Contents

0.1 .vimrc

```
set nu
set sw=4
set ts=4
set st=4
set bs=2
set cul
set ai
set 1s=2
map <F5> gT
imap <F5> <ESC>gT
map <F6> gt
imap <F6> <ESC>gt
\verb|imap| {<CR> {<CR><END><CR>} < UP><END>| }
au FileType cpp map <F9> <ESC>:w<CR>:!g++<Space>-Wall<Space>%&&./a.out
au FileType cpp imap <F9> <ESC>:w<CR>:!g++<Space>-Wall<Space>%&&./a.
    out < CR >
set encoding=UTF-8
```

0.2 Scan (JAVA)

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Scan{

   BufferedReader buffer;
   StringTokenizer tok;

   Scan(){
      buffer = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
   }

   boolean hasNext(){
      while(tok==null || !tok.hasMoreElements()){
       try{
        tok = new StringTokenizer(buffer.readLine());
      }catch(Exception e){
        return false;
      }
   }
}
```

```
return true;
String next(){
  if(hasNext()) return tok.nextToken();
  return null;
}
String nextLine(){
  if(hasNext()) return tok.nextToken("\n");
 return null;
}
int nextInt(){
 return Integer.parseInt(next());
long nextLong(){
 return Long.parseLong(next());
}
double nextDouble(){
  return Double.parseDouble(next());
}
```

0.3 AC Actomaton

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdio>

using namespace std;

struct AC_Automaton {
   static const int MAX_N = 1e6+10;
   static const int MAX_CHILD = 52;

   int n;
   int fail[MAX_N];
   int trie[MAX_N][MAX_CHILD];
```

```
void clean(int target) {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CHILD; ++i) {</pre>
        trie[target][i] = -1;
}
void reset () {
    clean(0):
    n = 1;
void add(char* s) {
    int p = 0;
    while (*s) {
        int id = get_id(s[0]);
        if (trie[p][id] == -1) {
            clean(n);
            trie[p][id] = n++;
        p = trie[p][id];
        ++s;
void construct() {
    queue < int > que;
    fail[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CHILD; ++i) {</pre>
        if (trie[0][i] != -1) {
            fail[trie[0][i]] = 0;
            que.push(trie[0][i]);
        }
        else {
            trie[0][i] = 0;
    }
    while (que.size()) {
        int now = que.front();
        que.pop();
        for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CHILD; ++i) {</pre>
            int target = trie[now][i];
            if (target != -1) {
```

```
que.push(target);
                    fail[target] = trie[fail[now]][i];
               else {
                    trie[now][i] = trie[fail[now]][i];
           }
   }
   int solve() {
        int ans = fail[n-1];
        while (ans > n/2-1) ans = fail[ans];
       return ans;
   int get_id(const char& ch) {
       if (ch <= 'z' && ch >= 'a') return ch-'a';
        else return ch-'A'+26;
} ac:
char input[1000010];
int main () {
   int tcase:
   scanf("%d", &tcase);
   while (tcase--) {
       ac.reset();
       scanf("%s", input);
       ac.add(input);
        ac.construct();
        printf("%d\n", ac.solve());
   }
```

0.4 Combination

```
const long long MOD = 1e9+7;
const int MAX = 1e5+1;

typedef long long T;
T inverse(T mod, T b) { /* return b^(-1) mod a */
```

```
T k[2][2], n[2][2], u1, u2;
    k[0][0] = k[1][1] = 1;
    k[0][1] = k[1][0] = 0;
    u1 = mod, u2 = b;
    while (u2) {
        T div = u1/u2;
        T remind = u1\%u2:
        n[0][0] = k[1][0];
        n[0][1] = k[1][1];
        n[1][0] = k[0][0] - k[1][0]*div;
        n[1][1] = k[0][1] - k[1][1]*div;
        for (T i = 0; i < 2; ++i) {</pre>
            for (T j = 0; j < 2; ++j) {
                k[i][j] = n[i][j];
            }
        }
        u1 = u2;
        u2 = remind:
    if (k[0][1] < 0) k[0][1] += mod;
    return k[0][1];
T C(T n, T m, T mod) {
    if (m < 0) return 0:
    if (n < m) return 0;</pre>
    T ans = 1;
    T base = min(n-m, m);
    for (T i = 0; i < base; ++i) {</pre>
        ans = ans*(n-i)%mod;
    T inv = 1;
    for (T i = 1; i <= base; ++i) {</pre>
        inv = inv*i%mod;
    return ans*inverse(mod, inv)%mod;
```

```
static int convexHull(Coordinate[] vertex, Coordinate[] list){
    int n = vertex.length;
    Arrays.sort(vertex):
   int index = 0;
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
    while(index >= 2 && ABcrossAC(list[index-2], list[index-1], vertex
   [i]) <= 0) index--;
   list[index++] = vertex[i];
   }
    int half_point = index+1;
    for(int i=n-2;i>=0;i--){
    while(index>=half_point && ABcrossAC(list[index-2], list[index-1],
    vertex[i]) <= 0) index --;</pre>
   list[index++] = vertex[i];
   return index:
   }
static double ABcrossAC(Coordinate A, Coordinate B, Coordinate C){
    return (B.x-A.x) * (C.y-A.y) - (B.y-A.y) * (C.x-A.x);
static class Coordinate implements Comparable < Coordinate > {
  double x,y;
  Coordinate(double x, double y){
   this.x = x;
   this.y = y;
 }
  Olverride
  public int compareTo(Coordinate o){
   if(x < o.x) return -1:
   if(x > o.x) return 1;
   if(v < o.v) return -1;
   if(y > o.y) return 1;
   return 0;
 }
```

0.5 Decomposition

```
static class Decomposition{
   Map<BigInteger, Integer> prime;
   Random random;
   Decomposition(String x){
       prime = new HashMap<>();
       random = new Random();
        BigInteger in = new BigInteger(x);
       int twos = 0;
        while(!in.testBit(0)){
            in = in.shiftRight(1);
           twos++:
       if(twos > 0) prime.put(BigInteger.valueOf(2), twos);
        peel(in);
   void peel(BigInteger x){
        System.out.println("peel "+x);
        if(x.equals(BigInteger.ONE)) return;
       if(x.isProbablePrime(100)){
            Integer temp = prime.put(x, 1);
            if(temp!=null) prime.put(x, temp+1);
           return;
       }
       BigInteger a, b, c, next;
       do{
           a = b = new BigInteger(x.bitLength()+5, random).mod(x);
           c = new BigInteger(x.bitLength()+5, random).mod(x);
            if(c.equals(BigInteger.ZERO)) c = BigInteger.ONE;
               a = f(a, c, x);
               b = f(f(b, c, x), c, x);
               next = x.gcd(a.subtract(b).abs());
           }while(next.equals(BigInteger.ONE));
       }while(next.equals(x));
       peel(next);
       peel(x.divide(next));
   BigInteger f(BigInteger x, BigInteger c, BigInteger n){
       return x.multiply(x).add(c).mod(n);
```

```
}
}
```

0.6 Double LCA

```
/* build: O(VlogV), query: O(logV) */
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdio>
#define MAX 50010
using namespace std;
int a[MAX][160]; /* 160 = log2(MAX/2) */
int parent[MAX], tin[MAX], tout[MAX];
int num, root, timestamp;
bool visit[MAX];
vector<int> adj[MAX];
int log2(int n) {
   int i = 0;
   while ((1<<i) <= n) ++i;
   return i - 1;
/* when x == y, it's be true */
bool ancestor(int x, int y) {
    return (tin[x] <= tin[y]) && (tout[x] >= tout[y]);
}
void dfs(int x, int px) {
    tin[x] = timestamp++;
   visit[x] = true:
   a[x][0] = px;
   for (int i = 1; i < log2(num); ++i) {</pre>
        a[x][i] = a[a[x][i-1]][i-1];
   }
    for (int i = 0; i < adj[x].size(); ++i) {</pre>
        int target = adj[x][i];
        if (!visit[target]) {
            parent[target] = x;
```

```
dfs(target, x);
    tout[x] = timestamp++;
int lca(int x, int y) {
    if (ancestor(x, y)) return x;
    if (ancestor(y, x)) return y;
    for (int i = log2(num); i >= 0; --i) {
        if (!ancestor(a[x][i], y)) {
            x = a[x][i];
    return a[x][0];
int main () {
    timestamp = 0;
    /* init */
    for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {</pre>
        parent[i] = i;
        visit[i] = false;
        adj[i].clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < num-1; ++i) {</pre>
        int x, y;
        scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
        adj[x].push_back(y);
        adj[y].push_back(x);
    dfs(0, 0);
    cin >> x >> y;
    cout << lca(x, y);</pre>
```

