />
 <ColSpec Align="Left" ColName="col3" ColNum="2" ColWidth="8.47*" />
- <TBodv>
- <Row>
- <entry Align="Right">
 <Strong>M</Strong>
    </entry>
 <entry Align="Left">= Mechlorethamine</entry>
   </Row>
- < Row>
- <entry Align="Right">
 <Strong>O</Strong>
    </entry>
- <entry Align="Left">
 < External Ref
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/cancertopics/druginfo/vincristinesulfate">Vincristine
    Sulfate</ExternalRef>
   (Oncovin)
   </entry>
   </Row>
- < Row>
- <entry Align="Right">
 <Strong>P</Strong>
    </entry>
 <entry Align="Left">= Procarbazine</entry>
   </Row>
- <Row>
- <entry Align="Right">
 <Strong>P</Strong>
   </entry>
```

```
<entry Align="Left">= Prednisone/entry>
   </Row>
   </TBody>
   </TGroup>
   </Table>
- <Para id=" 4">
   Each of the
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000348921">drugs</GlossaryTermRef>
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045650">combination</GlossaryTermRef>
   is approved by the
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000454785">Food and Drug Administration
    (FDA)</GlossaryTermRef>
   to treat
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000045333">cancer</GlossaryTermRef>
   or conditions related to cancer.
   </Para>
- <Para id=" 5">
   MOPP is used to treat
 <GlossaryTermRef href="CDR0000270800">Hodgkin lymphoma</GlossaryTermRef>
   . This combination may also be used with other drugs or treatments or to treat other
    types of cancer.
   </Para>
   </Section>
- <Section id="_NCI">
 <Title>Information from the NCI</Title>
- <Para id="_NCI_1">
 < External Ref
    xref="http://www.cancer.gov/Templates/drugdictionary.aspx?CdrID=41779">Definition
    from the NCI Drug Dictionary</ExternalRef>
   - Detailed scientific definition and other names for this drug.
   </Para>
   </Section>
- <DrugInfoDisclaimer>
- <Para id="_Disclaimer_4">
 <Strong>Important:</Strong>
   The drug information on this Web page is meant to be educational. It is not a substitute
    for medical advice. The information may not cover all possible uses, actions, interactions,
    or side effects of this drug, or precautions to be taken while using it. Please see your
    health care professional for more information about your specific medical condition and
    the use of this drug.
   </Para>
   </DrugInfoDisclaimer>
 <DateFirstPublished>2009-09-18/DateFirstPublished>
   </DrugInformationSummary>
```

Appendix D – PDQ Data Type Definition (DTD)

The latest PDQ DTD file (pdq.dtd) is located on the SFTP server in the directory pub/pdq/docs.

```
<!-- PDQ DTD
   $Id: pdg.dtd 13439 2015-08-13 21:47:05Z volker $
   This DTD defines the external structure of the NCI PDQ XML data
   Original version 2001/12/17 Michael M Rubenstein
   BZIssue::4629 - Vendor filter changes for GenProf publishing
   BZIssue::4881 - Include DrugInfoSummary document type
   OCECTS-116 - Add nct id attribute to ProtocolRef element
   OCEPROJECT-3147 - Remove Protocol document type
Common Elements
     ____ ___ ___ ___
<!ENTITY % ParaLevelElements
                        " Contact | ItemizedList | LiteralLayout | OrderedList | QandASet | Para | MediaLink | Table ">
<!ENTITY % ParaElements
                        | InterventionName | LOELink | LOERef

| MediaLink | MediaRef | Note

| ProtocolRef | ProtocolLink | Quote

| Reference | ScientificName | Strong

| Subscript | SummaryLink | SummaryRef

| Superscript | TT">
<!ENTITY % TextElements
                        | GlossaryTermRef | InterventionName | ItemizedList
                        | LiteralLayout | LOELink | LOERef | MediaLink | MediaRef | Note | OrderedList | Para | ProtocolRef | ProtocolLink | QandASet | Quote | Reference | ScientificName | Strong | Subscript | SummaryLink | SummaryRef | Superscript | Table | TT">
```

