### **Kernel Oops - The Real World Example**

- In September 2017, a customer reported a kernel **Oops** 
  - Kernel detects an unexpected situation and reports it on the console(s)
    - Usually triggered by a CPU exception
    - The exception might be also triggered by an assertion in kernel code
  - Lots of (architecture-specific) information which may or may not be enough to find the root cause
- Kernel might survive an Oops and keep running
  - Kill just a single process, but that includes kernel threads
  - Possibly inconsistent state (locks that were locked are not unlocked...)
- Less serious kind of Oops: kernel warning, doesn't kill, just taints the kernel with W flag
  - Usually an assert-like condition for "this should not happen but should be able recover" situations
- Fatal oops (kernel **panic**) kills the system completely
  - Oops in interrupt context, panic\_on\_oops, panic\_on\_taint enabled, specific panic() calls
  - HW failure, critical memory allocation failure, init or idle task killed
  - May trigger crash dump if configured, or reboot automatically after set delay

### **Kernel Oops - The Real World Example**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops - The Real World Example**

```
Stack:
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0hf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
 [<fffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160
 [<fffffff81066f39>] do_exit+0x189/0x470
 [<ffffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
    [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 00000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – What Happened

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
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<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
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R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
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Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
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-----[ cut here ]-----
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 invalid ode: 0000 [#1] SMP
 CPU 1
                   lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
 Module
                                                  auth rpcgss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
Result of a BUG() macro.
File + line translation enabled by
                                                E X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
CONFIG DEBUG BUGVERBOSE
                                                >] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
(implemented by bug table
section on x86 - ~70-100kB)
                                                0000000000000006
                                                00000000000000000
 RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
 R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
 R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
     00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:0000000000000000
     0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
 CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
 DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
 DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
 Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

## Kernel Oops in Detail – What Happened

DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400

Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)

```
-----[ cut here ]------
 kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
 invalid dode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
                 lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge st
 Module
                                                                          dev ext2 des_generic ecb
                                              auth rpcgss sunrec aut
                                                                             sice mnorf venck(FY)
Result of a BUG() macro.
                                                           The indicated line contains:
File + line translation enabled by
                                                           struct shmid kernel *shp;
                                              X 3.0.101-84-
CONFIG DEBUG BUGVERBOSE
                                             >] shm_close+0x
(implemented by __bug_table
                                                           shp = shm_lock(ns, sfd->id);
section on x86 - ~70-100kB)
                                                           BUG ON(IS ERR(shp));
                                             b00000000000000d
                                             00000000000000000
 RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84dd
                                                           This is essentially a hard assertion:
 R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffffff81215a80 R12: fffffff81a469cd
                                                           if (<condition>) BUG()
 R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
     00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:0000d
     0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
 CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
     000000000000000 DR1: 00000000000000 DR2: 000000000000000
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – CPU Exception

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 00000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail - CPU Exception**

```
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb md4 nls
s(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs_acl auth_rpcgss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt_misc mperf vsock(EX)
```

On x86\_64, BUG() emits a standardized invalid opcode UD2 (0F 0B) triggering a CPU exception.

The exception handler checks for UD2 opcode and searches the \_\_bug\_table for details.

This reduces instruction cache footprint compared to BUG() being a call. Also prevents speculation into BUG() path.

```
E X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
0,000,000,000,000
0000000000000000
fff8804256a84d0
fffffff81a469c0
00) knlGS:00000000000000000
0000000001407e0
00000000000000400
211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail - CPU Exception**

```
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.16
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP

CPU 1

Modules 1

in: lp parport_pc ar_packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.16

invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
```

On x86\_64, BUG() emits a standardized invalid opcode UD2 (0F 0B) triggering a CPU exception.

The exception handler checks for UD2 opcode and searches the \_\_bug\_table for details.

This reduces instruction cache footprint compared to BUG() being a call. Also prevents speculation into BUG() path.

Since 4.11, the same trick is used for WARN(), WARN\_ON() etc.

The UD0 opcode (0F FF) was used because some emulators terminate when they encounter UD2.

However turns out UD0 is not that well standardized (AMD vs Intel).

E X 3.0.1

>1 shm c1

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Error Code

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 00000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Error Code

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
                   oparport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
Modules linked
md4 nls utf8 g
                    ofs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcgss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[las
     x86- and exception-specific
Supr
     error code (32-bit hex number).
     Not applicable to invalid opcode.
Pid
                                                X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
Pla
     Typically useful for page fault
RTP
                                                l shm close+0x3e/0xb0
     exceptions where it's a mask:
RSP
RAX
                                               0000000000000006
RDX
                                               000000000000006
     Bit 0 – Present
RBP
                                                ff8804256a84d0
     Bit 1 – Write
R10
                                               fffffff81a469c0
R13
                                               0000000000000001
     Bit 2 – User
FS:
                                               0) knlGS:00000000000000000
     Bit 3 – Reserved write
CS:
CR2
                                               000000001407e0
     Bit 4 – Instruction fetch
DR0
                                               000000000000000
DR3
                                               000000000000400
     (newer kernels decode this)
Prod
                                               11336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

## Kernel Oops in Detail – Counter and Config

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
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R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Counter and Config

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
                         ort pc af packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
Modules linked in: lp
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X)
                         cache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcgss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloa
            Oops counter, followed by
Supported:
            state of selected important
            kernel config options:
Pid: 26341,
                                                 X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
Platform/44
RIP: 0010:[
                                                  shm close+0x3e/0xb0
            PREEMPT
RSP: 0018:f
RAX: ffffff
                                                 00000000000000
            SMP
RDX: 000000
                                                 000000000000000
            DEBUG PAGEALLOC
RBP: ffffff
                                                 f8804256a84d0
R10: ffff88
                                                 ffffff81a469c0
            KASAN
R13: ffff88
                                                 000000000000000
            PTI/NOPTI
    00007f
                                                 ) knlgs:00000000000000000
     0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
    000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 000000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Kernel Modules

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcgss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 00000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Kernel Modules

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/
                                Modules (~drivers) and their taint flags:
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
                                E – unsigned
Modules linked in: lp parport
                                                                                  xt2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fs/
                                                                                  c mperf vsock(EX)
                                X – externally supported (SUSE)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
                                P – proprietary
Supported: Yes, External
                                0 – out-of-tree
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tail
                                F – force-loaded
                                                                                  VMware Virtual
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference
                                C – staging/ tree module
RIP: 0010:[<ffffffff811e466e>]
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLA
                                N – no support (SUSE)
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: fffff
                                +/- - being loaded/unloaded
RDX: 0000000000000000 RSI: 00000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffff
                                Last unloaded – insufficient cleanup?
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff88
    00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:0000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Basic Info**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 00000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Basic Info**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
 kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
 invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
 CPU 1
 Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
 md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
 <...>
 [last unloaded: ppa]
 Supported: Yes, External
 Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted: G
                                                E X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
 Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
 RIP: 0010 <ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP: 001
            ff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
 RAX: f
              fffffea RBX: fffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
 RDX:
                00000 RSI: 000000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000000
                                           R09: ffff8804256a84d0
Information about CPU, process
                                           R12: ffffffff81a469c0
                                           R15: 000000000000000001
in whose context the bug
                                           000(0000) knlGS:0000000000000000
happened, exact kernel version,
                                           5003h
                                           CR4: 00000000001407e0
HW (or virtual host) platform.
                                           DR2: 00000000000000000
 prs. 00000000000000 pro. 000000011110110 DR7: 000000000000400
 Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Basic Info**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
 kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
 invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
 md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
 <...>
 [last unloaded: ppa]
 Supported: Yes, External
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted: G
                                            E X 3.0.101-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
 Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
 RIP: 0010 <ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP: 001
           ff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
 RAX: f
             fffffea RBX: fffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
 RDX:
              00000 RSI: <u>00000000000005c</u>RDI: 00000000000000
                                                         More process (task) details
                                        R09: ffff8804256a
Information about CPU, process
                                        R12: ffffffff81a4
                                                         (addresses of related structures)
                                        R15: 0000000000000
in whose context the bug
                                                         Not printed in newer kernels.
                                        000(0000) knlGS:0
happened, exact kernel version,
                                        5003h
                                        CR4: 00000000001407e0
HW (or virtual host) platform.
                                        Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Kernel taint flags

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

## Kernel Oops in Detail – Ker

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.2
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_c
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs ac
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted: G
                                                 E X 3.0.10
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_clo
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 FFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 00000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffffff81215a80 R12: fffffff81a
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000
    00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:
     0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 00000000001
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
```

Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)

### Kernel taint flags:

POFCEX – same as per-module

G – no proprietary module (not P)

R – module was force-unloaded

D – there was an oops before

W – there was a warning before

L – soft-lockup has occurred before

B – bad page was encountered

K – kernel has been live patched

T – kernel structures randomized

M – system has reported a MCE

A – ACPI table was overriden

I – firmware bug workaround

S – "CPU out of spec"

X – distro-defined (auxiliary)

U – userspace-defined

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – instruction pointer**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000006
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kerne

Which instruction was executing, translated to function name + offset / size.

kernel BUG a invalid opco CPU 1 Modules link md4 nls\_utf8

[last unload

Supported: Y

May appear as different function from where BUG\_ON() was reported, if the function containing BUG\_ON() was inlined.