0.7 Flow (Dinics)

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main{
  static ArrayList<ArrayList<Edge>> list;
  static Edge[][] matrix;
  static int start, finish;
  static int findFlow(){
   int[] height = new int[list.size()];
   Arrays.fill(height, -1);
    Queue < Integer > queue = new ArrayDeque < Integer > ();
   height[start] = 0;
   queue.add(start);
   while(!queue.isEmpty()){
     int now = queue.poll();
     for(Edge e : list.get(now)){
       int next = e.v;
       if(e.cap == 0) continue;
       if(height[next] != -1) continue;
       height[next] = height[now]+1;
        queue.add(next);
   if(height[finish] == -1) return 0;
   int result = 0, flow;
   while((flow = trace(start, Integer.MAX_VALUE, height)) != 0)
   result += flow:
   return result;
 }
  static int trace(int now, int flow, int[] height){
   if(now == finish){
     return flow;
   int result = 0;
   for(Edge e : list.get(now)){
    if(e.cap == 0) continue;
     int next = e.v;
     if(height[now]+1 != height[next]) continue;
     result = trace(next, Math.min(flow, e.cap), height);
     if(result != 0){
        matrix[now][next].cap -= result;
        matrix[next][now].cap += result;
        break:
```

```
}
return result;
}

static class Edge{
  int u, v, cap;

