

```
In [2]: import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [3]: # Loading data  
titanic = pd.read_csv('titanic_data.csv')
```

```
In [5]: def count_passenger(df):  
  
    return len(df)  
  
def remove_column(df, key):  
  
    new_df = df.copy()  
  
    return new_df.drop(key, axis=1)  
  
def had_family(df):  
  
    if df > 0:  
        return 'With family'  
    else:  
        return 'Alone'  
  
def had_alive(df):  
  
    if df > 0:  
        return "alive"  
    else:  
        return "died"  
  
def had_class(df):  
  
    if df == 1:  
        return 'First'  
    elif df == 2 :  
        return 'Second'  
    else:  
        return 'Third'  
  
def had_child(passenger):  
  
    age, sex = passenger  
  
    if age <= 15:  
        return 'Child'  
    else:  
        return sex
```

```
In [8]: # find all the unique values for "Age"
print(titanic['Age'].unique())
```

```
[ 22.    38.    26.    35.    28.    54.     2.    27.    14.     4.
 58.
  20.    39.    55.    31.    34.    15.     8.    19.    40.    66.
 42.
  21.    18.     3.     7.    49.    29.    65.    28.5     5.    11.
 45.
  17.    32.    16.    25.     0.83  30.    33.    23.    24.    46.
 59.
  71.    37.    47.    14.5   70.5   32.5   12.     9.    36.5   51.
 55.5
  40.5   44.     1.    61.    56.    50.    36.    45.5   20.5   62.
 41.
  52.    63.    23.5    0.92  43.    60.    10.    64.    13.    48.
 0.75
  53.    57.    80.    70.    24.5    6.     0.67  30.5    0.42  34.5
 74.  ]
```

```
In [9]: # fill missing "Age" with mean
titanic['Age'] = titanic['Age'].fillna(titanic['Age'].median())
```

```
In [10]: # find all the unique values for "Embarked"
print titanic['Embarked'].unique()

['S' 'C' 'Q' nan]
```

```
In [11]: # replace all the missing values in the Embarked column with S.
titanic['Embarked'] = titanic['Embarked'].fillna('S')
```

```
In [12]: # find all the unique values for "Cabin"
print titanic['Cabin'].unique()
```

```
[nan 'C85' 'C123' 'E46' 'G6' 'C103' 'D56' 'A6' 'C23 C25 C27' 'B78' 'D3
3'
'B30' 'C52' 'B28' 'C83' 'F33' 'F G73' 'E31' 'A5' 'D10 D12' 'D26' 'C11
0'
'B58 B60' 'E101' 'F E69' 'D47' 'B86' 'F2' 'C2' 'E33' 'B19' 'A7' 'C49'
'F4'
'A32' 'B4' 'B80' 'A31' 'D36' 'D15' 'C93' 'C78' 'D35' 'C87' 'B77' 'E67
,
'B94' 'C125' 'C99' 'C118' 'D7' 'A19' 'B49' 'D' 'C22 C26' 'C106' 'C65'
'E36' 'C54' 'B57 B59 B63 B66' 'C7' 'E34' 'C32' 'B18' 'C124' 'C91' 'E4
0'
'T' 'C128' 'D37' 'B35' 'E50' 'C82' 'B96 B98' 'E10' 'E44' 'A34' 'C104'
'C111' 'C92' 'E38' 'D21' 'E12' 'E63' 'A14' 'B37' 'C30' 'D20' 'B79' 'E
25'
'D46' 'B73' 'C95' 'B38' 'B39' 'B22' 'C86' 'C70' 'A16' 'C101' 'C68' 'A
10'
'E68' 'B41' 'A20' 'D19' 'D50' 'D9' 'A23' 'B50' 'A26' 'D48' 'E58' 'C12
6'
'B71' 'B51 B53 B55' 'D49' 'B5' 'B20' 'F G63' 'C62 C64' 'E24' 'C90' 'C
45'
'E8' 'B101' 'D45' 'C46' 'D30' 'E121' 'D11' 'E77' 'F38' 'B3' 'D6' 'B82
B84'
'D17' 'A36' 'B102' 'B69' 'E49' 'C47' 'D28' 'E17' 'A24' 'C50' 'B42' 'C
148']
```

```
In [13]: # loop through rows in dataframe and fill Cabin
for i, row in titanic.iterrows():
    if pd.isnull(row['Cabin']):
        continue
    else:
        for j, row in titanic.iterrows():
            if pd.isnull(titanic.loc[j, 'Cabin']):
                if titanic.loc[j, 'Ticket'] == titanic.loc[i, 'Ticket']:
                    titanic.loc[j, 'Cabin'] = titanic.loc[i, 'Cabin']
                    break
```

```
In [17]: titanic.head()
```

