```
set nu
set sw=4
set ts=4
set st=4
set bs=2
set cul
set ai
set ls=2
map \langle F5 \rangle gT
imap <F5> <ESC>gT
\mathrm{map}\ <\!\!\mathrm{F6}\!\!>\ \mathrm{gt}
imap < F6 > < ESC > gt
au FileType cpp map <F9> <ESC>:w<CR>:!g++<Space>-Wall<Space>%&&./a.out<CR>
au FileType cpp imap <F9> <ESC>:w<CR>:!g++<Space>-Wall<Space>%&&./a.out<CR>
set encoding=UTF-8
```

code/.vimrc

```
const long long MOD = 1e9+7;
const int MAX = 1e5+1;
typedef long long T;
T inverse (T mod, T b) { /* return b^{(-1)} mod a */
    T k[2][2], n[2][2], u1, u2;
     k[0][0] = k[1][1] = 1;
     k[0][1] = k[1][0] = 0;
     u1 = mod, u2 = b;
     while (u2) {
          T \text{ div} = u1/u2;
          T \text{ remind} = u1\%u2;
          n[0][0] = k[1][0];
          n[0][1] = k[1][1];
          n[1][0] = k[0][0] - k[1][0] * div;
          n[1][1] = k[0][1] - k[1][1] * div;
          for (T i = 0; i < 2; ++i) {
               for (T j = 0; j < 2; ++j) {
                    k\,[\;i\;]\,[\;j\;]\;=\;n\,[\;i\;]\,[\;j\;]\,;
          u1 = u2;
          u2 = remind;
      \  \, \text{if} \  \, (\,k\,[\,0\,]\,[\,1\,] \  \, < \  \, 0\,) \  \, k\,[\,0\,]\,[\,1\,] \  \, + = \  \, \mathrm{mod}\,; \\
     return k[0][1];
}
T C(T n, T m, T mod) 
     if (m < 0) return 0;
     if (n < m) return 0;
    T \text{ ans} = 1;
    T base = min(n-m, m);
     for (T i = 0; i < base; ++i) {
          ans = ans*(n-i)\%mod;
     }
     T inv = 1;
     for (T i = 1; i \le base; ++i) {
```

```
inv = inv*i%mod;
}
return ans*inverse(mod, inv)%mod;
}
```

code/combination.cpp

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
         Scan scan = new Scan();
         int testcases = scan.nextInt();
         while (testcases — != 0) {
              int n = scan.nextInt();
              Coordinate [] vertex = new Coordinate [n];
              for (int i=0; i<n; i++) vertex [i] = new Coordinate(scan.nextDouble(), scan.nextDouble());
              Arrays.sort(vertex);
                   for(Coordinate c : vertex){
                        System.out.println(c.x+" "+c.y);
              Coordinate [] list = new Coordinate [n+1];
              int index = 0;
              for (int i=0; i < n; i++)
                   while (index \geq 2 && ABcrossAC (list [index -2], list [index -1], vertex [i]) \leq 0 index --;
                   list[index++] = vertex[i];
              int half_point = index + 1;
              for (int i=n-2; i>=0; i--)
                   while (index >= half_{point} \&\& ABcrossAC(list[index - 2], list[index - 1], vertex[i]) <= 0)
        index --;
                   list[index++] = vertex[i];
              double result = 0.0;
              //System.out.println(list[0].x+""+list[0].y);
              for (int i=1; i < index; i++)
                   // System.out.println(list[i].x+""+list[i].y);\\
                   result += Math. sqrt ((list[i]. x-list[i-1]. x)*(list[i]. x-list[i-1]. x) + (list[i]. y-list[i]. x-list[i]. 
         -1].y)*(list[i].y-list[i-1].y));
              System.out.println(result);
    static double ABcrossAC(Coordinate A, Coordinate B, Coordinate C) {
         return (B.x-A.x) * (C.x-A.x) - (B.y-A.y) * (C.y-A.y);
    static class Coordinate implements Comparable < Coordinate > {
         double x,y;
         Coordinate (double x, double y) {
              this.x = x;
              this.y = y;
         @Override
         public int compareTo(Coordinate o){
              if (x < o.x) return -1;
              if(x > o.x) return 1;
              if (y < o.y) return -1;
              if (y > o.y) return 1;
              return 0;
```