```
<!ENTITY % TextSectionElements
                 " #PCDATA
                               | Contact | DrugName
                 | GlossaryTermRef | InterventionName | ItemizedList
                 | LiteralLayout | LOELink | LOERef
                 | TT">
<!ENTITY % TitleData " #PCDATA
                                | Emphasis
                                                 | ForeignWord
                  GeneName
                                 | ScientificName | Strong
                                 | Superscript | TT ">
                  | Subscript
<!ENTITY % Location "OrganizationName*, PostalAddress?, Phone?, TollFreePhone?,</pre>
Email?, WebSite?">
<!ELEMENT OrganizationName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Diagnosis (SpecificDiagnosis, DiagnosisParent+)>
<!ELEMENT SpecificDiagnosis (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SpecificDiagnosis ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT DiagnosisParent (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST DiagnosisParent ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Title (%TitleData;) *>
<!ELEMENT TitleAbbrev (%TitleData;) *>
<!ELEMENT AltTitle (%TitleData;) *>
<!ATTLIST AltTitle TitleType (Short | Display | Navlabel) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Para (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST Para id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT LiteralLayout (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST LiteralLayout id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Section
        ( Title?,
          AltTitle*,
          KeyPoint*,
          ( Para
          | LiteralLayout
          | Table
          | ItemizedList
          | OrderedList
```

```
| QandASet
            | Contact ) *,
            Section* )>
<!ATTLIST Section id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!-- Table
  Tables are based on the CALS model. See MIL-HDBK-28001 or the DocBook
  specification. -->
<!ELEMENT Table (Title, TitleAbbrev?, TGroup+)>
<!ATTLIST Table
                  ColSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   Frame (All | Bottom | Sides | Top | TopBot | None ) #IMPLIED
                   RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   TabStyle CDATA #IMPLIED
                   id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT TGroup
                  (ColSpec*, SpanSpec*, THead?, TFoot?, TBody) >
<!ATTLIST TGroup
                  Align (Center | Char | Justify | Left | Right) #IMPLIED
                  Char CDATA #IMPLIED
                   Charoff CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   Cols CDATA #REQUIRED
                   RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   TGroupStyle CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ColSpec EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST ColSpec Align (Center | Char | Justify | Left | Right) #IMPLIED
                   Char CDATA #IMPLIED
                   Charoff CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColName CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColNum CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   ColWidth CDATA #IMPLIED
                   RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT SpanSpec EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST SpanSpec Align (Center | Char | Justify | Left | Right) #IMPLIED
                   Char CDATA #IMPLIED
                   Charoff CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   NameEnd CDATA #IMPLIED
                   NameSt CDATA #IMPLIED
                   RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   SpanName CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Thead (ColSpec*, Row+)>
<!ATTLIST Thead Valign (Bottom | Middle | Top) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Row (entry+)>
<!ATTLIST Row RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED Valign (Bottom | Middle | Top) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT entry (%ParaElements;)*>
                  Align (Center | Char | Justify | Left | Right) #IMPLIED
<!ATTLIST entry
                   Char CDATA #IMPLIED
                   Charoff CDATA #IMPLIED
                   ColSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   Cols CDATA #IMPLIED
```

```
MoreRows CDATA #IMPLIED
                   NameEnd CDATA #IMPLIED
                   NameSt CDATA #IMPLIED
                   RowSep (0 | 1) #IMPLIED
                   SpanName CDATA #IMPLIED
                   Valign (Bottom | Middle | Top) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT TFoot (ColSpec*, Row+)>
<!ATTLIST TFoot Valign (Bottom | Middle | Top) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT TBody (Row+)>
<!ATTLIST TBody Valign (Bottom | Middle | Top) #IMPLIED>
<!-- end table elements -->
<!ELEMENT ItemizedList (ListTitle?,ListItem+)>
<!ATTLIST ItemizedList Compact (No) #IMPLIED
                       Style (bullet | dash | simple) #IMPLIED
                       id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ListTitle (%TitleData;) *>
<!ELEMENT ListItem (%TextElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT OrderedList (ListTitle?,ListItem+)>
<!ATTLIST OrderedList Style
    (Arabic | LAlpha | LRoman | UAlpha | URoman) #IMPLIED
                      id CDATA #IMPLIED
                      Compact (No) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT QandASet (MarkedUpTitle?,
                   (QandADiv+ | QandAEntry+)
                   ) >
<!ATTLIST QandASet id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT MarkedUpTitle (%TitleData;) *>
<!ELEMENT QandADiv (MarkedUpTitle?,
                   (QandADiv+ | QandAEntry+)
                   ) >
<!ATTLIST OandADiv id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT QandAEntry (Question, Answer*)>
<!ATTLIST QandAEntry id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Question (%TextElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Answer (%TextElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Contact (ContactName?, ContactDetail) >
<!ATTLIST Contact Status CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ContactDetail (%Location;)>
<!ATTLIST ContactDetail id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT PostalAddress (Street*,
                         City?,
```