Out[17]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38	1	0	PC 17599	71.2834
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9200
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35	1	0	113803	53.1000
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35	0	0	373450	8.0500

```
In [30]: # add "Passenger" column represent who alive or died
titanic['Passenger'] = map(had_alive, titanic['Survived'])

# add "Gender" column these map Sex from text to number for future analysis
titanic['Gender'] = titanic['Sex'].map({'female' : 0, 'male' : 1}).astype(int)

# add "Who" column, to categorize passenger by group of male, female
# and children as who under 15 as a child,
titanic['Who'] = titanic[['Age', 'Sex']].apply(had_child, axis=1)

# add "Port" column these map each embarkation from text to number for future analysis
titanic['Port'] = titanic['Embarked'].dropna().map({'C' : 0, 'Q' : 1, 'S' : 2 }).astype(int)

# add "Class" column represent class of each passenger
titanic['Class'] = map(had_class, titanic['Pclass'])

# add "Family" column to represent passenger who travel alone or with their family
titanic['Family'] = map(had_family, titanic['Parch'] + titanic['SibSp'])

# drop "Parch" & "SibSp"
titanic = remove_column(titanic, ['Parch', 'SibSp'])
```

In [31]: `titanic.head()`

Out[31]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	C
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35	113803	53.1000	C123	S
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35	373450	8.0500	NaN	S

In [32]: `import math  
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import seaborn as sns  
from pylab import rcParams  
from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix`

`sns.set(style="white")`

`%matplotlib inline`

`//anaconda/lib/python2.7/site-packages/matplotlib/__init__.py:872: Use  
rWarning: axes.color_cycle is deprecated and replaced with axes.prop_c  
ycle; please use the latter.`