public Edge(int u, int v, int cap, Edge[][] matrix){
    this.u = u;
    this.v = v;
    this.cap = cap;
    matrix[u][v] = this;
}
}
```

0.8 Geometry

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define EPS 1e-10
#define LEFT_TOP POS(1000, 1000)
#define NO_INTERSECT POS(-1234, -1234)
#define PARALLEL POS(-1001, -1001)
#define COLINE POS(1234, 1234)
const double PI = acos(-1.0);
typedef double T;
class POS {
public:
   Тх, у;
    POS(const T& x = 0, const T& y = 0) : x(x), y(y) {}
    POS(const POS& x) : x(x.x), y(x.y) {}
   bool operator==(const POS& rhs) const {
        return x == rhs.x && v == rhs.v:
    POS& operator+=(const POS& rhs) {
```

```
x += rhs.x;
        y += rhs.y;
        return *this;
   }
    POS operator -() {
        POS tmp(-x, -y);
        return tmp:
   }
    double dist(const POS& rhs) const {
        T tmp_x = x-rhs.x, tmp_y = y-rhs.y;
        return sqrt(tmp_x*tmp_x+tmp_y*tmp_y);
   }
   friend ostream& operator << (ostream& out, const POS& pos) {
        out << pos.x << " " << pos.y;
        return out;
   }
};
POS const operator+(const POS& lhs, const POS& rhs) {
    return POS(lhs) += rhs:
POS const operator-(const POS& lhs, const POS& rhs) {
    POS tmp = rhs;
   tmp = -tmp;
   return POS(lhs) += (tmp);
bool cmp_convex(const POS& lhs, const POS& rhs) {
    return (1hs.x < rhs.x) \mid | ((1hs.x == rhs.x)&&(1hs.y < rhs.y));
}
inline T cross(const POS& o, const POS& a, const POS& b) {
    double value = (a.x-o.x)*(b.y-o.y) - (a.y-o.y)*(b.x-o.x);
    if (fabs(value) < EPS) return 0;</pre>
    return value:
void convex_hull(POS* points, POS* need, int& n) {
    sort(points, points+n, cmp convex);
    int index = 0:
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
```

```
while (index >= 2 && cross(need[index-2], need[index-1],
   points[i]) <= 0) index--;</pre>
        need[index++] = points[i];
   int half_point = index+1;
   for (int i = n-2; i \ge 0; --i) {
        while (index >= half_point && cross(need[index-2], need[index
   -1], points[i]) <= 0) index--;
       need[index++] = points[i];
   } /* be careful that start point will appear in fisrt and last in
   need array */
   n = index;
class LINE {
public:
   POS start, end, vec;
   double angle;
   LINE() {}
   LINE(const T& st_x, const T& st_y, const T& ed_x, const T& ed_y) :
        start(st_x, st_y), end(ed_x, ed_y), vec(end - start), angle(
   atan2(vec.x, vec.y)) {}
   LINE(const POS& start, const POS& end) :
        start(start), end(end), vec(end - start), angle(atan2(vec.x,
   vec.y)) {}
   LINE(const POS& end) : /* start point is origin */
        start(0, 0), end(end), vec(end), angle(atan2(vec.x, vec.y)) {}
   LINE(const T a, const T b, const T c): /* given line by ax+by+c =
        start(0, 0), end(0, 0), vec(-b, a) {
       if (a == 0) {
            start.v = end.v = -c/b;
            end.x = -b:
        else if (b == 0) {
            start.x = end.x = -c/a;
            end.y = a;
        else if (c == 0) {
            end.x = -b; end.y = a;
        else {
```

```
start.v = -c/b; end.x = -c/a;
        vec.x = -c/a; vec.y = c/b;
    angle = atan2(vec.x, vec.y);
LINE build_orthogonal(const POS& point) const {
    T c = -(vec.x*point.x + vec.y*point.y);
    return LINE(vec.x, vec.y, c);
}
T length2() const { /* square */
    T x = start.x - end.x, y = start.y - end.y;
    return x*x + y*y;
void modify(T x, T y) {
    this->end.x += x;
    this->end.y += y;
    this->vec.x += x;
    this->vec.y += y;
}
bool on_line(const POS& a) const {
    if (vec.x == 0) {
       if (start.x != a.x) return false;
       return true;
    if (vec.v == 0) {
        if (start.y != a.y) return false;
        return true:
    return fabs(( (a.x-start.x)/vec.x*vec.y + start.y )- a.y) <</pre>
EPS:
}
bool operator/(const LINE& rhs) const { /* to see if this line
parallel to LINE rhs */
    return (vec.x*rhs.vec.y == vec.y*rhs.vec.x);
bool operator == (const LINE& rhs) const { /* to see if they are
same line */
    return (*this/rhs) && (rhs.on_line(start));
}
```

```
POS intersect(const LINE& rhs) const {
        if (*this==rhs) return COLINE; /* return co-line */
        if (*this/rhs) return PARALLEL; /* return parallel */
        double A1 = vec.v, B1 = -vec.x, C1 = end.x*start.v - start.x*
   end.y;
        double A2 = rhs.vec.y, B2 = -rhs.vec.x, C2 = rhs.end.x*rhs.
   start.y - rhs.start.x*rhs.end.y;
        return POS( (B2*C1-B1*C2)/(A2*B1-A1*B2), (A1*C2-A2*C1)/(A2*B1-
   A1*B2) ); /* sometimes has -0 */
    double dist(const POS& a) const {
        return fabs(vec.y*a.x - vec.x*a.y + vec.x*start.y - vec.y*
   start.x)/sqrt(vec.y*vec.y+vec.x*vec.x);
    double dist(const LINE& rhs) const {
        POS intersect_point = intersect(rhs);
        if (intersect_point == PARALLEL) {
            return dist(rhs.start);
        return 0;
   friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, const LINE& line) {</pre>
        out << line.start << "-->" << line.end << " vec: " << line.vec
       return out;
   }
};
class LINESEG : public LINE {
public:
    LINESEG() : LINE(POS(0, 0)) {}
    LINESEG(const LINE& input) : LINE(input) {}
    LINESEG(const POS& start, const POS& end) : LINE(start, end) {}
    bool on_lineseg(const POS& a) const {
        if (!on_line(a)) return false;
        bool first, second;
        if (\text{vec.x} \ge 0) first = (a.x \ge \text{start.x}) \&\& (a.x \le \text{end.x});
        else first = (a.x \le start.x) \&\&(a.x \ge end.x);
        if (\text{vec.y} \ge 0) second = (a.y \ge \text{start.y}) \&\& (a.y \le \text{end.y});
```

```
else second = (a.v \le start.v) &&(a.v \ge end.v);
    return first&&second:
}
bool operator == (const LINESEG& rhs) const {
    return ( (rhs.start == start && rhs.end == end) ||
          (rhs.start == end && rhs.end == start) ):
}
bool operator == (const LINE& rhs) const {
    return this->LINE::operator==(rhs);
}
T dot(const LINESEG& rhs) const {
    return vec.x*rhs.vec.x + vec.y*rhs.vec.y;
}
T cross(const LINESEG& rhs) const {
    return vec.x*rhs.vec.y - vec.y*rhs.vec.x;
}
bool clockwise(const LINE& a) const { /* to see if LINE a is in b'
s clockwise wav */
    return cross(a) > 0;
}
double dist(const POS& a) const {
    double ortho_dist = this->LINE::dist(a);
    LINE ortho line = build orthogonal(a);
    POS intersect_point = this->LINE::intersect(ortho_line);
    if (on_lineseg(intersect_point)) return ortho_dist;
    else return min(a.dist(this->start), a.dist(this->end));
}
double dist(const LINE& line) const {
    POS intersect_point = this->LINE::intersect(line);
    if (intersect_point == COLINE) return 0;
    if (intersect_point == PARALLEL) return dist(line.start);
    if (on_lineseg(intersect_point)) return 0;
    return min(line.dist(start), line.dist(end));
}
double dist(const LINESEG& line) const {
    return min( min(dist(line.start), dist(line.end)),
                min(line.dist(start), line.dist(end)) );
```

```
POS intersect(const LINESEG& rhs) const {
        LINE a1b1(start, rhs.start);
        LINE a1b2(start, rhs.end);
       LINE b1a1(rhs.start, start);
       LINE b1a2(rhs.start, end);
        POS tmp(this->LINE::intersect(rhs));
        if (tmp == COLINE) {
            if ((start==rhs.start) && (!rhs.on lineseg(end)) && (!
   on_lineseg(rhs.end)) ) return start;
            if ((start==rhs.end) && (!rhs.on lineseg(end)) && (!
   on_lineseg(rhs.start)) ) return start;
            if ((end==rhs.start) && (!rhs.on lineseg(start)) && (!
   on_lineseg(rhs.end)) ) return end;
            if ( (end==rhs.end) && (!rhs.on_lineseg(start)) && (!
   on lineseg(rhs.start)) ) return end;
            if (on_lineseg(rhs.start) || on_lineseg(rhs.end) || rhs.
   on_lineseg(start) || rhs.on_lineseg(end)) return COLINE;
           return NO INTERSECT;
        bool intersected = ((cross(a1b1)*cross(a1b2)<0) && (rhs.
   cross(b1a1)*rhs.cross(b1a2)<0) );</pre>
        if (!intersected) return NO INTERSECT;
        if (!on_lineseg(tmp) || !rhs.on_lineseg(tmp)) return
   NO INTERSECT;
       return tmp;
};
inline bool cmp_half_plane(const LINE &a,const LINE &b){
   if (fabs (a.angle-b.angle) < EPS) return cross (a.start, a.end, b.
   start) < 0:
   return a.angle > b.angle;
void half_plane_intersection(LINE* a, LINE* need, POS* answer, int &n)
   int m = 1, front = 0, rear = 1;
   sort(a, a+n, cmp half plane);
   for(int i = 1; i < n; ++i){</pre>
        if ( fabs(a[i].angle-a[m-1].angle) > EPS ) a[m++] = a[i];
```

```
need[0] = a[0], need[1] = a[1];
    for(int i = 2; i < m; ++i){</pre>
        while (front < rear & & cross (a[i].start, a[i].end, need [rear].
    intersect(need[rear-1]))<0) rear--;</pre>
        while (front < rear && cross (a[i].start, a[i].end, need [front].
    intersect(need[front+1]))<0) front++;</pre>
        need[++rear] = a[i]:
    while (front<rear&&cross(need[front].start,need[front].end, need[
    rear].intersect(need[rear-1]))<0) rear--:
    while (front<rear&&cross(need[rear].start,need[rear].end, need[
    front].intersect(need[front+1]))<0) front++;</pre>
    if (front==rear) return;
    n = 0;
    for (int i=front; i<rear; ++i) answer[n++] = need[i].intersect(</pre>
    need[i+1]);
    if(rear>front+1) answer[n++] = need[front].intersect(need[rear]);
}
void rotating calipers(int& ans, POS* need, int& n) {
    --n:
    if (n == 2) {
        ans = need[0].dist(need[1]);
        return;
    }
    int now = 2;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
        LINE target(need[i], need[i+1]);
        double pre = target.dist(need[now]);
        for (; now != i; now = (now+1)\%(n)) {
            double tmp = target.dist(need[now]);
            if (tmp < pre) break;</pre>
            pre = tmp;
        now = (now-1+n)%n;
        ans = max(ans, max(need[i].dist(need[now]), need[i+1].dist(
    need[now])));
    }
class POLYGON {
public:
    vector<POS> point;
```

```
vector<LINESEG> line;
void add_points(const POS& x) {
    point.push_back(x);
void add_points(const int& x, const int& y) {
    point.push_back(POS(x,y));
void build_line() {
    if (line.size() != 0) return; /* if it has build */
    for (int i = 1; i < point.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        line.push back(LINESEG(point[i], point[i-1]));
    line.push back(LINESEG(point[0], point[point.size()-1]));
double area() {
    double ans = 0;
    vector < LINESEG > tmp;
    for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        tmp.push_back(LINESEG(point[i]));
    tmp.push_back(LINESEG(point[0]));
    for (int i = 1; i < tmp.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        ans += tmp[i-1].cross(tmp[i]);
    return 0.5*fabs(ans):
bool in_polygon(const POS& a, const POS& left_top = LEFT_TOP) {
    for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        if (a == point[i]) return true; /* a is polygon's point */
    build line();
    for (int i = 0; i < line.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        if (line[i].on_line(a)) {
            return true; /* a is on polygon's line */
        }
```

```
POS endpoint(left_top); /* should be modified according to
   problem */
        LINESEG ray(a, endpoint);
        bool touch_endpoint = false;
            touch_endpoint = false;
            for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                if (ray.on_lineseg(point[i])) {
                    touch_endpoint = true;
                    break;
                }
            if (touch_endpoint) ray.modify(-1, 0); /* should be
   modified according to problem */
        } while (touch endpoint);
        int times = 0:
        for (int i = 0; i < line.size(); ++i) {</pre>
            POS tmp(ray.intersect(line[i]));
            if (tmp == NO_INTERSECT || tmp == PARALLEL) {
                continue;
            ++times;
        return (times&1);
   }
};
int main() {
    return 0:
```

