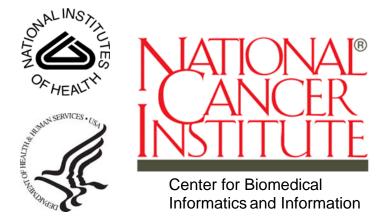
CAGWAS

Configuration Guide



September 24, 2009

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This section introduces you to the *caGWAS Configuration Guide*. It includes the following topics:

- Purpose on this page
- Audience on this page
- Topics Covered on page 2
- Additional References on page 2
- Text Conventions Used on page 2
- Technical Support on page 3

Purpose

This guide explains how to customize caGWAS for your study. It explains the database, the caIntegrator-spec module, and the GWAS application. The guide includes procedures for obtaining, installing, configuring, and managing each component of caGWAS.

Audience

This configuration guide is best suited for an experienced Java developer who is familiar with the following J2EE technologies:

- Unix/Linux environment (configuring environment variables; Installing Ant, JDK, and JBOSS server)
- Ant build scripts
- J2EE web application development using the Struts framework, Servlet/JSP's, javascript, AJAX, and XML/XSLT.
- J2EE middle-ware technologies such as n-tier service oriented architecture and software design patterns.

In addition, to properly configure the database (Oracle 9i or MySQL), you will need assistance/access from a database administrator.

Topics Covered

This brief overview explains what you will find in each chapter and appendix.

- Chapter 1, Understanding caGWAS Architecture, on page 5 introduces caGWAS and what you must do before you begin using it.
- Chapter 2, Working with caGWAS, on page 15 provides procedures for installing caGWAS.
- Appendix A, Third-Party Tools, on page 25 provides a list of the third-party jar files that caGWAS uses.

Additional References

For more information about caGWAS, see the following references:

caGWAS Technical Guide

Text Conventions Used

This section explains conventions used in this guide. The various typefaces represent interface components, keyboard shortcuts, toolbar buttons, dialog box options, and text that you type.

Convention	Description	Example
Bold & Capitalized Command Capitalized command > Capitalized command	Indicates a Menu command Indicates Sequential Menu commands	Admin > Refresh
TEXT IN SMALL CAPS	Keyboard key that you press	Press ENTER
TEXT IN SMALL CAPS + TEXT IN SMALL CAPS	Keyboard keys that you press simultaneously	Press SHIFT + CTRL and then release both.
Monospace type	Used for filenames, directory names, commands, file listings, and anything that would appear in a Java program, such as methods, variables, and classes.	URL_definition ::= url_string
Icon	A toolbar button that you click	Click the Paste button () to paste the copied text.
Boldface type	Options that you select in dialog boxes or drop-down menus. Buttons or icons that you click.	In the Open dialog box, select the file and click the Open button.
Italics	Used to reference other documents, sections, figures, and tables.	caCORE Software Development Kit 1.0 Programmer's Guide

Convention	Description	Example
Italic boldface monospace type	Text that you type	In the New Subset text box, enter Proprietary Proteins.
Note:	Highlights a concept of particular interest	Note: This concept is used throughout the installation manual.
Warning!	Highlights information of which you should be particularly aware.	Warning! Deleting an object will permanently delete it from the database.
{}	Curly brackets are used for replaceable items.	Replace {root directory} with its proper value, such as c:\cagwas

Technical Support

Contacts and Support	
Application Support	http://ncicbsupport.nci.nih.gov/sw/ Telephone: 301-451-4384 Toll free: 888-478-4423

CHAPTER

1

UNDERSTANDING CAGWAS ARCHITECTURE

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Introduction to caIntegrator on this page
- Introduction to caGWAS on this page
- Prerequisites on page 6
- Setting Up the Environment on page 7
- General Hardware Requirements on page 8
- Configuring the Server on page 9
- Obtaining the caIntegrator Source on page 9
- Setting Up the Database on page 10

Introduction to caIntegrator

"Informatics tools to integrate clinical trials and high throughput molecular analysis"

The calntegrator knowledge framework provides researchers with the ability to perform ad hoc querying and reporting across multiple domains. This application framework comprises an n-tier service oriented architecture that allows pluggable web-based graphical user interfaces, a business object layer, server components that process the queries and result sets, a data access layer and a robust data warehouse.

caIntegrator is envisioned to be the foundation for a number of translational applications. One such reference implementation at NCICB is called CGEMS (Cancer Genetics Markers of Susceptibility) – http://caintegrator.nci.nih.gov/cgems. This knowledge framework offers a paradigm for rapid sharing of information and

accelerates the process of analyzing results from various biomedical studies with the ultimate goal to rapidly change routine patient care.