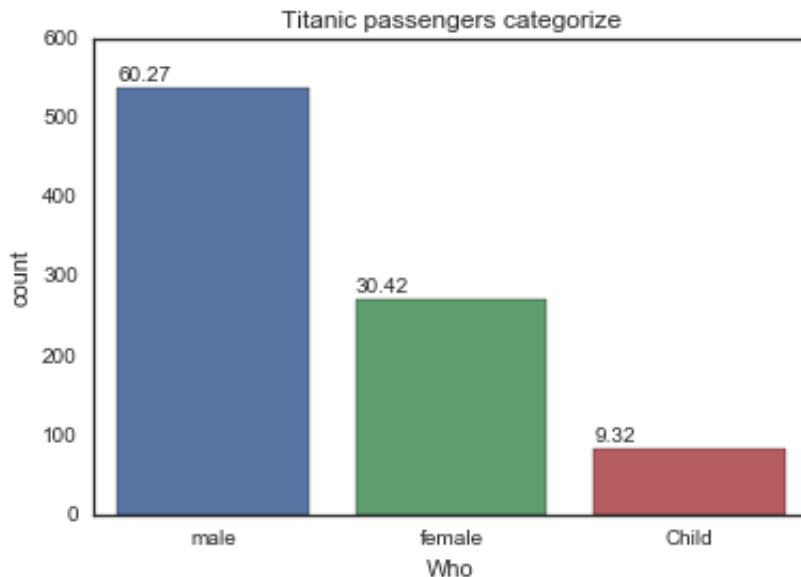
`warnings.warn(self.msg_depr % (key, alt_key))`

```
In [34]: passengercount = float(len(titanic))

# Investigate who were the passenger

passenger_by_who = titanic.groupby('Who')
print passenger_by_who.count()['Passenger']
sns.plt.title('Titanic passengers categorize')
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Who', data = titanic)
for p in ax.patches:
    height = p.get_height()
    ax.text(p.get_x(), height + 10, '%1.2f'%((height*100)/passengercount))
```

```
Who
Child      83
female    271
male      537
Name: Passenger, dtype: int64
```





```
In [35]: # Investigate passengers by class

# show passenger count
passenger_by_who_class = titanic.groupby(['Who', 'Class'])
print passenger_by_who_class.count()['Passenger']

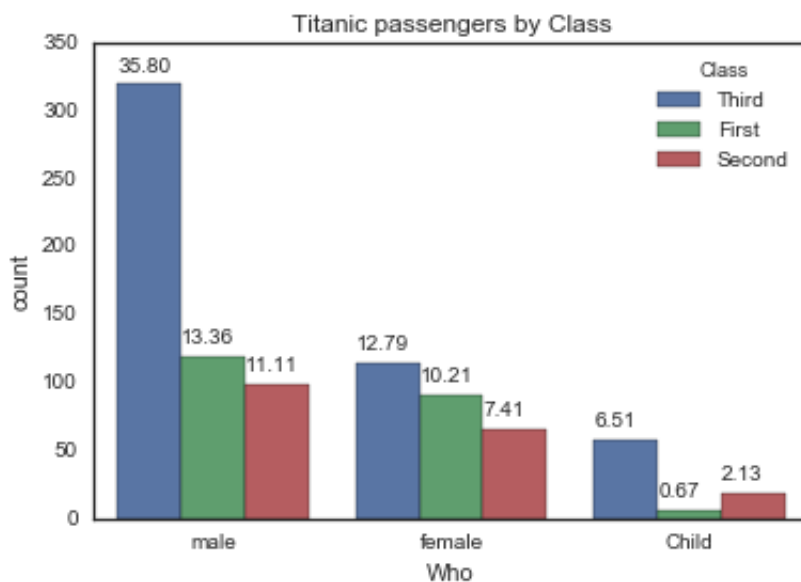
# set plot title
ax = sns.plt.title('Titanic passengers by Class')

# show the counts of passengers
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Who', hue = 'Class', data = titanic)

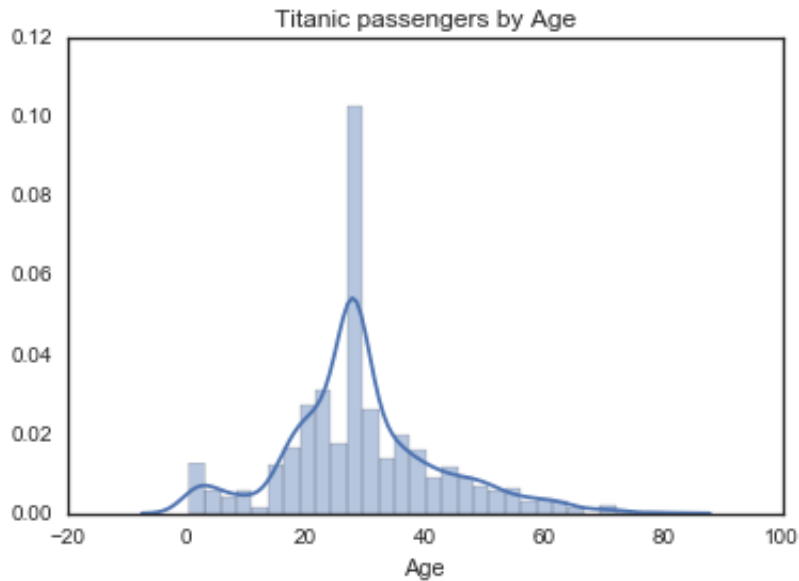
# add percentage for each group
for p in ax.patches:
    height = p.get_height()
    ax.text(p.get_x(), height + 10, '%1.2f'%((height*100)/passengercou
nt))
```

Who	Class	
Child	First	6
	Second	19
	Third	58
female	First	91
	Second	66
	Third	114
male	First	119
	Second	99
	Third	319