```
}
 }
}
class Scan implements Iterator < String > {
  BufferedReader buffer;
  StringTokenizer tok;
 Scan() {
    buffer = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
  @Override
  public boolean hasNext(){
    while (tok = null | !tok.hasMoreElements()) {
      try {
        tok = new StringTokenizer(buffer.readLine());
      }catch(Exception e){
        return false;
    }
    return true;
 }
  @Override
  public String next(){
    if(hasNext()) return tok.nextToken();
    return null;
 }
  @Override
  public void remove(){
    throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
 int nextInt(){
    return Integer.parseInt(next());
 long nextLong(){
    return Long.parseLong(next());
  double nextDouble() {
    return Double.parseDouble(next());
  String nextLine() {
    if(hasNext()) return tok.nextToken("\n");
    return null;
 }
```

code/ConvexHull.java

```
/* build: O(VlogV), query: O(logV) */
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdio>
#define MAX 50010
```

```
using namespace std;
int a[MAX][160]; /* 160 = log 2(MAX/2) */
int parent[MAX], tin[MAX], tout[MAX];
int num, root, timestamp;
bool visit [MAX];
vector < int > adj [MAX];
int log2(int n) {
   int i = 0;
    while ((1 << i) <= n) ++i;
    return i - 1;
}
/* when x == y, it's be true */
bool ancestor(int x, int y) {
    void dfs(int x, int px) {
    tin[x] = timestamp++;
    visit[x] = true;
   a[x][0] = px;
    for (int i = 1; i < log 2 (num); ++i) {
       a[x][i] = a[a[x][i-1]][i-1];
    for (int i = 0; i < adj[x].size(); ++i) {
        int target = adj[x][i];
        if (!visit[target]) {
           parent[target] = x;
           dfs(target, x);
       }
    tout[x] = timestamp++;
}
int lca(int x, int y) {
    if (ancestor(x, y)) return x;
    if (ancestor(y, x)) return y;
    for (int i = log2(num); i >= 0; --i) {
        if (!ancestor(a[x][i], y)) {
           x = a[x][i];
   }
   return a[x][0];
}
int main () {
   timestamp = 0;
    /* init */
    for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {
        parent[i] = i;
        visit[i] = false;
        adj[i].clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < num-1; ++i) {
        int x, y;
        scanf("\%d\%d", \&x, \&y);
        adj[x].push_back(y);
        adj[y].push_back(x);
   }
```