```
CitySuffix?,
                         PoliticalSubUnitName?,
                         CountryName,
                         PostalCode ZIP?,
                         PostalCodePosition
                        ) >
<!ELEMENT ContactName (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ContactName ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Street (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT City (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CitySuffix (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PoliticalSubUnitName (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST PoliticalSubUnitName ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT CountryName (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST CountryName ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT PostalCode ZIP (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PostalCodePosition (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Phone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TollFreePhone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT WebSite (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST WebSite xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT Emphasis (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Strong (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Subscript (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Superscript (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT TT (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST TT id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT GeneName (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT ScientificName (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT DrugName (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT InterventionName (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT ForeignWord (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT MainTopics (TermRef?)>
```

```
<!ELEMENT TermRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST TermRef ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT SecondaryTopics (TermRef?)>
<!ELEMENT KeyPoint (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST KeyPoint id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ProtocolRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ProtocolRef href CDATA #REQUIRED
                     nct id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT ProtocolLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ProtocolLink ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT LOERef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST LOERef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT LOELink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST LOELink ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT GlossaryTermRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST GlossaryTermRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT GlossaryTermLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST GlossaryTermLink ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT ExternalRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ExternalRef xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT Quote (QuotedText, Source?, QuoteAuthor?)>
<!ELEMENT QuotedText (%TextElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Note (%TextElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT MediaLink (Caption*)>
<!ATTLIST MediaLink ref CDATA #REQUIRED
       type CDATA #IMPLIED
       alt CDATA #REQUIRED
       inline (Yes|No) "No"
      MinWidth CDATA #IMPLIED
       language NMTOKENS #IMPLIED
       audience (Patients | Health professionals) #IMPLIED
       size (full|three-quarters|half|third|quarter|fifth|sixth|as-is) #IMPLIED
       thumb (Yes|No) "No"
       id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Caption (%TextElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST Caption language NMTOKENS #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT DrugRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST DrugRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT MediaRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST MediaRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT Source (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT QuoteAuthor (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SummaryRef (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SummaryRef href CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST SummaryRef url CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT SummaryLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SummaryLink ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Reference EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST Reference refidx CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT ReferenceSection (Citation+)>
<!-- A Citation contains formatted text to be printed for the citation -->
<!-- A Citation includes both literature and protocol references. -->
<!-- The refidx attribute of the Reference element within each top level
    SummarySection is linking to the idx attribute of the Citation element of
    the ReferenceSection. These IDs are unique within a (top level)
    SummarySection. -->
<!ELEMENT Citation (%ParaElements;) *>
<!ATTLIST Citation idx CDATA #REQUIRED
                 PMID CDATA ""
                 MedlineID CDATA ""
                 CancerlitID CDATA ""
                 ProtocolID CDATA "" >
<!ELEMENT VerificationDate (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT DateLastModified (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT DateFirstPublished (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT GivenName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT MiddleInitial (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SurName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT ProfessionalSuffix (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT ProfessionalDisclaimer (%TextSectionElements;) *>
<!-- End Common Elements -->
Summaries
     -----
 PDQ Summaries on Treatment, Prevention, Screening, Supportive Care,
 Genetics, and Complementary/Alternative Medicine.
 Start element Summary. -->
<!ELEMENT Summary (SummaryMetaData,
```