More information is available at the calntegrator website: http://caintegrator-info.nci.nih.gov.

Introduction to caGWAS

Cancer Genome-Wide Association Studies (caGWAS) allows researchers to integrate, query, report, and analyze significant associations between genetic variations and disease, drug response or other clinical outcomes. New breakthroughs in SNP array technologies make it possible to genotype hundreds of thousands of single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) simultaneously, enabling whole genome association studies. Within the Clinical Genomic Object Model (CGOM), the calntegrator team created a domain model for Whole Genome Association Study Analysis. CGOM-caGWAS is a semantically annotated domain model that captures associations between Study, Study Participant, Disease, SNP Association Analysis, SNP Population Frequency and SNP annotations.

Following the principals of caBIG, caGWAS APIs and web portal provide:

- A semantically annotated domain model, database schema with sample data, seasoned middleware, APIs, and web portal for GWAS data;
- platform and disease agnostic CGOM-caGWAS model and associated APIs;
- the opportunity for developers to customize the look and feel of their GWAS portal;
- a foundation of open source technologies;
- a well-tested and performance-enhanced platform, as the same software is being used to house the CGEMS data portal at https://caintegator.nci.nih.gov/cgems;
- · accelerated analysis of results from various biomedical studies; and
- a single application through which researchers and bioinformaticians can access and analyze clinical and experimental data from a variety of data types, as caGWAS objects are part of the CGOM, which includes microarray, genomic, immunohistochemistry, imaging, and clinical data.

Prerequisites

The general requirements common to multiple components of calntegrator are a prerequisite, and must be installed on your machine prior to attempting to work with the calntegrator framework. The following are open source technologies which power calntegrator:

- Java Software Development Kit (JDK) version 1.5.0_06 (http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.5.0/download.jsp)
- JBoss Container (JBoss version 4.0.4 or 4.0.5 recommended) (http://labs.jboss.com/jbossas/downloads/)

- Jakarta Ant version 1.7.0 (http://archive.apache.org/dist/ant/binaries/)
- Oracle 9i (<u>http://www.oracle.com</u>)
- MySQL Enterprise Edition (http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/)

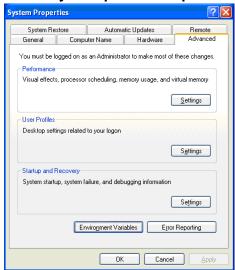
Please acquire each of these and follow the installation instructions provided with each respective product for your environment.

Setting Up the Environment

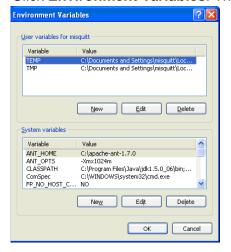
Before you begin using caGWAS, you must set the appropriate path and variables for your environment.

To set the path and environment variables in Windows:

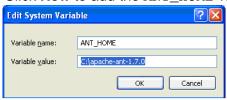
1. Select My Computer > Properties. Click the Advanced tab.



2. Click Environment Variables. The Environment Variables dialog box appears.



3. Click **New** to add the ANT_HOME variable and variable value as follows:



- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Click **New** to add the PATH variable. Delimit variable values with ";" For example:

```
C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.5.0_06\bin;C:\oracle\ora92\bin;
C:\Program Files\Oracle\jre\1.3.1\bin;C:\Program
Files\Oracle\jre\1.1.8\bin;%SystemRoot%\system32;%SystemRoot%;%SystemRoot%\System32\Wbem;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\systemRoot%\system32\nls;%SystemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemRoot%\systemR
```

To set the path and environment variables in Linux:

- 1. Go to directory /etc "profile" file.
- 2. Add the following:

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/jdk1.5.0_06
export ANT_HOME=/usr/local/apache-ant-1.7.0
export JBOSS_HOME=/usr/local/jboss-4.0.4.GA
export JAVA_OPTS="-server -Xms128m -Xmx512m -
Dsun.rmi.dgc.client.gcInterval=3600000 -
Dsun.rmi.dgc.server.gcInterval=3600000 -Dprogram.name=run.sh"
export CLASSPATH=/usr/local/jboss-4.0.4.GA/bin/run.jar:/lib/tools.jar
PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/jdk1.5.0_06/bin
```

General Hardware Requirements

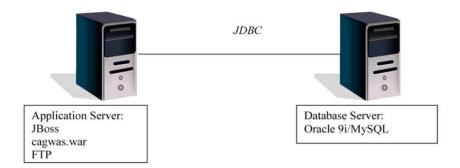
caGWAS has been tested with the following configuration on two separate machines.

Hardware	Configuration
Application Server	HP ProLiant DL385 G2 Server with 32-bit RHEL4 and 32-bit JDK 1.5.0_06
Database Server	Sun Solaris 8.0 on Sun v1280, with four 900 MHz US-III CPUs, 8 GB RAM, mirrored local and SAN disks

Table 1.1 Recommended caGWAS Hardware Configuration

Configuring the Server

The following image depicts the recommended server configuration for caGWAS.



Obtaining the caIntegrator Source

The calntegrator source bundle will be distributed through the calntegrator gForge website at http://gforge.nci.nih.gov/projects/caintegrator/. All distributions will be in the form of zip archives and will require a zip utility such as WinZip, the Java Jar utility or 7-Zip to open. Begin by selecting the bundled download named caIntegrator_wgs1.2_src_bundle.zip.

Source Distribution

The source code distribution below contains the calntegrator source and its reference implementation caGWAS.

Save this archive, caIntegrator_wgs1.2_src_bundle.zip, to your machine and extract it into a local directory.

After this extraction, you will see four main components:

- caintegrator-analysis-commons.zip
- caintegrator-application-commons.zip
- caintegrator-spec.zip
- cagwas.zip

Each of these archives will be referenced in the subsequent portions of this guide. Continue by downloading the database initialization files included in $wgs_db.zip$. This archive will contain the required files for properly setting up the database for the caGWAS reference implementation of calntegrator.

Database Download

The file below contains all necessary instructions and information for importing the database file for the WGS reference implementation.

• wgs_db.zip

Setting Up the Database

calntegrator employs a basic star schema with modification for the study data warehouse design that supports the integration of clinical and genomic data. It is a generic, query-optimized schema that contains fact tables such as GENOTYPE_FACT and SNP_FREQUENCY_FACT, etc. Look up entities such as GENE_DIM, SPECIMEN, and STUDY_POPULATION tables make up the dimensions in the schema. This schema provides a highly de-normalized view of the data and a data neutral framework from which queries can be executed with quick retrieval time.

You can configure an Oracle or a MySQL database for caGWAS. Note that unlike MySQL, which is an open-source database management system, Oracle is a licensed application that creates proprietary data. For more information, see:

- Using an Oracle Database on page 10
- Using a MySQL Database on page 12

Using an Oracle Database

Assumptions and Requirements

- Oracle 9i has been set up and you have access to the administrator account.
- You have proper privileges to create a named tablespace and you are familiar with the Oracle DB technology.

In addition to the above assumptions, it is also required that you have properly downloaded wgs_db.zip from the calntegrator GForge site as explained in *Source Distribution* on page 9.

Initializing the Oracle Database

To initialize the database, perform the following steps:

- 1. Unzip wgs_db.zip to a directory on your local machine such as c:\caintegrator\db.
- 2. Login into Oracle as database the administrator.
- 3. Create a named tablespace with at least 8 GB.
- 4. Create a user with this tablespace as default tablespace.

At this point, you have two options: import a dump to set up the database with the distributed data, or run the \mathtt{DDL} script, which will set up the database structure, but not import any data.

Initialization Option 1: Import a dump file

- 1. Create database by importing the DMP file from the download site.
- 2. Locate the file wgs.dmp from the extracted location (labeled below as <location>).
- 3. Issue the following command substituting the <variables> with your settings:

imp <username>/<password>@<database>

file=<location>/wgs.dmp log= <name.log> full=y

Option 1 Example

- 1. Extract wgs_db.zip file to your local C drive. Verify that the extracted file c:\wgs.dmp exists.
- 2. Go to the command line to login to the database named wgsdb as the user named wgs with password wgspass, which the database administrator created for this import. Then issue the following command:

Prompt>imp wgs/wgspass@wgsdb file=c:\wgs.dmp log=wgs.log
full=y

3. Press enter.

Note: You or the DBA can verify this database import by checking the log file for errors.

Initialization Option 2: Run a DDL script

- 1. Create a database by running the DDL script from the download site.
- 2. Locate the file wgs.sql from the extracted location (labeled below as <location>).
- 3. Log into the database as created named user.
- 4. Issue the following command:

@<location>/wgs.sql

Option 2 Example

- Extract wgs_db.zip to your local C drive. Verify that the extracted file c:\wgs.sql exists.
- 2. Log into the database named wgsdb as the user named wgs with password wgspass, through SQL Plus, then issue the following SQL statement:

@c:\wgs.sql

3. Press enter.

Verifying the Oracle Database

Once the database has been created through importing (option1) or the database has been created through running the DDL script (option 2) without error, it can be verified by comparing the number of the objects in current database with the number of the objects from the original database. This verification process can be performed through a SQL query in the SQL Plus or TOAD environment. For both options, the number of objects should match the list below, which was taken from the original database.

Tables	25
Views	4
Indexes	61

Table 1.2 Number of objects of each type in the caGWAS database

In addition, most of the tables in the option 1 database should contain seed data for the public to view; no data is available in the option 2 database.

Using a MySQL Database

Assumptions and Requirements

Before using a MySQL database with caGWAS, it is assumed that:

- MySQL has been set up and you are familiar with MySQL database technology.
- You have access to the administrator account or to a user that has been granted proper privileges to create a database (schema).

It is also required that you have downloaded $mysql_cgemstemp.dmp$ from the calntegrator GForge site as explained in *Source Distribution* on page 9.

Initializing the MySQL Database

You can import mysql_cgemstemp.dmp using either of the methods described below.

- Create the database by importing from the database server, or
- Create the database by importing the file while logged into the database from the mysql client.

Option 1: Import from the database server

• Run the following command on the database server:

```
MYSQL_DIRECTORY - references where MySQL was installed

CONF_DIRECTORY - references the location of where the my.cnf file is located

<MYSQL_DIRECTORY>/bin/mysql --defaults-
file=<CONF_DIRECTORY>/my.cnf < mysql_cgemstemp.dmp
```

Option 2: Import the file through the mysql client

1. Log into the MySQL instance as a user with the proper privileges:

```
mysql -h <hostname> -u <user> -P<port> -p
```

For example:

```
mysql -h myserver.domain -u cgemsuser -P3630 -p
2. At the mysql prompt, run the following:
mysql> source mysql_cgemstemp.dmp
```

Verifying the MySQL Database

Once the database has been created by importing from the database server (option1 above) or from your client (option 2 above) without error, you can verify it by comparing the number of the objects in the current database with the number of the objects from the original database. This verification process can be performed through a SQL query. For both options, the number of objects should match the list below, which was taken from the original database.

```
select count(*) from information_schema.tables
where table_schema='cgemstemp';

Tables: 31
select count(*) from information_schema.views
where table_schema='cgemstemp';

Views: 0
select count(distinct table_name, index_name) from
information_schema.statistics
where index_schema='cgemstemp';
Indexes: 89
```

CHAPTER 2 WORKING WITH CAGWAS

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Assumptions and Requirements on this page
- Installing caGWAS on page 16
- Configuring caGWAS on page 17
- Deploying caGWAS on page 20
- Verifying Installation on page 23

Assumptions and Requirements

The database component listed in this guide must be installed, configured, and deployed prior to installing this component.

There is currently a 2GB RAM minimum requirement for any server that this application is deployed on. This is due to the extremely large data sets that are being processed and returned to the user.

The following components are required and come as part of the bundled download.

Software	Version	Source included in the bundle
caintegrator-application-commons	1.2	Yes
caintegrator-analysis- commons	1.2	Yes
caintegrator-spec	1.2	Yes
cagwas	1.4	Yes
weka.jar	3-4-*	No

Table 2.1 Application software distributed as part of caGWAS 1.0 bundled download

To download weka.jar

- 1. Go to http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/~ml/weka/index.html
- 2. Read their licensing terms and conditions.
- 3. Download a weka zip archive containing the weka source files and instructions to build the weka. jar.
- 4. The latest file at the time this guide was written was weka-3-4-10.zip located on the Download page under the "Other platforms (Linux, etc.)" heading.

Unzip the archive under {work-area}. This will create a new directory called {workarea}/weka-3-4-10.

In step 2 of installation, you will extract this file into the caintegrator-spec package.

Installing caGWAS

caGWAS is dependent on the following jars, as mentioned above: caintegratoranalysis-commons.jar, caintegrator-application-commons.jar and caintegrator-spec.jar.

The application requires these jars to be built prior to the build/deployment of cagwas.war. In this section, Steps 1 through 3 provide instructions on building these dependent jars. Step 4 and 5 provide instructions on building, configuring and deploying caGWAS.

Note: The build script creates a directory called "artifacts" in the same level as the directory where each of the components was extracted. For example, if you unzip caintegrator-analysis-commons.zip under the folder c:\dev, the build script will create a folder called c:\dev\artifacts to contain the binaries from the builds.

In the subsequent sections, {work-area} refers to the work area where the component zip archives will be extracted (such as c:\dev).

For detailed instructions for installing caGWAS, see:

- Step 1: Build caintegrator-analysis-commons on page 16