0.9 Simple Tabulation Hash

```
import java.util.*;

class HashTable{
    long[] key;
    Main.Entry[] content;
    SimpleTabulationHash hash;
```

```
HashTable(long universeSize, int sizeBit){
        key = new long[1<<sizeBit];</pre>
        content = new Main.Entry[1<<sizeBit];</pre>
        Arrays.fill(kev, -1);
       hash = new SimpleTabulationHash(universeSize, sizeBit);
   //returns index if found. -1 if not
   int containsKey(long x){
       int hashValue = hash.hashCode(x);
       for(int i=hashValue;;i++){
           if(i == kev.length) i = 0;
           if(key[i] == -1) return -1;
           if(key[i] == x) return i;
   }
   void put(long x, Main.Entry entry){
       int hashValue = hash.hashCode(x);
       for(int i=hashValue;;i++){
           if(i == key.length) i = 0;
           if(key[i] == -1){
               key[i] = x;
                content[i] = entry;
                return;
           }
   Main.Entry get(long x){
       return content[contains(x)];
class SimpleTabulationHash{
   final static int bit = 16, mask = (1<<bit)-1;</pre>
   int[][] table;
   SimpleTabulationHash(long universeSize, int tableBit){ // table
   size is givin in 2^n
       C = 0:
        while(universeSize > 0){
```

```
universeSize >>= bit;
        C++:
    table = new int[C][mask+1];
   // System.err.println("C = "+C);
    Random random = new Random();
    int cutmask = (1<<tableBit)-1:</pre>
    //System.err.println("tablebit: "+tableBit+", cutmask : "+
cutmask);
    for(int i=0:i<C:i++){</pre>
        for(int j=0;j<=mask;j++) table[i][j] = random.nextInt()&</pre>
cutmask;
}
int hashCode(long x){
    int result = 0;
    for(int i=0;i<C;i++){</pre>
        result ^= table[i][(int)(x&mask)];
        x >>= bit;
    return result;
}
```

0.10 IDA*

```
int search(STATE& now, int g, int bound) {
   int f = g + now.heuri;
   if (f > bound) return f;
   if (is_goal(now)) return FOUND;

   int min = INF;
   for next in successors(now):
       int t = search(state, g+cost(now,next), bound);
       if (t == FOUND) return FOUND;
       if (t < min) min = t;
   }
   return min;
}</pre>
```

```
STATE init(input);
int bound = init.heuri;
while (bound <= MAXI) {
    int t = search(init, 0, bound);
    if (t == FOUND) return FOUND;
    if (t == INF) return NOT_FOUND;
    bound = t;
}</pre>
```

0.11 inverse

```
long long inverse(long long b, long long mod=MOD) {
   long long k[2][2], n[2][2], u1, u2;
   k[0][0] = k[1][1] = 1;
   k[0][1] = k[1][0] = 0;
   u1 = mod, u2 = b:
   while (u2) {
       long long div = u1/u2;
       long long remind = u1%u2;
        n[0][0] = k[1][0];
       n[0][1] = k[1][1];
       n[1][0] = k[0][0]-k[1][0]*div;
       n[1][1] = k[0][1]-k[1][1]*div;
        for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i) {
           for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j) {
               k[i][j] = n[i][j];
        u1 = u2;
        u2 = remind;
   while (k[0][1] < 0) k[0][1] += mod;
   if(((k[0][1]*(b%mod))%mod+mod)%mod !=111) printf("%11d^-1 doesn't
   exist under mod %lld\n",b,mod);
```

```
return k[0][1];
}
```

0.12 Karatsuba (FFFT)

```
static class Karatsuba{
    int maxHeight;
   long[][][] buffer; //h1, l1, m1, h2, l2, m2, hh, l1, mm
    Karatsuba(int maxHeight){
        this.maxHeight = maxHeight;
        buffer = new long[maxHeight][9][];
        for(int i=6;i<maxHeight;i++){</pre>
            for(int j=0; j<6; j++) buffer[i][j] = new long[(1<<i)>>1];
            for(int j=6;j<9;j++) buffer[i][j] = new long[1<<ii];</pre>
   }
    void multiply(long[] a, long[] b, long[] result, int depth){
        int size = 1<<depth, mid = size>>1;
        if(depth <= 5){
            Arrays.fill(result, 0);
            for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++){</pre>
                for(int j=0;j<b.length;j++) result[i+j] += a[i]*b[j];</pre>
            }
            return;
        for(int i=0;i<mid;i++){</pre>
            buffer[depth][0][i] = a[i+mid];
            buffer[depth][1][i] = a[i];
            buffer[depth][2][i] = a[i+mid] + a[i];
            buffer[depth][3][i] = b[i+mid];
            buffer[depth][4][i] = b[i];
            buffer[depth][5][i] = b[i+mid] + b[i];
        multiply(buffer[depth][0], buffer[depth][3], buffer[depth][6],
    depth-1);
        multiply(buffer[depth][1], buffer[depth][4], buffer[depth][7],
    depth-1);
        multiply(buffer[depth][2], buffer[depth][5], buffer[depth][8],
        Arrays.fill(result, 0);
```

```
for(int i=0;i<size;i++){
    result[i+size] += buffer[depth][6][i];
    result[i] += buffer[depth][7][i];
    result[i+mid] += buffer[depth][8][i] - buffer[depth][6][i]
    - buffer[depth][7][i];
    }
}</pre>
```

0.13 KM

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstring>
#define MAX 404
#define INF 0x7fffffff
using namespace std;
int num; // total num of node
int path[MAX][MAX];
bool visit_x[MAX], visit_y[MAX];
int parent[MAX], weight_x[MAX], weight_y[MAX];
bool find(int i) {
    visit x[i] = true;
    for (int j = 0; j < num; ++j) {</pre>
        if (visit v[j]) continue;
        if (weight_x[i] + weight_y[j] == path[i][j]) {
            visit_y[j] = true;
            if (parent[j] == -1 || find(parent[j])) {
                parent[j] = i;
                return true;
           }
        }
    return false;
int weighted_hangarian() {
```

```
/* remember to initial weight x (max weight of node's edge)*/
/* initialize */
for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {</pre>
    weight_y[i] = 0;
    parent[i] = -1;
}
for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {</pre>
    while (1) {
        memset(visit_x, false, sizeof(visit_x));
        memset(visit_y, false, sizeof(visit_y));
        if (find(i)) break;
        int lack = INF;
        for (int j = 0; j < num; ++j) {
            if (visit x[j]) {
                for (int k = 0; k < num; ++k) {</pre>
                     if (!visit_y[k]) {
                         lack = min(lack, weight_x[j] + weight_y[k]
- path[j][k]);
                    }
            }
        if (lack == INF) break;
        // renew label
        for (int j = 0; j < num; ++j) {</pre>
            if (visit_x[j]) weight_x[j] -= lack;
            if (visit_y[j]) weight_y[j] += lack;
        }
}
int ans = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {</pre>
    ans += weight x[i];
    ans += weight_y[i];
}
return ans;
```

0.14 Linear Prime

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
#define N (10000000+5)
bool killed[N]={0}:
int kill[N]={0};
int prime[N];
long long numOfPrime=0;
void makeTable(){
    long long limit;
    for(long long i=2;i<N;i++){</pre>
        if(kill[i]==0){
            prime[numOfPrime++] = i;
            limit = i;
        else{
            limit = kill[i];
        for(int j=0;j<numOfPrime;j++){</pre>
                long long get = prime[j];
                if(get>limit||get*i>=N) break;
                kill[get*i] = get;
        }
int main()
   makeTable();
    int num=0;
    printf("%d\n",prime[numOfPrime-1]);
   return 0;
```