```
SummaryTitle,
                   AltTitle+,
                   SummarySection+,
                   TranslationOf?,
                   PatientVersionOf?,
                   DateFirstPublished?,
                   DateLastModified?,
                   ProfessionalDisclaimer?
                  ) >
<!ATTLIST Summary id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Summary LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST Summary ReplacementFor CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT SummaryMetaData (SummaryType,
                           SummaryAudience,
                           SummaryLanguage,
                           SummaryDescription,
                           SummaryURL,
                           SummaryEditorialBoard,
                           MainTopics+,
                           SecondaryTopics*,
                           SummaryAbstract?,
                           SummaryKeyWords?
                          ) >
<!-- Types of summary
 Possible values are:
    Treatment.
    Supportive Care
    Screening
    Prevention
    Genetics
    Complementary and Alternative Medicine -->
<!ELEMENT SummaryType (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Types of summary audience
 Possible values are:
    Patients
    Health professionals -->
<!ELEMENT SummaryAudience (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Summary languages
  Possible values are:
    English
    Spanish -->
<!ELEMENT SummaryDescription (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Used by Cancer.gov website to link to the summary. -->
<!ELEMENT SummaryURL (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SummaryURL xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT SummaryLanguage (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SummaryEditorialBoard (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!ATTLIST SummaryEditorialBoard ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!-- Used to add an abstract for PubMed -->
<!ELEMENT SummaryAbstract
<!ELEMENT SummaryKeyWords (SummaryKeyWord+)>
<!ELEMENT SummaryKeyWord (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Link to original version of translation
 The id of the original version of a translated summary -->
<!ELEMENT TranslationOf EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST TranslationOf ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT PatientVersionOf EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST PatientVersionOf ref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT SummarySection (SectMetaData?,
                        Title?,
                        AltTitle*,
                        KeyPoint*,
                         ((%ParaLevelElements;) * | SummarySection*) *,
                        ReferenceSection?
<!ATTLIST SummarySection id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!-- The Diagnosis elements are links to Terminology with contents the
    preferred name. -->
<!ELEMENT SectMetaData (SpecificDiagnosis*,
                      SectionType*
                      ) >
<!ELEMENT SectionType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SummaryTitle (%TitleData;) * >
<!-- End Summaries -->
Organizations Start element Organization.
    <!ELEMENT Organization (OrganizationNameInformation,
                      OrganizationParent?,
                      IncludeInDirectory*,
                      OrganizationLocations,
                      OrganizationAffiliations?,
                      OrganizationType*,
                      PreferredProtocolOrganization?,
                      DateFirstPublished?,
                      DateLastModified?
                      ) >
<!ATTLIST Organization id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Organization LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST Organization Status CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT OrganizationNameInformation (OfficialName,
                                       ShortName*,
                                       AlternateName*,
                                       FormerName*
                                      ) >
<!ELEMENT OfficialName (Name)>
<!ATTLIST OfficialName id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT ShortName (Name)>
<!ATTLIST ShortName id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT AlternateName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT FormerName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT OrganizationParent (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST OrganizationParent ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT IncludeInDirectory EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST IncludeInDirectory Directory (Genetics | Treatment) #REQUIRED>
<!--At present there will be no genetics directory-->
<!--<!ELEMENT PreferredProtocolContactMode (#PCDATA)>-->
<!ELEMENT OrganizationLocations (OrganizationLocation+)>
<!ELEMENT OrganizationLocation (%Location;)>
<!ATTLIST OrganizationLocation IncludeParentName (Yes) #IMPLIED
                               OrderParentNameFirst (Yes) #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST OrganizationLocation id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT OrganizationAffiliations (ResearchBaseFor*,
                                    MemberOfProfessionalOrganization*,
                                    MemberOfCooperativeGroup*,
                                    MemberOfCCOP?
                                   ) >
<!ELEMENT ResearchBaseFor (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ResearchBaseFor ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT MemberOfProfessionalOrganization (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CooperativeGroup (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST CooperativeGroup ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT MemberOfCooperativeGroup (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST MemberOfCooperativeGroup ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT MemberOfCCOP (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST MemberOfCCOP ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT OrganizationType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PreferredProtocolOrganization (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST PreferredProtocolOrganization ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!-- End Organizations -->