```
dfs(0, 0);
cin >> x >> y;
cout << lca(x, y);
}</pre>
```

code/double_lca.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
#define EPS 1e-10
#define LEFT_TOP POS(1000, 1000)
#define NO_INTERSECT POS(-1234, -1234)
#define PARALLEL POS(-1001, -1001)
#define COLINE POS(1234, 1234)
using namespace std;
typedef double T;
class POS {
public:
    T x, y;
    POS(const \ T\& \ x = 0, \ const \ T\& \ y = 0) : x(x), y(y) \ \{\}
    POS(const\ POS\&\ x) : x(x.x), y(x.y) \{\}
    bool operator == (const POS rhs) const {
         return x = rhs.x & y = rhs.y;
    POS& operator+=(const POS& rhs) {
         x += rhs.x;
        y += rhs.y;
         return *this;
    POS operator -()  {
        POS \ tmp(-x \, , \ -y \, ) \, ;
         return tmp;
    }
    double dist (const POS& rhs) const {
        T \text{ tmp}_x = x-rhs.x, \text{ tmp}_y = y-rhs.y;
         return sqrt(tmp_x*tmp_x+tmp_y*tmp_y);
    }
    friend \ ostream \& \ operator << (ostream \& \ out \,, \ const \ POS \& \ pos) \ \{
         out << pos.x << " " << pos.y;
         return out;
};
POS const operator+(const POS& lhs, const POS& rhs) {
    return POS(lhs) += rhs;
}
POS const operator - (const POS& lhs, const POS& rhs) {
    POS tmp = rhs;
    tmp = -tmp;
    return POS(lhs) += (tmp);
}
class LINE {
public:
```

```
POS start, end, vec;
LINE(const T& st_x, const T& st_y, const T& ed_x, const T& ed_y) :
    start(st_x, st_y), end(ed_x, ed_y), vec(end - start) {}
LINE(const POS& start, const POS& end) :
    start(start), end(end), vec(end - start) {}
LINE(const POS& end) : /* start point is origin */
    start(0, 0), end(end), vec(end)  {}
LINE(const T a, const T b, const T c) : /* given line by ax+by+c = 0 */
    start(0, 0), end(0, 0), vec(-b, a) {
    if (a == 0) {
        start.y = end.y = -c/b;
        \mathrm{end}\,.\,x\ =\ -b\ ;
    else if (b == 0) {
        start.x = end.x = -c/a;
        end.y = a;
    else if (c == 0) {
        end.x = -b; end.y = a;
    else {
        start.y = -c/b; end.x = -c/a;
        \operatorname{vec.x} = -c/a; \operatorname{vec.y} = c/b;
}
LINE build_orthogonal(const POS& point) const {
    T c = -(vec.x*point.x + vec.y*point.y);
    return LINE(vec.x, vec.y, c);
}
T length2() const { /* square */
    T x = start.x - end.x, y = start.y - end.y;
    return x*x + y*y;
}
void modify(T x, T y) {
    this \rightarrow end.x += x;
    this \rightarrow end.y += y;
    this \rightarrow vec.x += x;
    this \rightarrow vec.y += y;
}
bool on_line(const POS& a) const {
    if (\text{vec.x} = 0) {
         if (start.x != a.x) return false;
        return true;
    if (\text{vec.y} = 0) {
        if (start.y != a.y) return false;
        return true;
    return ((a.x-start.x)/vec.x*vec.y + start.y) == a.y;
}
bool operator/(const LINE& rhs) const { /* to see if this line parallel to LINE rhs */
    return (vec.x*rhs.vec.y == vec.y*rhs.vec.x);
}
bool operator == (const LINE& rhs) const { /* to see if they are same line */
    return (*this/rhs) && (rhs.on_line(start));
}
```

```
POS intersect (const LINE& rhs) const {
        if (*this=rhs) return COLINE; /* return co-line */
        if (*this/rhs) return PARALLEL; /* return parallel */
        double A1 = vec.y, B1 = -vec.x, C1 = end.x*start.y - start.x*end.y;
        double A2 = rhs.vec.y, B2 = -rhs.vec.x, C2 = rhs.end.x*rhs.start.y - rhs.start.x*rhs.end.y
        return POS( (B2*C1-B1*C2)/(A2*B1-A1*B2), (A1*C2-A2*C1)/(A2*B1-A1*B2) ); /* sometimes has
   -0 * /
   }
    double dist (const POS& a) const {
        return fabs(vec.y*a.x - vec.x*a.y + vec.x*start.y - vec.y*start.x)/sqrt(vec.y*vec.y+vec.x*
   vec.x);
    }
    double dist(const LINE& rhs) const {
        POS intersect_point = intersect(rhs);
        if (intersect_point == PARALLEL) {
            return dist(rhs.start);
        return 0;
    }
    friend ostream& operator << (ostream& out, const LINE& line) {
        out << line.start << "-->" << line.end << " vec: " << line.vec << endl;
        return out;
};
class LINESEG : public LINE {
public:
   LINESEG() : LINE(POS(0, 0)) \{ \}
   LINESEG(const LINE& input) : LINE(input) {}
   LINESEG(const POS& start, const POS& end) : LINE(start, end) {}
    bool on_lineseg(const POS& a) const {
        if (!on_line(a)) return false;
        bool first, second;
        if (\text{vec.x} >= 0) first = (\text{a.x} >= \text{start.x}) \& \& (\text{a.x} <= \text{end.x});
        else first = (a.x \le start.x)&&(a.x \ge end.x);
        if (\text{vec.y} \ge 0) second = (\text{a.y} \ge \text{start.y}) \&\&(\text{a.y} \le \text{end.y});
        else second = (a.y \le start.y) & (a.y \ge end.y);
        return first&&second;
    }
    bool operator == (const LINESEG& rhs) const {
        return ( (rhs.start == start && rhs.end == end) ||
               (rhs.start = end \&\& rhs.end = start));
    }