Name: Passenger, dtype: int64

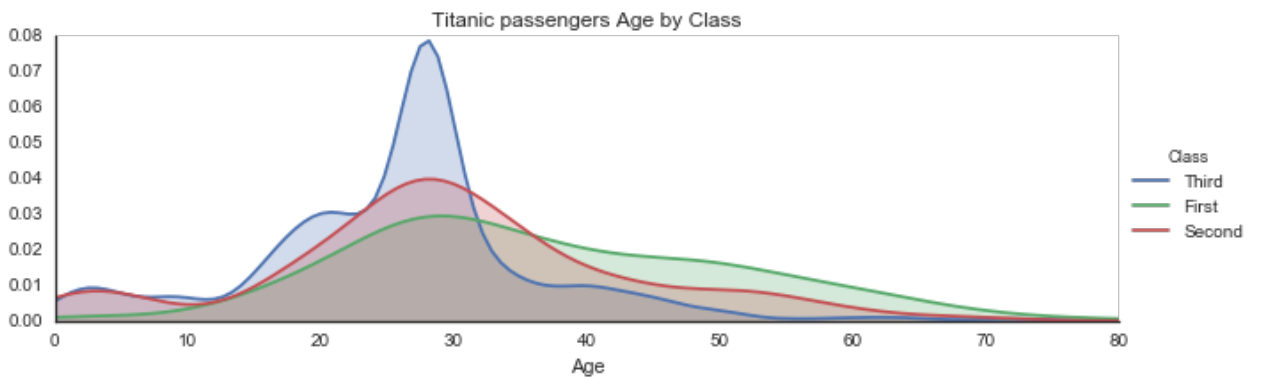


```
In [36]: # quick look the age distribution
ax = sns.distplot(titanic['Age'], hist = True)
ax = sns.plt.title('Titanic passengers by Age')
```



```
In [37]: # check age for passengers by class

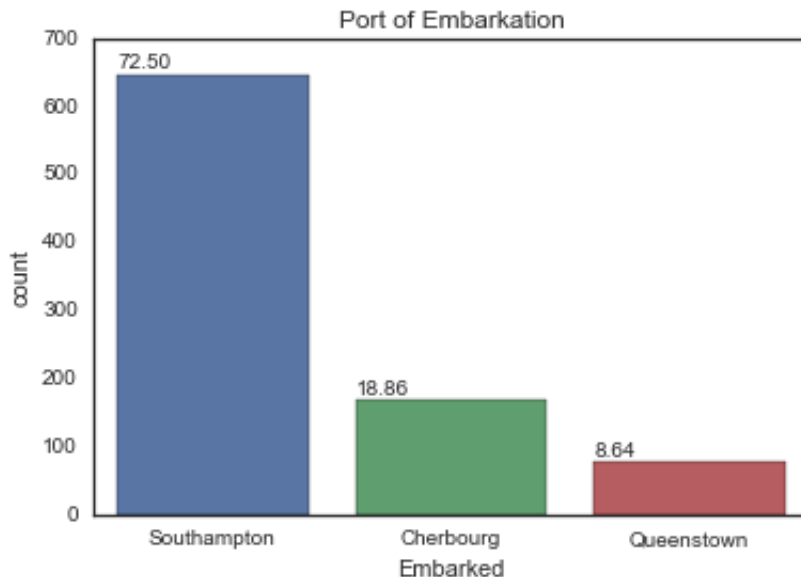
ax = sns.FacetGrid(titanic, hue = 'Class', aspect = 3)
ax.map(sns.kdeplot, 'Age', shade = True)
oldest = titanic['Age'].max()
ax.set(xlim=(0,oldest))
ax.add_legend();
ax = sns.plt.title('Titanic passengers Age by Class')
```



```
In [39]: # Check passengers who from
titanic['Embarked'] = titanic['Embarked'].dropna().map({'C' : 'Cherbourg', 'Q' : 'Queenstown', 'S': 'Southampton' })
passenger_by_embark_who = titanic.groupby('Embarked')

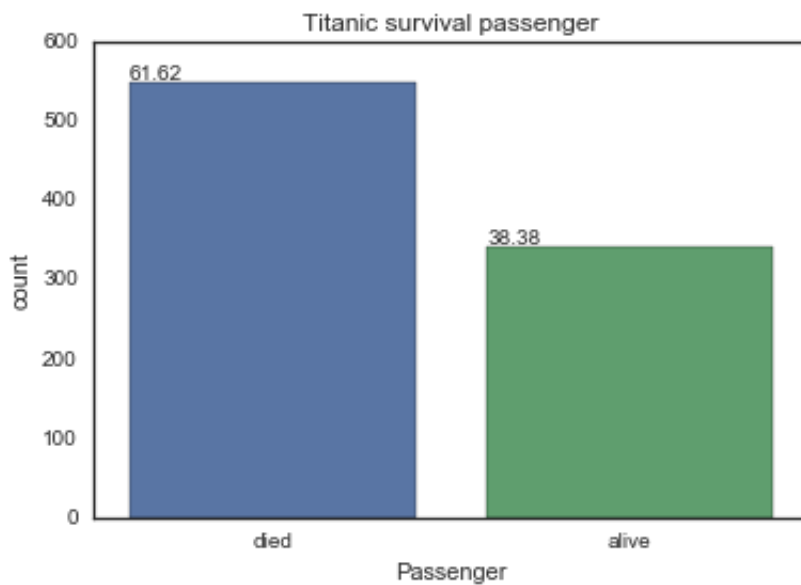
print passenger_by_embark_who.count()['Passenger']
ax = sns.plt.title('Port of Embarkation')
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Embarked', data = titanic)
for p in ax.patches:
    height = p.get_height()
    ax.text(p.get_x(), height + 10, '%1.2f'%((height*100)/passengercount))
```

```
Embarked
Cherbourg      168
Queenstown      77
Southampton    646
Name: Passenger, dtype: int64
```