- Step 2: Build caintegrator-spec on page 17
- Step 3: Build caintegrator-application-commons on page 17

To ensure a correct installation of caGWAS, you must follow these steps in exactly this order.

Step 1: Build caintegrator-analysis-commons

1. Extract caintegrator-analysis-commons.zip in {work-area}. Verify that the src and lib folders are available under {work-area}/ caintegrator-analysis-commons.

- 2. From the command shell (like cmd, bash, sh etc.), change the working directory to {work-area}/caintegrator-analysis-commons.
- 3. To build caintegrator-analysis-commons, run ant -f build_dependency.
- 4. Verify that there were no errors and that caintegrator-analysis-commons.jar has been created in {work-area}/artifacts.

Step 2: Build caintegrator-spec

Note: Recall that weka.jar was been extracted earlier. This file and caintegratoranalysis-commons.jar are required to build caintegrator-spec.jar.

- Extract caintegrator-spec.zip under {work-area}. Verify that the src and deployed_jars folders are available under {work-area}/ caintegrator-spec.
- 2. Copy the {work-area}/weka-3-4-10/weka.jar file to the {work-area}/ caintegrator-spec/deployed_jars folder.
- 3. From the shell prompt, change the working directory to {work-area} / caintegrator-spec.
- 4. Build caintegrator-spec by running ant -f build_dependency.
- 5. Verify that there were no errors and that caintegrator-spec.jar has been created under {work-area}/artifacts folder.

Step 3: Build caintegrator-application-commons

Note: caintegrator-spec.jar and caintegrator-analysis-commons.jar are required to build caintegrator-application-commons.

- Extract caintegrator-application-commons.zip file under {work-area}. Verify that the src and lib folders are available under {work-area}/caintegrator-application-commons.
- 2. From the shell prompt, change working directory to {work-area} / caintegrator-application-commons.
- 3. Build caintegrator-application-commons by running ant -f build_dependency.
- 4. Verify that there were no errors and that caintegrator-application-commons. jar has been created in {work-area}/artifacts.

Configuring caGWAS

You can configure caGWAS to reflect custom properties. The properties listed in this section are not all of the properties in caGWAS but rather only those that you can customize.

To configure caGWAS

1. Set the following properties in the build.properties file.

```
*******
  MySQL Setup
  # Database Properties
  # select DB type: mysql or oracle
  db.type=mysql
  # REPLACE THE FOLLOWING:
  YOUR_DB_SERVER: YOUR_DB_PORT, YOUR_DB_SCHEMA_NAME,
  YOUR DB USERNAME, YOUR DB PASSWORD
  cagwas.jndi.connection=cagwas
  cagwas.databaseUser=YOUR_DB_USERNAME
  cagwas.databasePassword=YOUR DB PASSWORD
  cagwas.databaseServerURL=YOUR_DB_URL
  cagwas.databaseServerPort=YOUR DB PORT
  cagwas.databaseSchemaName=YOUR_DB_SCHEMA_NAME
  cagwas.urlDbalias=jdbc:${db.type}:
  ${cagwas.databaseServerURL}:${cagwas.databaseServerPort}
  ${cagwas.databaseSchemaName}
  # Use for MySQL
  db.jdbcRuntimeDriver.mysql=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
  db.dialect.mysql=orq.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect
  db.exception.sorter.class.mysql=com.mysql.jdbc.integration
  .jboss.ExtendedMysqlExceptionSorter
# External Properties Path
#UNIX EXAMPLE /local/content/${module_name}/config
#WINDOWS EXAMPLE C:/local/content/${module_name}/config
EXTERNAL.CONFIG.DIR=YOUR_EXTERNAL_PROPERTIES_DIRECTORY
#C:/cagwas_bundle/cagwas/conf
  ********
  Oracle Setup
  # Database Properties
  # select DB type: mysql or oracle
  db.type=oracle
  # REPLACE THE FOLLOWING:
  YOUR_DB_SERVER:YOUR_DB_PORT,YOUR_DB_SCHEMA_NAME,
  YOUR_DB_USERNAME, YOUR_DB_PASSWORD
  cagwas.jndi.connection=cagwas
  cagwas.databaseUser=YOUR_DB_USERNAME
  cagwas.databasePassword=YOUR DB PASSWORD
  cagwas.databaseServerURL=YOUR_DB_URL
  cagwas.databaseServerPort=YOUR_DB_PORT
```