    bool operator == (const LINE& rhs) const {
        return this ->LINE:: operator == (rhs);
   T dot(const LINESEG& rhs) const {
        return vec.x*rhs.vec.x + vec.y*rhs.vec.y;
   T cross(const LINESEG& rhs) const {
        return vec.x*rhs.vec.y - vec.y*rhs.vec.x;
    bool clockwise (const LINE& a) const { /* to see if LINE a is in b's clockwise way */
        return cross(a) > 0;
    }
```

```
double dist(const POS& a) const {
       double ortho_dist = this->LINE::dist(a);
       LINE ortho_line = build_orthogonal(a);
       POS intersect_point = this->LINE::intersect(ortho_line);
       if (on_lineseg(intersect_point)) return ortho_dist;
       else return min(a.dist(this->start), a.dist(this->end));
   }
   double dist(const LINE& line) const {
       POS intersect_point = this->LINE::intersect(line);
       if (intersect_point == COLINE) return 0;
       if (intersect_point == PARALLEL) return dist(line.start);
       if (on_lineseg(intersect_point)) return 0;
       return min(line.dist(start), line.dist(end));
   double dist (const LINESEG& line) const {
       return min( min(dist(line.start), dist(line.end)),
                   min(line.dist(start), line.dist(end)));
   }
   POS intersect (const LINESEG& rhs) const {
       LINE alb1(start, rhs.start);
       LINE a1b2(start, rhs.end);
       LINE bla1(rhs.start, start);
       LINE bla2(rhs.start, end);
       POS tmp(this->LINE::intersect(rhs));
       if (tmp == COLINE) {
           if ((start=rhs.start) && (!rhs.on_lineseg(end)) && (!on_lineseg(rhs.end)) ) return
   start;
           if ((start=rhs.end) && (!rhs.on_lineseg(end)) && (!on_lineseg(rhs.start))) return
   start:
           if ((end=rhs.start) && (!rhs.on_lineseg(start)) && (!on_lineseg(rhs.end)) ) return
   end;
           if ((end=rhs.end) && (!rhs.on_lineseg(start)) && (!on_lineseg(rhs.start))) return
   end:
           if (on_lineseg(rhs.start) || on_lineseg(rhs.end) || rhs.on_lineseg(start) || rhs.
   on_lineseg(end)) return COLINE;
           return NO_INTERSECT;
       bool intersected = ((cross(a1b1)*cross(a1b2)<0) \&\& (rhs.cross(b1a1)*rhs.cross(b1a2)<0))
       if (!intersected) return NO_INTERSECT;
       return tmp;
   }
};
class POLYGON {
public:
   vector < POS> point;
   vector <LINE> line;
   void add_points(const POS& x) {
       point.push_back(x);
   }
    void add_points(const int& x, const int& y) {
       point.push_back(POS(x,y));
   void build_line() {
```

```
if (line.size() != 0) return; /* if it has build */
        for (int i = 1; i < point.size(); ++i) {
            line.push_back(LINE(point [i], point [i-1]);
        line.push_back(LINE(point [0], point [point.size()-1]);
    }
    double area() {
        double ans = 0;
        vector <LINESEG> tmp;
        for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {
            tmp.push_back(LINESEG(point[i]));
        tmp.push_back(LINESEG(point [0]));
        for (int i = 1; i < tmp.size(); ++i) {
            ans += tmp[i-1].cross(tmp[i]);
        return 0.5*fabs(ans);
    }
    bool in_polygon(const POS& a, const POS& left_top = LEFT_TOP) {
        for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {
            if (a == point[i]) return true; /* a is polygon's point */
        build_line();
        for (int i = 0; i < line.size(); ++i) {
            if (line[i].on_line(a)) {
                return true; /* a is on polygon's line */
            }
        }
        POS endpoint(left_top); /* should be modified according to problem */
        LINESEG ray(a, endpoint);
        bool touch_endpoint = false;
        do {
            touch_endpoint = false;
            for (int i = 0; i < point.size(); ++i) {
                if (ray.on_lineseg(point[i])) {
                    touch_endpoint = true;
                    break;
            }
            if (touch-endpoint) ray.modify(-1, 0); /* should be modified according to problem */
        } while (touch_endpoint);
        int times = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < line.size(); ++i) {
            POS tmp(ray.intersect(line[i]));
            if (tmp == NO_INTERSECT || tmp == PARALLEL) {
                continue;
           ++times;
        return (times & 1);
    }
};
int main() {
    return 0;
```

```
int search (STATE& now, int g, int bound) {
    int f = g + now.heuri;
    if (f > bound) return f;
    if (is_goal(now)) return FOUND;
    int min = INF;
    for next in successors (now):
        int t = search(state, g+cost(now,next), bound);
        if (t == FOUND) return FOUND;
        if (t < min) min = t;
    return min;
}
void IDAStar() {
   STATE init(input);
   int bound = init.heuri;
    while (bound <= MAXI) {
        int t = search(init, 0, bound);
        if (t == FOUND) return FOUND;
        if (t == INF) return NOTFOUND;
        bound = t;
    }
```