0.15 Max clique

```
static class BronKerbosch{
    ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> list;
    ArrayList < Integer > ordering, sorted;
    boolean[][] neighbor;
    boolean[] maxClique;
    int value;
    BronKerbosch(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> list){
        this.list = list:
        PriorityQueue < Entry > pq = new PriorityQueue < Entry > ();
        int[] degree = new int[list.size()];
        neighbor = new boolean[list.size()][list.size()];
        for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++){</pre>
            degree[i] = list.get(i).size();
            pq.add(new Entry(i, degree[i]));
            for(int next : list.get(i)) neighbor[i][next] = true;
        sorted = new ArrayList<Integer>();
        for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++) sorted.add(i);</pre>
        Collections.sort(sorted, new Cmp(degree));
        ordering = new ArrayList<Integer>();
        while(!pq.isEmpty()){
            Entry e = pq.poll();
            ordering.add(e.id);
            for(int next : list.get(e.id)) degree[next]--;
        maxClique = new boolean[list.size()];
        value = 0;
        bkInit();
   }
    void bkInit(){
        boolean[] r = new boolean[list.size()];
        boolean[] p = new boolean[list.size()];
        boolean[] x = new boolean[list.size()];
        Arrays.fill(p, true);
        for(int now : ordering){
            r[now] = true;
            bkRecusive(r, intersect(p, neighbor[now]), intersect(x,
   neighbor[now]));
            r[now] = false;
            p[now] = false;
            x[now] = true;
```

```
}
void bkRecusive(boolean[] r, boolean[] p, boolean[] x){
    boolean done = true;
    for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++){</pre>
        if(p[i] || x[i]){
            done = false;
            break:
        }
    }
    if (done) {
        int count = 0;
        for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++) if(r[i]) count++;</pre>
        if(count > value){
            value = count;
            maxClique = Arrays.copyOf(r, list.size());
        }
        return;
    int u = 0:
    for(int uu : sorted){
        u = uu;
        if(p[u] || x[u]) break;
    for(int now=0;now<list.size();now++){</pre>
        if(!p[now]) continue;
        if(neighbor[u][now]) continue;
        r[now] = true;
        bkRecusive(r, intersect(p, neighbor[now]), intersect(x,
neighbor[now]));
        r[now] = p[now] = false;
        x[now] = true;
}
boolean[] intersect(boolean[] a, boolean[] b){
    boolean[] result = new boolean[list.size()];
    for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++) result[i] = a[i] && b[i];</pre>
    return result;
}
static class Cmp implements Comparator<Integer>{
    int[] degree;
```

```
Cmp(int[] degree){
        this.degree = degree;
    @Override
        public int compare(Integer lhs, Integer rhs){
            return degree[lhs] - degree[rhs];
}
class Entry implements Comparable < Entry > {
    int id, degree;
    Entry(int id, int degree){
        this.id = id;
        this.degree = degree;
    }
    @Override
        public int compareTo(Entry rhs){
            return degree - rhs.degree;
}
```

0.16 Mod Combine

```
int modCombine(int x,int a,int y,int b){//ans mod x = a,ans mod y =b;

int ans = x * (x^(-1))(mod(y)) * b + y * (y^(-1))(mod(x)) * a;
ans %=(x*y);
return ans;
}
```

0.17 Range Tree 2D, kth number

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cmath>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
struct COORDINATE {
    int x, y;
};
bool cmp(const COORDINATE& x, const COORDINATE& y) {
    return x.x < y.x;</pre>
/* x: data, y: index */
struct RangeTree2D {
    COORDINATE **container;
    bool **is_left;
    int **left, **right, *input, length, rank, capacity;
    void init(int *input, int length) {
        this->input = input;
        this->length = length;
        rank = 1;
        while ( (1<<rank++) < length );</pre>
        capacity = 1 << (rank-1);
        container = new COORDINATE*[rank], left = new int*[rank],
   right = new int*[rank];
        is left = new bool*[rank];
        for (int i = 0; i < rank; ++i) {</pre>
            container[i] = new COORDINATE[capacity];
            left[i] = new int[capacity];
            right[i] = new int[capacity];
            is_left[i] = new bool[capacity];
        for (int i = 0; i < capacity; ++i) {</pre>
            container[0][i].x = i>=length?0:input[i];
            container[0][i].y = i;
        sort(container[0], container[0]+length, cmp);
        build(rank-1, 0, capacity-1);
    void build(int height, int start, int finish) {
        if (height == 0) return;
```

```
if (start == finish) {
        build(height-1, start, finish);
        container[height][start] = container[height-1][start];
        return;
    }
    int middle = start+(1<<(height-1));</pre>
    build(height-1, start, middle-1);
    build(height-1, middle, finish);
    int now = start, l_index = start, r_index = middle;
    while (now <= finish) {</pre>
        left[height][now] = l index;
        right[height][now] = r_index;
        if (l_index < middle && (r_index > finish || container[
height-1][l_index].y <= container[height-1][r_index].y)) {
            container[height][now] = container[height-1][l_index];
            is_left[height][now] = true;
            ++l_index;
        }
        else {
            container[height][now] = container[height-1][r_index];
            is left[height][now] = false;
            ++r_index;
        }
        ++now;
}
/* 0-base index, k 1-base */
int query(int start, int finish, int k) {
    return query(rank-1, start, finish, k);
int query(int height, int start, int finish, int k) {
    if (height == 0) return container[height][start].x;
    int left_size = left[height][finish] - left[height][start];
    if (is_left[height][finish]) ++left_size;
    int right_size = finish-start+1-left_size;
    if (left size >= k) return query(height-1, left[height][start
], min(left[height][finish], left[height][start]+left_size-1), k);
    else return query(height-1, right[height][start], min(right[
```

```
height][finish], right[height][start]+right size-1), k-left size);
};
int input[100005];
int main () {
    int n. m:
    scanf("%d%d", &n, &m);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
        scanf("%d", &input[i]);
    RangeTree2D range;
    range.init(input, n);
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
        int a, b, k;
        scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &k);
        printf("\frac{d}{n}", range.query(a-1, b-1, k));
    return 0;
/* Pass POJ 2104 */
```

0.18 Range Tree 2D, rectangle

```
struct POS {
   int x, y, value, cost, segid;
   POS(){}
   POS(int x, int y, int value, int cost):x(x), y(y), value(value),
   cost(cost) {}
   bool operator<(const POS &rhs) const {
      return this->y < rhs.y;
   }
} pos[100005];

struct SegmentTree{

   unordered_map<int, int> trans;
   int rank, capacity, length;
   POS *input;
   int *tree;

   SegmentTree() {}
   void init(POS* input, int length){
```

```
trans.clear():
  this->input = input;
  this->length = length;
  rank = 1:
  while((1<<rank++) < length);</pre>
  capacity = 1 << (rank-1);
  tree = new int[capacity << 1];</pre>
  build(1, capacity, capacity<<1);</pre>
~SegmentTree(){
      delete[] tree;
}
int build(int index, int left, int right){
  if(index >= left){
    tree[index] = getInput(index);
          trans[tree[index]] = index;
          return tree[index];
  }
  int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
  int left value = build(lc(index), left, middle);
  int right_value = build(rc(index), middle, right);
  return tree[index] = max(left_value, right_value);
}
  void update(int origin value, int value) {
      int index = trans[origin_value];
      tree[index] = value;
      maintain(index>>1);
  }
void maintain(int index){
      tree[index] = max(tree[lc(index)], tree[rc(index)]);
  if(index == 1) return;
      maintain(index>>1);
}
int query(int start, int finish){
  return query(1, capacity, capacity<<1, capacity+start, capacity+</pre>
 finish+1):
}
int query(int index, int left, int right, int start, int finish){
  if(left == start && right == finish) return tree[index];
```

```
int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
    if(finish <= middle) return query(lc(index), left, middle, start,</pre>
    if(start >= middle) return query(rc(index), middle, right, start,
   finish):
    int left value = query(lc(index), left, middle, start, middle);
    int right_value = query(rc(index), middle, right, middle, finish);
    return max(left value, right value):
 int getInput(int index){
    index -= capacity;
   if(index < length) return input[index].value;</pre>
   return 0;
 int lc(int x){
   return x<<1;</pre>
 int rc(int x){
    return (x << 1) + 1;
};
bool cmp(const POS& x, const POS& y) {
    return x.x==y.x? x.y<y.y: x.x<y.x;</pre>
struct rangeTree2D {
    unordered_map<int, int> trans;
    POS **container, *input;
    SegmentTree *seg;
    int rank, capacity, length;
    int *idx;
    void init(POS* input, int length) {
        trans.clear();
        sort(input, input+length, cmp);
        for (int i = 0; i < length; ++i) this->trans[input[i].value] =
    i:
        this->input = input;
        this->length = length;
        rank = 1;
        while ( (1<<rank++) < length) ;</pre>
        capacity = 1 << (rank-1);
```