Glossary Start element GlossaryTerm.
    <!ELEMENT GlossaryTerm (TermName,
                      TermPronunciation?,
                      TermDefinition+,
                      TermRef?,
                      MediaLink*,
                      SpanishTermName?,
                      SpanishTermDefinition*,
                      DateFirstPublished?,
                      DateLastModified?,
                      RelatedInformation?
                     ) >
<!ATTLIST GlossaryTerm id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST GlossaryTerm LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT TermName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SpanishTermName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TermPronunciation (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TermDefinition (DefinitionText,
                        Dictionary*,
                        Audience+)>
<!ELEMENT SpanishTermDefinition (DefinitionText,
                               Dictionary*,
                               Audience+)>
<!ELEMENT DefinitionText (%TextSectionElements;) *>
<!ELEMENT Dictionary (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Audience (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT RelatedInformation (RelatedExternalRef |</pre>
                            RelatedSummaryRef |
                            RelatedDrugSummaryRef |
                            RelatedGlossaryTermRef) +>
<!ELEMENT RelatedExternalRef
                                           (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST RelatedExternalRef xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST RelatedExternalRef UseWith (en | es) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT RelatedSummaryRef
                                           (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST RelatedSummaryRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST RelatedSummaryRef UseWith (en | es) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT RelatedDrugSummaryRef
                                           (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST RelatedDrugSummaryRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT RelatedGlossaryTermRef
                                           (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!ATTLIST RelatedGlossaryTermRef href CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!-- End Glossary -->
Terminology Start element Term.
    <!ELEMENT Term (PreferredName,
              OtherName*,
               Definition*,
               TermTypeName?,
               SemanticType*,
               TermRelationship?,
               RelatedWebsites*,
               MenuInformation?,
               DateFirstPublished?,
              DateLastModified?
              ) >
<!ATTLIST Term id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Term LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST Term NCIThesaurusConceptID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT PreferredName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT OtherName (OtherTermName,
                   OtherNameType+
                  ) >
<!ELEMENT OtherTermName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT OtherNameType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Definition (DefinitionText,
                    DefinitionType
                   ) >
<!ELEMENT DefinitionType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TermTypeName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SemanticType (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SemanticType ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT TermRelationship (ParentTerm | RelatedTerm)+>
<!ELEMENT ParentTerm (ParentTermName, ParentType)>
<!ELEMENT ParentTermName (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ParentTermName ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ParentType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT RelatedTerm (RelatedTermName, RelationshipType)>
<!ELEMENT RelatedTermName (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST RelatedTermName ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT RelationshipType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT MenuInformation (MenuItem+)>
<!ELEMENT MenuItem (MenuType, MenuParent*, DisplayName?)>
<!ATTLIST MenuItem SortOrder CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT MenuType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT MenuParent (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST MenuParent ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT DisplayName (#PCDATA)>
<!-- End Terminology -->
Genetics Directory, start element GENETICSPROFESSIONAL
    -->
<!-- The Genetics directory documents are independent from the other documents.
    No link exists from the genetics directory records to any of the other XML
    document types or vice versa. -->
<!ELEMENT GENETICSPROFESSIONAL (ID?,
                      DEGREE+,
                      PRACTICELOCATIONS+,
                      TYPE*,
                      SPECIALTY*,
                      TEAMSERVICES*,
                      GENETICSERVICES*,
                      MEMBERSHIP*,
                     NOTES?
                      ) >
<!ATTLIST GENETICSPROFESSIONAL id CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT NAME (SNAME,
                      FIRSTNAME,
                      LASTNAME,
                      SUFFIX?
                      ) >
<!ELEMENT PRACTICELOCATIONS (INSTITUTION,
                      CADD+,
                      CCIT?,
                      CPUN?,
                      CCOD?,
                      CCTY,
                      CPHN?,
                      CEML?
                      ) >
<!ELEMENT SPECIALTY (SPECIALTYNAME, BDCT?)>
```