code/IDAstar.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstring>
#define MAX 404
#define INF 0x7fffffff
using namespace std;
int num; // total num of node
int path [MAX] [MAX];
bool visit_x [MAX], visit_y [MAX];
int parent[MAX], weight_x [MAX], weight_y [MAX];
bool find(int i) {
    visit_x[i] = true;
    for (int j = 0; j < num; ++j) {
        if (visit_y[j]) continue;
        if (weight_x[i] + weight_y[j] = path[i][j]) {
             visit_y[j] = true;
            if (parent[j] = -1 \mid | find(parent[j])) {
                parent[j] = i;
                return true;
        }
    return false;
}
int weighted_hangarian() {
    /* remember to initial weight_x (max weight of node's edge)*/
    /* initialize */
    for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {
        weight_y[i] = 0;
        parent[i] = -1;
    }
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {
    while (1) {
        memset(visit_x, false, sizeof(visit_x));
        memset(visit_y , false , sizeof(visit_y));
        if (find(i)) break;
        int lack = INF;
        for (int j = 0; j < num; ++j) {
            if (visit_x[j]) 
                 for (int k = 0; k < num; ++k) {
                     if (!visit_y[k]) {
                         lack = min(lack, weight_x[j] + weight_y[k] - path[j][k]);
            }
        if (lack == INF) break;
        // renew label
        for (int j = 0; j < num; +++j) {
            if (visit_x[j]) weight_x[j] = lack;
            if (visit_y[j]) weight_y[j] += lack;
        }
    }
}
int ans = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {
    ans += weight_x[i];
    ans += weight<sub>y</sub>[i];
}
return ans;
```

code/km.cpp