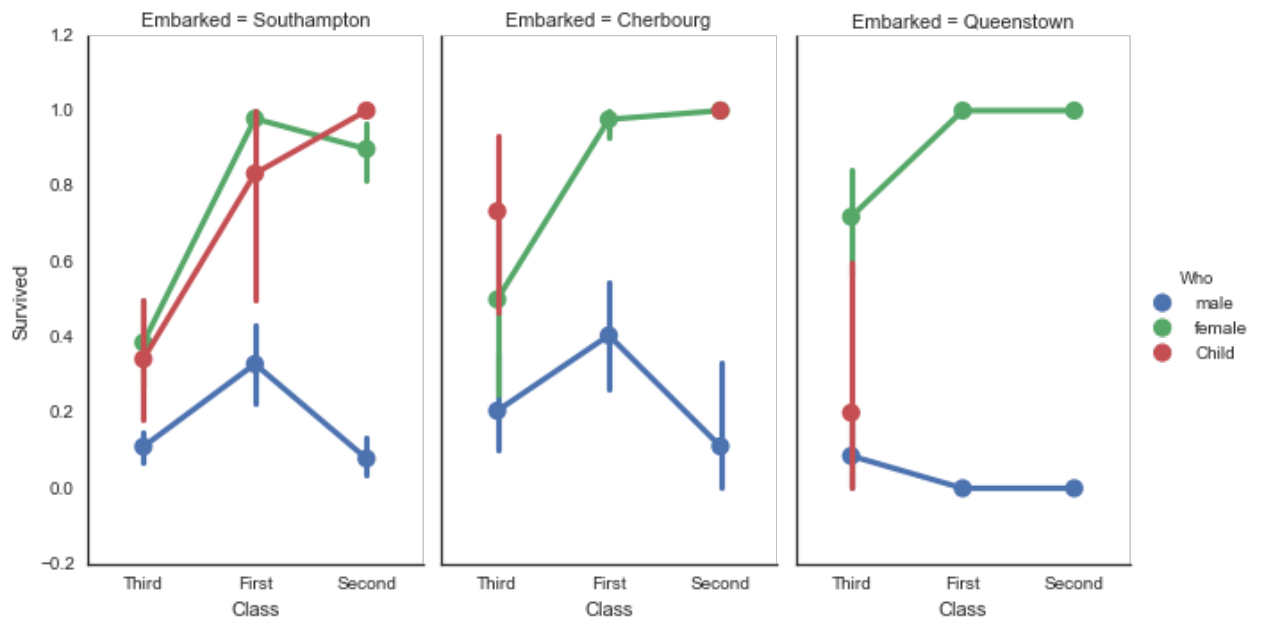


```
In [40]: # check survial rate
passenger_by_class_who = titanic.groupby('Passenger')
print passenger_by_class_who.count()['Survived']
ax = sns.plt.title('Titanic survival passenger')
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Passenger', data = titanic)
for p in ax.patches:
    height = p.get_height()
    ax.text(p.get_x(), height + 2, '%1.2f'%((height*100)/passengercoun
t))
```

```
Passenger
alive      342
died       549
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

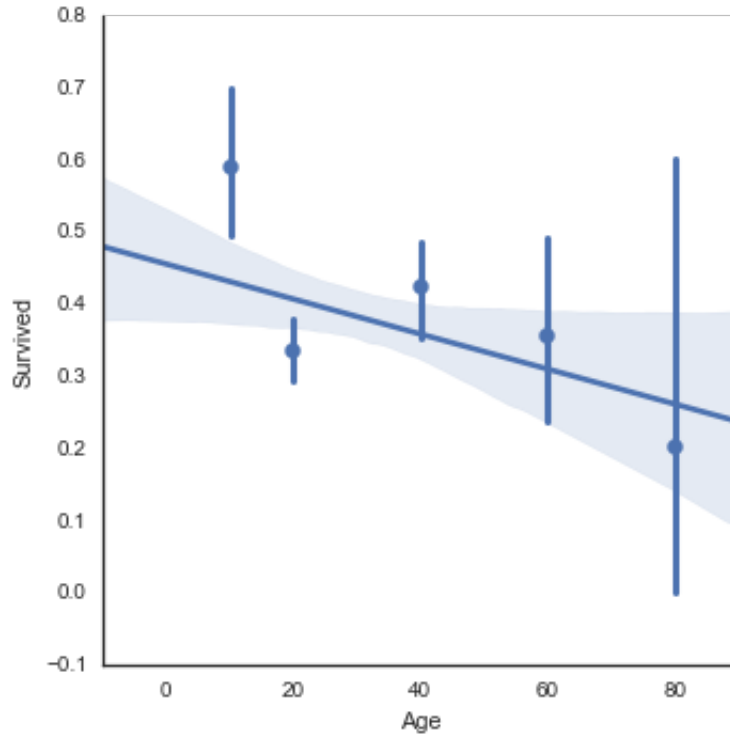