```
container = new POS*[rank];
    seg = new SegmentTree[capacity<<1];</pre>
    idx = new int[length];
    POS tmp(input[length-1].x+1, input[length-1].y+1, 0, 0);
    for (int i = 0; i < rank; ++i) {</pre>
        container[i] = new POS[capacity];
    for (int i = 0; i < length; ++i) {</pre>
        container[0][i] = input[i];
        idx[i] = input[i].x;
    for (int i = length; i < capacity; ++i) container[0][i] = tmp;</pre>
    sort(idx, idx+length);
    // build
    int segid = 0;
    for (int height = 0; height < rank-1; ++height) {</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i += (2<<height)) {</pre>
             merge(container[height]+i, container[height]+i+(1<<
height),
                   container[height]+i+(1<<height), container[</pre>
height]+i+(2<<height),
                   container[height+1]+i);
             container[height+1][i].segid = segid;
            seg[segid++].init(container[height+1]+i, (2<<height));</pre>
        }
}
void decrease(int value) {
    int index = trans[value]:
    container[0][index].value = 0;
    maintain(1, (index>>1)<<1, value);</pre>
}
int range_query(int left, int right, int bottum, int top) {
    left = lower bound(idx, idx+length, left)-idx;
    right = upper_bound(idx, idx+length, right)-idx;
    POS _bottum(0, bottum, 0, 0), _top(0, top, 0, 0);
    int ans = range_query(rank-1, 0, left, right, _bottum, _top);
    if (ans != 0) decrease(ans):
    if (ans == 0) return 0;
    return container[0][trans[ans]].cost;
```

```
void maintain(int height, int start, int value) {
    if (height == rank) return;
    int myId = container[height][start].segid;
    seg[myId].update(value, 0);
    maintain(height+1, (start>>(height+1))<<(height+1), value);</pre>
int range_query(int height, int start, int left, int right, const
POS& bottum, const POS& top) {
    if (start >= right || start+(1<<height) <= left) return 0;</pre>
    if (start >= left && start+(1<<height)<= right) {</pre>
        int st = lower_bound(container[height]+start, container[
height]+start+(1<<height), bottum)-container[height]-start;
         int ed = upper_bound(container[height]+start, container[
height]+start+(1<<height), top)-container[height]-start;
        --ed;
        if (ed < st) return 0:</pre>
        if (height == 0) return container[0][start].value;
        int myId = container[height][start].segid;
        return seg[myId].query(st, ed);
    --height;
    return max(range_query(height, start, left, right, bottum, top
),
             range_query(height, start+(1<<height), left, right,</pre>
bottum, top));
```

```
class SegmentTree{
  int rank, capacity;
  int[] input, tree;

SegmentTree(int[] input){
    this.input = input;
    int length = input.length;
    rank = 1;
    while((1<<rank++) < length);
    capacity = 1<<(rank-1);
    //System.out.println("rank = "+rank+", capacity = "+capacity);
    tree = new int[capacity << 1];
    build(1, capacity, capacity<<1);
}</pre>
```

```
int build(int index, int left, int right){
  if(index >= left){
    //System.out.println("getInput("+index+") = "+getInput(index));
    return tree[index] = getInput(index);
  int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
  int left value = build(lc(index), left, middle):
  int right_value = build(rc(index), middle, right);
  return tree[index] = left_value + right_value;
int query(int start, int finish){
  return query(1, capacity, capacity<<1, capacity+start, capacity+
 finish):
}
int query(int index, int left, int right, int start, int finish){
  if(left == start && right == finish) return tree[index];
  int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
  if(finish <= middle) return query(lc(index), left, middle, start,</pre>
  if(start >= middle) return query(rc(index), middle, right, start,
 finish):
  int left_value = query(lc(index), left, middle, start, middle);
  int right_value = query(rc(index), middle, right, middle, finish);
  return left value+right value;
}
void update(int target, int result){
  int diff = result - input[target];
  input[target] = result;
  target += capacity;
  while(target > 0){
   tree[target] += diff;
    target >>= 1;
 }
}
int getInput(int index){
  index -= capacity;
 if(index < input.length) return input[index];</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

```
int lc(int x){
   return x<<1;
}
int rc(int x){
   return (x<<1)+1;
}</pre>
```

```
public class SegmentTree{
    int[] input;
    Entry[] tree;
    int rank, capacity;
    SegmentTree(int[] input){
        this.input = input;
        rank = 1;
        while(1<<(rank++) < input.length);</pre>
        capacity = ((1<<rank)>>1);
        tree = new Entry[1<<rank];</pre>
        build(1, 0, capacity);
    int operate(int resultL, int resultR){
        return Math.max(resultL, resultR);
    int build(int index, int left, int right){
        Entry now = tree[index] = new Entry(left, right, index);
        if(left+1 == right){
            if(left >= input.length) return now.value = 0;
            return now.value = input[left];
        int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
        return now.value = operate(build(lc(index), left, middle),
   build(rc(index), middle, right));
    int query(int start, int finish){
        return query(1, start, finish);
    int query(int index, int start, int finish){
        //System.out.println("query "+index+", "+start+", "+finish);
```

```
if(tree[index].lb == start && tree[index].rb == finish) return
 tree[index].value:
    int middle = (tree[index].lb+tree[index].rb) >> 1;
    if(finish <= middle) return query(lc(index), start, finish);</pre>
    else if(middle <= start) return query(rc(index), start, finish</pre>
);
    else{
        return operate(query(lc(index), start, middle), query(rc(
index), middle, finish));
}
void update(int target, int value){
    int index = target+capacity;
    tree[index].value = value;
    maintain(index>>1);
}
void maintain(int index){
    tree[index].value = operate(tree[lc(index)].value, tree[rc(
index)].value);
    if(index == 1) return;
    maintain(index>>1);
}
int 1c(int x){
    return x<<1;</pre>
int rc(int x){
    return (x << 1) +1:
class Entry{
    int lb, rb, id; //Left Bound, Right Bound and index in Array
    int value;
    Entry(int lb, int rb, int id){
        this.lb = lb;
        this.rb = rb;
        this.id = id:
        value = -1;
```

```
}
```

0.19 Segment Tree

```
struct SegmentTree{
 int rank, capacity, length;
 int *input, *tree;
   SegmentTree() {}
 void init(int* input, int length){
   this->input = input;
   this->length = length;
   rank = 1;
   while((1<<rank++) < length);</pre>
   capacity = 1 << (rank-1);
   tree = new int[capacity << 1];</pre>
   build(1, capacity, capacity<<1);</pre>
 ~SegmentTree(){
       delete[] tree;
 int build(int index, int left, int right){
   if(index >= left){
     return tree[index] = getInput(index);
   int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
   int left_value = build(lc(index), left, middle);
   int right_value = build(rc(index), middle, right);
   return tree[index] = max(left_value, right_value);
 }
 int query(int start, int finish){
   return query(1, capacity, capacity<<1, capacity+start, capacity+
   finish+1):
 }
 int query(int index, int left, int right, int start, int finish){
   if(left == start && right == finish) return tree[index];
```

```
int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
   if(finish <= middle) return query(lc(index), left, middle, start,</pre>
   finish);
   if(start >= middle) return query(rc(index), middle, right, start,
   finish):
   int left value = query(lc(index), left, middle, start, middle);
   int right_value = query(rc(index), middle, right, middle, finish);
   return max(left_value, right_value);
  int getInput(int index){
    index -= capacity;
   if(index < length) return input[index];</pre>
   return 0;
 }
 int lc(int x){
   return x<<1;</pre>
  int rc(int x){
   return (x << 1) +1;
 }
};
```