```
struct SegmentTree {
 int rank, capacity, length;
 int *input, *tree;
   SegmentTree() {}
 void init(int* input, int length){
    this -> input = input;
    this -> length = length;
   rank = 1;
    while((1 << rank++) < length);
    capacity = 1 < (rank - 1);
    tree = new int [capacity << 1];
    build (1, capacity, capacity <<1);
  ~SegmentTree(){
        delete [] tree;
 int build(int index, int left, int right){
    if(index >= left)
      return tree[index] = getInput(index);
   int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
    int left_value = build(lc(index), left, middle);
    int right_value = build(rc(index), middle, right);
    return tree[index] = max(left_value, right_value);
```

```
int query(int start, int finish){
    return query(1, capacity, capacity <<1, capacity+start, capacity+finish+1);</pre>
  int query(int index, int left, int right, int start, int finish){
    if(left == start && right == finish) return tree[index];
    int middle = (left+right) >> 1;
    if(finish <= middle) return query(lc(index), left, middle, start, finish);</pre>
    if (start >= middle) return query(rc(index), middle, right, start, finish);
    int left_value = query(lc(index), left, middle, start, middle);
    int right_value = query(rc(index), middle, right, middle, finish);
    return max(left_value, right_value);
 }
  int getInput(int index){
    index -= capacity;
    if(index < length) return input[index];</pre>
    return 0;
 int lc(int x){
    return x << 1;
 int rc(int x){
    return (x << 1)+1;
};
```

code/SegmentTree.cpp

```
public class SplayTree{
 Node root:
 int size;
 SplayTree() {
    root = null;
    size = 0;
 public boolean containsKey(int target){
    return splay(target);
 public void add(int target){
      System.out.println("add "+target);
    if(root = null){
      root = new Node(null, target);
      return;
   Node now = root;
    while(true){
      if (now.key == target) break;
      if(target < now.key){
        if (now.lchild = null) 
          now.lchild = new Node(now, target);
          break:
        else\ now = now.lchild;
        if (now.rchild = null){
          now.rchild = new Node(now, target);
          break;
        else\ now = now.rchild;
```

```
splay(target);
}
public void delete(int target){
    System.out.println("delete "+target);
  if (!containsKey(target)) return;
  Node l = root.lchild;
  Node r = root.rchild;
  if(l = null){
    root = r;
  }else l.parent = null;
  if(r = null)
    root = 1;
  }else r.parent = null;
  if (root=null | root.key != target) return;
  Node lMax = l;
  while (lMax.rchild != null) lMax = lMax.rchild;
  splay(lMax.key);
  lMax.rchild = r;
private boolean splay(int target){
    System.out.println("splay "+target);
  while(true){
    if(root == null) return false;
    if(root.key == target) return true;
    if (target < root.key) {</pre>
      if(root.lchild == null) return false;
      Node l = root.lchild;
      if(l.key == target){
        root = 1;
        rightRoatation(1);
        return true;
      if (target < l.key) {
        if (l.lchild = null) return false;
        Node a = l.lchild;
        root = a;
        rightRoatation(1);
        rightRoatation(a);
      }else{
        if (l.rchild = null) return false;
        Node b = l.rchild;
        root = b;
        leftRoatation(b);
        rightRoatation(b);
      if(root.rchild == null) return false;
      Node r = root.rchild;
      if(r.key == target){
        root = r;
        leftRoatation(r);
        return true;
      if (target>r.key){
        if (r.rchild = null) return false;
        Node d = r.rchild;
        root = d;
        leftRoatation(r);
        leftRoatation(d);
        if (r.lchild = null) return false;
        Node c = r.lchild;
        root = c;
```

```
rightRoatation(c);
        leftRoatation(c);
      }
  }
}
void print(Node now){
  if (now = null) 
    System.out.print("-1");
    return;
  System.out.print(now.key+"\ ");\\
  print(now.lchild);
  print(now.rchild);
void rightRoatation(Node x){
  Node r = x.parent.parent;
  Node p = x.parent;
  Node b = x.rchild;
  x.rchild = p;
  if(p != null) p.parent = x;
  if (p != null) p.lchild = b;
  if(b != null) b.parent = p;
  x.parent = r;
  if(r != null) r.lchild = x;
}
void leftRoatation(Node x){
  Node r = x.parent.parent;
  Node p = x.parent;
  Node b = x.lchild;
  x.lchild = p;
  if(p != null) p.parent = x;
  if(p != null) p.rchild = b;
  if(b != null) b.parent = p;
  x.parent = r;
  if(r != null) r.rchild = x;
class Node{
  Node parent, lchild, rchild;
  int key;
  Node (Node parent, int key) {
    this.parent = parent;
    lchild = rchild = null;
    this.key = key;
}
```

code/SplayTree.java

```
/* Time Complexity=2*n*log(n)*log(n) */
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Weight{
```