```
In [41]: # plot survival probability against several variables
ax = sns.factorplot(x = 'Class', y = 'Survived',
                   hue = 'Who', col = 'Embarked',
                   data = titanic, size = 5, aspect = .6)
```

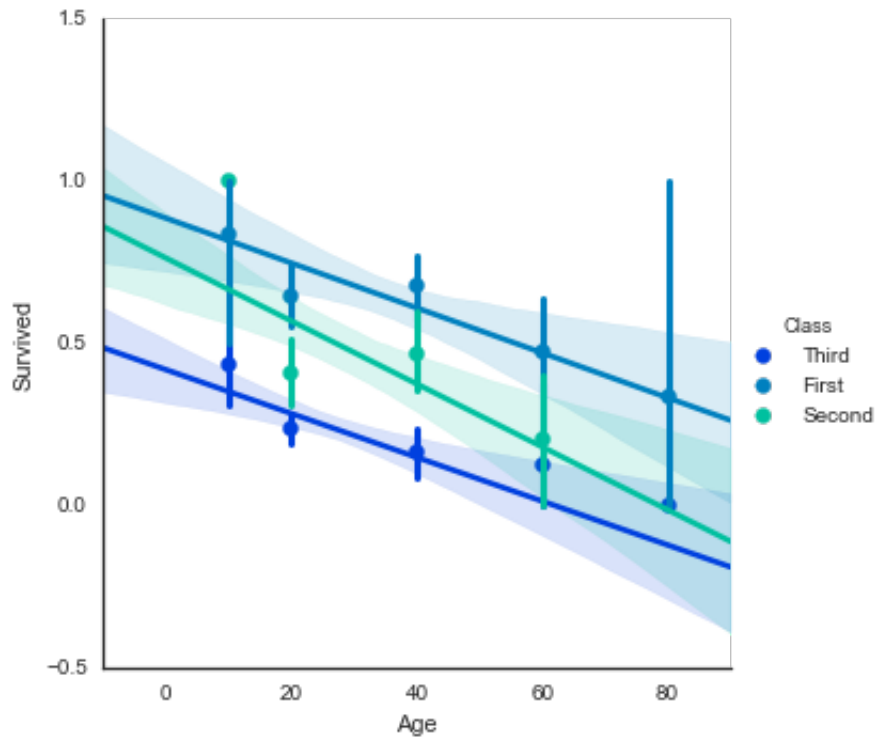


```
In [42]: # set range of age for linear plot
age_range = [10,20,40,60,80]