0.20 Splay Tree

```
public class SplayTree{
   Node root;
   int size;

   SplayTree(){
      root = null;
      size = 0;
   }

   public boolean containsKey(int target){
      return splay(target);
   }

   public void add(int target){
    // System.out.println("add "+target);
```

```
if(root == null){
    root = new Node(null, target);
    return;
  }
  Node now = root;
  while(true){
    if(now.key == target) break;
    if(target < now.key) {</pre>
      if(now.lchild == null){
        now.lchild = new Node(now, target);
       break:
      }else now = now.lchild;
    }else{
      if(now.rchild == null){
        now.rchild = new Node(now, target);
        break;
     }else now = now.rchild;
  splay(target);
public void delete(int target){
   System.out.println("delete "+target);
 if(!containsKey(target)) return;
  Node 1 = root.lchild:
  Node r = root.rchild;
 if(1 == null){
   root = r;
 }else l.parent = null;
 if(r == null){
   root = 1;
 }else r.parent = null;
  if(root==null || root.key != target) return;
  Node lMax = 1;
  while(lMax.rchild != null) lMax = lMax.rchild;
  splay(lMax.key);
  lMax.rchild = r;
private boolean splay(int target){
   System.out.println("splay "+target);
  while(true){
    if(root == null) return false;
```

```
if(root.key == target) return true;
if(target<root.key){</pre>
  if(root.lchild == null) return false;
  Node 1 = root.lchild;
  if(1.key == target){
    root = 1;
    rightRoatation(1);
    return true;
  if(target<1.key){</pre>
    if(1.1child == null) return false;
    Node a = 1.1child;
    root = a;
    rightRoatation(1);
    rightRoatation(a);
  }else{
    if(1.rchild == null) return false;
    Node b = 1.rchild;
    root = b;
    leftRoatation(b);
    rightRoatation(b);
  }
}else{
  if(root.rchild == null) return false;
  Node r = root.rchild;
  if(r.key == target){
    root = r;
    leftRoatation(r);
    return true;
  if(target>r.key){
    if(r.rchild == null) return false;
    Node d = r.rchild;
    root = d;
    leftRoatation(r);
    leftRoatation(d);
  }else{
    if(r.lchild == null) return false;
    Node c = r.lchild;
    root = c;
    rightRoatation(c);
    leftRoatation(c);
```

```
void print(Node now){
 if(now == null){
    System.out.print("-1 ");
    return:
  }
  System.out.print(now.key+" ");
  print(now.lchild);
  print(now.rchild);
void rightRoatation(Node x){
  Node r = x.parent.parent;
  Node p = x.parent;
  Node b = x.rchild;
  x.rchild = p;
  if(p != null) p.parent = x;
  if(p != null) p.lchild = b;
  if(b != null) b.parent = p;
  x.parent = r;
  if(r != null) r.lchild = x;
}
void leftRoatation(Node x){
  Node r = x.parent.parent;
  Node p = x.parent;
  Node b = x.lchild;
  x.lchild = p;
  if(p != null) p.parent = x;
  if(p != null) p.rchild = b;
  if(b != null) b.parent = p;
  x.parent = r;
  if(r != null) r.rchild = x;
class Node{
  Node parent, lchild, rchild;
  int key;
```

```
Node(Node parent, int key){
    this.parent = parent;
    lchild = rchild = null;
    this.key = key;
   }
}
```

0.21 Suffix Array

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class SuffixArray{
    Entry[] entries;
    int[] rank;
    int length;
    SuffixArray(CharSequence S){
        length = S.length();
        rank = new int[length];
        entries = new Entry[length];
        int[] temp = new int[length];
        int counter;
        for (int i=0;i<length;i++){</pre>
            entries[i] = new Entry(i);
            entries[i].a = S.charAt(i) - 'a';
        Arrays.parallelSort(entries);
        rank[entries[0].index] = temp[0] = counter = 0;
        for(int i=1:i<length:i++){</pre>
            if(entries[i].a != entries[i-1].a) counter++;
            rank[entries[i].index] = temp[i] = counter;
        int step = 1;
        while(step < length){</pre>
            for(int i=0;i<length;i++){</pre>
                entries[i].a = temp[i];
                entries[i].b = rank[(entries[i].index+step)%length];
            countingSort(entries);
            rank[entries[0].index] = temp[0] = counter = 0;
```