In newer kernel the raw value (address) was removed for security reasons (KASLR).

## n pointer

/shm.c:205!

tp llc joydev ext2 des\_generic ecb
pfs4 binfmt\_misc mperf vsock(EX)

```
∡-84-default #1 VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted: G
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
    00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:0000000000000000
     0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### Kernel Oops in Detail – General Registers

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 00000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

## **Kernel Oops in Deta**

-----[ cut here ]-----

```
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-
                                           FFFF88xxxxxxxxxx – direct mapped phys. mem.
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
                                           FFFFEAxxxxxxxxxx – array of struct pages
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd
                                           RAX – small negative value, probably error code
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
                                           shp = shm lock(ns, sfd->id);
Supported: Yes, External
                                           BUG ON(IS ERR(shp));
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted/
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Pl
                                           RAX probably result of shm lock()
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [/ffffff811
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: fffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 00000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

Values of the general registers at the trapping

FFFFFFF8xxxxxxx – kernel code + data

instruction. We can recognize kernel addresses:

FFFFFFFAxxxxxxx – kernel modules code + data

# Crash Reference Card (64-bit)

Reg	Usage	Saved	Reg	Usage	Saved
RAX	Return value	no	R8	Argument #5	no
RBX	Local variable	yes	R9	Argument #6	no
RCX	Argument #4	no	R10	Scratch registers	no
RDX	Argument #3	NO	<b>R11</b> .		no
RSI	Argument #2	NO	<b>R12</b>		yes
RDI	Argument #1	NO	R13	Local variables	yes
RBP	(Stack base pointer)	yes	R14		yes
RSP	Stack pointer	yes	R15		yes

### **Virtual Memory Layout**

5 5
000000000000000 - 00007FFFFFFFFFF
DEAD0000xxxxxxxx
FFFF800000000000 - FFFF87FFFFFFFF
FFFF880000000000-FFFFC7FFFFFFFF
FFFFC90000000000-FFFFE8FFFFFFFF
FFFFER0000000000-FFFFERFFFFFFFF
FFFFFFF8000000-FFFFFFFFFFFFF
FFFFFFFR0000000-FFFFFFFFxxxxxx
FFFFFFFFFXXXXXX-FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
FFFFFFFFF600000-FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

user space
pointer poisons
hypervisor area
direct mapping
vmalloc/ioremap
vmemmap
kernel text+data
kernel modules
permanent fixmaps
vsyscalls (deprecated)

F	unction	Syscall
1	RDI	RDI
2		RSI
7		RDX
4		R10
		R8
_		R9
_		RAX
		КПХ
ysco	ili number	: KHX
	1 2 3 4 5 6 turn	- 110

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Other Registers

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 000000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 00000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

### **Kernel Oops in D**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
                                     CR0: enables protected mode, paging...
CPU 1
                                      CR2: the faulting virtual address
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_pa
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd
                                     CR3: physical address of top-level page table
<...>
                                     CR4: a mask for enabling various extensions
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
                                      DRx: x86 debug registers (only printed if not in default
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted:
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platf
                                      state)
RIP: 0010:[<ffffffff811e466e>] [<ffff
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX:
RDX: 0000000000000000 RSI: 000000000000005c RDI:
                                                        J0006
RBP: fffffff81a46920 R08: 0000000000000000 R09
                                                    4256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffffff81215a80 R1
                                               ffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 /15: 00000000000000001
    00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
     0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 00000008005003b
    00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
     000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 000000000000000
DR3: 000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

Segment registers, and selected control registers:

FS – userspace thread-local storage

GS - kernel percpu base

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Raw Stack Contents**

#### Stack: ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bf0000 ffffffff81127fa4 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028 Call Trace: [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit\_mmap+0xf8/0x120 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100 [<fffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160 [<fffffff81066f39>] do\_exit+0x189/0x470 [<ffffffff8106725d>] do\_group\_exit+0x3d/0xb0 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997 Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00 00 48 8b [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm\_close+0x3e/0xb0 RSP <ffff880211337d88> ---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Raw Stack Contents**

#### Stack:

```
ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
0000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
```

#### Call Trace:

```
[<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove_vma+0x24/0x80
[<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
[<fffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
[<fffffff81065192>] exit_mm+0x122/0x160
[<fffffff81066f39>] do_exit+0x189/0x470
[<fffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
[<fffffff810672e2>] sys_exit_group+0x12/0x20
[<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
```

Raw stack contents. Removed in 4.9. Decoded call trace more useful. Might sometimes contain values of variables that are not in registers.

Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00 00 48 8b

```
RIP [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

[<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Backtrace**

```
Stack:
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0hf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
 [<ffffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160
 [<ffffffff81066f39>] do exit+0x189/0x470
 [<fffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
    [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

## Kernel Oops in Detail –

---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---

```
Raw addresses were also removed in 4.9.
Stack:
                                              The downside is that multiple functions can
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffc
                                              have the same name. gdb will only show one
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff880 d2
                                              symbol, ./scripts/faddr2line is smarter
 0000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008ce
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove_vma+0x24/0x80
                                              Functions from modules marked [module]
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
                                              "?" would mean a pointer to function was
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
                                             found on stack but doesn't fit in the stack
 [<ffffffff81065192>] exit_mm+0x122/0x160
 [<ffffffff81066f39>] do exit+0x189/0x470
                                             frame; could be leftover from previous
 [<ffffffff8106725d>] do group exit+0x3d/0xb0
                                              execution, or unwinder failure.
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system_call_fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
    [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
```

frames.

Backtrace reconstructed by unwinding the stack,

showing the return addresses from individual call

# How is stack unwinding implemented?

- "Guess": All code lies in a designated range of addresses
  - There is a symbol table to convert addresses to individual function names
  - Every value on stack that looks like a pointer to this range can be a return address
  - Simple, but relatively slow and with many false positives (everything is marked "?")
- Use RBP register when CONFIG\_FRAME\_POINTER is enabled
  - RBP will always point to the previous frame's stored RBP value, and return address lies next to it
  - Simple pointer chasing plus collecting the return addresses
  - Fast, reliable, but maintaining RBP has performance impact on the kernel (5-10%)
- Using debuginfo to locate the stack frames from current RIP value
  - DWARF Call Frame Info (CFI) DWARF unwinder was in mainline for a while, but then removed (slow, sometimes unreliable, requires assembler annotations)
  - ORC uses custom unwinder data generated by objtool during build since 4.14, also for reliable stack traces needed by some of the live patching consistency models
  - Relatively fast, reliable, no performance impact on the kernel (2-4 MB memory overhead)

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Backtrace**

```
Stack:
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0hf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
 [<ffffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160
 [<ffffffff81066f39>] do exit+0x189/0x470
 [<fffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
RIP [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

### **Kernel Oops in Detail – Backtrace**

#### Stack: ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bfnnnn ffffffff81127faA Context matters! shm close() is unlikely ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2 0000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008ce/ to be buggy by itself. Call Trace: [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove\_vma+0x24/0x80 Here, task was exiting and cleaning up its [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit\_mmap+0xf8/0x120 memory layout – a list of vma's. [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100 [<ffffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160 (see /proc/pid/maps for an example) [<ffffffff81066f39>] do exit+0x189/0x470 A vma was backed by shared memory [<ffffffff8106725d>] do group exit+0x3d/0xb0 segment, unregistering its usage led to BUG. [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20 [<fffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997 Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00 00 48 8b [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm\_close+0x3e/0xb0 RSP <ffff880211337d88> ---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---

### Kernel Oops in Detail – Code Listing

```
Stack:
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0hf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
 [<fffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160
 [<fffffff81066f39>] do_exit+0x189/0x470
 [<ffffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
    [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

## Kernel Oops in Detail – C

#### Stack:

```
ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bf00 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319 000000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac Call Trace:

[<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove_vma+0x24/0x80

[<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120

[<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100

[<ffffffff81065192>] exit_mm+0x122/0x160

[<ffffffff81066f39>] do_exit+0x189/0x470

[<ffffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0

[<ffffffff810672e2>] sys_exit_group+0x12/0x20

[<ffffffff81471df2>] system_call_fastpath+0x16/0x1b
```

A bunch of instructions around the RIP. RIP position denoted by < >

Recall that 0F 0B is opcode for UD2

We can disassemble the code listing by piping the oops into ./scripts/decodecode in the kernel source tree.

Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00 00 48 8b

```
RIP [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

[<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997

Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00 00 48 8b All code

```
======
  0:
       8b 6b 08
                                       0x8(%rbx),%ebp
                                mov
  3:
       4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00
                                lea
                                       0xa0(%rbp),%r12
       4c 89 e7
  a:
                                       %r12,%rdi
                                mov
  d:
       e8 0b 49 28 00
                                calla
                                       0x28491d
 12:
       8b 33
                                mov
                                       (%rbx),%esi
 14:
       48 8d bd 98 00 00 00
                                lea
                                       0x98(%rbp),%rdi
 1b:
       e8 7d ba ff ff
                                       0xffffffffffba9d
                                calla
       48 3d 00 f0 ff ff
 20:
                                cmp
                                       $0xfffffffffff000,%rax
       48 89 c3
                                       %rax,%rbx
 26:
                                mov
 29:
       76 0a
                                ibe
                                       0x35
 2b:*
       0f 0b
                                                <-- trapping instruction
                                ud2
 2d:
       eb fe
                                       0x2d
                                jmp
 2f:
       66 Of 1f 44 00 00
                                       0x0(%rax, %rax, 1)
                                nopw
 35:
       65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6
                                       %qs:0xa600,%rax
                                mov
 3c:
       00 00
 3e:
       48
                                rex.W
 3f:
                                .byte 0x8b
       8b
```

```
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8l
ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44
All code
   0:
        8b 6b 08
                                       0x8(%rbx), %ebp
                                mov
   3:
       4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00
                                lea
                                       0xa0(%rbp),%r12
       4c 89 e7
                                       %r12,%rdi
   a:
                                mov
   d:
       e8 0b 49 28 00
                                callg 0x28491d
                                       (%rbx),%esi
  12:
       8b 33
                                mov
  14:
       48 8d bd 98 00 00 00
                                lea
                                       0x98(%rbp),%rdi
  1b:
       e8 7d ba ff ff
                                calla
                                       0xfffffffffffba9d
       48 3d 00 f0 ff ff
                                       $0xfffffffffff000,%r
  20:
                                cmp
       48 89 c3
                                       %rax,%rbx
  26:
                                mov
  29:
        76 0a
                                ibe
                                       0x35
  2b:*
       0f 0b
                                ud2
                                                <-- trapping instruction
  2d:
        eb fe
                                       0x2d
                                jmp
  2f:
       66 Of 1f 44 00 00
                                       0x0(%rax, %rax, 1)
                                nopw
  35:
       65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6
                                       %qs:0xa600,%rax
                                mov
  3c:
        00 00
  3e:
        48
                                rex.W
  3f:
                                .byte 0x8b
```

```
struct shmid_kernel *shp;
...
shp = shm_lock(ns, sfd->id);
BUG_ON(IS_ERR(shp));

rdi contained value of ns
rsi contained value of sfd->id
both might be lost now
```

```
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8l
ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44
                                                             struct shmid kernel *shp;
All code
                                                             shp = shm lock(ns, sfd->id);
  0:
       8b 6b 08
                                     0x8(%rbx),%ebp
                              mov
   3:
       4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00
                              lea
                                     0xa0(%rbp),%r12
                                                             BUG ON(IS ERR(shp));
       4c 89 e7
                                     %r12,%rdi
   a:
                              mov
  d:
       e8 0b 49 28 00
                              calla
                                     0x28491d
                                                             rax contains value of shp
                                     (%rbx),%esi
  12:
       8b 33
                              mov
 14:
       48 8d bd 98 00 00 00
                              lea
                                     0x98(%rbp),%rdi
                                                             current, not lost
                                     0xffffffffffba9d
 1b:
       e8 7d ba ff ff
                              callq
       48 3d 00 f0 ff ff
  20:
                              cmp
                                     $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
  26:
       48 89 c3
                                     %rax,%rbx
                              mov
  29:
       76 0a
                              ibe
                                     0x35
  2b:*
       0f 0b
                              ud2
                                              <-- trapping instruction
  2d:
       eb fe
                                     0x2d
                              jmp
  2f:
       66 Of 1f 44 00 00
                                     0x0(%rax, %rax, 1)
                              nopw
  35:
       65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6
                                     %qs:0xa600,%rax
                              mov
  3c:
       00 00
  3e:
       48
                              rex.W
  3f:
                               .byte 0x8b
       8h
```

```
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8l
ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44
All code
                                                             struct shmid kernel *shp;
  0:
       8b 6b 08
                                     0x8(%rbx),%ebp
                              mov
   3:
       4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00
                               lea
                                     0xa0(%rbp),%r12
                                                             shp = shm lock(ns, sfd->id);
       4c 89 e7
   a:
                                     %r12,%rdi
                              mov
                                                             BUG ON(IS ERR(shp));
                              callg 0x28491d
  d:
       e8 0b 49 28 00
  12:
       8b 33
                                     (%rbx),%esi
                              mov
  14:
       48 8d bd 98 00 00 00
                              lea
                                     0x98(%rbp),%rdi
       e8 7d ba ff ff
                              calla
                                     0xfffffffffffba9d
 1b:
       48 3d 00 f0 ff ff
  20:
                              cmp
                                     $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
       48 89 c3
                                     %rax,%rbx
  26:
                              mov
  29:
       76 0a
                              ibe
                                     0x35
  2h:*
       0f 0b
                                              <-- trapping instruction
                               ud2
  2d:
       eb fe
                                     0x2d
                               jmp
  2f:
       66 Of 1f 44 00 00
                                     0x0(%rax,%rax,1)
                              nopw
  35:
       65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6
                                     %qs:0xa600,%rax
                              mov
  3c:
       00 00
  3e:
       48
                              rex.W
  3f:
                               .byte 0x8b
       8h
```

#### **Kernel Oops – Revisiting Register Values**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet st ide_cd_mod ide_core bridge stp llc joydev ext2 des_generic ecb
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd nfs acl auth rpcqss sunrpc autofs4 binfmt misc mperf vsock(EX)
<...>
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Platform
RIP: 0010:[<fffffff811e466e>] [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 00010202
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 00000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 FS: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

#### **Kernel Oops – Revisiting Register Values**

```
-----[ cut here ]-----
kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:205!
invalid opcode: 0000 [#1] SMP
CPU 1
                                         RAX (and RBX) is the error value
Modules linked in: lp parport_pc af_packet
                                                                                           ric ech
md4 nls utf8 cifs(X) nfs fscache nfsd lockd
                                                                                           k(EX)
                                         -22 == -FTNVAI
<...>
                                         RDI is a ns pointer? definitely not
[last unloaded: ppa]
Supported: Yes, External
                                         RSI is shm->id? could be?
                                         RBP, R11, R12 – kernel code/static data |al
Pid: 26341, comm: <redacted> Tainted: G
Platform/440BX Desktop Reference Plat
                                         R09, R10, R13, R14 – kernel data
RSP: 0018:ffff880211337d88 EFLAGS: 0001020
RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: fffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R08: 00000000000002 R09: ffff8804256a84d0
R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: ffffffff81215a80 R12: ffffffff81a469c0
R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
FS: 00007f2945893760(0000) GS:ffff88043fd00000(0000) knlGS:000000000000000
    0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 000000008005003b
CR2: 00007f6941216960 CR3: 00000003f3bea000 CR4: 0000000001407e0
DRO: 000000000000000 DR1: 0000000000000 DR2: 00000000000000
DR3: 0000000000000000 DR6: 00000000ffff0ff0 DR7: 0000000000000400
Process <redacted> (pid: 26341, threadinfo ffff880211336000, task ffff8801b49c8040)
```

#### **Kernel Oops in Detail – End of the Oops**

```
Stack:
 ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0hf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
 ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 fffffff811280f8
 000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
Call Trace:
 [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
 [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
 [<ffffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
 [<fffffff81065192>] exit mm+0x122/0x160
 [<fffffff81066f39>] do_exit+0x189/0x470
 [<ffffffff8106725d>] do_group_exit+0x3d/0xb0
 [<ffffffff810672e2>] sys exit group+0x12/0x20
 [<ffffffff81471df2>] system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
 [<00007f29408be998>] 0x7f29408be997
Code: 8b 6b 08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
ff ff 48 3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
00 48 8b
RIP [<fffffff811e466e>] shm_close+0x3e/0xb0
 RSP <ffff880211337d88>
---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

#### **Kernel Oops in Detail – End of the Oops**

```
Stack:
  ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
  ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
  000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
 Call Trace:
  [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
  [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
  [<fffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
                                         БΘ
RIP + RSP again in case the first
                                         70
                                         1/0xb0
ones scrolled away.
                                          12/0x20
                71df2>| system call fastpath+0x16/0x1b
  [<1
  [<0
            408be998>1 0x7f29408be997
             08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b 49 28 00 8b 33 48 8d bd 98 00 00 00 e8 7d ba
 Code
 ff f
          3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb fe 66 0f 1f 44 00 00 65 48 8b 04 25 00 a6 00
 \Theta\Theta
      [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm close+0x3e/0xb0
  RSP <ffff880211337d88>
 ---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]---
```

#### **Kernel Oops in Detail – End of the Oops**

Stack:

RSP <ffff880211337d88>

---[ end trace 3dad41c41965c82c ]-

```
ffff88016d2319e0 ffff880158fea140 00007ffce0bf0000 ffffffff81127fa4
  ffff88008cecac80 ffff880211337dd8 ffff88016d2319e0 ffffffff811280f8
  000000000000001 ffff88014c826088 ffff88008cecac80 0000000100000028
 Call Trace:
  [<ffffffff81127fa4>] remove vma+0x24/0x80
  [<ffffffff811280f8>] exit_mmap+0xf8/0x120
  [<fffffff810602d9>] mmput+0x49/0x100
                                       БΘ
RIP + RSP again in case the first
                                       70
                                                   First oops id during uptime is random,
                                       1/0xb0
ones scrolled away.
                                                   then increased monotonically.
                                       12/0x20
              71df2>| system call fastpath+0x16/0x
  [<1
  [<0
            √08be998>1 0x7f29408be997
                                                   The intention is to recognize duplicate reports
            08 4c 8d a5 a0 00 00 00 4c 89 e7 e8 0b
 Code
                                                   by sites such as www.kerneloops.org
 ff ·
         3d 00 f0 ff ff 48 89 c3 76 0a <0f> 0b eb
 00
      [<ffffffff811e466e>] shm close+0x3e/0xb0
```

#### What else can produce oops/panic?

- BUG\_ON() as seen in the example hard assertion
  - WARN\_ON[\_ONCE]() soft assertion, unless panic\_on\_warn is enabled
- Memory paging related faults check CR2 register!
  - BUG: unable to handle kernel paging request
  - ... handle NULL pointer dereference (when bad\_addr < PAGE\_SIZE) a structure's field might be accessed with non-zero offset</li>
  - Corrupted page table (reserved bits set, etc.)
  - Kernel trying to execute NX-protected page
  - Kernel trying to execute/access userspace page (Intel SMEP/SMAP feature)
  - Failed bounds check in kernel mode (Intel MPX feature)
  - Kernel stack overflow
  - General protection fault, unhandled double fault
- FPU, SIMD exceptions from kernel mode

#### What else can produce oops/panic?

- Soft lockup
  - CPU spent over 20s in kernel without reaching a schedule point (in non-preemptive kernels)
  - A warning, unless related config or bootparam softlockup\_panic enabled
    - Soft lockup can often recover, so not good idea to enable that in production, especially in a guest VM
- Hard lockup
  - CPU spent over 10s with disabled interrupts
  - Panic when hardlockup\_panic is enabled
- Detection of both combines several generic mechanisms (for each CPU)
  - High priority kernel watchdog thread updates the soft lockup timestamp
  - High resolution timer (hrtimer) is configured to deliver periodic interrupts, the handler resets the hard lockup flag and wakes up the watchdog thread
  - It also reports soft lockup when the watchdog thread did not touch the soft lockup timestamp
  - Non-maskable interrupt (NMI) perf event reports hard lockup if hrtimer interrupts were not processed and hard lockup flag remains set

#### What else can produce oops/panic?

- Hung task check
  - INFO: task ... blocked for more than 120 seconds
  - khungtaskd periodically processes tasks in uninterruptible sleep and checks if their switch count changed
- RCU stall detector
  - Detects when RCU grace period is too long (21s)
    - CPU looping in RCU critical section or disabled interrupts, preemption or bottom halves, no scheduling points in non-preempt kernels
    - RT task preempting non-RT task in RCU critical section
- Several other debugging config options (later)

#### **Kernel Debugging – General Approach**

- First, understand the immediate cause
  - Typically some unexpected/wrong value somewhere in memory
    - NULL pointer access, because certain structure's field was NULL/bogus
    - Page table corruption, SLAB corruption, strange lock value...
  - Here we know shm\_lock() returned -EINVAL, but we don't know yet why
- Second, try to determine what could cause the value
  - Single bit flip? RAM error (yes, they do happen without ECC)
    - Often manifests as multiple different bugs from the same machine
  - Wrong use by upper layers? For example, SLAB corruption is almost never a bug in SLAB code, but e.g. result of double-free of a kernel object allocated from SLAB
  - Logical error in code? Race condition? Stray write?
- Note: no general and complete recipe
  - Mostly from own experience, or learn from others' analyses
  - Knowing the subsystem helps, still lots of staring into source code of the exact version

#### Why does shm\_lock() return -EINVAL?

```
/*
 * shm lock (check ) routines are called in the paths where the rw mutex
 * is not necessarily held.
static inline struct shmid_kernel *shm_lock(struct ipc_namespace *ns, int id)
{
        struct kern_ipc_perm *ipcp = ipc_lock(&shm_ids(ns), id);
        if (IS_ERR(ipcp))
                return (struct shmid_kernel *)ipcp;
        return container_of(ipcp, struct shmid_kernel, shm_perm);
}
```

#### Why does ipc\_lock() return -EINVAL?

```
/**
 * ipc lock - Lock an ipc structure without rw mutex held
 * @ids: IPC identifier set
 * @id: ipc id to look for
 * Look for an id in the ipc ids idr and lock the associated ipc object.
 * The ipc object is locked on exit.
 */
struct kern_ipc_perm *ipc_lock(struct ipc_ids *ids, int id)
{
        struct kern_ipc_perm *out;
        int lid = ipcid_to_idx(id);
        rcu_read_lock();
        out = idr_find(&ids->ipcs_idr, lid);
        if (out == NULL) {
                rcu_read_unlock();
                return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);
```

#### Why does ipc\_lock() return -EINVAL?

```
spin lock(&out->lock);
        /* ipc_rmid() may have already freed the ID while ipc_lock
         * was spinning: here verify that the structure is still valid
         */
        if (out->deleted) {
                spin unlock(&out->lock);
                rcu_read_unlock();
                return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);
        }
        return out;
}
```

- Either idr\_find() didn't find the shmid, or it was already deleted
- The oops report can't help anymore, need to inspect memory crash dump

#### **Obtaining crash dumps**

- Several historical methods
  - diskdump, netdump, LKCD project...
  - Not very reliable (some parts of crashed kernel must still work) nor universal, needs dedicated server on same network etc.
  - Out of tree patches, included in old enterprise distros
- Current solution: kexec-based kdump
  - Crash kernel loaded into a boot-reserved memory area
    - Size specified as boot parameter, no universally good value, depends on hardware
  - On panic, kexec switches to the crash kernel without reboot
  - Memory of crashed kernel available as /proc/vmcore
  - Kdump utility can save to disk, network, filter pages...
    - kexec (8), kdump (5), makedumpfile (8)
- In VM guest environment, hypervisor dumps also possible

#### **Analyzing kernel crash dumps**

- gdb can be used to open ELF based dumps
  - But those are not easily compressed and filtered
- gdb has no understanding of kernel internals or virtual/physical mapping
  - There are some Python scripts under scripts/gdb in the Linux source
  - Can obtain per-cpu variables, dmesg, modules, tasks
- A better tool for Linux kernel crash dumps crash
  - Created by David Anderson from Red Hat
  - Understands all dump formats kdump (compressed), netdump, diskdump, xendump, KVM dump, s390, LKCD, ...
  - Understands some kernel internals: memory mapping, tasks, SLAB/SLUB objects, ...
  - Can e.g. walk linked lists, pipe the output for further postprocessing
  - Extensible with Eppic a C interpreter tailored to work with C structures stored in a dump, or Python (pykdump)

#### crash – disadvantages

- Uses gdb internally in a suboptimal way
  - Old version, embedded in the tool itself
  - Mostly by invoking some gdb command and postprocessing its output
- Backtraces are not using full potential of gdb
  - Not using debuginfo to print values of function parameters, local variables...
- Machine running crash must be of the same architecture as the machine that created the kernel dump
- pykdump works by executing crash commands and parsing their output

#### **Invoking crash**

- On core dump
  - crash vmlinux.gz vmlinux.debug vmcore
- On live system
  - crash vmlinux.gz vmlinux.debug
- Options
  - -s silent, output not paged to less
  - -i file execute commands from file
  - --mod dir search for module debuginfo in dir
  - --minimal only basic commands (for too broken dumps)

#### Invoking crash – welcome screen

```
KERNEL: vmlinux.gz
   DEBUGINFO: vmlinux.debug
    DUMPFILE: vmcore
        CPUS: 8
        DATE: Thu Apr 10 16:07:34 2014
     UPTIME: 7 days, 03:17:51
LOAD AVERAGE: 0.01, 0.02, 0.05
       TASKS: 161
    NODENAME: lpapp114
     RELEASE: 3.0.101-0.7.17-default
     VERSION: #1 SMP Tue Feb 4 13:24:49 UTC 2014 (90aac76)
     MACHINE: x86_64 (2399 Mhz)
     MFMORY: 64 GB
       PANIC: "[615702.371868] kernel BUG at /usr/src/packages/BUILD/kernel-
default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/mm/slab.c:539!"
         PTD: 58
     COMMAND: "kworker/6:1"
        TASK: ffff88080e03e680 [THREAD_INFO: ffff88080e040000]
         CPU: 6
       STATE: TASK_RUNNING (PANIC)
```

# **Invoking crash – help screen**

crash> help

*	extend	log	rd	task
alias	files	mach	repeat	timer
ascii	foreach	mod	runq	tree
bpf	fuser	mount	search	union
bt	gdb	net	set	vm
btop	help	р	sig	vtop
dev	ipcs	ps	struct	waitq
dis	irq	pte	swap	whatis
eval	kmem	ptob	sym	wr
exit	list	ptov	sys	q

#### **Basic crash commands**

- dmesg (log) same as the shell command
- mod -t [mod] module taint flags
- ps list processes (kernel/user), count by state, sort by last scheduled time...
- dis [-l] [-r] [addr|sym] disassemble code
- bt [task|pid] [-a] show backtrace(s)
  - l include file/line transition
  - -FF translate addresses to symbols/slab objects
- Full input/output redirection/piping support

#### **Basic crash commands**

- struct [-o] <name> [addr] print structure layout, offsets, values at address
- rd [addr|symbol] [count] read/format raw memory contents
  - wr write memory (for live systems)
- search [-m mask] [value|expr|sym|string]
  - search memory for given value (with optional mask)
- kmem [-s] addr show info about the address
  - Is it a symbol? Slab object? Free page? Stack of a task?
- vtop/ptov, pte address translation commands

#### crash - More complex inspection

- list <addr> traverse objects via embedded list\_head, print them out (as struct command does)
- tree <root> traverse red-black or radix tree
- foreach <command> apply one of a subset of commands on each task
- dev, files, mount, ipcs, irq, net, swap, timer, runq, waitq...
- fuser [path|inode] who has a file open?

#### Using crash to solve our bug

- Recall, with the Oops and sources, we determined:
  - shm\_lock() returned -EINVAL unexpectedly
  - Because ipc\_lock() returned -EINVAL unexpectedly
  - Because idr\_find(shmid) didn't find the shmid, or it was already deleted
- With crash, we want to find:
  - What was the shmid value?
    - Where was it obtained from?
  - Was it not found at all or was the object deleted?
    - Why?

#### crash – shm\_close() disassembly

```
crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
push
                                %r12
push
                                %rbp
%rbx
                           push
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
0x98(%rdi),%rax
                           mov
0xa0(%rax),%rbx
                           mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                            mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                           mov
calla 0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                (%rbx),%esi
                           mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                           lea
                                0x98(%rbp),%rdi
callq 0xffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
cmp
                                $0xfffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                %rax,%rbx
mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

#### crash - shm\_close() disassembly

```
crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e
                                                 Our goal here is to find whether some register
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                                push
                                     %r12
                                                 contained shmid or a pointer to some structure
push
                                     %rbp
                                                 that contains it (or pointer to a structure that has
push
                                     %rbx
                                                 a pointer to another structure...)
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c:
                                     0x98(%rdi),%rax
mov
0xffffffff811e463b <shm close+11>:
                                     0xa0(%rax),%rbx
                                mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                     0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                                mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
1ea
                                     0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                                mov
0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                     (%rbx),%esi
                                mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                                lea
                                     0x98(%rbp),%rdi
callq 0xffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
cmp
                                     $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4669 <shm close+57>:
                                     %rax,%rbx
                                mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                     0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
0xffffffff811e466e <shm close+62>:
                                ud2
```

#### shm\_close(struct vm\_area\_struct \*vma)

vma pointer is in rdi

#### crash - shm\_close() disas

crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e

```
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                             push
                                  %r12
push
                                  %rbp
%rbx
                             push
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
0x98(%rdi),%rax
                             mov
0xa0(%rax),%rbx
                             mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                   0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                             mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                  0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                             mov
calla
                                  0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                   (%rbx),%esi
                             mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                             lea
                                   0x98(%rbp),%rdi
callq 0xffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                             cmp
                                   $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
%rax,%rbx
                             mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                  0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

#### crash - shm\_close() disas

crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e

```
shm_close(struct vm_area_struct *vma)
vma pointer is in rdi
```

```
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                              push
                                    %r12
push
                                   %rbp
push
                                   %rbx
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
                                    0x98(%rdi),%rax
mov
0xffffffff811e463b <shm close+11>:
                                    0xa0(%rax),%rbx
                              mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                    0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                              mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                    0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                              mov
0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                    (%rbx),%esi
                              mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                              lea
                                    0x98(%rbp),%rdi
callq 0xffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                              cmp
                                    $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                    %rax,%rbx
mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                    0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

struct file \* file = vma->vm\_file;
file pointer is in rax

#### crash – shm close() disas

crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e

```
shm_close(struct vm_area_struct *vma)
vma pointer is in rdi
```

```
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
                                                   struct file * file = vma->vm_file;
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                              push
                                   %r12
push
                                   %rbp
%rbx
                              push
                                                   file pointer is in rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
0x98(%rdi),%rax
                              mov
                                                   struct shm file data *sfd =
0xa0(%rax),%rbx
                              mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
                                                                      shm_file_data(file);
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                   0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                              mov
                                                   sfd pointer is in rbx
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                   0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                              mov
0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                   (%rbx),%esi
                              mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                              lea
                                   0x98(%rbp),%rdi
0xffffffffff811e465e <shm close+46>:
                              callq 0xffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                              cmp
                                   $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                   %rax,%rbx
mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                   0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

#### crash - shm\_close() disas

```
crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                                push
                                     %r12
push
                                     %rbp
%rbx
                               push
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
                                     0x98(%rdi),%rax
mov
0xffffffff811e463b <shm close+11>:
                                     0xa0(%rax),%rbx 
                                mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                     0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                                mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                     0xa0(%rbp),%r12
                                     %r12,%rdi
mov
0xffffffff81468
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                     (%rbx),%esi
                                mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                                lea
                                     0x98(%rbp),%rdi
0xffffffffff811e465e <shm close+46>:
                               calla 0xfffffffff811e00e0
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                                cmp
                                     $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                     %rax,%rbx
mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                     0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

```
shm_close(struct vm_area_struct *vma)
vma pointer is in rdi
  struct file * file = vma->vm_file;
  file pointer is in rax (?)
  struct shm file data *sfd =
                   shm_file_data(file);
  sfd pointer is in rbx
  struct ipc_namespace *ns = sfd->ns;
  down write(&shm ids(ns).rw mutex);
  we just lost vma that was in rdi
  we might have lost *file in rax
```

#### crash – shm\_close() disas

/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127

/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205

ibe

ud2

```
vma pointer is in rdi
crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
                                                    struct file * file = vma->vm file;
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                              push
                                    %r12
push
                                    %rbp
%rbx
                              push
                                                    file pointer is in rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
                                    0x98(%rdi),%rax
0xffffffff811e4634 <shm close+4>:
                              mov
                                                    struct shm file data *sfd =
0xffffffff811e463b <shm close+11>:
                                    0xa0(%rax),%rbx 
                              mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
                                                                       shm_file_data(file);
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                    0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                              mov
                                                    sfd pointer is in rbx
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
lea
                                    0xa0(%rbp),%r12
                                                         shp = shm_lock(ns, sfd->id);
%r12,%rdi
                              mov
0xffffffff81468f60 <down
                                                         shm_lock(ns, id) is inlined and does:
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                                         struct kern_ipc_perm *ipcp =
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                    (%rbx),%esi
                              mov
                                                             ipc_lock(&shm_ids(ns), id);
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                                    0x98(%rbp),%rdi
                               lea
                              callg 0xffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_
rsi has sfd->id which we want to know
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
                                                         rdi has &shm_ids(ns)
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                              cmp
                                    $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
                                                         we definitely lost rax now
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                    %rax,%rbx
mov
```

0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>

shm\_close(struct vm\_area\_struct \*vma)

#### crash – shm\_close() disas

```
shm_close(struct vm_area_struct *vma)
vma pointer is in rdi
```

```
crash> dis -lr ffffffff811e466e
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 196
                                                     struct file * file = vma->vm_file;
0xfffffffffff811e4630 <shm close>:
                               push
                                    %r12
push
                                    %rbp
%rbx
                               push
                                                     file pointer is in rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 198
0x98(%rdi),%rax
                               mov
                                                     struct shm file data *sfd =
0xffffffff811e463b <shm close+11>:
                                    0xa0(%rax),%rbx 
                               mov
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 200
                                                                         shm_file_data(file);
0xffffffff811e4642 <shm close+18>:
                                    0x8(%rbx),%rbp
                               mov
                                                     sfd pointer is in rbx
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 202
1ea
                                    0xa0(%rbp),%r12
%r12,%rdi
                               mov
0xffffffff81468f60 <down write>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
0xffffffff811e4655 <shm close+37>:
                                    (%rbx),%esi
                               mov
0xffffffff811e4657 <shm close+39>:
                               lea
                                    0x98(%rbp),%rdi
0xffffffffff811e465e <shm close+46>:
                               callq 0xfffffffffff811e00e0 <ipc_lock>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
0xffffffff811e4663 <shm close+51>:
                               cmp
                                    $0xffffffffffff000,%rax
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 125
                                                          we lost sfd in rbx :(
%rax,%rbx
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 127
ibe
                                    0xffffffff811e4678 <shm close+72>
/usr/src/debug/kernel-default-3.0.101/linux-3.0/ipc/shm.c: 205
ud2
```

#### **Getting the vma pointer**

- We lost the vma pointer in shm\_close() and all intermediate pointers leading to shmid
  - Checking ipc\_lock() asm also showed that shmid gets quickly lost inside it
- There's a high chance some function up the call stack saved the vma, but how to find it without following more assembler?
  - vma's (struct vm\_area\_struct objects) have a dedicated SLAB cache, and crash can mark these caches automatically in the backtrace

#### crash - rich backtrace with local data

```
crash> bt -FF
#4 [ffff880211337cd0] invalid op at fffffff81472ddb
   [exception RIP: shm close+62]
   RIP: ffffffff811e466e RSP: ffff880211337d88 RFLAGS: 00010202
   RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea RCX: 0000000000000000
   RDX: 000000000000000 RSI: 0000000000005c RDI: 0000000000000
   RBP: ffffffff81a46920 R8: 00000000000000 R9: ffff8804256a84d0
   R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffffff81215a80 R12: fffffff81a469c0
   R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
   ORIG RAX: ffffffffffffffff CS: 0010 SS: 0018
   ffff880211337cd8: 0000000000000000 [ffff880423c33740:signal cache]
   ffff880211337ce8: [fffff88008cecac80:mm struct] init ipc ns+160
   ffff880211337cf8: init ipc ns
                                   ffffffffffffea
   ffff880211337d08: apparmor file free security [ffff880192cecc00:size-32]
   ffff880211337d18: [ffff8804256a84d0:idr_layer_cache] 00000000000000000
   ffff880211337d28: fffffffffffffea 00000000000000000
   ffff880211337d38: 000000000000000 000000000000005c
   ffff880211337d48: 00000000000000 ffffffffffffffff
   ffff880211337d68: 000000000010202 ffff880211337d88
   ffff880211337d78: 000000000000018 shm close+51
   fffff880211337d88: [ffff88016d2319e0:vm_area_struct] [ffff880158fea140:vm_area_struct]
   ffff880211337d98: 00007ffce0bf0000 remove vma+36
#5 [ffff880211337da0] remove vma at fffffff81127fa4
   ffff880211337da8: [fffff88008cecac80:mm struct] ffff880211337dd8
   ffff880211337db8: [fffff88016d2319e0:vm_area_struct] exit_mmap+248
#6 [ffff880211337dc0] exit mmap at fffffff811280f8
```

#### crash – rich backtrace with lo

```
crash> bt -FF
#4 [ffff880211337cd0] invalid op at fffffff81472ddb
   [exception RIP: shm close+62]
   RIP: ffffffff811e466e RSP: ffff880211337d88 RFLAGS: 00010202
   RAX: ffffffffffffea RBX: ffffffffffffea
                                             RCX: 00000000000000006
   RDX: 0000000000000000 RSI: 00000000000005c
                                             RDI: 00000000000000000
   R9: ffff8804256a84d0
   R10: ffff880192cecc00 R11: fffffff81215a80
                                             R12: ffffffff81a469c0
   R13: ffff88008cecac80 R14: ffff880423c33740 R15: 0000000000000001
   ORIG RAX: ffffffffffffffff CS: 0010 SS: 0018
   ffff880211337cd8: 00000000000000001 [ffff880423c33740:signal cache]
   ffff880211337ce8: [ffff88008cecac80:mm struct] init ipc ns+160
   ffff880211337cf8: init ipc ns
                                   fffffffffffea
   ffff880211337d08: apparmor file free security [ffff880192cecc00:siz
   ffff880211337d28: fffffffffffffea 00000000000000000
   ffff880211337d38: 000000000000000 000000000000005c
   ffff880211337d48: 00000000000000 ffffffffffffffff
   ffff880211337d58: shm close+62
                                   00000000000000010
   ffff880211337d68: 0000000000010202 ffff880211337d88
   ffff880211337d78: 000000000000018 shm close+51
   ffff880211337d88: [ffff88016d2319e0:vm_area_struct] [ffff880158fea140:vm_area_struct]
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   ffff880211337db8: [fffff88016d2319e0:vm_area_struct] exit_mmap+248
#6 [ffff880211337dc0] exit mmap at fffffff811280f8
```

```
remove vma(vma) - vma in rdi
<remove vma>:
                      push
                             %rbp
                             %rbx
<remove vma+1>:
                      push
<remove vma+2>:
                      mov
                             %rdi,%rbx
                             $0x8,%rsp
<remove vma+5>:
                      sub
                             0x88(%rdi),%rax
<remove vma+9>:
                      mov
                             0x18(%rdi),%rbp
<remove vma+16>:
                      mov
                      test
                             %rax,%rax
<remove vma+20>:
<remove vma+23>:
                      jе
                             <remove vma+36>
                             0x8(%rax),%rax
<remove vma+25>:
                      mov
                             %rax,%rax
<remove vma+29>:
                      test
<remove vma+32>:
                      ie
                             <remove vma+36>
<remove vma+34>:
                      calla
                             *%rax
<remove vma+36>:
                             0x98(%rbx),%rdi
                      mov
We enter shm close() with vma in rbx, return address to
remove vma+36 on stack:
<shm close>:
                             %r12
                      push
<shm close+2>:
                             %rbp
                      push
<shm close+3>:
                      push
                             %rbx
Our vma is ffff88016d2319e0, hooray!
```

### crash – finally getting the shmid

```
crash> struct vm area struct.vm file ffff88016d2319e0
 vm file = 0xffff8800148fcb80
crash> struct file.private data 0xffff8800148fcb80
 private data = 0xffff8803f382cc60
crash> struct shm file data 0xffff8803f382cc60
struct shm file data {
 id = 13008988,
 file = 0xffff88037a645680,
```

### crash – checking existing shmid's with ipcs

- This checks the same structure that ipc\_lock() was searching by idr\_find()
  - No need to inspect it manually (a colleague did that, anyway)
- Our id 13008988 is indeed not there was it freed too early, or was there a corruption?
  - The id 13008943 looks pretty close...

KEY	SHMID	UID	PERMS	BYTES	NATTCH
00004dc4	98304	50016	760	40141728	1
000027b4	12976174	28900	740	4194480	24
000027c5	13008943	28900	740	20672	12
0000277a	13795376	28900	740	512000000	8519
00002792	13828145	28900	740	54060	24
000027ae	13860914	28900	740	2076	24
000027ac	13893683	28900	740	535000	11
	00004dc4 000027b4 000027c5 0000277a 00002792 000027ae	KEY SHMID  00004dc4 98304  000027b4 12976174  000027c5 13008943  0000277a 13795376  000027ae 13860914  000027ac 13893683	000004dc4       98304       50016         0000027b4       12976174       28900         000027c5       13008943       28900         0000277a       13795376       28900         00002792       13828145       28900         000027ae       13860914       28900	000004dc4       98304       50016       760         0000027b4       12976174       28900       740         000027c5       13008943       28900       740         0000277a       13795376       28900       740         00002792       13828145       28900       740         000027ae       13860914       28900       740	000004dc4       98304       50016       760       40141728         0000027b4       12976174       28900       740       4194480         000027c5       13008943       28900       740       20672         0000277a       13795376       28900       740       5120000000         00002792       13828145       28900       740       54060         000027ae       13860914       28900       740       2076

## crash – checking suspicious shmid

```
crash> struct shmid kernel ffff8803790f5790
struct shmid kernel {
  shm_perm = {
    deleted = 0,
    id = 13008943,
    kev = 10181,
  shm file = 0xffff88037a645680,
  shm_nattch = 12,
• Let's compare it with our shm_file_data - same file pointer 0xffff88037a645680!

    One of the two objects here has most likely corrupted id field, but which one?

crash> struct shm_file_data 0xffff8803f382cc60
struct shm_file_data {
  id = 13008988,
  file = 0xffff88037a645680,
```

#### crash – which shmid is corrupted?

crash> search 0xffff88037a645680 # the shm\_file pointer The search returns a number of addresses that we can inspect:

- the shmid\_kernel ffff8803790f5790 with shm\_file field
- two self-references (empty list\_head)
- 12 objects from the size-32 kmalloc cache
  - one is our shm\_file\_data 0xffff8803f382cc60 with id 13008988
  - the other 11 appear to be correct shm\_file\_data structures with id 13008943
  - shm\_nattch == 12 there should be 12 instances with id 13008943
- Conclusion: the shmid\_kernel in the registry with id 13008943 is correct, the single shm\_file\_data with id 13008988 (that triggered BUG) is wrong
  - Note: it's often possible to cross-check data in kernel like this, as there are redundancies for functionality or performance reasons

#### What next?

- We found what exactly was wrong (first phase), but not why it was wrong
  - Doesn't look like a RAM error. And catching stray writes done by kernel itself is very hard, especially from a crash dump.
  - The corrupted value was in object from size-32 slab cache, shared by everyone calling kmalloc() with size between 17 and 32 bytes overflow, use-after-free?
  - It only happened once. Further occurrences would show if this happens at the same place or randomly, and if there's a pattern in the corruption itself.
- Indeed, other bug reports appeared later from same set of customer's systems – crashes while reading /proc/slabinfo and other operation in SLAB due to broken lists of slab structures
  - crash will report some errors in those while running the kmem commands
  - Not an extensive integrity check of SLAB itself though
  - Manual checking would be tedious

#### crash-python

- An alternative to crash to overcome some of its limitations
  - Especially lack of rich stack traces, architecture dependency and complicated scripting
- Extend gdb Python API so that the whole gdb target can be provided by Python code
  - Originally patches from Linaro, adopted by SUSE colleagues
  - Use libkdumpfile and libaddrxlat libraries via their Python API to read vmcore files and translate virtual addresses to the dumped memory contents
  - Write gdb target on top (Linux tasks translate to gdb's threads, etc.)
- All kernel-specific knowledge written in Python on top of gdb API for symbols, types and values
  - Implement equivalents to crash commands
  - Implement new commands to inspect kernel state **SLAB/SLUB integrity checking**
  - Building blocks reusable for further ad-hoc scripting to help with a particular bug

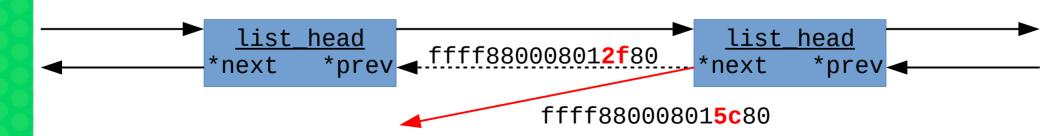
# crash-python applied on the bug

### crash-python applied on the bug

- Several instances of a crash while reading /proc/slabinfo and other operation in SLAB due to broken lists of slab structures
- In several dumps, the minimal corruption of a doubly-linked list allowed to detect a corrupted pointer and compare it with an expected value
- Others were corrupted much more because they didn't panic soon enough and the it was hard to point to the initial corruption

## crash-python applied on the bug

- Several instances of a crash while reading /proc/slabinfo and other operation in SLAB due to broken lists of slab structures
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### The Pattern Emerges...

bits set: 23 22 18 17 15 6 4 3 2

• Turns out all the "simple" corruptions changed a byte 2f to 5c, and affected a size-32 or size-64 slab object

• For example, back to the shmid case:

```
crash> eval -b 13008943 # the expected value
hexadecimal: c6802f
  decimal: 13008943
   octal: 61500057
   bits set: 23 22 18 17 15 5 3 2 1 0
crash> eval -b 13008988 # the wrong value
hexadecimal: c6805c
  decimal: 13008988
   octal: 61500134
```

## If In Doubt, Try ASCII (kudos to Michal Hocko)

```
• 2f is '/', 5c is '\'
• Was somebody rewriting Linux filesystem paths to Windows?
 • The CIFS module (Samba client) has a function for that - convert_delimiter(), called by e.g. cifs_build_path_to_root()
static inline void convert_delimiter(char *path, char delim)
{
        int i;
        char old_delim;
        if (path == NULL)
                 return;
         if (delim == '/')
                 old delim = '\\';
         else
                 old_delim = '/';
        for (i = 0; path[i] != '\0'; i++) {
                 if (path[i] == old_delim)
                          path[i] = delim;
```

```
char *cifs_build_path_to_root(struct smb_vol *vol, struct cifs_sb_info *cifs_sb,
                              struct cifs tcon *tcon)
{
        int pplen = vol->prepath ? strlen(vol->prepath) : 0;
        int dfsplen;
        char *full_path = NULL;
. . .
        dfsplen = strnlen(tcon->treeName, MAX_TREE SIZE + 1);
. . .
        full_path = kmalloc(dfsplen + pplen + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
        if (full_path == NULL)
                return full path;
        if (dfsplen)
                strncpy(full_path, tcon->treeName, dfsplen);
        strncpy(full_path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
        convert_delimiter(full_path, CIFS_DIR_SEP(cifs_sb));
        full path[dfsplen + pplen] = 0; /* add trailing null */
        return full path;
```

```
char *cifs_build_path_to_root(struct smb_vol *vol, struct cifs_sb_info *cifs_sb,
                               struct cifs tcon *tcon)
{
        int pplen = vol->prepath ? strlen(vol->prepath) : 0;
        int dfsplen;
        char *full_path = NULL;
                                                strlen() doesn't count trailing null
. . .
        dfsplen = strnlen(tcon->treeName, MAX_TREE_SIZE + 1);
. . .
        full_path = kmalloc(dfsplen + pplen + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
        if (full_path == NULL)
                return full path;
        if (dfsplen)
                strncpy(full_path, tcon->treeName, dfsplen);
        strncpy(full_path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
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        char *full_path = NULL;
                                               strlen() doesn't count trailing null
. . .
        dfsplen = strnlen(tcon->treeName, MAX_TREE_SIZE + 1);
                                                                        Neither this one
. . .
        full_path = kmalloc(dfsplen + pplen + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
        if (full_path == NULL)
                return full path;
        if (dfsplen)
                strncpy(full_path, tcon->treeName, dfsplen);
        strncpy(full_path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
        convert_delimiter(full_path, CIFS_DIR_SEP(cifs_sb));
        full path[dfsplen + pplen] = 0; /* add trailing null */
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. . .
        dfsplen = strnlen(tcon->treeName, MAX_TREE_SIZE + 1);
                                                                        Neither this one
. . .
        full_path = kmalloc(dfsplen + pplen + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
                                                                        + 1 makes space for it, OK
        if (full_path == NULL)
                return full path;
        if (dfsplen)
                strncpy(full_path, tcon->treeName, dfsplen);
        strncpy(full_path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
        convert_delimiter(full_path, CIFS_DIR_SEP(cifs_sb));
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```
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                                                                        Neither this one
. . .
        full_path = kmalloc(dfsplen + pplen + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
                                                                        + 1 makes space for it, OK
        if (full_path == NULL)
                return full path;
                                                                  strncpy() copies trailing null
                                                                  but the given length excludes
        if (dfsplen)
                                                                  the byte where null is
                strncpy(full_path, tcon->treeName, dfsplen);
        strncpy(full path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
        convert_delimiter(full_path, CIFS_DIR_SEP(cifs_sb));
        full_path[dfsplen + pplen] = 0; /* add trailing null */
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        strncpy(full_path + dfsplen, vol->prepath, pplen);
        convert_delimiter(full_path, CIFS_DIR_SEP(cifs_sb));
        full_path[dfsplen + pplen] = 0; /* add trailing null */
        return full_path;
```

Neither this one

+ 1 makes space for it, OK

strncpy() copies trailing null but the given length excludes the byte where null is

> too late, convert delimiter() has already done the damage

## The Bug's (Upstream) History

- The bug was introduced upstream probably in 2011, kernel 3.1 (the commit was then backported to stable 3.0.x)
- The bug was fixed upstream in 2012, kernel 3.8, unknowingly (the commit intends to fix something else, much less critical)
  - This is a very common experience...
  - Upstream stable 3.2 was still maintained and vulnerable back in 2018, but CIFS maintainers didn't respond to my report...
- Customer reported it only in 2017 6 years old bug
  - Needs a specific CIFS client/server settings, including frequent reconnect
  - Maybe it was reported previously, but happened just once and went unfixed
- Soon after we fixed our kernel, a different customer (with unpatched kernel) suddenly reported the same bug
  - Also a very common experience
  - Actually surprised that there was just one...

#### **Debug prints**

- printk() send text to console/dmesg...
  - Including loglevels, from debugging to emergency
    - printk(KERN\_ERR "msg"), pr\_err(), dev\_err()
- Correct implementation surprisingly nontrivial
  - Locking of buffers what about printing from NMI?
  - Flooding slow consoles printing task stalled
  - Timestamping/ordering from multiple CPUs
  - Prioritizing important info on panic
- Major rewrite addressing the above is ongoing for years now
- Printing very early during boot earlyprintk setup needed
- trace\_printk() simpler, but output has to be captured later from the trace buffers

## **Dynamic debug prints**

- The lowest level messages are actually compiled out when using pr\_debug() and dev\_dbg() wrappers
  - Unless #define DEBUG is active when compiling the file
  - Or CONFIG\_DYNAMIC\_DEBUG (dyndbg) is enabled
- With dyndbg, debug messages can be switched on/off at runtime via simple query language
  - /sys/kernel/debug/dynamic\_debug/control or boot/modprobe parameters
  - Module, file, function, line (range), format string granularity
  - Flags to include func/line/module/thread id when printing
- Switching on/off uses live code patching (static keys) to minimize runtime impact (still, around 2% text size impact)
  - Ftrace uses the same mechanism for tracepoints

## Live kernel debugging - /proc/kcore

- /proc/kcore enabled by CONFIG\_PROC\_KCORE
  - Provides virtual ELF "core dump" file
  - Usable by gdb, crash, **drgn** for read-only inspection
  - Printing values of global variables
  - Inspecting structures the same way as in a crash dump
- /dev/kmem gone in 5.13 could have bee configured read/write
  - crash can set variables and modify structures
- For full live debugging, we would need also to control execution, which is much trickier
  - Provide a server for gdb client that doesn't rely on the rest of the kernel functionality

## Live kernel debugging - kgdb

- kgdb was merged in 2.6.26 (2008)
- Provides a server for remote gdb client
  - Over serial port CONFIG\_KGDB\_SERIAL\_CONSOLE
  - Over network using NETPOLL not mainline (KDBoE)
- Enable on server
  - Boot with kgdboc=ttyS0, 115200
  - echo g > /proc/sysrq-trigger or kgdbwait boot param
- Use from a client
  - % gdb ./vmlinux
  - (gdb) set remotebaud 115200
  - (gdb) target remote /dev/ttyS0
  - Allows limited gdb debugging similar to a userspace program

## Live kernel debugging - kdb

- kdb is a frontend for kgdb that runs in the debugged kernel (no need for other client) – since 2.6.35 (2010)
- Provides a shell accessed via serial terminal, with optional PS/2 keyboard support
  - Enabled same way as the kgdb server
  - Switch between kdb/kgdb by \$3#33 and kgdb
- Provides some kernel-specific commands not available in pure gdb
- lsmod, ps, ps A, summary, bt, dmesg, go, help
  - Some can be executed from gdb monitor help
  - Out of tree discontinued version seemed to be more capable
- KMS console support was proposed, but dropped



# Live debugging - User-Mode Linux (UML)

- Special pseudo-hardware architecture
  - Otherwise compatible with the target architecture
- Running Linux kernel as a user space process
  - Originally a virtualization effort
- Useful for debugging and kernel development
  - A plain standard gdb can be used to attach to the running kernel
  - Guest threads are threads of the UML process
    - Slightly more complicated to follow processes
- Recommended environment for running KUnit tests

# **Magic SysRq hot keys**

- Operator's intervention to the running system
  - For dealing with hangs or security issues
- Can be enabled/disabled by /proc/sys/kernel/sysrq
  - Alt+SysRq+H show help
  - Invoke crash, reboot, shutdown, kill processes, OOM killer
  - Reset nice level of all real-time processes
  - Sync, remount read-only, freeze filesystems
  - Dump registers, tasks, stacks, memory stats, locks taken, armed timers, sleeping tasks, ftrace buffer
  - Raising Elephants Is So Utterly Boring or Reboot Even If System Utterly Broken
    - Raw keyboard, Send SIGTERM to all processes, Send SIGKILL to all processes, Sync data to disk, Remount all filesystems read-only, Reboot
- Can be activated also from console (/proc/sysrq-trigger) or via network



- Kernel can be built with additional debugging options enabled
  - Extra checks that can catch errors sooner, or provide extra information, at the cost of CPU and/or memory overhead
  - Can also hide errors such as race conditions...
- Many of them under "Kernel hacking" in make menuconfig
  - Others placed in the given subsystem/driver
- Useful when hunting a particular bug, but mainly for regression testing
- Some now intended also for production kernels, can be compiled in but inactive unless enabled with a boot parameter
  - Again, using static keys to minimize overhead when not enabled



- DEBUG\_LIST catch some list misuses, poisoning
- DEBUG\_VM enable VM\_BUG\_ON() checks
- PAGE\_OWNER track who allocated and freed which pages in order to find a memory leak or double free
- **DEBUG\_PAGEALLOC** unmap (or poison) pages after they are freed
- DEBUG\_SLAB detect some cases of double free, or use-after-free (by poisoning), buffer overflow (red-zoning)
- SLUB\_DEBUG the SLUB variant can enable/disable debugging at boot for individual caches
  - Extra sanity checks, poisoning, red zoning, alloc/free tracking, tracing
- DEBUG\_KMEMLEAK detect leaks with a conservative garbage collection based algorithm
- KFENCE low-overhead sampling based detection of overflow, use-after-free, invalidfree for slab objects

- KASAN Find out of bounds accesses and use-after-free bugs using shadow memory (~valgrind) or sw/hw tags
  - GENERIC Instrument each access to check shadow memory
    - Cost is 1/8 memory and 3x slower performance, needs new enough GCC or Clang
  - SW\_TAGS embeds tags to pointers, checks by instrumentation
    - Only slab and page allocations, arm64 with Top Byte Ignore, Clang, 1/16 memory
  - HW\_TAGS arm64 with Memory Tagging Extension, checks by hardware
    - Also slab and page allocations, only reports first bug, then disables itself
- UBSAN Find out presence of undefined behavior (per C standard)
- KCSAN dynamic race detector, based on compile-time instrumentation
  - Detect situations with two plain memory accesses to same place, one write
  - Needs GCC or Clang 11+, inserts soft watchpoints and stalls



- DEBUG\_STACKOVERFLOW check if random corruption involving struct thread\_info is caused by too deep call chains
- DEBUG\_SPINLOCK and others for different locks catch missing init, freeing of live locks, some deadlocks
- LOCK\_STAT for lock contention, perf lock
- PROVE\_LOCKING a.k.a. "lockdep" mechanism for online proving that deadlocks cannot happen and report that deadlock can occur before it actually does
- Various subsystem specific options that enable both KERN\_DEBUG printk()'s and extra checks



# **Kernel Fuzzing**

- Try to trigger bugs by exposing the program to various inputs (i.e. chains of syscalls in the case of kernel)
- trinity mostly random syscalls and parameters, only avoids known invalid input (flags) to not waste time on it
- syzkaller unsupervised coverage-guided fuzzer from Google
  - For Akaros, FreeBSD, Fuchsia, gVisor, Linux, NetBSD, OpenBSD, Windows.
  - More efficient in finding corner-cases, but needs instrumentation
  - Often can generate a short reproducer with the report
- syzbot https://syzkaller.appspot.com/
  - CI for automated fuzzing, reporting and tracking of found bugs
  - Linux: 3078 fixed, 978 open, 5529 invalid
  - Often used with debug options enabled, such as KASAN, UBSAN, lockdep...



# Kernel testing (CI) initiatives

- Developers can't possibly test their code in all possible architectures and configurations
- Automated testing and reporting very useful for development (linux-next) and stabilization (rc versions)
- LKP (Linux Kernel Performance) a.k.a. 0-day bot by Intel tests linuxnext, developer git trees, patches on mailing lists, replies with bug reports, sometimes proposed fixes
- kernelci.org by Linaro for various ARM SoCs
- "Hulk Robot" used in Huawei



# **Linux Kernel Static Analysis**

- Sparse semantic checker for types and locks relying on attributes
  - Types bitwise, kernel, user, iomem
  - Locks acquire, release, must\_hold
- Smatch built upon sparse, can report e.g. missing NULL checks, array overflow
- Coccinelle allows finding code matching a pattern as well as changing it
- Coverity proprietary static analysis tool, scans Linux for free, but limited access to results