```
<!ELEMENT SPECIALTYNAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT GENETICSERVICES (FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME+)>
<!ELEMENT FAMILYCANCERSYNDROME (SYNDROMENAME, CANCERTYPE*)>
<!ELEMENT SYNDROMENAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CANCERTYPE (TYPENAME, CANCERSITE*)>
<!ELEMENT TYPENAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT MEMBERSHIP (INSTITUTION+)>
<!ELEMENT INSTITUTION (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SNAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT FIRSTNAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LASTNAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SUFFIX (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CADD (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CCIT (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CCOD (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT DEGREE (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CPHN (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CEML (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CPUN (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CCTY (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TYPE (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TEAMSERVICES (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CANCERSITE (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT BDCT (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT NOTES (#PCDATA)>
<!-- End Genetics Directory-->
Country, start element Country
    -->
<!ELEMENT Country (CountryFullName,
```

```
CountryShortName?,
                    CountryAlternateName*,
                    Continent,
                    PostalCodePosition,
                    DateFirstPublished?,
                    DateLastModified?
<!ATTLIST Country id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Country LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT CountryFullName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CountryShortName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CountryAlternateName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Continent (#PCDATA)>
<!-- End Country -->
PoliticalSubUnit, start element PoliticalSubUnit
    <!ELEMENT PoliticalSubUnit (PoliticalSubUnitFullName,
                    PoliticalSubUnitShortName?,
                    PoliticalSubUnitAlternateName*,
                    CountryName,
                    DateFirstPublished?,
                    DateLastModified?
                    ) >
<!ATTLIST PoliticalSubUnit id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST PoliticalSubUnit LegacyPDQID CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT PoliticalSubUnitFullName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PoliticalSubUnitShortName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PoliticalSubUnitAlternateName (#PCDATA)>
<!-- End PoliticalSubUnit -->
CTGovProtocol, start element CTGovProtocol
    <!ENTITY % CTGovContact
                          "GivenName?,
                          MiddleInitial?,
                          SurName,
                          ProfessionalSuffix?,
                          Phone?,
                          PhoneExt?,
                          Email?">
<!ELEMENT CTGovProtocol
                          (RequiredHeader,
                          IDInfo,
                          BriefTitle,
```

Sponsors, BriefSummary, DetailedDescription?, CTEntryCriteria, CTGovDisclaimer, CurrentProtocolStatus, StartDate?, EndDate?, ProtocolPhase+, ProtocolDetail, Eligibility, ProtocolSpecialCategory*, Location*, VerificationDate, LastChangedDate?)> <!ELEMENT RequiredHeader (DownloadDate, LinkText)> <!ELEMENT IDInfo (OrgStudyID, SecondaryID*, NCTID) > <!ELEMENT Sponsors (PDQSponsorship*, LeadSponsor, Collaborator*, OverallOfficial*, OverallContact?, OverallContactBackup?)> <!ELEMENT OverallOfficial (GivenName?, MiddleInitial?, SurName, ProfessionalSuffix?, Role?, Affiliation?)> <!ELEMENT Location (Facility, Status, CTGovContact*, CTGovContactBackup?, Investigator*)> <!ELEMENT Facility (FacilityName?, PostalAddress)> <!ELEMENT Investigator (GivenName?, MiddleInitial?, SurName, ProfessionalSuffix?, Role?)> <!ELEMENT ProtocolDetail (StudyType, StudyCategory+, StudyDesign*, StudyCondition*,

OfficialTitle?,

```
Gene*
                         ) >
<!ELEMENT StudyType (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT StudyCategory (StudyCategoryName,
                         Intervention*
                        ) >
<!ELEMENT StudyCategoryName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Intervention (InterventionType,
                        InterventionTypeParent*,
                        InterventionNameLink*
                       ) >
<!ELEMENT InterventionType (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST InterventionType ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT InterventionTypeParent (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST InterventionTypeParent ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT InterventionNameLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST InterventionNameLink ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT StudyCondition (SpecificCondition, ConditionParent+)>
<!ELEMENT SpecificCondition (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SpecificCondition ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT ConditionParent (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ConditionParent ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT StudyDesign (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Gene (SpecificGene)>
<!ELEMENT SpecificGene (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST SpecificGene ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT Eligibility (HealthyVolunteers?,
                       LowAge,
                       HighAge,
                       AgeText,
                       Gender,
                       Diagnosis*,
                       ExclusionCriteria*
<!ELEMENT HealthyVolunteers (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LowAge (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT HighAge (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT AgeText (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!ELEMENT Gender (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT ExclusionCriteria (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ExclusionCriteria ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT RelatedWebsites (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST RelatedWebsites xref CDATA #REOUIRED>
<!ELEMENT ProtocolPhase (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT ProtocolSpecialCategory (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT StartDate (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST StartDate DateType (Actual|Projected) #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT CurrentProtocolStatus (#PCDATA)>
<!-- CTGov contact elements. -->
<!ELEMENT CTGovContact (%CTGovContact;)>
<!ELEMENT CTGovContactBackup (%CTGovContact;)>
<!ELEMENT OverallContact (%CTGovContact;)>
<!ELEMENT OverallContactBackup (%CTGovContact;)>
<!-- CTGov text content elements. -->
<!ELEMENT Affiliation (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Affiliation
<!ELEMENT BriefTitle (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Collaborator (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT CTGOVDisclaimer (%TextSectionElements;)*>
<!ELEMENT DownloadDate (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT EndDate (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT FacilityName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LastChangedDate (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LeadSponsor (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LinkText (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LinkText (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT LinkText (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT NCTID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT OfficialTitle (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT OrgStudyID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PDQSponsorship (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PhoneExt (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT PhoneExt (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Role
                                          (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT SecondaryID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Status
                                            (#PCDATA)>
<!-- (Modestly) marked-up text. -->
<!ELEMENT DetailedDescription ((Para|ItemizedList)+)>
<!-- Links (and other attributes) for CTGov elements. -->
<!ATTLIST Collaborator ref CDATA
                                                                                    #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST Collaborator type (Person|Organization) #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST CTGovContact ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST CTGovContactBackup ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST CTGovProtocol id CDATA
<!ATTLIST FacilityName ref CDATA
<!ATTLIST Investigator ref CDATA
<!ATTLIST LeadSponsor ref CDATA
                                                                                   #REQUIRED>
                                                                                   #IMPLIED>
                                                                                   #IMPLIED>
                                                                                   #IMPLIED>
```