```
public:
    Weight (int a=0, int b=0, int c=0): id (a), first (b), second (c) {}
    int id, first, second;
    bool operator < (const Weight &rhs) const {
         return first <rhs.first || ( first=rhs.first&&second < rhs.second );</pre>
    bool operator == (const Weight &rhs) const {
         return first==rhs.first&&second==rhs.second;
    bool operator!=(const Weight &rhs)const{
         return!((*this)=rhs);
};
class SuffixArray {
public:
    SuffixArray(char *r):refer(r){
         for (length = 0; refer [length]! = ' \setminus 0'; length ++);
         rankOfIndex=new int[length];
         indexOfRank=new int [length];
         texi=new Weight [length]; //=
         firstsort();
         for (int know=1;know<=length;know<<=1) doublesort(know);</pre>
     ~SuffixArray() {
         delete [] rankOfIndex;
         delete [] indexOfRank;
         delete [] texi;
    void firstsort(){
         for (int i=0; i < length; i++){
              texi[i]=Weight(i, refer[i]);
         \operatorname{sort}(\& \operatorname{texi}[0], \& \operatorname{texi}[\operatorname{length}-1]+1);
         indexOfRank [rankOfIndex [texi [0].id]=0]=texi [0].id;
         int current=0;
         for (int i=1; i < length; i++){
              if (texi[i]! = texi[i-1]) current++;
              indexOfRank[i]=texi[i].id;
              rankOfIndex [texi[i].id]=current;
    }
    void doublesort(int known){
         for (int i=0; i < length; i++)
              texi[i]=Weight(i,rankOfIndex[i],(i+known<length)?rankOfIndex[i+known]:-1);
         \operatorname{sort}(\&\operatorname{texi}[0],\&\operatorname{texi}[\operatorname{length}-1]+1);
         indexOfRank [rankOfIndex [texi [0].id]=0]=texi [0].id;
         int current=0;
         for (int i=1; i < length; i++){
              if(texi[i]!=texi[i-1]) current++;
              indexOfRank[i]=texi[i].id;
              rankOfIndex [texi[i].id]=current;
         }
    }
    void print(int i, bool newline=0){
         printf("%s",&refer[indexOfRank[i]]);
         if (newline) printf("\n");
    }
```

```
void printall() {
        for(int i=0;i<length;i++) print(i,1);
    }

    int *indexOfRank,*rankOfIndex,length;
    char *refer;
    Weight *texi;
};

int main() {
    char str[100];
    scanf("%s", str);
    SuffixArray a(str);
    a. printall();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