```
cagwas.databaseSchemaName=YOUR_DB_SCHEMA_NAME
  cagwas.urlDbalias=jdbc:${db.type}:
  ${cagwas.databaseServerURL}:${cagwas.databaseServerPort}
  ${cagwas.databaseSchemaName}
  # Use for Oracle DB
  db.jdbcRuntimeDriver.oracle=oracle.jdbc.driver.
  OracleDriver
  db.dialect.oracle=org.hibernate.dialect.Oracle9Dialect
  db.exception.sorter.class.oracle=org.jboss.resource.
  adapter.jdbc.vendor.OracleExceptionSorter
# External Properties Path
#UNIX EXAMPLE /local/content/${module_name}/config
#WINDOWS EXAMPLE C:/local/content/${module name}/config
EXTERNAL.CONFIG.DIR=YOUR_EXTERNAL_PROPERTIES_DIRECTORY
#C:/cagwas bundle/cagwas/conf
2. Set the following properties in the mailzip.properties file for your
  configuration.
  # Project Name (Full)
  project=YOUR_FULL_PROJECT_NAME
  # Project Acronym
  acronym=YOUR_PROJECT_ACRONYM
  # Mail server hostname
  host=YOUR_MAIL_SERVER
  # Hostname and port of FTP server
  ftpHostnameAndPort=YOUR_LOCATION_OF_FTP_FILES_TO_REFERENCE
  _IN_EMAIL
  # Tech support information
  techSupportNumber=YOUR_TECH_SUPPORT_NUMBER
  techSupportURL=YOUR TECH SUPPORT URL
  techSupportStartTime=YOUR_TECH_SUPPORT_START_TIME
  techSupportEndTime=YOUR_TECH_SUPPORT_STOP_TIME
  techSupportMail=YOUR_TECH_SUPPORT_EMAIL
  # Request Email
  userRequestMail=YOUR_USER_REQUEST_EMAIL
  userRequestCC=YOUR_USER_REQUEST_CC
  # Feedback Email
  feedback.mailTo=YOUR FEEDBACK EMAIL
  feedback.mailSubject=YOUR_FEEDBACK_SUBJECT
  # Remote plone site or your server url such as localhost
  remote.url=http://localhost:8080/cagwas
```

```
remote.about=/about_content.html
  remote.update=/update content.html
  remote.registration=/controlled_data_access_content.html
  remote.study1=/study1_content.html
  remote.study2=/study2 content.html
  remote.glossary=/glossary_content.html
  remote.contacts=/contacts content.html
  remote.cite=/cite_content.html
  remote.citeExample=/cite_example_content.html
  remote.access=/data access content.html
  remote.openAccess=/open_data_access_content.html
  remote.controlledAccess=/
  controlled_data_access_content.html
  ftp anonBrowse URL=YOUR ANONYMOUS FTP URL
#http://[localhost/server]:8080/cagwas/pub_download_cagwas/
  ftp secure URL=YOUR SECURE FTP URL
#https:// [localhost/server]:8080/cagwas/
bulk_download_cagwas/
Make sure your JDBC driver is present in ${JBOSS_HOME}/server/
```

- default/lib for either MySQL or Oracle.
- 4. Build using the supplied build.xml.
- 5. Copy the cagwas-ds.xml to the JBOSS deploy directory.
- 6. Configure JBOSS config files using the templates built for you.

```
login-config.xml
properties-services.xml
log4j.xml
```

Copy the following generated files to your specified

EXTERNAL_PROPERTIES_DIRECTORY

```
mail.properties
zip.properties
cagwas.hibernate.cfg.xml
```

8. Modify your \${JBOSS HOME DIR}/bin/run.conf to specify the JAVA_OPTS below

```
JAVA OPTS="-server -Xms2048m -Xmx2048m -
XX:ThreadStackSize=128 -XX:SurvivorRatio=10 -
XX:PermSize=128m -XX:MaxPermSize=128m -
Dsun.rmi.dgc.client.gcInterval=3600000 -
Dsun.rmi.dgc.server.gcInterval=3600000 -
Djava.awt.headless=true"
```

Start JBOSS.

Deploying caGWAS

To deploy caGWAS, see the following sections:

- Step 1: Build cagwas.war below
- Step 2: Configure JBoss for WGS application on page 21
- Step 3: Deploy WGS application under JBoss on page 23

Step 1: Build cagwas.war

Note: caintegrator-spec.jar, caintegrator-analysis-commons.jar and caintegrator-application-commons.jar are required to build cagwas.war.

- Extract cagwas.zip under {work-area}. Verify that the src, not_deployed_jars, test, conf and WebRoot folders are available under {work-area}/cagwas.
- 2. From the shell prompt, change the working directory to {work-area} / cagwas.
- 3. In the {work-area}/cagwas folder, create the following two folders: bulk_download_cagwas pub_download_cagwas
- 4. Add the following two lines to the mailzip.properties file:
- 5. Build cagwas.war by running ant build_war_anthill.
- 6. Verify that there were no errors and that cagwas.war has been created in {work-area}/artifacts.
- 7. Go to the artifacts folder (which was created by running the ant build in step 1 and is located at /{work-area}/artifacts/). You should see the following files:
 - O ApplicationSecurityConfig.xml
 - oracle-ds.xml
 - o properties-service.xml
 - o login-config.xml
 - o mail.properties
 - o zip.properties

Step 2: Configure JBoss for WGS application

 Modify the {work-area}/artifacts/oracle-ds.xml with your database information for the your_db_ip_address, your_db_instance, username, password tags

Copy oracle-ds.xml from the {work-area}/artifacts/ folder and place
it in: /<JBOSS_HOME>/server/default/deploy/. Alternatively, if the
oracle-ds.xml already exists, copy the contents of oracle-ds.xml from
the {work-area}/artifacts/ folder and add them to the existing oracleds.xml file.

Note: The data source should be named cagwas.

- 3. Create a externalized properties folder such as c:\caintegrator\externalized_properties_folder on your local file system. This folder will be referred to as <externalized_properties_folder>
- 4. Copy the following files from the {work-area}/artifacts/folder to <externalized_properties_folder> that was created in the previously step.

```
mail.properties
zip.properties
```

Note: You may wish to change the default values under mail and zip property files. Those values can be changed at any time and will not require rebuilding the application, but you will need to restart the server.

- Edit your /<JBOSS_HOME>/server/default/deploy/propertiesservices.xml file.
 - a. Scroll down to

```
<mbean
```

<attribute/>

code="org.jboss.varia.property.SystemPropertiesService"
name="jboss:type=Service,name=SystemProperties">

b. Copy the text that is inside the file {work-area}/artifacts/ properties-service.xml, which should look like the following, where c:\caintegrator\externalized_properties_folder is your <externalized_properties_folder>