```
<!ATTLIST LeadSponsor type (Person|Organization) #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST LinkText
                             xref CDATA
                                                       #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST OverallContact ref CDATA
<!ATTLIST OverallContactBackup ref CDATA
                                                       #IMPLIED>
                                                       #IMPLIED>
<!ATTLIST OverallOfficial ref CDATA
                                                       #IMPLIED>
<!-- End CTGovProtocol -->
DrugInformationSummary start element DrugInformationSummary
    <!ELEMENT DrugInformationSummary
         ( DrugInfoMetaData,
           DrugInfoTitle,
           Section+,
           DrugInfoDisclaimer,
           DateFirstPublished,
           DateLastModified?)>
<!ATTLIST DrugInformationSummary id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!-- Note: The CDR Vendor Filter will ensure that the Section elements
           used within a DrugInformationSummary will not contain these
           elements: AltTitle, KeyPoints, nested Section elements -->
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoMetaData
         ( DrugInfoType,
           DrugInfoAudience,
           DrugInfoDescription,
           DrugInfoURL,
           Manufacturers?,
           FDAApproved?,
           TerminologyLink,
           GlossaryLink,
           USBrandNames?,
           Synonyms?,
           PronunciationInfo?,
           FDAExternalRef? )>
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoType (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Types of DrugInfoType
    Possible values are:
    Brief
    Detailed -->
<!ATTLIST DrugInfoType Combination (Yes) #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoAudience (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Types of DrugInfoAudience
    Possible values are:
    Patients
    Health professionals -->
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoDescription (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoURL (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST DrugInfoURL xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
```