code/SuffixArray.cpp

```
import java.util.*;
/**
* A magical data structure.
* Written on 103.08.19
public class Treap<K, V>{
 Random priority Generator;
 int time, size;
 Entry root;
  * Default Constructor
   */
  Treap() {
   root = null;
    time = size = 0;
    priorityGenerator = new Random();
 }
   * Find the Entry associated with key
   * @param key the key of the entry you are looking for
   * @return Entry
  */
  Entry find (K key) {
   Entry now = root;
    Comparable <? super K> cmp = (Comparable <? super K>)key;
    int situation;
    while ((now != null) && (situation=cmp.compareTo(now.key)) != 0) {
      if (situation == -1) now = now.lchild;
      else now = now.rchild;
    return now;
 }
  * Split the treap based on the key
   * Behavior undefined if the specified key is already in the tree
   * @param cmp Comparable based on the key
   * @return an array consists of two elements, the left subtree and the right
  Entry [] split (Comparable <? super K> cmp) {
    Entry leftTree = null, rightTree = null, left = null, right = null;
```

```
Entry current = root;
  while (current != null) {
    if (cmp.compareTo(current.key) = -1){
      if(right = null){
        right = rightTree = current;
      }else{
        current.parent = right;
        right = right.lchild = current;
      current = current.lchild;
      right.lchild = null;
      if(current != null) current.parent = null;
    else{
      if(left = null){
        left = leftTree = current;
      }else{
        current.parent = left;
        left = left.rchild = current;
      current = current.rchild;
      left.rchild = null;
      if (current != null) current.parent = null;
  }
  return new Treap.Entry[]{leftTree, rightTree};
}
 * Merge two Treaps into one.
 * All keys of the entries in the left must be smaller than all keys of the entries in the right
 * @param left the left Treap, it must be smaller than the right Treap
 * @param right the right Treap, it must be greater than the left Treap
 * @return root of the resulting Treap
 */
Entry merge (Entry left, Entry right) {
  if (left = null) return right;
  if (right = null) return left;
  if(left.compareTo(right) == -1){
    if(right.lchild = null)
      right.lchild = left;
      left.parent = right;
    else\ if(right.lchild.compareTo(left) == -1)
      Entry temp = right.lchild;
      right.lchild = left;
      left.parent = right;
      temp.parent = null;
      merge(left, temp);
    else{
      merge(left, right.lchild);
    }
    return right;
  }else{
    if(left.rchild == null){}
      left.rchild = right;
      right.parent = left;
    else\ if(left.rchild.compareTo(right) == -1)
      Entry temp = left.rchild;
      \label{eq:left.rchild} \mbox{left.rchild} \; = \; \mbox{right} \; ;
      right.parent = left;
      temp.parent = null;
      merge(temp, right);
      merge(left.rchild, right);
    return left;
```

```
* Insert a new Entry into the Treap if the key doesn't exists
 * Else replace the value with the new one and return the old value
 * @param key the key of the entry to be inserted or modified
 * @param value the new value of the entry
 * @return The original value if entry already exists, else return null;
V puts (K key, V value) {
  if(root = null)
    root = new Entry (key, value);
    size++;
    return null;
  Entry position = find(key);
  if (position != null) {
    V temp = position.value;
    position.value = value;
    return temp;
  Entry newEntry = new Entry (key, value);
  Comparable <? super K> cmp = ((Comparable <? super K>)key);
  Entry[] subtree = split(cmp);
  newEntry = merge(subtree[0], newEntry);
  root = merge(newEntry, subtree[1]);
  size++;
  return null;
}
 * Remove the entry associated with the specified key
 * return the according value upon removing
 * @param key the key of the entry to be destroyed
 * @return the value associated with the specified key, return null if no such key exists
 */
V remove (K key) {
  Entry target = find(key);
  if (target = null) return null;
  if (target.lchild!=null) target.lchild.parent = null;
  if(target.rchild!=null) target.rchild.parent = null;
  Entry child = merge(target.lchild, target.rchild);
  if (child != null) child.parent = target.parent;
  if (target.parent != null){
    if (target = target.parent.lchild) \ target.parent.lchild = child;\\
    else if(target == target.parent.rchild) target.parent.rchild = child;
    else throw new AssertionError("remove fail");
  } else if (root == target) root = child;
  else throw new AssertionError("What is this?");
  size --;
  return target.value;
}
 * This is a debugger
 * @param now the node doing a in order traversal
 * @return the size of the subtree rooted at now
int iterate(Entry now, Entry parent){
  if(now == null) return 0;
  //System.out.println("Iterate "+now.key);
  if (now.parent != parent) System.out.println("Parent Check Fail!!!");
  int result = 1;
  result += iterate(now.lchild, now);
  //System.out.println("Entry : "+now.key);
  result += iterate(now.rchild, now);
```

```
return result;
}
* The class storing all the entries of Treap
* each Entry consists of a key and a value and a random generated priority
 * also stores its parent and children as well
class Entry implements Comparable<Entry>{
 Entry parent, lchild, rchild;
 Integer priority, timestamp;
 K key;
 V value;
  Entry (K key, V value) {
    this.key = key;
    this.value = value;
    parent = lchild = rchild = null;
    priority = priorityGenerator.nextInt();
    timestamp = time++;
  }
  @Override
  public int compareTo(Entry rhs){
    int result = priority.compareTo(rhs.priority);
    if(result == 0) return timestamp.compareTo(rhs.timestamp);
    return result;
}
```

code/Treap.java