```
for(int i=1;i<length;i++){</pre>
            if(entries[i].a != entries[i-1].a || entries[i].b !=
entries[i-1].b) counter++;
            rank[entries[i].index] = temp[i] = counter;
        step <<= 1;
void countingSort(Entry[] input){
    int[] counter = new int[length];
    Entry[] temp = new Entry[length];
    for(int i=0;i<length;i++) counter[input[i].b]++;</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<length;i++) counter[i] += counter[i-1];</pre>
    for(int i=length-1;i>=0;i--) temp[--counter[input[i].b]] =
input[i];
    Arrays.fill(counter, 0);
    for(int i=0;i<length;i++) counter[temp[i].a]++;</pre>
    for(int i=1;i<length;i++) counter[i] += counter[i-1];</pre>
    for(int i=length-1;i>=0;i--) input[--counter[temp[i].a]] =
temp[i];
class Entry implements Comparable < Entry > {
    int a, b, index;
    Entry(int index){
        this.index = index;
    void assign(Entry rhs){
        a = rhs.a;
        b = rhs.b:
    @Override
    public int compareTo(Entry rhs){
        return a - rhs.a;
}
```

0.22 Treap

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef int T;
typedef char T1;
struct Treap {
   T key, priority, size;
   Treap *lc, *rc;
   T1 value;
   bool reverse:
   Treap(T key, T1 value): key(key), priority(rand()),
        size(1), lc(NULL), rc(NULL), value(value), reverse(false) {}
};
inline int size(Treap *target) {
   if (!target) return 0;
   return target->size;
}
inline void pull(Treap *target) {
    target->size = size(target->lc) + size(target->rc) + 1;
void reverseIt(Treap *target) {
   if (!(target->reverse)) return;
   Treap *lc = target->lc;
   target->lc = target->rc;
   target->rc = lc;
   target->reverse = false;
   if (target->lc) (target->lc->reverse) ^= true;
   if (target->rc) (target->rc->reverse) ^= true;
Treap* merge(Treap *lhs, Treap *rhs) {
   if (!lhs || !rhs) return lhs? lhs: rhs;
   if (lhs->priority > rhs->priority) {
       reverseIt(lhs):
        lhs->rc = merge(lhs->rc, rhs);
        pull(lhs);
        return lhs;
```

```
else {
        reverseIt(rhs);
        rhs->lc = merge(lhs, rhs->lc);
        pull(rhs);
        return rhs;
   }
void split(Treap *target, Treap *&lhs, Treap *&rhs, int k) {
   if (!target) lhs = rhs = NULL;
    else if (k > target->key) {
       lhs = target;
        split(target->rc, lhs->rc, rhs, k);
        pull(lhs);
   else {
        rhs = target;
        split(target->lc, lhs, rhs->lc, k);
        pull(rhs);
   }
Treap* insert(Treap *target, int key, int value) {
   Treap *lhs, *rhs;
    split(target, lhs, rhs, key);
   return merge(merge(lhs, new Treap(key, value)), rhs);
/* split by size */
void splitSize(Treap *target, Treap *&lhs, Treap *& rhs, int k) {
   if (!target) lhs = rhs = NULL;
   else {
        reverseIt(target);
       if (size(target->lc) < k) {</pre>
           lhs = target;
            splitSize(target->rc, lhs->rc, rhs, k-size(target->lc)-1);
            pull(lhs);
        else {
            rhs = target;
            splitSize(target->lc, lhs, rhs->lc, k);
            pull(rhs);
```

```
/* do lazy tag */
Treap* reverseIt(Treap *target, int lp, int rp) {
   Treap *A, *B, *C, *D;
    splitSize(target, A, B, lp-1);
    splitSize(B, C, D, rp-lp+1);
   C->reverse ^= true:
   return merge( merge(A, C), D);
}
/* delete singal key */
Treap* del(Treap *target, int key) {
    if (target->key == key) return merge(target->lc, target->rc);
    else if (target->key > key) target->lc = del(target->lc, key);
    else target->rc = del(target->rc, key);
   pull(target);
   return target;
T findK(Treap *target, int k) {
    if (size(target->lc)+1 == k) return target->key;
    else if (size(target->lc) < k) return findK(target->rc, k-size(
   target->lc)-1);
    else return findK(target->lc, k);
}
/* find the kth's value */
T1 findK(Treap *target, int k) {
   reverseIt(target);
   if (size(target->lc)+1 == k) return target->value;
   else if (size(target->1c) < k) return findK(target->rc, k-size(
   target->lc)-1);
   else return findK(target->lc, k);
int main () {
    return 0;
/* pass POJ2761, CF gym 100488 pL */
```

```
import java.util.*;
/**
```

```
* A magical data structure.
* Written on 103.08.19
public class Treap<K, V>{
 Random priorityGenerator;
 int time, size;
 Entry root;
 /**
  * Default Constructor
 Treap(){
   root = null;
   time = size = 0;
   priorityGenerator = new Random();
 }
  * Find the Entry associated with key
  * Oparam key the key of the entry you are looking for
  * @return Entry
  */
  Entry find(K key){
   Entry now = root;
   Comparable <? super K > cmp = (Comparable <? super K >) key;
   int situation;
   while((now != null) && (situation=cmp.compareTo(now.key)) != 0){
     if(situation == -1) now = now.lchild;
     else now = now.rchild;
   return now;
  * Split the treap based on the key
  * Behavior undefined if the specified key is already in the tree
  * Oparam cmp Comparable based on the key
  * Creturn an array consists of two elements, the left subtree and
   the right
  */
 Entry[] split(Comparable <? super K> cmp){
   Entry leftTree = null, rightTree = null, left = null, right = null
   Entry current = root;
```

```
while(current != null){
    if(cmp.compareTo(current.key) == -1){
      if(right == null){
        right = rightTree = current;
      }else{
        current.parent = right;
        right = right.lchild = current;
      current = current.lchild;
      right.lchild = null;
      if(current != null) current.parent = null;
    }else{
      if(left == null){
        left = leftTree = current;
      }else{
        current.parent = left;
        left = left.rchild = current;
      current = current.rchild;
      left.rchild = null:
      if(current != null) current.parent = null;
   }
 }
 return new Treap.Entry[]{leftTree, rightTree};
}
/**
* Merge two Treaps into one.
* All keys of the entries in the left must be smaller than all keys
  of the entries in the right
 * Cparam left the left Treap, it must be smaller than the right
 * Cparam right the right Treap, it must be greater than the left
 * @return root of the resulting Treap
Entry merge(Entry left, Entry right){
 if(left == null) return right;
  if(right == null) return left;
 if(left.compareTo(right) == -1){
    if(right.lchild == null){
      right.lchild = left;
      left.parent = right;
    }else if(right.lchild.compareTo(left) == -1){
      Entry temp = right.lchild;
```

```
right.lchild = left;
      left.parent = right;
      temp.parent = null;
      merge(left, temp);
   }else{
      merge(left, right.lchild);
    return right;
  }else{
    if(left.rchild == null){
      left.rchild = right;
      right.parent = left;
    }else if(left.rchild.compareTo(right) == -1){
      Entry temp = left.rchild;
      left.rchild = right;
      right.parent = left;
      temp.parent = null;
      merge(temp, right);
   }else{
      merge(left.rchild, right);
    return left;
}
* Insert a new Entry into the Treap if the key doesn't exists
 * Else replace the value with the new one and return the old value
 * @param key the key of the entry to be inserted or modified
 * Oparam value the new value of the entry
 * @return The original value if entry already exists, else return
 null:
 */
V puts(K key, V value){
  if(root == null){
    root = new Entry(key, value);
    size++;
    return null;
  Entry position = find(key);
  if(position != null){
    V temp = position.value;
    position.value = value;
    return temp;
```

```
Entry newEntry = new Entry(key, value);
  Comparable <? super K > cmp = ((Comparable <? super K >) key);
  Entry[] subtree = split(cmp);
  newEntry = merge(subtree[0], newEntry);
  root = merge(newEntry, subtree[1]);
  size++;
 return null:
}
/**
* Remove the entry associated with the specified key
 * return the according value upon removing
 * Oparam key the key of the entry to be destroyed
 * Creturn the value associated with the specified key, return null
 if no such key exists
 */
V remove(K key){
 Entry target = find(key);
 if(target == null) return null;
  if(target.lchild!=null) target.lchild.parent = null;
  if(target.rchild!=null) target.rchild.parent = null;
  Entry child = merge(target.lchild, target.rchild);
  if(child != null) child.parent = target.parent;
  if(target.parent != null){
    if(target == target.parent.lchild) target.parent.lchild = child;
    else if(target == target.parent.rchild) target.parent.rchild =
 child;
    else throw new AssertionError("remove fail");
 }else if(root == target) root = child;
  else throw new AssertionError("What is this?");
  size--:
 return target.value;
}
* This is a debugger
 * Oparam now the node doing a in order traversal
* @return the size of the subtree rooted at now
int iterate(Entry now, Entry parent){
 if(now == null) return 0;
 //System.out.println("Iterate "+now.key);
 if(now.parent != parent) System.out.println("Parent Check Fail!!!"
 ):
  int result = 1;
```

```
result += iterate(now.lchild, now);
  //System.out.println("Entry : "+now.key);
  result += iterate(now.rchild, now);
  return result;
}
* The class storing all the entries of Treap
* each Entry consists of a key and a value and a random generated
 * also stores its parent and children as well
class Entry implements Comparable < Entry > {
  Entry parent, lchild, rchild;
  Integer priority, timestamp;
 K key;
  V value;
  Entry(K key, V value){
    this.key = key;
    this.value = value;
    parent = lchild = rchild = null;
    priority = priorityGenerator.nextInt();
    timestamp = time++;
  @Override
  public int compareTo(Entry rhs){
    int result = priority.compareTo(rhs.priority);
    if(result == 0) return timestamp.compareTo(rhs.timestamp);
    return result:
}
```

0.23 Z Algorithm

```
void z_algorithm(string& input) {
   int z[1000005];
   memset(z, 0, sizeof(z));
   z[0] = input.size();
   int L = 0, R = 1;
```

```
for (int i = 1; i < input.size(); ++i) {
    if (R <= i || z[i-L] >= R-i) {
        int x = ((i>=R)? i: R);
        while (x < input.size() && input[x] == input[x-i]) x++;
        z[i] = x-i;
        if (i < x) {
            L = i;
            R = x;
        }
    }
    else {
        z[i] = z[i-L];
    }
}</pre>
```

0.24 歐拉定理

假若 a 與 n 互質,那麼 $a^{\phi(x)}-1$ 可被 n 整除。亦即, $a^{\phi(n)}\equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ 。 $\phi(n)=\phi(p^k)=p^k-p^{k-1}=(p-1)p^{k-1}$ 。若 m,n 互質,則 $\phi(mn)=\phi(m)\phi(n)$ 。

0.25 路卡斯公式

$$\binom{m}{n} \equiv \prod_{i=0}^{k} \binom{m_i}{n_i} \pmod{p}$$

where $m = m_k p^k + m_{k-1} p^{k-1} + \dots + m_1 p + m_0$ and $n = n_k p^k + n_{k-1} p^{k-1} + \dots + n_1 p + n_0$.

0.26 模數合成

見 codeBook: modCombine

0.27 強國人說的歐拉定理

如果 a 和 n 互質,那麽 $a^{\phi(n)}\equiv 1 (\text{mod }n)$,對於任意 a,n 和較大的 b,有 $a^b\equiv a^{\phi(n)+b} \ \text{mod} \ \phi(n) (\text{mod }n)$

0.28 無權邊的生成樹個數 Kirchhoff's Theorem

1. 定義 $n \times m$ 矩陣 $E = (a_{i,j})$, n 為點數, m 為邊數, 若 i 點在 j 編上, i 為小點 $a_{i,j} = 1$, i 為大點 $a_{i,j} = -1$, 否則 $a_{i,j} = 0$ 。 (證明省略)

4. 令 $E(E^T) = Q$,他是一種有負號的 kirchhoff 的矩陣,取 Q 的子矩陣即為 $F(F^T)$ 結論: 做 Q 取子矩陣算 det 即為所求。(除去第一行第一列 by mz)

0.29 很大的質數

18446744082299486207

0.30 GP 東北數學式

$$\begin{array}{l} (p-1)!/p \!\!\!/ p = p-1 \\ \square C(n,m) = C(n/p,m/p) * C(n \!\!\!/ p,m \!\!\!/ p) \end{array}$$

0.31 尤拉數 *e*

2.718281828459045235360287471352662497757247093699959574966967627724076630353 54759457138217852516642742746

0.32 歐拉示性數

 $\chi = F - E + V$ 幾何中同類的形狀, χ 為相同值

0.33 半平面交相關幾何轉換

$$(a,b) \Leftrightarrow y = ax + b$$