```
<!ELEMENT Manufacturers ( Manufacturer* )>
<!ELEMENT Manufacturer (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST Manufacturer ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT FDAApproved (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT TerminologyLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST TerminologyLink ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT GlossaryLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST GlossaryLink ref CDATA #IMPLIED>
<!ELEMENT USBrandNames ( USBrandName* )>
<!ELEMENT USBrandName (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Synonyms ( Synonym* )>
<!ELEMENT Synonym (#PCDATA)>
<!-- Only MediaLink elements of type="audio/mpeq" are allowed here -->
<!ELEMENT PronunciationInfo ( TermPronunciation?,
                       MediaLink* )>
<!ELEMENT FDAExternalRef
                                (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST FDAExternalRef xref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoTitle (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT DrugInfoDisclaimer (%TextSectionElements;) *>
<!-- End DrugInformationSummary -->
<!-- Begin DTD for Internal Use Only
<!-- Media element requested by Cancer.gov -->
<!ELEMENT Media
                        (#PCDATA)>
                         Type CDATA
<!ATTLIST Media
                                              #REQUIRED
                         Size CDATA
                                               #REQUIRED
                         Encoding (base64|hex)
                                              #REQUIRED>
<!-- End Section for Internal Use Only
<!-- ---= [INTERNAL@@] -->
<!-- End CDR DTD -->
```

Appendix E – Changes to Specification Document

Date	Sec	Change
Apr-03	1	Revised paragraph one and two.
	2	Revised paragraph one of FTP Distribution section.
	3	Updated sample Country record.
	4	Added Compact=No attribute for OrderedList in Table 3.
	5	Summary: Added paragraph for optional ReplacementFor
		attribute.
	5	Organization: Added FormerName element in Table 6.
	5	Terminology: Added paragraph for MenuInformation.
	5	Terminology: Added MenuInformation element and child
		elements in Table 8.
	5	Glossary: Added optional <i>Dictionary=Exclude</i> attribute to
		GlossaryTerm element
	5	Glossary: Added optional Audience=HealthProfessional attribute
		to TermDefinition and SpanishTermDefinition.
	Арр В	Replaced summary sample record.
	App C	Replaced protocol sample record.
	App D	Replaced organization sample record.
	App E	Replaced person sample record.
	App F	Replaced terminology sample record.
	App F	Added terminology sample records including <i>MenuInformation</i>
	''	fragment.
	App G	Replaced glossary sample record.
	Арр Н	Replaced genetics professional sample record.
	App I	Replaced country sample record.
	App J	Replaced political subunit sample record.
	App K	DTD change: Added optional Compact attribute for OrderedList
	''	element
	App K	DTD change: Added optional FormerName element to
		OrganizationNameInformation element for Organization
		documents
	App K	DTD change: Added optional MenuInformation elements for
		Term documents
	App K	DTD change: Added optional ReplacementFor element for
		Summary documents
Sep-03	5	Glossary: Expanded TermDefinition in GlossaryTerm to include
		new elements for Audience and Dictionary
	App G	Replaced glossary sample record.
	App K	DTD change: Changes to GlossaryTerm TermDefinition and
		SpanishTermDefinition
Feb-04	5	CTGovProtocol: Added section for new CTGovProtocol
		document type
	App A	Updated Table Output Rendering Recommendations. Expended
		on rendering of grid lines.
	App L	Renamed Appendix L (Changes to Specification Document) to

		Appendix M
	Арр К	Renamed Appendix K (PDQ Data Type Definition) to Appendix L
	App K	Added Appendix K, CTGovProtocol Sample Record
	App L	DTD change: Added 'None' as a valid value for the Frame
		attribute of the Table element.
Oct-04	2	Added change in directory location for vendor files.
		Added information for multimedia files.
	5	Multimedia: Added section for new Multimedia document type.
	6	Added change in directory location for vendor files.
	Арр В	Replaced Summary Sample Record to include MediaLinks
	App L	DTD change: Included media elements.
Mar-05	5	Summary: Added new elements SummaryDescription and
		SummaryURL
	5	Terminology: Added new element RelatedWebsites and attribute
		NCIThesaurusConceptID.
	App B	Modified Summary Sample Record to include new elements
	App F	Modified Terminology Sample Record to include new elements.
Sep-05	App L	DTD change: Added optional QandAEntry attribute.
Nov-05	5	Removing references to former ELHILL data format.
	5	Protocol: Added description for new elements.
	App L	DTD change: Added several new elements with version 1.55;
		DateSubmittedtoPDQ, ClinicalTrialsGovID, DateLastVerified,
		RegistryInfo, StudyDesign, StartDate, Outcome,
		ExpectedEnrollment, RelatedPublications.
		Moved and renamed element ProtocolTitle to PDQProtocolTitle,
		created new element ProtocolTitle, added new <i>ref</i> attribute for
		OverallContactBackup, and removed attribute LegacyPDQID and
Mar-07	5	element ReimbursementApproval. Summary: Added AltTitle element to supplement SummaryTitle.
IVIAI-U1	3	New AltTitle attribute <i>TitleType</i> with values <i>Short</i> and <i>Display</i>
		added.
	5	Summary, Glossary: Added new SummaryRef attribute <i>url.</i>
	5	Protocol: Added new <i>Gender</i> element and changed element
		LeadOrgProtocollD to be optional.
	5	CTGovProtocol: The CTGovDisclaimer element has been
		changed from a text to a para element.
	5	Glossary: Added new wrapper element RelatedInformation with
		two child elements RelatedExternalRef and
		RelatedSummaryRef, added new element TermRef.
	5	Added element <i>DrugRef</i> to common text elements.
	App L	Replaced DTD version 1.65 with version 1.67
Jan-08	5	Protocol: Added new CompletionDate element.
	5	Protocol: Added new Safety attribute to Outcome element.
	5	Summary: Made top-level AltTitle element mandatory.
	App L	Replaced DTD version 1.67 with version 1.71
Nov-08	1,2	Minor text correction regarding GeneticsProfessional files.
Sep-10	5	Removing reference to Person documents which are not
		distributed anymore Adding new document type DrugInformationSummary.

	App L	DTD change: Added DrugInformationSummary document type
	App L	DTD change: Removed Person document type.
Jan-14	2, 6	Updating contact information
Mar-16	1, 5,	Removing documentation for active and closed protocols.
	App C	
	Арр А	Added section on newly included sample transformation
		documents.