```
<attribute name="Properties">
gov.nih.nci.cagwas.zip.properties=C:\caintegrator\externalized_prop
erties_folder\zip.properties
gov.nih.nci.cagwas.mail.properties=C:\caintegrator\externalized_pro
perties_folder\mail.properties
```

and add it inside the mbean node.

Step 3: Deploy WGS application under JBoss

The cagwas.war is ready to be deployed to JBoss.

- Copy the cagwas.war file, located at /artifacts/ to /<JBOSS_HOME>/server/default/deploy/.
- 2. Using the command located in the /<JBOSS_HOME>/server/default/deploy/bin folder, restart the JBoss container that owns the directory where this file was placed.

Verifying Installation

It is very important to start JBoss as noted in the first step below. Start JBoss using the command located in the /<JBOSS HOME>/server/default/deploy/bin folder.

To verify correct installation of caGWAS, do the following.

- Start JBoss and navigate your web browser to: http:// <JBOSS_SERVER:PORT>/cagwas/ (for example http://localhost:8080/cagwas).
- 2. Select the Browse data tab.
- 3. Select GWAS Study 1, the default version, 2.0, and the default dataset option, Association Finding.
- 4. Click Submit. The Search Association Findings page appears.
- Accept all defaults on the Search Association Findings page and then click Submit. The system retrieves all association findings records for the study and displays the results in a table.

caGWAS uses the NCICB common security module to control access to genotype and protected data under Study_Participant objects. All the other relevant information is classified as *Limited Data Set* and does not require special access restrictions. If you would like to leverage CSM and LDAP for authorization/authentication and to establish security policies at your site, then please refer to the NCICB download site at http://ncicb.nci.nih.gov/download/ for CSM 3.1.

APPENDIX

THIRD-PARTY TOOLS

caGWAS uses the following third-party jar files.

Third-Party Tool	Version	URL	License Info/URL
ehCache	1.1	http:// ehcache.sourceforge.net/	Available under the Apache 1.1license. Ehcache's copyright and licensing has been reviewed and approved by the Apache Software Foundation, making ehcache suitable for use in Apache projects.
JFreechart	1.0.0 rc1	http://www.jfree.org/ jfreechart/index.php	http://www.jfree.org/ lgpl.php complete source code is included, under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public Licence; http://www.jfree.org/ jfreechart/index.php
Apache Struts	1.1	http://struts.apache.org/	
Rserve		http://stats.math.uni- augsburg.de/Rserve/	GPL software license
DWR	1.0	http://getahead.ltd.uk/home	http://www.apache.org/ licenses/LICENSE- 2.0.html
DOM4J	1.5.2	http://www.dom4j.org/	http://www.dom4j.org/ license.html BSD License

Table A.1 Third-Party Tools

Third-Party Tool	Version	URL	License Info/URL
Hibernate	2.1.7c	http://www.hibernate.org	http://www.hibernate.org/ 356.html BSD License
Krysalis-jCharts	1.0.0-alpha- 1	http:// jcharts.sourceforge.net/ index.html	http:// jcharts.sourceforge.net/ license.html BSD License
log4j	1.2.8	http://logging.apache.org/ log4j/docs/	http://vmgump.apache.org/ gump/public-jars/nlog4j/ jars/LICENSE.txt
p6spy		http://www.p6spy.com/	http://www.ibiblio.org/ maven/p6spy/licenses/ license.htm
velocity	1.3.1	http://jakarta.apache.org/ velocity/	http://jakarta.apache.org/ velocity/docs/license.html
xdoclet	1.2b3-dev	http:// xdoclet.sourceforge.net/	BSD http:// xdoclet.sourceforge.net/ xdoclet/licenses/xdoclet- license.html
xjavadoc	1.0	http:// xdoclet.sourceforge.net/ xjavadoc/	
db-ojb- 1.0.rc4- src.jar	1.0.rc4		
jakarta regexp	1.2		http://jakarta.apache.org/ regexp/
Java API for Servlets - javax.servlet .jar			
javax.servlet .jsp.jar			
JBOSS -j2ee		http://www.jboss.org/	
Java Data Objects	jdo.jar	http://www.javaranch.com/ newsletter/200401/ IntroToJDO.html	
Sun's reference implementatio n of the JDO specification	jdori.jar		
antlr.jar		http://www.antlr.org/	http://www.antlr.org/ license.html
appStateClien t.jar			

Table A.1 Third-Party Tools (Continued)

Third-Party Tool	Version	URL	License Info/URL
batik-awt- util.jar		http://xml.apache.org/batik/	
batik-dom.jar		http://xml.apache.org/batik/	
batik- svggen.jar		http://xml.apache.org/batik/	
batik- util.jar		http://xml.apache.org/batik/	
batik-xml.jar		http://xml.apache.org/batik/	
c3p0- 0.8.4.5.jar			
caBIO	caBIO.jar	http://ncicb.nci.nih.gov/ NCICB/infrastructure/ cacore_overview/caBIO	
cglib-full- 2.0.2.jar	2.0.2		
commons- beanutils.jar		http://jakarta.apache.org/ commons/beanutils/	
commons- collections- 3.1.jar	3.1	http://jakarta.apache.org/ site/downloads/ downloads_commons- collections.cgi	
commons- dbcp.jar			
commons- digester.jar		http://jakarta.apache.org/ commons/digester/	
commons- fileupload.ja r			
commons-lang- 2.0.jar			
commons- logging	1.0.4.jar	http://jakarta.apache.org/ commons/logging/	
commons- pool.jar			
commons- validator.jar			
csmapi.jar		http://ncicb.nci.nih.gov/ NCICB/infrastructure/ cacore_overview/csm/	
jaas.jar		http://java.sun.com/ products/jaas/ install_notes.html	

Table A.1 Third-Party Tools (Continued)

Third-Party Tool	Version	URL	License Info/URL
jakarta- oro.jar		http://jakarta.apache.org/ oro/	
jcommon- 1.0.0-rc1.jar	1.0.0		
jcs.jar			
jdo.jar			
odmg-3.0.jar	3.0		
ojdbc14.jar			

Table A.1 Third-Party Tools (Continued)

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