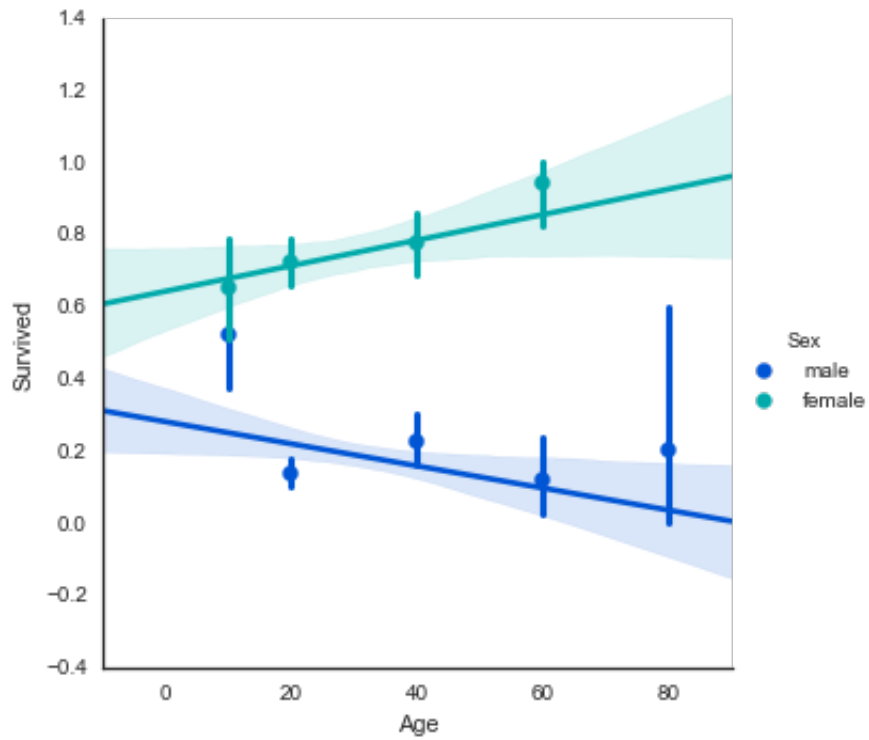
ax = sns.lmplot('Age','Survived',
               data = titanic, palette = 'winter',
               x_bins = age_range)
```



```
In [43]: # how about survival rate if relate class and age
ax = sns.lmplot('Age', 'Survived', hue='Class',
                data = titanic, palette = 'winter',
                x_bins = age_range)
```

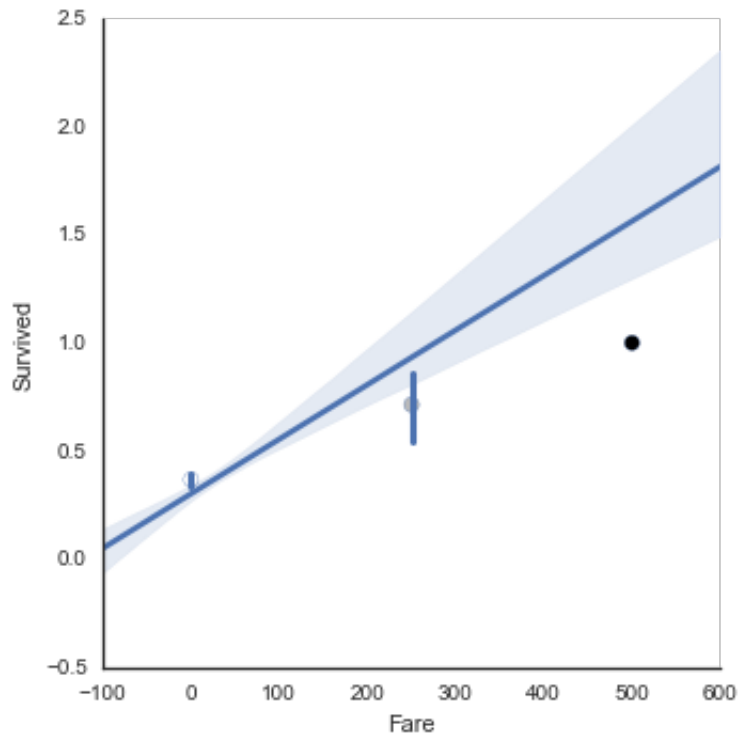


