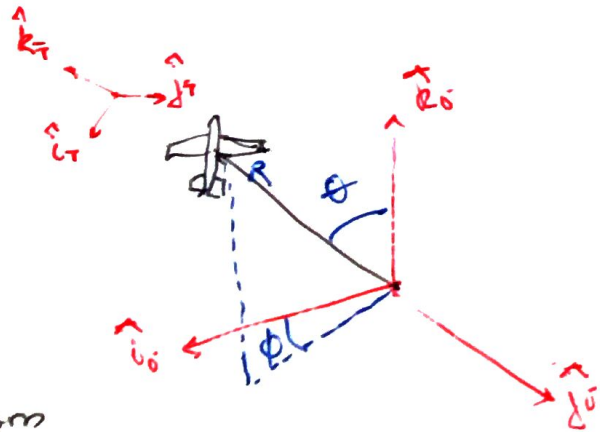


$\theta$  - Zenith angle

$\phi$  - Azimuth angle

$R$  - Radius.



Rotation matrix to go from

$\bar{O}$  to  $\bar{T}$

$$\bar{T}[\omega] \bar{O} = [R_y(\theta)][R_z(\phi)]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & 0 & -\sin\theta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin\theta & 0 & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\phi & \sin\phi & 0 \\ -\sin\phi & \cos\phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Position vector in  $\bar{T}$  frame

$$\{\bar{r}_{cm}\}_{\bar{T}} = R \hat{k}_{\bar{T}}$$

Inertial velocity in  $\bar{T}$  frame

$$\{\bar{v}_{cm}\}_{\bar{T}} = R \dot{\theta} \hat{i}_{\bar{T}} + \phi R \sin(\theta) \hat{j}_{\bar{T}} + \dot{R} \hat{k}_{\bar{T}}$$

Note: Same as  
Loyd for  
 $\dot{R} = 0$ .

flow is assumed to be along  $\hat{i}_0$

$$\{\bar{v}_f\}_{\bar{T}} = V_x (\cos\theta \cos\phi \hat{i}_{\bar{T}} - \sin(\phi) \hat{j}_{\bar{T}} + \cos(\phi) \sin(\theta) \hat{k}_{\bar{T}})$$

Same as Loyd

kite velocity through the flow

$$\{\bar{v}_A\}_{\bar{T}} = \{\bar{v}_{cm}\}_{\bar{T}} - \{\bar{v}_f\}_{\bar{T}}$$

Unit vector along  $\{\bar{v}_A\}_{\bar{T}}$

$$\hat{u}_a = \frac{\{\bar{v}_A\}_{\bar{T}}}{\|\bar{v}_A\|}$$

Drag force

$$\vec{D}_R = -\frac{1}{2} S (C_d(C_d, C_l)) A \|\vec{v}_A\|^2 \hat{u}_A$$

Vector normal to  $\vec{v}_A$  and  $\hat{k}_T$

$$\vec{N} = \hat{k}_T \times \vec{v}_A$$

Vector normal to  $\vec{v}_A$  and  $\vec{N}$  (also the longitudinal plane)

$$\vec{M} = \vec{v}_A \times \vec{N}$$

Combined lift direction (as per Loyd)

$$\vec{U} = \vec{M} + \tan(\text{roll angle}) \vec{N}$$

Lift vector

$$\vec{L} = \frac{1}{2} S C_L A \|\vec{v}_A\|^2 \frac{\vec{U}}{\|\vec{U}\|}$$

Net upward force.

$$\{\vec{F}_z\}_T = {}^T[C]^T (mg(BP-1)\vec{E}_0)$$

Inertial acceleration

$$\begin{aligned} \{\vec{a}_{cm}\}_T &= [R\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{R}\dot{\theta} - R\dot{\phi}^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)] \vec{E}_1 \\ &+ [R\ddot{\phi} \sin(\theta) + 2\dot{\phi}\dot{\theta} R \cos(\theta) + 2\dot{\phi}\dot{R} \sin(\theta)] \vec{E}_2 \\ &+ (-\dot{\phi}^2 R \sin^2(\theta) - R\ddot{\theta}) \vec{E}_3 \end{aligned}$$

Also same as  
Loyd if  $\dot{\theta} = 0$

Total external force

$$\vec{F}_T = \vec{D}_R + \vec{L} + \vec{F}_B + T$$

Determine tether tension & angular accelerations

$$\vec{T} = -\vec{P}_T \cdot \hat{k}_T - m(\dot{\phi}^2 R \sin^2 \theta + R \dot{\theta}^2)$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = \frac{\vec{P}_T \cdot \hat{j}_T - 2mR\dot{\phi}\dot{\theta}\cos\theta - 2m\dot{\phi}\dot{R}\sin\theta}{2mR\sin\theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{\vec{P}_T \cdot \hat{i}_T - 2mR\ddot{R} + mR\dot{\phi}^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)}{2mR}$$