```
In [44]: # how about if relate gender and age effect survival rate
ax = sns.lmplot('Age', 'Survived', hue = 'Sex',
                data = titanic, palette = 'winter',
                x_bins = age_range)
```

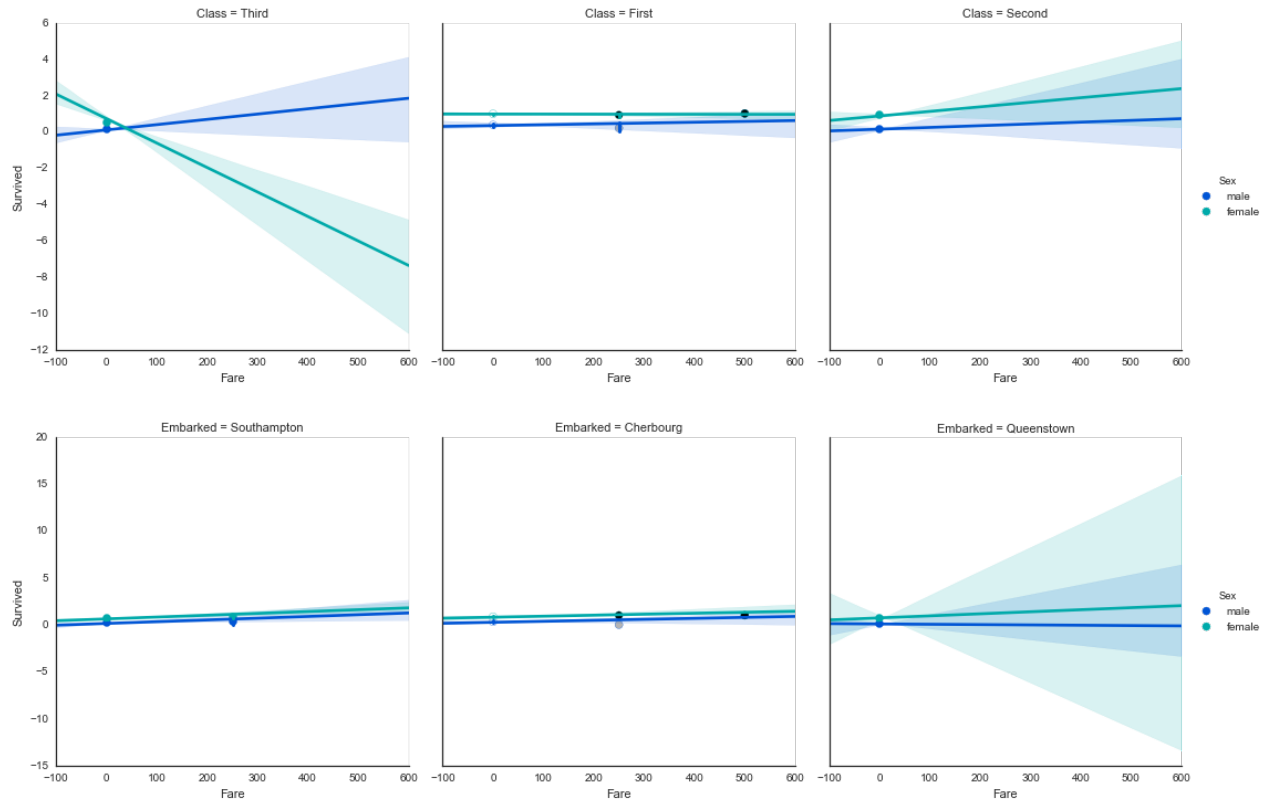




```
In [46]: # set range of price
farerange = [0,250,500,750,1000]
ax = sns.lmplot('Fare', 'Survived', data = titanic,
                palette = 'winter', x_bins = farerange)
```



```
In [47]: # check survived rate relate fare by gender
ax = sns.lmplot('Fare', 'Survived', hue = 'Sex', col = 'Class',
               data = titanic, palette = 'winter',
               x_bins = farerange)
ax = sns.lmplot('Fare', 'Survived', hue = 'Sex', col = 'Embarked',
               data = titanic, palette = 'winter',
               x_bins = farerange)
```



In [ ]: